

GREAT AMPUTATION SALE

The amputation of the hand often saves the arm; A loss now on goods is better for us than to carry this season's stock into next season.

Now is your opportunity to save—our time to lose; but it sometimes pays to lose.

NO MATTER THE SACRIFICE

We are out to Lower Records And we are doing it.

WATCH THIS SALE---IT IS GOING TO BE A LIVELY ONE

We are going to make a Clean Sweep. See posters for prices.

Sale commences Nov. 17, ends Dec. 30.



When You Want Supplies

Why Go to Outside Cities?

YOU CAN BUY HERE AS CHEAP, AND VERY OFTEN CHEAPER.

The city merchant has very few facilities for buying and selling which the country merchant does not also possess. In fact, the advantages on the whole are on the side of the country dealer. His rent is much less. His general expenses are much less. Why then does so much trade go to outside cities, which of right should be distributed throughout the neighborhood in which your lot is cast?

Whatever the state of affairs may be in other Palouse Country stores, we will not sell you cotton for wool, nor jute for flax. We buy for cash; we sell for cash; we buy in large quantities; this means another big saving. We ask no one to trade with us simply because we are in business in this neighborhood. We do not ask your patronage as a right; we ask you to come here because

It Pays You to Buy in Colfax.

The meaner sorts of merchandise we have no time to bother with; neither have you if we judge the trading public aright. Clean, honest, reliable stuff, at lowest prices, is what intelligent buyers are looking for. We keep none other.

Respectfully,

CHAS. PLATT.

AS the holidays are approaching an everybody is commencing to look for presents, we call your attention to our large and well assorted lines of

Ladies' Tailor Suits, Fur Collarettes, Jackets, Woolen and Silk Waists and the Latest Dress Patterns.

Try a pair of our \$2.50 Ladies' Shoes, the best wearing and fitting shoe to be had for the price. Just received a new stock of Gent's Dress shoes, in Vici, Velour Calf and Cloth Top Goods. Our lines of Men's and Boys' Clothing is equally well assorted and contains many bargains.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

JULIUS LIPPITT,

Pioneer Merchant,

Colfax, Washington

CHASE & SANBORN'S THANKSGIVING



is approaching and we are prepared with the following:

- Sweet Cider, Sour Kraut,
- Shredded Biscuits,
- H. O. Rolston and other Mush Goods
- Pure Jellies,
- Honey and Maple Syrup,
- Fruit Pudding, Oranges, Etc.
- High Grade Teas and Coffees.

C. H. MOORE,

Cash for poultry or Merchandise exchanges. Seed, Hay and Grain.

Phone Main 34. COLFAX, WASH.

Christmas Presents Cheap

But Not Cheap Christmas Presents.

The Colfax Drug Store

(Next Door to the Post Office.)

During the month of December intend to Slaughter the Prices on all Holiday Goods. Especial attention is called to the line of fine Pocket Books, which will be sold regardless of cost. Call and see our stock of Beautiful Pictures

Telephone, Main 11.

C. F. STUART, Propr.

Hotel Colfax,

The Leading Hotel in the City.

All Modern Conveniences.

Free Sample Rooms for

Lighted by Electricity.

Commercial Men.

Hotel Cafe and First Class Bar in connection.

NEWS OF THE STATES

Gathered From Hills, Valleys and Plains of the Union.

Boiled Down As It Comes From the Wires for Information of Busy Readers.

Wednesday, November 21

Heavy windstorm, accompanied by snow, raged in various portions of Colorado. Considerable damage was done at Colorado Springs, where the gale reached 85 miles an hour. A gale of 45 miles swept down the Sacramento valley, California, also, destroying telegraph lines, trees, fences and small buildings.

Portions of Mississippi, Tennessee and Arkansas were swept by a tornado. There was great property loss, everything in the path of the storm being leveled. Over 100 persons were killed and injured.

Official count in Missouri gives the democratic governor 32,147 plurality.

McKinley's plurality in Ohio is officially given as 69,036.

