

THE COLFAX GAZETTE.

State Historical Society
405-6 City Hall
TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR.

COLFAX, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1900.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GREAT AMPUTATION SALE

The amputation of the hand often saves the arm; A loss now on goods is better for us than to carry this season's stock into next season.

Now is your opportunity to save—our time to lose; but it sometimes pays to lose.

NO MATTER THE SACRIFICE

We are out to Lower Records
And we are doing it.

WATCH THIS SALE--IT IS GOING TO BE A LIVELY ONE

We are going to make a Clean Sweep. See posters for prices.

Sale commences Nov. 17, ends Dec. 30.

Red Front Clothing Co

COLFAX, WASH.

MONEY TO LOAN

Why pay a high rate of interest when you can renew your mortgage with me at a better rate? We do not sell our mortgages, and charge no commission. Call or write,

D. RYRIE,

Representing Balfour, Guthrie & Co.

Ladies' Watches

Ladies of taste admire our stock of watches. We have some delicate, attractive cases that contain reliable works. These watches are not only beautiful—they are perfect time keepers, too. They are made for good service, and we sell them at a small price. We believe we have the one you want.

Also the latest
Novelties in Jewelry.

City Jewelry Store,

M. A. Rose.

FOR

Cutters Light Bob Sleds Heavy Bob Sleds

See A. J. DAVIS

AT THE OLD STAND.

STOP THAT SCRATCHING

By Removing the Cause.

Dr. Buck's Celery, Sarsaparilla and Dandelion compound is a sure and quick relief. It's in the blood. Don't make life a period of suffering when every source of annoyance may be removed.

This is a reliable preparation, the greatest seller we ever had, and gives universal satisfaction. If you want to get a good Blood Purifier, take Dr. Buck's Celery, Sarsaparilla and Dandelion and you will make no mistake. Sold only at

The Elk Drug Store.

Hotel Colfax,

J. D. Hagan, Proprietor

The Leading Hotel in the City.

All Modern Conveniences.

Free Sample Rooms for

Lighted by Electricity.

Commercial Men.

Hotel Cafe and First Class Bar in connection.

Modern Warehouse Elevator Co.

EUGENE BROWN,
FRANK H. BROWN,
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MODERN WAREHOUSE ELEVATOR

And is agent for a number of standard gasoline engines, from one to twenty horse power. Can put in a one-horse power pump that will pump 500 gallons of water an hour. The cost of running the engine is from 15 to 20 cents per full day. Why buy a windmill? Manufacturing and Office, Main Street, Opposite School House. COLFAX, WASHINGTON.

WOOD! COEY MERCANTILE CO.

ROCKFORD, WASH.,

Can fill all orders for Wood on short notice.

Best Grade \$2.25, Buckskin \$2.00 per cord, by carload

J. A. Perkins & Co.

J. A. PERKINS
W. J. DAVENPORT
J. A. BYRNS

\$100,000 to loan on improved farms in the Palouse country. No delay in closing loans.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE. Office in BANK OF COLFAX
GENERAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

NEWS OF THE STATES

Gathered From Hills, Valleys and Plains of the Union.

Bolted Down As It Comes From the Wires for Information of Busy Readers.

Wednesday, November 14

Before the industrial commission at Washington, James B. Reynolds, head worker of the University of New York, testified as to the redemption of the slums of New York, to which purpose the society is devoted. Mr. Reynolds contributed considerable information concerning the sweatshops on the East Side. He said that section in private apartments, and that it had degenerated in recent years. He attributed several recent failures of large establishments to the sweatshops competition. He had investigated an instance of 125 workmen, four of whom were working regularly 20 hours per day, 60 of them 18 hours, and others less time, ranging down to 10 hours per day. In cases of long continued daily service the wages were not increased commensurately with the time put in by the workers. In many cases the workrooms are used as sleeping apartments, and a large percentage of the quarters are in an unsanitary condition. He said there is much typhus and tuberculosis in the sweat shops.

The Nome district is the most populous in northern Alaska. The enumeration showed a permanent white population on June 1 of 6704. During the summer about 18,000 people landed at Nome, about 2500 of those coming from Dawson. About 12,000 have returned to their homes in the states, leaving about 9000 people in the region contiguous to Nome. It is probable that the population of the town of Nome during the winter will be between 4000 and 5000.

