

THE COLFAX GAZETTE.

TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR.

State Historical Society
405-6 City Hall

COLFAX, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1901.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

JULIUS LIPPITT.

For almost a quarter of a century the house of Julius Lippitt has been the acknowledged leader in Colfax's retailing, enjoying the most exclusive and high class trade, until the very name has become inseparably linked with the idea of quality.

LIPPITT'S AIM Is to give the Public at all times such values as it can find nowhere else.

WASH FABRICS CALORE.

In excellent styles at about half the early season price. We take no chances—The goods must be sold.

SCOTCH LAWN—In a large variety of dots, figures and stripes; sold all around us for 5c and 6c per yard. Lippitt's price, per yard 04c

VENDOME CHALLIES—In all colors and figures, cheap at 12c per yard. Lippitt's price, per yard 03c

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.

Made by a leading waist manufacturer—All fast colors, in light, medium and dark; extra full, long waisted fronts, French backs, new Bishop sleeves, laundred collars. We have taken the entire stock and divided it into two lots.

LOT 1—All our 65c, 75c, 85c and \$1.00 waists, during this sale, your choice for 50c

LOT 2—All our \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 waists, during this sale, your choice for 75c

EXTRA SPECIAL IN WAISTS—10 dozen assorted styles and patterns while they last during this sale for 25c

Lippitt's Fine and elegant made

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

A charming show of dainty garments, made from fine sheer muslin, cambric and nainsook, exquisitely trimmed with dainty laces, English and French embroideries and pretty ribbons—Truly remarkable bargains in the finest undergarments in the land. While lack of space will not permit our description and prices, you cannot afford to buy a single garment without first seeing this superb display.

DID YOU SAY HOSIERY

Insurance against disappointment! That's what you really get when buying hosiery at this store. Worthy high grade goods at prices you'd willingly pay for inferior sorts. Here are a few specimens. Quick, and yes very quick selling ought to follow these offerings:

LADIES' Fast Colored Lace H. S., in black and red, really cheap at 40c per pair; Lippitt's price, per pair 25c

LADIES' Fast Black Hose—These hose are guaranteed in every respect, to try one pair is a surety of your patronage in the future; well worth 35c and 40c; Lippitt's price, per pair 25c

MISSIES' AND BOYS' Fast Black, ribbed, full fashioned goods; a quarter of a dollar regular price; Lippitt's price, per pair 12c

JULIUS LIPPITT

The Pioneer Merchant, Colfax, Washington.

Agent for the Cosmopolitan Patterns. Any pattern you select 10 cents. Mail Orders promptly attended to.

AARON KUHN'S,

Colfax's Leading Dry Goods Store

Shoppers intending to purchase wash goods for a dress or shirt waist will find this a most opportune time, as our stock is new and fresh, and comprises all the new summer fabrics in all the new effects and colorings. Note a few of our prices below.

27-inch Scotch Lawn comes in stripes and figures, all good colors, just the thing for a house dress or wrapper; a large assortment of colorings to select from. While they last, per yard 5c

27-inch Mercerized Silk Zephyr, a new substitute for silk, permanent color, washing now does not change finish, a very pretty fabric for summer shirt waists, a large range of patterns to choose from. Price, per yard 25c

50 pieces Wash Silk, no two patterns alike, comes in heavy cord and stripes, nothing prettier for summer shirt waists and children's dresses, washes like muslin. Your choice of these, per yard 50c

Ready Made Pillow Cases, size 45x36, from the well known brand (Mohawk Mills), torn and nicely hemmed, good heavy quality, per pair 35c

81x90 Sheets, made from the same brand of sheeting, hemmed ready for use, per pair \$1.50

36-inch Mercerized Satin for lining or skirts, in all new colors, per yd. 35c

New arrivals in Ladies' Calico and Percale Wrappers, all sizes.

25 new arrivals in Ladies' Silk Waists, in all colors and sizes, all prices.

Special Attention Given to Country Mail Orders.

AARON KUHN,

Colfax's Leading Dry Goods Store.

WIDE-AWAKE MERCHANTS, ADD TO YOUR BUSINESS

THINK ABOUT THE GRAPHOPHONE

The enormous sales of the Graphophone, are caused by the fact that it has such MATCHLESS POWER OF ENTERTAINMENT

That an INTENSE DESIRE for POSSESSION is awakened in all who hear it. It supplies an actual want (the irresistible demand for diversion and relaxation) to gratify which many are willing to do without other necessities. It is the

UNIVERSAL ENTERTAINER OF THE AGE

An inexhaustible source of wonder and delight to all. It is simple in construction, and prices are arranged to suit all pocket books; while the demand will continue as long as human nature exists. The introduction of a few Graphophones into a community at once creates an increasing demand for RECORDS and SUPPLIES, and a CONTINUOUS BUSINESS is thus established. Why not secure the Liberal Profits which are afforded dealers? Write for catalogue, terms, etc., to

Columbia Phonograph Co., (Gen'l)

125 Geary Street, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

On the Track Of Time.