The Cannon Ball train to St. Louis was held up at Gifford, Arkansas. Thieves obstructed the track with a huge bonfire. The engineer, scenting robbery, opened the throttle and attempted to dash through, but the ties of which it was built brought the train to a standstill and three masked men ordered the engineer and fireman from the engine. Five charges of dynamite were tried on the big safe without forcing it. The robbers then announced that they had no more dynamite, picked up the local express box and a few packages and fled. They got only about \$600.

O. G. Hursen, originator of the photo button, suicided with strychnine at Chicago.

New York sent \$50,000 to the governor of Texas, in aid of children who lost their parents in the Galveston storm.

Thursday, November 22

A storm on Lake Erie demolished 1100 feet of the government breakwater on the water front at Buffalo, N. Y.

McKinley's plurality in Illinois is officially given as 95,997.

For dynamiting property during the big St. Louis street car strike, Maurice Brennan was sentenced to ten years imprisonment.

One thousand men were thrown out of employment by burning of the plant of the Minnesota Stoneware Company at Red Wing. It was one of the largest of its kind in the United States.

McKinley's plurality in Oregon is given officially as 13,227.

Bryan's official plurality in Arkansas 36,442, against 72,591 in 1896 in Missouri, 37,820, against 58,727 in 1896.

Friday, November 23

To cheat Judge Lynch, Ernest Scott, a negro youth, charged with assault on two white girls, swallowed powdered glass and suffers great agony at Phoenix, Arizona.

President Mitchell of the United Mineworkers of America granted 2000 miners of Hopkins county, Kentucky, permission to strike. They are thoroughly organized and will demand higher wages. Organizer Evans left for West Virginia to organize the state sufficiently if possible to justify its being brought into the competitive field.

The Union Pacific has adopted the plan of carrying armed guards on trains carrying treasure.

The Woolson Spice company made a reduction of 1 cent per pound in roasted coffee. This was followed by a reduction by the Arbuckle of 15 points in refined sugar. The National Sugar Refining company followed the Arbuckle cut.

A tornado which swept over Delaware and Knox counties, Ohio, caused losses aggregating \$20,000. The path of the storm was only about a quarter of a mile wide and touched the earth only in spots.

Saturday, November 24

Monitor Nevada was launched at Bath, Me.

According to the Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce the attitude of the state department on the indemnity to be paid by China for recent outrages is governed by the belief that a prompt settlement upon such a basis will prevent quarrels among the powers, ending up perhaps to the partition of China or armed conflict between those having the strongest military forces.

Sunday, November 25

In a billiard room quarrel at Minneapolis Leonard Day, a wealthy young society man, was stabbed to death. Frank Hamilton, a newspaper man, is accused. The quarrel was over a woman.

Total value of mineral production in the United States for 1899 is given at \$876,008,046, 40 per cent greater than in the previous year. Iron was the leader.

Word received from Peary, who is searching for the north pole, says he expects to finish his work next year.

Tiffin Woolen mills at Tiffin, Ohio, burned; loss, \$100,000.

Floods are reported all along the Ohio river.

Monday, November 26

November corn touched 50 cents at Chicago, an advance of 5 cents from Saturday, closing at 49. This is the best price in five years. A corner is being run by Phillips.

The Ohio river and all its tributaries are on a rampage. The Ohio is expected to reach 25 feet above low water mark, now standing at 2.37 and rising four inches an hour.

An infernal machine sent from Versailles, France, addressed to a Salt Lake merchant, was found in a mail sack after it left Chicago. It had ignited and was burning the sack.

The rivers and harbors committee of the house met and began the preparation of its appropriation bill. It was decided that no hearing will be granted except in special cases. The impression among the members is that the esti-

mates of the engineers, approved by the secretary of war, will be closely followed in making the bill.

Butte, Montana, has 30 smallpox cases.

Indiana's official count gives McKinley 26,479 plurality over Bryan.

Dr. Hamilton was shot and killed at Marysville, Iowa. Alfred Ahn is under arrest charged with the crime. It is alleged that Ahn had made threats that he would kill Hamilton, because of domestic troubles.