According to Commissioner of Immigration Fitchie immigrants have arrived in this country at the rate of 1000 per day from all countries since July last.

Wm. L. White, absconding quartermaster general of the Michigan national guard, returned to Grand Rapids, made full restitution and pleaded guilty. He has been in South Africa during his absence of a year.

The Pittsburg Coal Co. has inaugurated a plan whereby its 20,000 employees are not only to become stockholders in the company, but will have an accident and death fund, to be followed later on by a system of pensioning all those employed by the company in any capacity.

John Porter, a negro boy 16 years old, confessed to the brutal outrage and murder of 11-year-old Louise Frost near Limon, Col., giving all the details.

Thursday, November 15

That the Indiana counties of Lake, Porter, Stark and Laporte within the next year or so will become the permanent trekking grounds of many Transvaalers and Free Staters seems probable. Owners of lands in the Kanabekie valley are reported to have combined for the purpose of sending agents to South Africa and Holland to encourage settlement of their lands.

Actual work began on Jim Hill's mammoth steamers to run between Pacific coast and Oriental ports. They are far the largest vessels in the world, now building or planned. They will be of 20,000 tons register and 33,000 displacement, or just 10,000 tons more displacement than the new Atlantic greyhound, Deutschland, they are not to be as long as many Atlantic liners, but wider and deeper. They are being built at Groton, Conn., and will cost \$5,000,000 each.

Three negroes were lynched at Jefferson, Texas, for attempted highway robbery.

Secretary Long today announced the conclusion of the long controversy over the price of armor plate for naval vessels, and an agreement with the Carnegie and the Bethlehem companies for Krupp armor at \$420 a ton, with the possible addition of royalty fees making the maximum price \$455.52. The amount of armor involved is the largest ever placed at one time by the government, and is said to equal all the armor purchased by this government up to 1896. It covers the armor for 17 ships now in various stages of construction, including eight battleships, six armored cruisers and three protected cruisers.

A cemetery at Kalamazoo, Mich., was robbed of nine bodies.

Nebraska legislature is republican in both branches by five on joint ballot. Two senators are to be elected this winter.

Lined oil prices fell ten cents a gallon because of weakness of the trust.

James Lynch and Robert L. King, convicted of murder at Salt Lake, chose to be shot.

Secretary Hay received a petition from nearly all the leading cotton manufacturers of the south to take such action as may lie in his power to prevent the interference by any European power to the cotton manufacturers of the United States and injure other American interests. The petitioners declare that the open door policy is necessary to secure the retention of the important trade in cotton drills and shirtings with China, most of which are manufactured in the southern states.

Friday, November 16

John Porter, the 16-year-old negro, who confessed to the assault and murder of little Louise Frost near Limon, Col., was hanged at the stake by 300 citizens on the spot of his crime. The girl's father lighted the fire. The boy was slowly roasted to death, suffering terrible agony.

By use of a dummy revolver, made from wood and covered with tin foil, Sam Smith, E. F. Stell and Ben Cravens, convicts in the Kansas penitentiary at Lansing, forced a guard to hoist them out of a coal mine where they were working. They passed the guard at the top, then grabbed a guard's rifle, opened fire and

ran. Guard Schwartz was seriously wounded, Deputy Warden Thompson shot Smith dead, but the other two escaped.

At the cabinet meeting Attorney General Griggs informed the president and his colleagues that after mature deliberation he had concluded it would be impossible for him to remain a member of the cabinet during the next four years. This was the first definite response from any member at the last cabinet meeting that all of the portfolios should remain in the same hands during the coming administration.

The annual report of United States Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries George M. Bowers says the total number of fish distributed by the government in the past fiscal year was 1,164,336,754, an increase principally of shad, cod, flatfish, whitefish and lake trout of about 100,000,000 over the previous year.

The opinion is growing among public men who are in the confidence of the president that he will oppose any movement looking to a reduction of the congressional representation of the southern states on account of charges of the disfranchisement of colored voters. The president is said to be opposed to reviving ill feeling, which he thinks would be the result of a bill thus touching the south's suffrage.

Saturday, November 17

It is reported that Senator Spooner of Wisconsin will succeed Attorney General Griggs, who will retire from the cabinet at the end of President McKinley's present term.