You'd save time by owning a watch instead of asking other people or hunting up a clock. We'll sell you a good watch, and warrant it. Will you come and see about it? As usual our stock of watches and jewelry is complete.

CITY JEWELRY STORE
M. A. ROSE.

WOOD! COEY MERCANTILE CO.

ROCKFORD, WASH., Can fill all orders for Wood on short notice. Best Grade \$2.75, Buckskin \$2.25 per cord, by carload

NEWS OF THE STATES

Gathered From Hills, Valleys and Plains of the Union.

Boiled Down As It Comes From the Wires for Information of Busy Readers.

Wednesday, May 1.

Six hundred men of the American Smelting & Refining Company at Helena, Mont., went on May day strike for better pay. The 8-hour day, which went into effect today, was responsible, as the smelter people undertook to reduce wages 20 per cent on account of shorter hours.

All the bricklayers and masons of Elizabeth, N. J., to the number of 400, went on strike. At Yonkers 750 bricklayers, plasterers, stone masons and hod carriers went out. In both instances the demand is for higher wages.

Nearly 600 carpenters refused to go to work at Columbus, Ohio, demanding \$3.20 for eight hours. All journeyman plumbers at Youngstown struck, and the plasterers followed, demand nine hours pay for eight hours work.

L. W. Johnson, cowboy and bad man, attempted to shoot City Marshal Neilson at Lewistown, Montana, and was killed by the officer.

The Pan-American exposition opened at Buffalo with a brilliant electric display. The first ticket was purchased by Wm. Hamlin for \$5000.

The war office received a cablegram from Gen. MacArthur announcing the surrender of Hullo of Quanten Salles and the ending of all organized opposition in that island.

Twenty-two hundred cooks and waiters in San Francisco restaurants struck for shorter hours and increased pay.

Thursday, May 2.

At Pittsburg, Pa., the intense heat practically closed several of the bar mills and badly crippled others. Several workmen were completely exhausted and others almost prostrated.

As the result of a national conference of window glass interests at Indianapolis it was decided to close down nearly all factories in the United States on May 11 and give all employees an advance in wages of 15 per cent. The result of the conference affects 2750 glass blowers and 15,000 other employees, all of whose wages will be increased 15 per cent.

One hundred and fifty men were discharged at the steel rail department of the National Steel company's plant at Youngstown, Ohio. It is stated that the steel rail mill will discontinue and remove to Chicago, to be added to the steel rail department of the Illinois Steel company. The plant is now under the control of the United States Steel corporation.

The sale of a seat is recorded on the New York stock exchange for \$70,000, compared with the previous highest authentic record of \$66,000.

Friday, May 3

W. J. Footner, vice president and general manager of the Great Northern Express Company, died at St. Paul.

Forty thousand Italian emigrants are booked to leave this month for the United States.

Fire practically destroyed the town of Ewart, Iowa, including a big grain elevator of the Iowa Central, the post office, all the business houses and a number of residences. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

Two thousand three hundred employes of the National Cash Register factory at Dayton, Ohio, are idle as a result of the strike of the moulders in the foundry department. The moulders struck for the reinstatement of four men who had been discharged.

Saturday, May 4.

E. H. Conger, minister to China, who is being urged by Iowa republicans to run for governor, says he is not a candidate, but will accept a nomination if tendered him.

Secretary of war ordered 1000 government tents sent to the sufferers from the great Jacksonville fire.

Railroad officials in Chicago have received information that attempts are being made to revive the American Railway Union under the name of the United Brotherhood of Railway Employees and make it even more far reaching and powerful than in the days previous to the Pullman strike.

Between 8000 and 9000 employes in the 40 shops of the entire Illinois Central system have been given a general increase of 5 per cent in wages. The order will increase the annual pay roll of the company nearly \$300,000.

More than 10000 employes of the car shops of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad at Scranton, Pa., went on a strike for the reinstatement of two of their number who were discharged because of activity in forming a union.

The 700 union carpenters in Toledo have won their strike and went to work, receiving \$2.40 for eight hours instead of \$2.25 for nine hours.

Another oil gusher was struck at Beaumont, Tex., the first going to the top of the derrick the first leap. This is an eight inch well, the largest in the district.

