

THE FURY OF A MOB

Jail Guards Fire, Killing Two of the Attacking Party.

DOORS ARE BATTERED DOWN

The Crowd Retreats With a Cry for Dynamite, Declaring Vengeance on the Sheriff.

Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 27.—A special to the Leader from Tiffin, Ohio, says:

The sentiment against Martin, the man who so heartlessly killed Marshall Schulz last Wednesday evening while resisting arrest, broke out with increased fury last night.

About 1:30 o'clock this morning an onslaught was made on the jail by a crowd numbering 300. The attacking party was composed principally of men from Hopewell township, the home of the murdered marshal. The latter's brother headed the mob. The result is that two of the attacking party were instantly killed.

The mob formed on the outskirts of town and marched to the jail in a body. They went to work without ceremony and commenced to batter down the doors at the side entrance, making no demand of the sheriff for the keys or anything. There was no resistance to the mob when it battered down the door, but when it started to break down the door leading to the corridor a sharp fusillade was commenced by the guards. At first they fired in the air, but as the attack became fiercer, the guards shot to take effect. The killing put a temporary stop to the onslaught, but it made the mob like so many wild animals. They left the building crying vengeance on the sheriff, and declared their intention to blow the jail up with dynamite.

Henry Mutschler is the name of one of the dead men. He is a laborer about 25 years old. He was drunk in the evening and was one of the agitators. The name of the other is Christ Matz.

LIKE WILD FIRE.

The news of the attack spread like wild fire and hundreds of citizens hurried to the scene.

All day the city has been shocked from center to circumference over the attempt to lynch Marshal Schulz's slayer. In a veritable uproar the streets have been thronged all day with men, some filled with morbid curiosity, but many with trouble written plainly on their faces.

The mob that attacked the jail was composed of the worst specimens of law defiers that any community could produce. Whisky had been indulged in until they were more like bloodthirsty wolves than human beings. To reason with them meant danger if not death to the peacemaker. The mob came from an entirely unexpected source. The report was current that a crowd of farmers from Hopewell township was congregating and organizing on the outskirts of town and the attack was expected to be made by them, but instead, it was done by fellows who had been circulating in the vicinity of the jail all evening. It was hardly supposed they would dare to do such a thing and the police made no effort to quiet them.

A SHARP WHISTLE.

Thus matters went on until about 1:15 a.m., when six men gathered on the lawn about 50 feet from the jail and in a moment 30 others joined them. Then a sharp whistle was heard and out of an alley on the opposite side of the street rushed fully 300 more, the leaders carrying a rope and several sledgehammers with which to accomplish their work. As the mob made the rush towards the jail they emitted yells that were bloodcurdling, exceeding any savage yell ever uttered. A squad of policemen who had stationed themselves on the steps were whisked to one side as though they were so many straws.

Officer Kieffer, who made a brave and fierce resistance, was struck on the head with a sledge and kicked brutally. He was carried home unconscious and today he has been hovering between life and death.

Officer Fisher was thrown against a brick wall and partially stunned, and Officer Hennessy was tumbled over on the ground and kept there by a ruffian who held a murderous looking

club over him and threatened death if he did not lie still.

The other officers were treated in the same way.

The mob went direct to the side entrance and commenced the onslaught on the door with their sledges. They were without any reason whatever and made no demands for the keys.

Michael Schmidutz, a powerful teamster, wielded the sledge. He was one of the drunken agitators who appeared early in the evening. The door was broken into splinters in a short time. With each blow the fury of the crowd increased.

WILD RUSH.

When the entrance was gained there was a wild rush and the hallway was filled with the excited mob.

Sheriff Van Nest and three men stopped in the opposite end. He appealed to them most bravely and strongly several times, asking them for God's sake to disperse. It did no good, for the men only grew fiercer.

The entrance to the corridor is first protected by a heavy sheet iron door. The lock was broken off with a few blows and then the remainder of the heavy grating. Then it was that the five guards who were in the portion began to fire. At first they shot over the rioters' heads.

A guard, in an interview with a reporter, said that the men swore to kill every person inside and to show their purpose, they began to fire at them. The guards said no shot was fired by them until the attacking party had fired through the grating.

Henry Mutschler, the first man killed, was the one who carried the rope. He was shot through the left temple, the ball coming out on the right side, and he died in a moment.