The New York clearinghouse made an unexpected good showing for the week ending November 17, cash increases having surpassed all expectations. The gain footed up \$5,298,300, divided almost equally between legal tenders and specie. The increase was due for the most part to operations with the treasury, although it is known that New York gained appreciably during the week from the interior. Then, too, a portion of hoarded gold imports figured in the reserve item.

Three cowboys—John and Albert Berdick and Tobias Berner—fought a duel in the mountains near Otto, Wyo. Three horses were killed and the Berdicks were both wounded. John was shot in the arm and Albert in the stomach. It is alleged the two families have been at war for some time, and further trouble will probably ensue.

A United States surveying corps found over a hundred dead bodies in a swamp just west of Galveston, Texas, on the island where they had been deposited by the storm of September 8. The unburied dead were in an out of the way place near the county road and had not been discovered by the burying parties sent out after the storm.

The annual report of the commissioner of internal revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, shows a collection exceeded by only one in the history of the bureau. The receipts, \$293,163,197, being \$19,148,107 in excess of the estimated amount and \$21,831,534 more than during the previous year. The percentage of cost of collection was 1.58, as against 1.68 for last year, being the smallest in the history of the internal revenue service.

Sunday, November 18

Chas. R. Holmes of San Francisco wedded Miss Hattie Norton at Windsor, Ontario. At Detroit she drew \$700 from a bank at her husband's request and he disappeared with it. They met through the agency of a matrimonial bureau.

Coroner's jury at Limon, Col., found that John Porter, the negro burned at the stake by a mob for assault upon and murder of 11-year-old Louise Frost, came to his death at hands unknown, though there was no secrecy among the 300 who did it.

Frank M. Brown, assistant cashier of the German National Bank of Newport, Ky., disappeared \$201,000 short. The bank is wrecked. He led a fast life with wine and women.

In the burning of the McGoigal house at Oswayo, Pa., four men perished.

After a 35,000 mile trip through Siberia, Russia and Europe, W. M. Bunker, commissioner of foreign commerce of the San Francisco chamber of commerce, says: "The transsiberian railroad has given this country a large market for foodstuffs and other supplies, and this market will keep pace with the increasing colonization of eastern Siberia. Although the railroad has been running as far as Irkutsk for two years, the countries of Europe, aside from Russia, have not benefited by the new transportation facilities. At the same time the Russian Asiatic trade of the United States has steadily increased. Americans and American products are popular with the Russians and Siberians. Americans are almost invariably given the preference in trade affairs. As far as I can see the Pacific coast is destined to be the biggest beneficiary of Siberian industrial development."

At Joliet, Ill., the billet mill and conveyor of the Illinois steel works resumed operations after a three weeks' shutdown. About 1000 men are affected.

Monday, November 19

In court at Van Wert, Ohio, Judge Mooney refused to quash an indictment against Mrs. Van Liew, charged with throwing vitriol in the face of Miss Alice Hammel, from effects of which the girl died. Mrs. Van Liew is the wife of a prominent banker, and has been in jail since her arrest two months ago.

Heavy rains have flooded the country along Salt river, Arizona, causing much damage to irrigating canals. At Pima half the town is under water.

Rev. D. N. Stewart, pastor of the Baptist church at Wyoming, Pa., is under arrest on a charge of poisoning his wife of three months. He also failed to account for church money.

At Milwaukee, Wis., the E. P. Alis Co., owning the Reliance Iron works, announced a reduction in the working time of its 200 employees from ten to nine hours a day. The wages will be slightly reduced.

A \$5000 package of money, shipped from Sheldon to Sioux City, Iowa, disappeared.

Senator Pritchard of North Carolina says if the count had been fair in that state the republicans would have carried it.

REDUCE WAR REVENUE

Republicans Will Cut It About Thirty Millions.

Administration Is Also After That Filipino Junta at Hong Kong.

Washington, Nov. 21.—The republican members of the ways and means committee today decided to make a reduction of \$30,000,000 in the revenues, the amount suggested by Secretary Gage. The day was spent almost entirely in going over the war revenue bill. The schedules on which the reduction shall be made have not been decided upon.

Attention of England.

London, Nov. 21.—United States Ambassador Choate has made representations to the British foreign office on the subject of the Filipino junta at Hong Kong. The foreign office is investigating the matter, and will reply as soon as the reports of the authorities at Hong Kong are received.

WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Rainy Season Ended and Fighting Begins Anew.