Sunday, May 5.

In the burning of an apartment building at Chicago seven persons perished. A freight train on a crossing blocked the way of the firemen in reaching the scene, and refused to move, in the meantime the people were burning for lack of aid. The trainmen were arrested.

Mrs. McKinley was chosen to cut the rope which will launch the great battleship Ohio at San Francisco.

Mayor Taggart of Indianapolis was riding in an automobile behind a carriage party at Chicago, when the horses took fright and ran away. The mayor raced ahead of them with his feet, jumped from the machine and seized one horse by the bits, stopping the team after being dragged a block.

At Omaha the Sunday closing orders were for the most part observed. Two saloonkeepers were arrested for failing

to bolt their side doors and half a dozen bootblacks were arrested. Saloons in Kansas City were closed as tight as a drum today for the first time in six years.

Monday, May 6

Northern Pacific stocks jumped to the unprecedented price of 125 on the New York stock exchange.

John Rubenstein, an insane mail carrier, killed Walter Nigh and an Indian at Scottsdale, Arizona, because they interfered with his progress along the highway, detaining himself and the United States mail a few minutes. He was captured after a long chase.

George H. Wells, manager of the New York office of the Escott Packing company of Portland, Or., and a general commission merchant, has disappeared.

Thirty-ninth regiment was mustered out at San Francisco, and the Thirty-second will follow Wednesday.

The disappearance of the president caused the closing of the Cuyahoga Savings Bank at Cleveland, Ohio, with \$314,966 deposits.

It is learned at the state department that the president has made no statement through any of the usual channels to the effect that he would refuse to receive Kruger officially or unofficially. The government has made no promise as to the character of his reception if he should decide to come here.

Robert Rohr, until recently a hospital steward on the transport Warren, committed suicide at San Francisco by taking poison. He left a note bequeathing to Mrs. George Rohr of Flora, Wash., all his possessions.

Charles B. Hare, the Ann Arbor Mich., student who was taken with bubonic plague April 4, was released as permanently cured. The only bad after effect that Hare suffers is that of a weak heart.

Tuesday, May 7.

Many of the Wisconsin lumber camps are full of smallpox germs and are to be burned.

Baltimore municipal election was a sweeping victory for the republicans.

From an artesian well bored at Vale, Oregon, a strong flow of boiling hot water has been obtained. The water is highly mineral. Its temperature as it comes from the ground is 212 degrees Fahrenheit. When the weather is frosty the steam forms a dense white cloud that can be seen for a long distance. Water shoots to a height of nearly 40 feet.

Carefully consolidated reports from the American Agriculturist's correspondence of observers make the May 1 condition of winter wheat 91.5 against 95.5 last month and compared with an average of this date for five years of 84. April was wholly favorable for the development of the wheat crop over the greater part of the belt. The spring wheat has been sown under highly favorable conditions, and it is apparent that the acreage is fully equal to that sown last year. There has been an abundance of early moisture over the whole belt, except in a limited portion of South Dakota. The condition May 1 of wheat in California was 90.

May wheat at Chicago, 73 1/2 July, 72 1/2. Portland, cash, 60; Tacoma, 59.

GREAT FIRE AT JACKSONVILLE.

Florida City Suffered From a Vast Conflagration.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 4, 1 a. m.—The most disastrous fire in the history of this city began yesterday shortly after noon in a small factory, started by a defective wire, according to the best belief, and burned for nearly 10 hours. In that time a property loss was estimated at from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000 was caused.

According to the city map 148 blocks were burned, many of them in the heart of the business and residence section. The estimate of houses to the block is 10, hence 1400 of them went up in smoke. Many of the finest public and private buildings were destroyed, including hotels, theaters, churches and residences. The casualties can not be estimated tonight. That there were several seems to be well authenticated. Among them was that of the fire chief, who sustained a bad fall. The mayor ordered all saloons closed and has impressed help to clear the wreckage. The mayor at the late hour stated that he estimated the loss at \$15,000,000 and that from 15,000 to 18,000 people were homeless.

It is thought a number of lives were lost. Fire Chief Haney went insane when the fire got beyond control.

A Shovel Combine.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 4.—An attempt is being made now to unite the shovel-making concerns of the country into a trust that may be known as the American Shovel & Tool company which will have a capital of \$10,000,000 and start into business equipped with a New Jersey charter. If the project is successful all the several concerns that are now in the business will be included and headquarters will be established in New York. The combine will have its largest works in the Pittsburg district with other large ones in Boston and Chicago.

Flowing Oil Wells.

