

THE NEW WOMAN

Her Fads and Foibles

A MAN fell into ill health and could no longer attend to his manufacturing enterprises. His lady wife resolved to do it for him. Looking at herself admiringly in the mirror she said to herself, "I'll be a business woman." Then she proceeded to "play smash," so to speak. She hired a set of offices, furnished them like a lady's pink tea boudoir and put her office boys into livery. She imported from England a lady for manager of the office, there being apparently no young woman in America sufficiently up in the etiquette of the situation to undertake the task. The English young woman took charge. Her idea and that of the lady who employed her were evidently to run an ironworkers' shop on the aesthetic social basis. An important customer was desirous of getting a large order filled immediately. It was necessary for him to see the manager. That lady, with the intention of showing him how things were done over the water, consequently in exactly the right way, made an appointment with him to meet her in her aesthetic office at a certain date. To keep it he had to travel a considerable distance, but his business was important, so he made the engagement. He appeared at the aesthetic office at the hour appointed. Menials ushered him through several rooms into the aesthetically draped pink tea sanctum of the lady manager. He waited half an hour. Nobody came. He waited a while longer, then sent one of the liveried pages in quest of the manager. After considerably more time she came in, impatience and annoyance written upon her high-toned brow. She did not ask her customer to sit down. He reminded her that she herself had made the appointment and requested him to meet her at that hour. "Oh, I can't see you. I can't stop to talk to you at all," said this business woman. "We are to have company at the house and I must go home and make the salad." Was this like a woman, or was it not?

All the human race is yet in the rudimentary stage of moral and intellectual development, but sometimes woman appears to be particularly so. A lady, a club woman who wears beautiful clothes, was called as witness in a lawsuit which, let us say, Mr. White brought against Mr. Black. The club lady who wears beautiful clothes and believes in the superior elevating moral tone of womanhood gave evidence on the side of Black. She declared under her solemn oath that certain statements she made were facts. After the trial was ended this club lady, talking over the case with White's lawyer, said, "But why didn't Mr. White make me an offer before I testified?"

Isn't it about time for preachers and other men to stop howling at women concerning the enormity of divorces and begin to instruct men on the importance of behaving themselves in such a way that women will not need to get divorces? Man's misdeeds, in nine cases out of ten, force women to sue for divorce; then male moralists turn and berate women for it. Quer world this.

Women are showing themselves useful and uncommonly capable in the advertising field. Many are now advertisement solicitors, others are writers of advertisements, while quite a number are accomplished press agents. Some of these travel in advance of theatrical and entertainment companies.

So many inventions have been made and patented in the departments of the household and of women's apparel, so many inventions have been made by ladies themselves, that a promising field is now open for the woman patent attorney and expert. Think of a man expert giving his solemn opinion on the subject of a baby's clothing!

There has been established by some philanthropic folk an asylum for feeble minded women. Would that it could hold them all!

Mrs. Alice Moore McComas, the newspaper woman, has two brilliant and gifted daughters in professional life. One, Miss Alice, is a concert pianist; the other, Carroll, has whistled herself at once into a good living and the public eye. Miss Carroll also sings, and she has recently closed an advantageous five years' contract with one of the leading American firms of theatrical managers. All this is what one might expect from the daughters of a new woman.

Not long ago, when it was proposed in the Illinois legislature to erect a statue to Miss Frances Willard, one of the wise superior sex that governs women rose to speak in opposition to the bill. He said he was emphatically against the proposition because Frances Willard was "no more deserving of honor than a thousand other mothers." How much some lawmakers do know!

All over the Union the story has been spread how an American girl has refused to marry the Serbian heir, Peter Karageorgevitch. Well, what of it?

It gives me pleasure to call attention to the fact that Lydia Carpenter, a fifteen-year-old schoolgirl of Plattsburg, N. Y., has made a running high jump of 4 feet 3/4 inches, thus making a new record for the feminine sex.

ELIZA ARCHARD CONNER.

DRESS SKIRTS.

A Fashionable Walking Length—Its New Fullness and Flow.