Manila, Nov. 18.—Last week witnessed a very considerable increase in rebel and American activity in the field. Many skirmishes occurred and several small engagements in northern and southern Luzon. The termination of the rains permits a resumption of operations. The Americans are making a series of aggressive movements against the insurgents, notably on the island of Samar, against General Lukban, whose forces hold the entire island with the exception of three coast towns, each of which is garrisoned with two companies of Twenty-ninth infantry and a platoon of artillery. The rebels are continuously shooting into the garrisoned towns and our forces have not been sufficient to retaliate effectively. Commerce in Samar has been at a standstill, and most of the influential inhabitants have departed. General Hare has arrived there with 200 men. He will bring eight companies of the Second infantry from the island of Maradague and will proceed energetically to crush General Lukban. Meanwhile United States gunboats will patrol the coast to prevent the escape of the insurgents and their leaders. Lukban still holds three members of the Forty-third regiment as prisoners.

Notable among the week's engagements was General Grant's advance with Maccabebe and American scouts on a rebel stronghold 35 miles north of Manila, which was defended by 200 insurgents armed with rifles. After skirmishing and fighting for a night and a day the enemy was dislodged and immense quantities of rice and stores with ammunition were destroyed. Fifty Filipinos were killed and many others wounded. The insurgents carried off their dead. The American losses were 11 privates and 1 officer and 1 Maccabebe killed.

Lieutenant F. W. McAlister of the engineers, who was captured by the insurgents in Luzon last September, has sent, with the permission of his captors, a letter to Manila asking for food, money and clothing, which will be forwarded to him at once.

MRS. JESSE JAMES IS DEAD.

The Widow of the Missouri Bandit Passes From Life

Kansas City, Mo., November 13.—Mrs. Zerelda James, wife of Jesse James, the outlaw, and mother of Jesse James, Jr., died at her home, 3402 Tracy, this morning, after an illness of ten months. In January of this year Mrs. James was attacked by the grip. Complications developed and she had been confined to her bed almost continuously since she first became ill. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the home. E. F. Swinney, R. L. Yeager, Frank P. Walsh, F. C. Farr, L. S. Banks and T. T. Crittenden will act as pall-bearers, six of the most prominent business and professional men in Kansas City. Burial will be by the side of Jesse James, at Kearney, Clay County, Mo.

Mrs. James had lived in Kansas City ever since her husband was slain in 1881 by Bob Ford. For some years she lived by doing sewing and other work for friends of the family. When Jesse, Jr., her son, was 11, however, he went to work and since that time has been his mother's support. Mrs. James, Jesse and a daughter, Mary, lived in their own home, bought and paid for by Jesse before he was 21. Mrs. James was a member of the Methodist church. She was a good, consistent Christian woman. When she came to this city to live she joined a Methodist church and kept up her membership to the day of her death. She sent her boy and girl regularly to Sunday-school. It was Mrs. James who prevented her boy from going upon the stage, and she tried to keep him from posing as the son of a bandit. She hated to be looked upon simply as the widow of a bandit. She kept the relics of her husband's bandit career in the background and tried to put the memory of it there, too. She refused large offers from publishers of sensational books for a life of Jesse James.

DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Ten Per Cent More Packages Than Last Year.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 14.—The annual report of the superintendent of the dead letter office shows the large increase of total receipts of undelivered mail matter over the previous year of nearly 10 per cent. The number of pieces of matter received from all sources was 7,536,158, against 6,855,983 for the preceding year.

Letters and parcels held for postage numbered 144,619 and the misdirected 422,793; nearly 35,000 letters were received which bore no address whatever. The letters addressed to guests of hotels and undelivered numbered 269,624. The total number of unclaimed parcels of all kinds was 180,914. There were 660,461 pieces of mail matter addressed to foreign countries and returned from

there as undeliverable. The number of letters and parcels opened was 6,676,003 an increase of the preceding year of 9 1/2 per cent.

There were 50,323 letters containing an aggregate of \$44,130 and letters containing drafts, notes, money orders, etc., of the face value of \$1,136,645. Foreign letters and parcels found undelivered and returned to countries of origin numbered 606,412.

Threw Hatchet at Emperor.