Tuesday, November 27

Fifty-one cents marked up on the board at Chicago was a new high price in the November deal. Phillips came into the pit early and lifted the price from 49 cents, where it opened. At between 50 and 51 cents he unloaded 200,000 bushels, his total sales for the day being 240,000 bushels. As he is selling corn bought at 36 cents, his day's transactions netted him a profit better than \$25,000. Other days this week are said to have been equally profitable to him.

Today's close was 50 cents. Big foreign interest, are still hanging on stubbornly. Predictions were freely made that the last day will see November corn quoted at 75 cents. Later in the day it was authoritatively announced that the big corn squeeze on the board of trade, which has been conducted by George H. Phillips, is off. Phillips, it is stated, made private settlements yesterday with all the big shorts on the basis of 50 cents a bushel, and today he is said to hold not more than 25,000 bushels of November corn. When the announcement was made the price quickly dropped from 49 to 51 cents.

Commissioner Hermann of the general land office, ordered the withdrawal from public entry of 250,000 acres of vacant unappropriated public domain in Utah

WHEAT GOES NEW WAY

From Puget Sound to Europe By Way of Suez.

Big Steamer Chartered For the New Route—Touch at Various Asiatic Ports

Portland, Ore., Nov. 26—Something strictly new in the wheat exporting business came to light yesterday in the charter of the British steamship Glen Turret by Dodwell & Co., to load on Puget sound for Europe by way of the orient and Suez canal. The shipment which goes out on the Glen Turret will be the first that has ever gone to Europe by way of the orient. The line that will ply between Pacific coast ports, will load on her first outward trip about 3000 tons of wheat and will fill up the remainder of her space with freight for the orient. She will touch at Yokohama, Kobe, Hong Kong, Manila, Singapore and Colombo. There is always a large canal traffic between these ports and the orient are always heavy, and there will be no difficulty in securing full outward cargoes for the steamers coming this way. They expect to secure enough through freight from Europe to fill up her capacity when she leaves the orient to cross the Pacific.

The Glenloch, a sister ship of the Glen Turret, now en route from the orient to the Sound to load wheat for Europe, will probably renew in the new service.

STATE VOTE BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	Electors.		Governor.		Congressmen.	
	McKinley, R.	Bryan, D.	Patrick, R.	Rogers, D.	Cushman, R.	Johnson, R.
Adams	461	523	383	507	440	446
Asotin	398	328	350	363	387	379
Chehalis	577	573	485	652	559	563
Chelan	1850	1081	1648	1284	1819	1806
Clallam	423	407	429	469	489	469
Clark	1668	1025	1517	1168	1627	1041
Columbia	899	706	835	759	881	886
Cowlitz	1171	619	1104	681	1144	1146
Douglas	515	616	399	626	438	449
Ferry	827	857	350	881	468	408
Franklin	52	81	3	99	36	77
Garfield	528	437	452	501	506	500
Island	263	123	240	157	255	253
Jefferson	684	392	599	482	638	648
King	1018	784	881	917	835	932
Kitsap	880	489	807	465	845	494
Kit Kittan	1139	564	946	1125	1098	1170
Klickitat	906	435	850	544	893	898
Lewis	1382	1762	1546	1867	1863	1418
Lincoln	1414	130	1383	1492	1399	1539
Linn	514	455	448	476	494	497
Mason	467	628	372	728	489	602
Okanogan	887	393	787	488	869	891
Pacific	6169	3792	4734	5153	6402	6039
Perth	428	245	430	245	425	245
San Juan	1814	1220	1611	1434	1762	1244
Skamania	375	293	195	202	173	168
Snohomish	2961	2480	2578	2875	2889	2856
Spokane	418	425	4615	5835	5341	5392
Stevens	1121	1032	987	1136	1065	1011
Thurston	1298	978	1347	859	1284	1283
Wahkiakum	396	207	355	236	372	371
Walla Walla	2119	1486	1967	1676	2064	2072
Waukegan	2656	2652	1983	2832	2832	1679
Whitman	2396	2826	2666	3123	2338	2344
Yakima	1507	1066	1364	1200	1482	1565
Totals	57890	44747	49754	51974	55247	55353

that constitutes the watershed from which the domestic water supply of Salt Lake City is derived. The action is taken with a view of reserving the land permanently for forestry purposes.