There really seems no end to the new models for skirts this season. Indeed, they have followed one another in almost bewildering array. There are now three distinct lengths to account for. There is the long, sweeping skirt for indoor or smart visiting wear, the real trotteur, clearing the ground by some appreciable distance, most welcome and well worn for country existence and in a minor degree for early morning wear in town, and, lastly, that cross between the two, yet quite distinct in cut as in intention from either, the skirt which



FASHIONABLE WALKING SKIRT.

just clears the ground, almost appearing to touch it, which has been sealed by the sign manual of fashion as the correct length for town walking and street use.

Then, each of these classes has many varieties of the kilted, plaited and gathered description, some held out by stiffened underskirts remotely suggestive of the crinoline, a stiffening really rendered necessary from a practical standpoint, where the extreme fullness of some models has to be contended with. One of the smartest of plain skirts of the town walking length is shown in the accompanying sketch.

It will be noticed at once that, though fitted with the utmost precision round the waist and hips, the "dow" for the base begins much higher up than has been the fashion lately, the skirt spreading out only at the hem being now a thing of the past. Skillfully planned seams smartly gored are responsible for this flow.

A lining is more often than not conspicuous by its absence, a special foundation or the usual long flounced petticoat taking its place. For this reason that stitched band which surrounds the hem is particularly welcome, serving to give weight and decision to the fall of the skirt, while it also helps materially to hold it out with a certain stiffness and precision (a great consideration with all skirts of curtailed length) over and above its decorative properties.

Ginger Snaps.
One-half cupful of butter, one cupful each of sugar and molasses, one tablespoonful of ginger, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and flour enough to make stiff to roll.

Cracker Pudding.
One quart of scalded milk, five tablespoonfuls of rolled cracker, a small half cup of butter, four eggs. Bake one-half hour and serve with any kind of sweet sauce.

Popovers.
One egg, the white and the yolk beaten separately, one cupful of sweet milk, one cupful of flour, a pinch of salt. Bake twenty minutes.

The Lengthening Shoulder Line.
The new drooping shoulder, which makes womankind practically helpless as far as any upward movement of the arms is concerned, is exploited in the extreme in the accompanying model



LATEST FLANNEL SHIRT.

A RESCUE AT SEA

[Copyright, 1903, by C. B. Lewis.]

The brig Foam, bound from Liverpool to the West Indies and having on board 250 English emigrants, had been for four days a drifting wreck when sighted by the Dolphin of Bremen. It so happened that an American manufacturer to which I belonged as an enlisted man put into that port for some slight repairs, and twelve of us deserted to go aboard the Dolphin. It does not excuse our action to say that the captain brought this desertion about by the promise of high wages. He wanted a crew and did not care how the men came to him.

We had been twelve days out when we sighted the Foam as she lay wallowing in the trough of the sea, a complete wreck aloft. After a brief look at her through the glass the captain began cursing his ill luck. As a matter of fact, we had neither room, water nor provisions to spare, and the ship was loaded down to the mark with cargo, but when we heard our officers propose to pass the wreck without notice every man of the twelve was ready for mutiny. We demanded that communication be opened with the unfortunate people, and after a good deal of growling the Dolphin ran down to the wreck and sent a boat to her.

The report of the mate when he returned was to the effect that the people were on quarter allowance, with much sickness among the women and children, and that they desired to abandon the wreck and be taken aboard of the ship. We had spare spars aboard, and the captain offered to sell three or four sticks for about three times their value, the payment to be made in gold on delivery. The brig declined this "generous" offer, as the crew was satisfied that the shattered hull could never be worked into port, even if fully provisioned besides.

Our captain was holding off, not wishing to take the unfortunates and yet afraid of us, when a squall came on, and he attempted to sail away. The whole crew, including the second mate, at once refused duty. The captain and first mate then declared their authority at end and went below, but we were not to be bluffed. The second mate was installed as captain, and two hours later all the people on the wreck had been transferred. It was in good time, too, as a gale came on that lasted for three days and must have sent the brig to the bottom.

We had mutinied and taken possession of the ship, but we felt that circumstances justified it. Neither insult nor harm was offered to the two officers. They made many threats as to the punishment we should receive when the ship arrived in port, but we stood firm and kept clear of any further quarrels. Our craft had no accommodation whatever for passengers, and you can imagine the mess we were in when that crowd was taken aboard. The captain not only flatly refused to take charge of the navigation, but would have nothing whatever to do with the unfortunates. He could have sheltered many women and children in the cabin, but not even the sick ones were invited to make use of it. Everybody aboard had to be put on short allowance at once, and a shift was made whereby the women and children were at least sheltered.