Then Christ Matz received a bullet through the heart. He was picked up dead.

This awful work and the determination of the guards, awed the would-be lynchers and they left the place cursing wilder than ever.

Vic Vindone, a young Italian laborer, left with the intention of getting dynamite to blow up the building, but he never put in an appearance afterwards. While in the midst of the attack Vindone rushed upon a daughter of the sheriff and threatened to kill her.

MISSED FIRE.

Another fellow held a revolver close to the heart of Andrew Greer, a one-armed son-in-law of the sheriff, and pulled the trigger, but it missed fire and the next instant the one fist of Greer felled the would-be assassin to the floor.

The sheriff's family were up stairs and one of the mob seeing them at the head of the stairs, rushed viciously at them, but some one threw him headlong to the bottom.

Between 3 and 4 o'clock this morning, after the mob had moved further down the street, the prisoner was handcuffed, taken through a side door and then to a side alley where a carriage was in waiting. Police Captain Faulkner and Officer Sweeney took him to Sandusky county as fast as the horses could carry them. Citizens viewed the scene of the tragedy today by the hundreds. Many people refused to believe that the prisoner had been taken away and at 9 o'clock a crowd numbering hundreds started to make another attack, but wiser counsel prevailed. Finally to pacify them one of their number who knew the murderer, was allowed to search. He did not find the prisoner and so informed the crowd, but they refused to believe him, when Company E of the Second regiment of militia of the city was called to guard the building.

This afternoon a crowd again surrounded the place. They became so determined that a committee of six well known citizens again searched the building. Among the party was Mayor Rex, and when they had finished the search, he appeared on the front steps of the building and in behalf of the committee said the man could not be found. Citizen Faulkner, who had just returned from Sandusky county, spoke to the crowd also. They could not help but be satisfied, and the greater part of them dispersed.

MILITIA ON HAND.

In response to the governor's orders, Company I of the Sixteenth regiment, O. N. G., 55 men; Company D, Sixteenth regiment, with 45 men and Companies G and I of Kenton arrived early this evening, and a strict guard will be kept for several days.

Many wild threats to lynch the sheriff and kill his guards were heard, but it is believed there will be no serious

trouble when the excitement has cooled off.

Adjutant General Howe and Colonel J. A. Kuert came with the Kenton special. Over 200 guardsmen are here.

THE GOVERNOR ACTS.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 27.—Governor McKinley spoke at Cambridge yesterday and at Canal Dover last night. He is campaigning in a private car and reported at this city after night. At 2:30 a. m. he was awakened in his car by those bearing a message from Sheriff Van Nest of Seneca county that the jail there was surrounded by a mob and was threatening to lynch Lee Martin, who killed Marshal Schuttz, who was in the discharge of his duty last Wednesday night. The governor at once directed Sheriff Van Nest to order out the militia at Tiffin and wire further particulars. When the sheriff sent further information Governor McKinley ordered out the troops to be in readiness.

Adjutant General Howe was at his home in Kenton and was ordered out of bed to Tiffin. Captain Bunker of the Sixteenth regiment, consisting of the members in the vicinity of Tiffin, happened to be in Columbus and was soon with the governor. When the former had his regiment under marching orders, they were held in readiness till today, when Governor McKinley received word that the mob refused to believe Martin had been transferred to a jail in an adjoining county and that it was becoming more threatening than ever. The sheriff wired that the crowd threatened to blow up the jail, although three different committees of their selection could not find the prisoner in any of the cells. It was feared then that the mob would become incensed because the prisoner had been spirited away and the lynchers thwarted. Then the company from Foster, Kenton, Clyde, Fremont and other places were ordered to Tiffin, but the governor heard advices from Howe and Sheriff Van Nest that the four companies that had arrived together with the Tiffin company were able to protect the jail, but it was still feared there might be trouble.

HISTORY OF THE CRIME.

The crime for which an attempt was made to lynch Lee Martin at Tiffin, Ohio, this morning, was committed last Wednesday.

Martin was a farmer living near Tiffin. A warrant had been issued for his arrest on the charge of threatening to kill Ezra Smith.

City Marshal Augustus Schulz and Policeman Sweeney of Tiffin went to his house to arrest him Wednesday afternoon. Martin was sitting in a corner with a rifle in his hands and swore he would never be taken alive. The officers sat down and tried to reason with him, but to no purpose. When Martin's attention was attracted for an instant by a noise outside, the marshal sprang upon him and grasped the rifle. Martin, growing desperate, disengaged one hand and pulled his revolver and fired three times, all the shots taking effect in the marshal's body and he died in 20 minutes.