Ogden, May 4.—F. M. Phelps and other Californians returning from the Fossil oil fields in Western Wyoming, report the discovery of innumerable springs of flowing oil, which has been determined to be a lubricant. The announcement that the test of the springs just discovered at Fossil shows that flowing oil has caused the excitement to extend to new fields, and claims are now being staked by many locators. The Evanston land office is a month behind in the work of recording claims.

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. F. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich., "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00 at The Elk Drug Store, F. J. Stone, Proprietor.

ON SOUTHERN BORDER

Presidential Party in Texas, New Mexico and Arizona.

Greeted Everywhere By Immense and Intensely Enthusiastic Crowds of Southerners.

New Orleans, May 2.—The day spent in New Orleans will live long in the memory of the president and the members of his party. In no other city in the United States is the old and romantic preserved and placed in such sharp contrast with the modern as in the Crescent City, and today as the presidential party drove through the flower-embowed city from the new into the old French and Spanish quarters, it was like passing mysteriously from America into another that has gone. And the illusion of the transformation was heightened by the interest in the ceremonies which occurred in the old Cabildo, the seat of the government of the former Spanish and French rulers, which is still preserved in its original integrity by the Louisiana historical society.

Roses were everywhere, climbing over the pillared porticos and creeping over trellises and mingling their perfumes with that of the magnolia, while the public squares thrilled with the songs of semi-tropical birds.

The entire population apparently was out to see the chief executive.

Down in Texas.

Austin, Texas, May 3.—Out of Dixie the presidential party today traveled into the heart of the great southwest. After leaving New Orleans yesterday, Austin was reached, the cotton belt of western Louisiana were passed during the night and the oil fields of Texas were passed just at the peep of day, just too early to be seen by the president. When the party arose this morning the train was already flying over the plains of Texas, which stretched away to the horizon in every direction as level as a floor. Until 4:30 this afternoon, when Austin was reached, the train passed in succession through the cotton belt of Texas, the rich agricultural region beyond the Brazos river, known as the Black prairie—much wooded country and fine grazing lands. The president had his first glimpse of long horned Texas cattle and picturesque cowboys on range horses.

The president's reception in the Lone Star state was a continuation of the ovation he has received throughout the south. Every honor was shown him and his party, and there was much enthusiasm.

At the Alamo.

Del Rio, Texas, May 4.—The president and his party spent the forenoon viewing the sights of the quaint city of San Antonio, with its historic Spanish missions and its thrilling memories of the war for Texas independence, and then passed on the long stretch across the Texas desert for El Paso, on the Mexican boundary. Nothing could have been more interesting and striking than the contrast between old San Antonio, its strange Spanish architecture, quaint streets filled with the shifting multitude of Mexicans in high peaked hats, their women in bright hued garments, and powdered priests and sweet faced nuns in black—and the modern city of Texas, with its business houses and residences, asphalted streets and even swift-rolling automobiles. The Mexican flag was prominent in the profusion of bunting and banners with which the people decorated their city.

There was not time to visit the Spanish missions, owing to the shortness of the stay, but a drive took the party through the old adobe Mexican quarter, past San Fernando cathedral, built early in the last century, where Santa Ana raised the red flag of defiance against the defenders of the Alamo, to Fort Sam Houston, where a battery fired a salute to the president's honor.

There was a beautiful spectacle in Travis Square, where 14,000 school children, dressed in white, strewed flowers under the wheels of the carriage occupied by the president and Mrs. McKinley, and sang the national anthem.

On the Mexican Border.

El Paso, Texas, May 5.—The presidential party reached El Paso, the gateway to Mexico, at 9 o'clock this morning and will remain here until noon tomorrow. President Diaz of Mexico had hoped to meet the president here and shake hands with him across the border, but as the Mexican congress is in session he could not leave the capital. He sent a personal message to the president, however, and also dispatched Don Juan Hernandez, commander of the Second military zone of the state of Chihuahua, to personally present his good wishes to the chief magistrate of the United States. Governor Miguel Ahumada of Chihuahua, the most northerly state of Mexico, also traveled to El Paso to pay his respects, and the three distinguished Mexican officials, accompanied by General Hernandez staff in full uniform, were received by the president in his car at the station. After exchanging felicitations, the president requested General Hernandez to convey to President Diaz his personal good wishes for the health and happiness of President Diaz and for a continuation of the cordial relations at present existing between the two countries.

White Mexicans Fought Bulls.

El Paso, Tex., May 5.—Although closely surrounded by gay holiday scenes, President McKinley has managed to spend the Sabbath quietly and in comparative privacy. Across the river, in Juarez, the Mexican population were celebrating independence day, which corresponds to the American Fourth of July, but the celebration was a complete failure, for the greater part of the people were on this side of the border in the hope of catching sight of President McKinley and the distinguished visiting party.