After a general consultation it was decided to make for the Bermudas, and on the fourth day after taking the people off the wreck we sighted an American ship and secured from her a fair supply of water and a quantity of flour and biscuits. It was a run of seven days more to the islands, and during the last three days no adult had food enough to keep down the pangs of hunger. None of us believed that we could be punished for taking the ship out of the captain's hands to save human life, and I am sure we would not have been meddled with but for the presence of a British man-of-war in port. As soon as our captain could board the craft and report all of us were arrested and flung into prison to await the action of the law. I never found out just where they intended to send us for trial, but presume it was Bremen.

For some reason or other there was a long delay, and at length matters were complicated by our being claimed as deserters from an American man-of-war. The people whom we had saved were grateful enough, to be sure, but all others looked upon us as a lot of pirates who ought to have been hung as soon as captured. When we had been in jail five months we got word from an American who was getting thoroughly posted on the case that we should soon be sent away for trial and that we might expect at least five years' imprisonment apiece.

This news decided us to make an attempt to break jail, and one night a week later, using tools which a guard had been bribed to pass in to us, we sawed away the bars of a window and gained our liberty. Proceeding to the harbor, we found an American vessel ready to sail, and before our escape was discovered we were miles at sea. Five of us afterward surrendered to the naval authorities as deserters and took our punishment, but what became of the others I do not know.

To save the lives of almost 300 fellow beings we were driven to mutiny on the high seas, and while it would seem to have been both a noble and heroic action, and one that we should have received credit for, nothing but misfortune and disgrace grew out of it. The contemptible action of our captain even found excusers, though it was plain that had he had his way the wreck would have taken every soul to the bottom with her.

M. QUAD.

DeLaval Cream Separators



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	The Colfax Gazette	1 50
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	Saving	\$1 00

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The two papers are at the top in their respective classes and make a combination for Whitman county people that cannot be beaten. Address orders, enclosing \$2, to

THE GAZETTE, Colfax, Wash.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the undersigned, residing two miles south of Hays, Wash., the following described estrays:

- One roan mare, 12 years old, weight about 800 pounds, branded on left shoulder.
- One roan yearling, weight about 400 pounds, no brand visible.
- One sorrel horse, 15 years old, weight about 1000 pounds, branded on left shoulder.
- One bay mare, 10 years old, weight about 800 pounds, no brand visible.
- One black 2 year old, weight about 450 pounds, no brand visible.
- One bay mare, 10 years old, weight about 800 pounds, branded on left shoulder.
- One black yearling, weight about 400 pounds, no brand visible.
- One bay horse, 5 years old, weight about 800 pounds, branded on left shoulder.
- One bay mare, 10 years old, weight about 800 pounds, branded + on left shoulder and + on left stifle.
- One gray mare, 3 years old, weight about 700 pounds, no brand visible.
- One sorrel horse, 2 years old, weight about 600 pounds, no brand visible.
- One gray mare, 5 years old, weight about 800 pounds, no brand visible.
- One sorrel horse, 4 years old, weight about 700 pounds, branded on left shoulder.
- One gray saddle horse, 20 years old, weight about 700 pounds, no brand visible.
- One bay 2 year old, weight about 600 pounds, no brand visible.
- One bay 3 year old, weight about 700 pounds, no brand visible.

Above horses were taken up January 30, 1904, and unless claimed by owners and charges paid, will be sold as provided by law.

T. B. COCHRAN,
P. O. Hays, Washington.

Justice Summons.

In justice court, before W. J. Tharp, justice of the Peace in and for Precinct No. 14, Whitman county, state of Washington.

State of Washington, county of Whitman—ss. The state of Washington, to John Doe, defendant, true name unknown: You are hereby notified to be and appear before the undersigned, at his office on Willow creek, Whitman county, state of Washington, on the 13th day of February, 1904, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., to answer to the foregoing complaint, or judgment will be taken against you as confessed, and the prayer of the plaintiff granted.

Dated this 18th day of January, 1904.