TAKEN TO CLEVELAND.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 27.—Governor McKinley announced at 1 o'clock that the prisoner Martin had been taken to Cleveland.

THE ROOSTER IN THE WRONG PLACE

Emblem of New York Democracy Must Be Taken From the Ticket.

New York, Oct. 28.—Judge Beach, in the supreme court today granted the application to remove the rooster emblem of the state democracy from the official ballot. He states that the police commissioners acted erroneously in allowing the state democracy the use of the emblem. An appeal will be taken to the general supreme court, where the case will be argued and decided Wednesday. Should the court sustain the decision of Judge Beach there may be no election November 5, as the time will then be too short for printing over four million ballots.

IT WAS AN ANIMATED DEBATE

One Deputy Attempts to Strike Another in the Paris Chamber.

Paris, Oct. 27.—At the conclusion of an animated debate in the chamber of deputies Saturday in which M. Calmaux attempted to strike M. Jurez, who had attacked the government for declining to intervene and arbitrate the labor dispute with the socialists at the Carmaux glass works, the minister of interior prevailed upon the manager of the Carmaux glass works to rekindle his furnaces and to provide work for several hundred men.

NOT SO ALARMING

London Times Admits That Its Correspondent Erred.

THE FLEET NEARING JAPAN

The Russians Have a Most Formidable Array of Ships and Men in Chinese Waters.

London, Oct. 28.—An Odessa dispatch to the Times says: "Another cruiser of Russian volunteer fleet has started with a contingent of sailors, ammunition and war material to join the Russian fleet cruising near Japan."

The Times says in an editorial this morning:

"The official denial of our Hong Kong dispatch is given in a form leaving no doubt that at least as regards the double approach to Port Arthur, our correspondent at Tien Tsin was misled. Yet if he erred it was in good company, the governor of Siberia having been under the same impression."

THE SCARE IS OVER.

London, Oct. 28.—The Standard (conservative) says in an editorial this morning:

"Russia has got her answer and her intended treaty with China is torn up before it came into existence."

GREAT ARRAY OF WARSHIPS.

London, Oct. 28.—The Times' special from Hong Kong today says:

"A Shanghai telegram states that five Russian warships are inside and nine are outside of the harbor of Port Arthur."

AFFAIRS IN COREA.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 28.—According to a dispatch from Seoul to the Novoe Vremya, the king of Corea has chosen another queen and has assumed the title of emperor. It is also stated that the heir apparent is being sent as an envoy to America and England with the object of getting him out of the country and preparing the way to the throne for a prince who stands in higher favor.

LETTER WHICH CHARGES BRIBERY

Durrant's Attorneys Are Accused in an Anonymous Communication.

San Francisco, Oct. 28.—The coroner today received a letter signed George Reynolds, saying the writer's body would be found in the bay, and confessing that he had been employed by the attorneys of Theodore Durrant to manufacture testimony in the murder cases of Blanch Lamont and Minnie Williams.

The letter says five other men were also employed by the defense to make false statements to convict Rev. Geo. Gibson.

The letter is accompanied by a typewritten statement which the letter says Reynolds was instructed by defendant's attorneys to swear to. The police are investigating, but will not acknowledge that the letter is a hoax.

FIRE IN A CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Loss of Ninety Thousand Dollars Occasioned in St. Louis

St. Louis, Oct. 25.—Fire was discovered about 7 a. m. in the laboratory of the Allen Pfeiffer Chemical Company's, on North Main street, and spreading both ways soon involved the wool and tallow storehouse of M. Wolfheim, the Calvert Vane Paint Company, the Front Rink Street Plate Furnace Company, Henry McCabe & Company's tobacco factory. The losses on stock were \$50,000; buildings, \$40,000. Fireman Ed. Fryman and John Ditwiller fell from the water tower and were severely injured.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR W. J. JETER

Title to Be Worn by a Favorite of Governor Budd.

Sacramento, Oct. 25.—Governor Budd is said to have determined to appoint William T. Jeter to succeed Lieutenant Governor Willard, who died at Los Angeles this morning. Jeter was the candidate for lieutenant governor last fall.