The president went to church and in the afternoon took a short drive. The other members of the party went to church at various places of worship, but Mrs. McKinley did not attend divine services. Tomorrow the real celebration in

honor of the executive will begin. Only the president's wishes that the Sabbath might be passed in quiet prevented a demonstration in his honor today.

Monday On the Border.

El Paso, May 6.—The American and Mexican flags were intertwined in the decorations of the plaza, where the official greeting of President McKinley and his cabinet took place this morning. The presence on the stand of General Hernandez, personal representative of President Diaz and an international significance to the event. There were thousands of Mexicans in the vast course of people to whom the president spoke, and their enthusiasm was almost as wild as that of the Americans.

In a Tunnel.

Phoenix, Ariz., May 7.—The presidential party spent an interesting day in Arizona. The beautiful sunshine and "blue" after the hot and dusty ride of yesterday. The two hours in the morning at the Congress gold mine up in the clouds of the Blue Tunnels were replete with incidents and were thoroughly enjoyed. A large American flag was draped across the tunnel through which the president passed, and after he emerged he told the little group of miners who congregated about the train that he had seen Old Glory floating in many different places, but that he never before during his life seen the flag 1500 feet under ground.

Jealousies Split the Party.

Honolulu, April 27, via San Francisco, May 5.—The Star says: "The home rule party is in a (dead), according to the statements of its former most ardent supporters. There is no party whip, nor leaders, no organization. The organizations began with a solid home rule majority of more than two thirds in the house and almost the same in the senate, but votes taken at the present time show only a few home rulers are hanging together as such. The republicans also have split on various questions and the present situation in the legislature is one in which party divisions seldom occur." As to the breaking up of the heavy majority the Star says: "Jealousies about leadership had much to do with the splitting up of the solid 20 and foolish freak bills and resolutions did the rest."

Pitched Battle Among Boys.

El Paso, Tex., May 4.—As the result of a pitched battle between American and Mexican small boys, Anastacia Pallen, 9 years old, is dead from the effects of a rifle bullet wound and three American lads whose ages range from 12 to 14 years are in jail. It has long been customary for the boys of both races who reside in the western suburbs to fight whenever the different bands encountered each other, but not until yesterday had anyone been seriously injured. On that day about fifty Mexicans attacked a dozen little Americans and for a time the battle was severe, but was confined to throwing of stones. The Americans were being worsted when they procured a target rifle and small pistols. The rifle was directed at the ranks of the assailants and the bullet struck Pallen.

Reducing the Army.

Washington, May 5.—After a careful consideration the administration has decided to reduce the army in the Philippines to 40,000. The opinion prevails here that this number will be ample for the present needs of the service in the islands and if conditions continue to improve in the satisfactory manner shown in the past few months the force may be reduced still further. The expectation of the war department is that all the volunteers now in the Philippines will have left the islands by the end of June, following the departure of volunteers will come the regulars who were sent to Manila in 1898, just after the outbreak of hostilities and their movement home will continue until the force is reduced to approximately 40,000 men.

Paroles for Younger Boys.

St. Paul, Minn., May 7.—At a regular meeting of the board of managers of the state prison today at Stillwater unanimous action was taken in favor of paroling the Younger brothers, now serving life sentences. Before the parole can be effective all three members of the state pardon board must approve it, and the action will be submitted to that body as soon as possible. This is in accordance with the new parole law, which allows the parole of life prisoners after about 24 years' imprisonment, being 35 years less time gained by good behavior. Paroles usually are granted by the prison managers alone, but in the case of life prisoners unanimous approval of the board of pardons is also necessary, and such life paroled prisoners can not leave the state.

March On the Capital.

Pottsville, Pa., May 4.—National Organizer Dougherty, Secretary Heartline of the Ninth district and President Duffy of the Tenth district, held a conference here today and arranged for a march of miners-workers to Harrisburg for the purpose of urging the passage of bills recommended by the United Miners-workers. It is proposed to rendezvous the miners from Hazelton, McAdoo, Panther Creek valley and Schuylkill region at Pottsville on Tuesday. They will take six days' rations each and will march to Millersburg, where they will be joined by those from Northumberland and Columbia counties. At least 10,000 men will leave when the orders to march are given.

Good Advice.

The most miserable being in the world are those suffering from dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects; such as Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Constipation, Palpitation of the Heart, Heartburn, Water-brash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. Get Green's Prize Almanac. Colfax Drug Store.