W. J. THARP,
Justice of the Peace.

The object of this action is to obtain a judgment for damage done, and expense for keeping four certain animals, and for costs and expense in this suit, and have the same adjudged a lien upon said animals, particularly as follows, to-wit:

- One bay horse, about 8 years old, weight about 1000 pounds, wire cut on left fore leg, branded O on right stifle.
- One brown mare, about 7 years old, weight about 900 pounds, undistinguishable brand on left shoulder.
- One bay mare, about 9 years old, weight about 1000 pounds, no brands visible.
- One sorrel mare, about 10 years old, weight about 900 pounds, undistinguishable brand on left stifle, collar marked O.

Said animals have been restrained by plaintiff for trespassing upon his land, the land being about 3 miles east of LaCroise, Washington.

P. N. MCKENZIE, Plaintiff.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the undersigned, residing ten miles southwest of Pampa, Wash., the following described estrays:

- One gray horse, about 10 years old, weight about 1000 pounds, branded on left shoulder.
- One bay mare, bald face, three white feet, about 14 years old, weight about 1100 pounds, branded F on left shoulder and left stifle and O with bar over on left stifle.
- One bay colt, about 6 months old, no brand.

Unless claimed by owners and charges paid, said animals will be sold as provided by law.

HARRY FENNIMORE,
Pampa, Wash., Jan. 26, 1904.

Taken up by the undersigned, residing 5 miles west of Pullman, the following described estray, which came to my place in 1902:

- One brown mare, six years old, branded on right shoulder, weight about 900 lbs., hind feet white.

Unless claimed by owner and charges paid, said animal will be sold according to law.

W. H. KINCAID,
Pullman, Wash., Feb. 1, 1904.

Taken up at my ranch, two miles west of Winona, the following described estray:

- One pale red steer with a little white on him, 3 years old, right ear cropped and split, branded on right hip.

Unless claimed by owner and charges paid, said animal will be sold as provided by law.

P. M. MOORE,
Winona, Wash., Feb. 4, 1904.

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F. T. ABBOTT, Agent,
Colfax, Wash.

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THIS PAPER is kept on file at E. C. DAKES' Advertising Agency, 124 Sansome Street, San Francisco, California, where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

Sheriff's Sale.

State of Washington, County of Whitman—ss. In the superior court of the state of Washington, in and for Whitman county.

A. Bush and A. N. Bush, copartners doing business under the firm name of Ladd & Bush, plaintiffs, vs. Thomas Griffin and Arville Griffin, Harvey Griffin, Thomas Griffin, Jr., Maud Griffin and Guy Griffin, minor children and heirs at law of Della Griffin, deceased, and Thomas Griffin, as natural guardian of said minor children, defendants.

Decree of foreclosure and order of sale.

By virtue of a decree and order of sale, made and entered in the above entitled cause and court on the 6th day of January, A. D. 1904, a copy of which has been issued and certified to me by the clerk of said court, under the seal thereof, bearing date the 15th day of January, A. D. 1904, in a first cause of action, for the sum of \$1494.00, gold coin, with interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the first day of January, A. D. 1904, and the further sum of \$20.00 costs, and the increased costs thereon; and in a second cause of action, by virtue of a decree and order of sale, made and entered in the above entitled cause and court on the 6th day of January, A. D. 1904, a copy of which has been issued and certified to me by the clerk of said court, under the seal thereof, bearing date the 15th day of January, A. D. 1904, for the sum of \$62.20, gold coin, with interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the first day of January, A. D. 1904, and the further sum of \$— attorneys fees, and also the increased costs thereon, I, Joseph C. Cantitt, Sheriff of Whitman county, Washington, will on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1904, at the hour of one o'clock p. m. of said day, at the south front door of the Whitman county court house, at Colfax, Whitman county, state of Washington, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, situated, lying and being in Whitman county, Washington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The following is a description of the property to be sold in the first cause of action:

Beginning at the northwest corner of the northwest quarter of section 14, township 19, north, range 44 E. W. M., running thence south on the quarter section line 20 1/2 chains, thence north 8 minutes, 20 seconds west 20 1/2 chains, thence east 3 chains to place of beginning, containing 5.06 acres, being a part of the northwest quarter of section 14, township 19 north, of range 44 E. W. M. Also the northeast quarter of section 14, in township 19 north, range 44 E. W. M., containing 40 acres, together with a strip of land described as follows, to-wit: beginning at the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of section 14, running thence north on the quarter section line 20 1/2 chains, thence south 8 minutes, 20 seconds east 20 1/2 chains, thence west 3 chains to place of beginning, containing 3.06 acres, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And that all and singular the mortgaged premises mentioned in the said second cause, to-wit: Also the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 2, township 19 north, range 44 E. W. M., containing 40 acres, more or less, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Said property is taken and sold as the property of Thomas Griffin, Arville Griffin, Harvey Griffin, Thomas Griffin, Jr., Maud Griffin and Guy Griffin, minor children and heirs at law of Della Griffin, deceased, and Thomas Griffin, as natural guardian of said minor children, defendants.