The highest Bryan elector in Idaho received 2216 plurality, the others 1752 and 1751.

Business portion of Sandpoint, Idaho, burned; loss \$11,000.

Republican plurality in Iowa is given officially at 83,353.

United States Senator Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota died at St. Paul, after two months' severe illness. His last words were: "O, that I might live five years more for my country's sake."

He was a member of the Spanish-American peace commission.

Geo. W. Wilson, commissioner of internal revenue, died at Washington.

After three days of incessant rain, a flood unprecedented for this season of the year swept down the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers, ruined hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property, caused the loss of at least three lives and temporarily threw out of employment thousands of workmen by the forced suspension of industrial establishments, and rendered hundreds of families homeless. November floods are quite common, but they rarely reach the danger line.

Wheat at Chicago, 50¢. Portland, cash, 53 to 54; Tacoma, 53¢.

American auxiliary cruiser Yosemite went to the bottom off Guam in a typhoon November 15. Five of her crew were lost. There was great devastation on the island with great loss of native life.

A Good Company.

You are pretty sure of picking a winner when you bet on the fun and amusement offered by the new "Turkish Bath" company. Manager F. A. Wade has piloted many dramatic ventures successfully and this is one of his most ambitious efforts in the amusement line. Among the members of the admirable cast we note Miss Etta Merris, the soubrette, who renders quaint and eccentric songs in a charming manner, and Mr. E. L. Graves is a comedian of well known reputation. It is five years since the play made a trip to the coast and it has recently been re-written and brought up to date by Mr. William Lytell, the successful farce comedy writer. With an organization possessing so many pleasing features in the way of songs, dances and refined specialties, the audience should only be limited by the size of the house when it is presented at the Opera House next Tuesday night, Dec. 4.

H. W. GOFF Agt. PHENIX INS. CO.

TOOK REBEL STRONGHOLD.

Insurgents Had Boasted That It Was Impregnable.

Manila, Nov. 24.—The fortress of the insurgent chief, Geronimo, at Pinaruan, which the insurgents boasted of as impregnable, was taken and destroyed Thursday afternoon by a picked force of the Forty-second and Twenty-seventh infantry and Troop G of the Fourth cavalry, under Col. Thompson. Geronimo and most of the rebels escaped.

The leader long harassed the Twenty-seventh infantry, operating in the vicinity of San Mateo, Montalban and Novales. He was finally located at Pinaruan, thirty-five miles north of Manila. His position was considered the strongest in Luzon. It was a stone fortress, surmounting a steep hill, surrounded by canyons. The Spanish force lost heavily in attempting to take it.

Col. Thompson mobilized 1000 men at Montalban. The attack was made upon four sides—the main body under Major Carry, of the Forty-second, advancing from the south; Capt. Atkinson of the Twenty-seventh, from the east; part of the Twenty-seventh from the west, and Capt. Sloan of the Twenty-seventh, from the north.

The ascents were steep, and the men climbed them by grasping the shrubbery. It was impossible for the eastern column to reach the summit, but the others arrived after three hours' climbing under fire from the fortress and the hillside intrenchments. The enemy's force, numbering several hundred, fled before the attackers reached the top. The Americans destroyed a thousand insurgent uniforms, scores of buildings and large quantities of supplies, and seized a barrel full of documents.

Private Hart of the Twenty-seventh, Private Kopner of the Forty-second, and two native scouts were killed, and twelve of the attacking forces were wounded. The insurgent casualties could not be ascertained.

Lieut. Alstetter of the United States engineer corps, who was recently released by the insurgents, arrived in Manila this evening. He had been in captivity at Bulabal since August 12. Gen. Funston surrendering the rebel major, Van Tus, on the release of Lieut. Alstetter. The latter is well, and says that he received good treatment. He escaped on September 21, but was recaptured.

It is unofficially reported that Gen. Torres, the insurgent commandant at Bulacan, had been captured by Gen. Grant's scouts. Gen. Grant wired Gen. Wheaton that the entire garrison at San Jose had been captured, but Gen. Torres was not among them.