Breslau, Germany, Nov. 16.—Emperor William was the object of an attempted outrage today, which, however, failed. As he was driving in an open carriage to the Curassau barracks, accompanied by the hereditary prince of Saxe-Meiningen, a woman in the crowd hurled a short-handled chopper, or hatchet, at the carriage. The hatchet struck the carriage, but the rapidity with which the vehicle was passing saved its occupants. The woman was immediately arrested. Her name is Klma Schimpke. She occupied a place in the front rank of the spectators on the side furthest from the emperor. A crowd of people who witnessed the outrage threw themselves on his majesty's assailant, but the prompt intervention of the police saved the woman from injury. A provisional medical examination of the prisoner has been made and she has been pronounced insane. While Emperor William was returning from the barracks by the railroad station he was cheered by an immense crowd of people who were gathered along the route.

Victory For Machinists.

Washington, Nov. 19.—An agreement between representatives of the National Metal association and the International association of machinists throughout the United States, beginning today, were reduced to 9 1/2 per cent. Beginning May 18, 1901, nine hours will constitute a day's work among the machinists. In accordance with the agreement strikes and lockouts will not be resorted to in the machinists' trade. All further disputes are to be settled by arbitration.

PUNISHMENT FOR BOXERS.

Chinese Dignitaries Go to Prison—Tuan For Life.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Minister Wu has received from Director Sheng the following cablegram which he communicated to Secretary Hay today:

"An imperial decree of November 13 deprives Prince Tuan and Prince Chwang of their ranks and offices and orders them to be imprisoned for life; Prince Yih and Secondary Prince Iing to be imprisoned; Secondary Prince Lien to be deprived of his rank; Duke Lan and Iing Nien to be degraded; Yang Yi, being dead, no penalty can be imposed upon him; and Chao Shu Chiao to be degraded, but returned in office; Yu Hsien to be exiled to the furthest boundary."

The Chinese officials mentioned in the decree are among the highest in China, and comprise almost if not all of those against whom the powers demanded rigorous punishment. Prince Tuan stands at the head of the anti-foreign and Boxer movement. Previous edicts have degraded him, and taken away his office and servants, but this judgment of life imprisonment is the most severe thus far given to any of the leaders responsible for the trouble.

From a Chinese standpoint it is an extreme penalty to a prince of the blood, but it remains to be seen whether the powers will regard it as adequate to Prince Tuan's offense.

The others mentioned were Tuan's active associates, and two of them were specifically mentioned for punishment along with Tuan in Secretary Hay's note of October 3, advising the Chinese government that this country would expect these officials to receive their just deserts.

Kung Yi is one of the officials who died suddenly when the demands for punishment had been made, probably by suicide. Yu Kien is another who was thought to have committed suicide, but the reports indicate that he is still alive.

HESSIAN FLY IN OREGON

Working Great Damage to Wheat Fields of Lane County.

Engene, Ore., Nov. 17.—Reports come from farmers in various parts of Lane county that the Hessian fly is at its destructive work in the wheat fields, and the indications are that, unless the pest is soon destroyed, the crop will be almost a failure again this year.

The outlook was none too good for the wheat farmer, even though the soil and climatic conditions are better this season than for several years, and knowledge of the existence of the Hessian fly completely discourages the wheat raiser. There is little doubt about the pest being genuine. It existed here last year and was carefully examined and its work watched by farmers who know the pest, and they have no hesitancy in pronouncing it the genuine article. They declare that the ravages will continue until the production of wheat is discontinued for a few seasons.

It is characteristic of the insect to hatch two broods each year. The first brood is now working in the roots of the wheat. In the spring the second will appear, and will work, not in the root, but in the first joint of the straw. The disposition of most of the wheat farmers is to run more into stock raising, but this will require time. It is conceded, however, that when the farms cease the production of wheat and depend more upon sheep and cattle, the profit will be greater and the productivity of the soil will be increased instead of being constantly diminished.

Bolo Men Defeated.

Manila, Nov. 17.—Two hundred Bolo men, with 500 rifles, attacked Baguason, Island of Panay, October 30. The Americans lost three men killed—Lieut. H. M. Koons, Kitchen and Corporal Burns—all of company F, Forty-fourth infantry. The enemy lost 100 killed, twenty-one wounded and fifty prisoners.

Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again" writes D. H. Turner of Dempseytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Purely vegetable. Never grip. Only 25c at The Elk Drug Store, F. J. Stone, Propr.