Dated at Colfax, Whitman County, Washington, this 18th day of January, A. D. 1904.

J. JOSEPH CANTITT,
Sheriff of Whitman County.

R. J. Neergaard, attorney for plaintiff.

Summons in Foreclosure of Tax Lien.

In the superior court of the state of Washington, for Whitman county.

Harold J. Doolittle, plaintiff, vs. F. F. Lomax, and the unknown heirs of C. Lomax, deceased, and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interest in and to the real property hereinafter described, as follows, to-wit: The state of Washington, to F. F. Lomax, and the unknown heirs of C. Lomax, deceased, and to all persons unknown, if any, having an interest therein: You are hereby notified that Harold J. Doolittle, the holder of certificates of delinquency numbered 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, in block forty-nine (49), in the city of Colfax, according to the recorded plat thereof, and upon which he has paid taxes assessed against said property, as follows:

Year's tax.	Date paid	No.	Am't.
1899	May	1903	\$ 1.97
1900	March 18, 1902	7278	1.90
1901	March 2, 1902	3146	1.90
1902	Sept. 12, 1902	8205	1.95

Total amount of taxes paid since date of certificate of delinquency, \$14.72.

All of said amounts bearing interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum; and you are further notified that he will apply to the superior court of the state of Washington, in and for said county, for a judgment foreclosing his lien against the property hereinbefore mentioned, and you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within sixty days after the 18th day of February, 1904, exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend said action or pay the amount due; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered foreclosing said lien for certificate of delinquency taxes, penalty, interest and costs, against the lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Any pleading or process may be served upon the undersigned at the address hereinafter mentioned.

ROBERT M. HANNA,
Prosecuting attorney and attorney for plaintiff, P. O. address, Colfax, Whitman county, Washington.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the undersigned, at Hooper, Wash., the following described estrays:

- One sorrel mare, about 8 years old, white strip in face, weight about 800 pounds, branded on left stifle.
- One flea bitten gray mare, about 15 years old, weight about 1100 pounds, branded on left stifle.
- One black mare, about 9 years old, weight about 1100 pounds, branded on left shoulder.
- One iron gray filly, 2 years old, weight about 700 pounds, branded on left shoulder.
- One light gray mare, about 7 years old, weight about 1100 pounds, branded on right shoulder.
- One white horse, about 8 years old, weight about 1100 pounds, blotch brand on right shoulder.
- One light red muley cow, about 5 years old, marked crop of left ear with white, and underbit in right ear, branded on left hip.
- One black muley cow, about 10 years old, white strip on face and white on belly and flanks, marked with wattle on neck, crop of both ears, branded on right hip and on left hip.

Any person claiming the above property may have same by proving property and paying charges, otherwise said animals will be sold as provided by law.

PETER MCGREGOR,
Hooper, Wash., Jan. 25, 1904.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the undersigned, residing 5 miles southeast from Dusty Postoffice, Washington, the following described estrays:

- One sorrel saddle horse, bald face, three white legs, white on right fore foot, two white spots on neck, branded on left hip.
- One brown mare and brown mare colt, no brand visible, mare about 8 years old, weight about 900 pounds, lump on right hind leg below hock, tail bobbed, colt has white spot in forehead.
- One bay mare and horse colt, no brands visible, mare about 6 years old, weight about 900 pounds, white spot in forehead and nose of each, colt about 8 months old.

Unless claimed by owners and charges paid, said animals will be sold as provided by law.

NAPOLEON GENERO,
Dusty, Wash., Jan. 25, 1904.

Estray Notice.

Taken up at my place, three miles east of Fallone Station, Whitman county, Wash., on the 26th day of January, 1904, one red 2 year-old steer, no marks or brands visible. Unless owner come, prove said animal and pay charges on same, it will be sold in due process of law.

IVER BURKE.