HAND TO HAND FIGHT.

Americans Ran Out of Ammunition and Were Captured.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Mail advices from Manila give in considerable detail the story of the rescue of Captain Shields and fifty men of the Twentieth infantry after their capture by the insurgents in Marinduque.

The fifty men in question were pursuing a party of insurgents of superior force into the mountains when they were ambushed in a box canyon by a force of 250 riflemen and 1800 bolo men. They made a continuous fight for eight hours, killing a large number of insurgents, and were overpowered only after they had fired their last shot and practically were smothered in a hand-to-hand fight with their 2000 adversaries.

Sergeants Williams and McCarthy, who were in charge of some of the wounded, come in for particular praise. They were cut off from the rest of the party during the retreat and intrenched themselves on the hillsides, where they stood off their assailants for about three hours, surrendering after every cartridge had been exhausted.

Scarcely a man in the expedition escaped being grazed or slightly wounded during the fight. The total number killed was five. Captain Shields was wounded early in the fight, but continued to direct the operations of the rear guard during four miles of retreat. He finally was knocked out by a bullet through the jaw, neck and shoulder, which was thought at the time to be a fatal wound.

The rescue of the party was executed by General Hare.

Captain Shields and his men say that they have no complaint to make of their treatment during captivity. Maximo Abad was the insurgent in command and in response to Captain Shields' request allowed some of his men to secure medicines and dressings for the wounded soldiers.

NEW WAR TAX BILL.

Progress Made by the Ways and Means Committee.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The subcommittee of the republican ways and means committee held a short session today and adjourned until Monday. The subcommittee has not yet completed the draft of the bill, but is making progress.

It is stated that it is not likely that the general outlines agreed on will be changed before the bill goes to the full committee, unless there is a great pressure among republican members as they arrive in the city. It is understood that in addition to reductions heretofore mentioned, the increase of 60 cents per 1000 on cigars will be removed; also that the stamp taxes on steamship tickets will be taken off because the revenue received does not justify the difficulties of collection.

Members of the committee have been asked to remove the stamp taxes on foreign bills of exchange and bills of lading, and it is possible that that matter may be reopened. The tax on parlor chairs and sleeping berths will remain.

The most important changes in the present law will be schedule B, which practically will be wiped out, and which includes medicines and proprietary articles. The tax also, probably, will be removed from conveyances, mortgages, etc. These with the abolishment of taxes on express receipts, telegrams, bank checks and some other stamp taxes, will, it is said, secure the reduction of \$30,000,000, which is the amount agreed upon by the treasury officials and the committee.

Bring Home Volunteers.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Adj. Gen. Corbin authorizes the statement that it is the intention of the war department to bring home from the Philippines to the United States every one of the volunteers who care to come, and discharge them here, on or before the first of July next, when, under the law the volunteers must be mustered out. It is the expectation and hope of the war department that the coming congress will, early in its session, enact legislation which will enable the department to replace the present volunteer force by a permanent force. In that case such of the men in the ranks as care to remain in the service will be reallocated as regulars, and any vacancies that may exist through the muster out of the volunteers will be supplied by original enlistments in the United States. It is believed these enlistments can be made in time to replace all the retired Philippine volunteers before the first of the next fiscal year, without causing a hiatus.

Protest Against Burning.

Colorado Springs, Col., Nov. 25.—A mass meeting of citizens of Colorado Springs was held in the chapel of Colorado college this afternoon to voice sentiments in the Limon lynching. The meeting was to have been held last Wednesday, but was postponed on account of the storm. The building was packed. Resolutions denouncing mob law and a reversion to the days of barbarity were passed unanimously. The resolutions closed with the following appeal to the people of the United States: "Finally we protest to our countrymen throughout the land that as a law abiding people we share with them the horror of mob bullion; we revolt at the nameless horror, and chafe with them to be judged not by flagrant exceptions, but by the steady peace and order of our daily life."

August Flower.

"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy, for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomach, and for constipation. I find for tourists and salesmen, or for persons filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." Sample bottle free at Colfax Drug Store.

Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.