

# CELEBRATION AT OLYMPIA

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON  
CREATED 50 YEARS AGO.

Many of the Pioneers of Those Days  
Were There—Principal Oration Was  
by Judge Hanford of Seattle—Banquet  
in Evening, at Which Harvey  
Scott of Portland Spoke.

Olympia, Wash., March 3.—This old town, around which cluster so many historic memories, celebrated Washington territory's day today. Fifty years ago, the territory of Washington was separated from mother Oregon and today the younger generation commemorated that event. Mingled with them were many hardy pioneers, and one old man, tottering with age, but vigorous of intellect, was present as the sole surviving member of the first territorial legislature. This old man is D. R. Bigelow, who represented Thurston county in the territorial council or upper house. Advanced in years, he is still living in Olympia, where 50 years ago he served the new born territory in the capacity of legislator. At the celebration this afternoon he made a brief speech of reminiscence of that bygone time.

At this evening's ceremonies Governor McBride presided, and the principal orator of the occasion was Judge C. H. Hanford of the United States court. At the banquet at the hotel tonight Thomas M. Vance was toast master, and the principal orators were H. W. Scott, the veteran editor of the Portland Oregonian, who was a resident of Oregon when Washington territory was created and who lived in Washington some years after, and Miles C. Moore of Walla Walla, the last governor of the territory.

## WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Isaac Ingalls Stevens was Washington's first governor.

The hop situation is interesting from its promises for the future.

The Washington agricultural college has been conditionally quarantined.

During last week the recruiting office of the navy at Spokane enlisted 44 men.

Levi Lathrop Smith built the first cabin in what is now the city of Olympia.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Spokane have purchased a lot for a temple.

A moral wave has struck Harrington and the result is that gambling has been stopped.

Representative men of Asotin and surrounding country have organized a commercial club.

A. N. Short has been appointed deputy United States marshal for the district of Yakima.

The 50th anniversary of the birth of Washington territory was celebrated Monday at Olympia.

The Bank of Montreal will have a branch doing business in Spokane within a few weeks.

Jack Donnelly of St. Louis and Perry Queenan of Seattle fought a 20 round draw at Seattle recently.

G. N. Tuttle of Ritzville has been appointed chief engineer and electrician at the state penitentiary.

The membership of the Albion Farmers' alliance has increased to a total of 200 in less than two months.

The Northport city council has passed the ordinance raising the saloon license from \$400 to \$1000 per annum.

For the first time in the history of Spokane, depositors at a national bank can now secure interest on deposits.

The Spokane Eagles are arranging for the purchase of a site and the erection of a home for the order in that city.

Councilman L. F. Boyd of Spokane will resign from the city council and accept the office of assistant postmaster.

Endicott recently, when three couples were united in matrimony at one ceremony.

Eight thousand dollars have been secured for finishing the present normal school building at Cheney and \$2000 additional for the equipment.

The second annual debate between the Lewiston (Idaho) normal and the Cheney normal team will be held in Cheney Saturday evening, March 7.

North Yakima citizens have passed resolutions against the establishment of storage reservoirs as giving private corporations control of waters of the state.

The selection of H. G. Stimmel as manager of the interstate fair is considered a good choice. Mr. Stimmel has resided in Spokane for the past 20 years.

The Puget Sound Poultry company has been organized in Seattle with a capital stock of \$225,000, for the purpose of conducting what it is announced will be the largest hennery in the world.

Z. E. Hayden, who represents large lumber interests in Minnesota, has acquired the lumber yards and stock of M. E. and E. T. Hay at Wilbur, Govan, Almira and Hartline, the stock of lumber of the Lepe Mercantile company of this place and the stock and yard of Labor & Worley of Creston.

## WASHINGTON'S LEGISLATURE.

Many Bills Passed and Several Are Killed.  
Saturday.

Senator Hemrich's bill providing for the arbitration of disputes between capital and labor passed the house this morning under suspension of rules, without a dissenting vote. The bill carries an emergency clause, but the somewhat unusual proceeding was taken of postponing the vote on the emergency clause until Tuesday. The reason given for postponement was that the two thirds majority necessary to carry the emergency was not present. The bill has already passed the senate.

The house considered 14 bills all told, of which two were passed and two indefinitely postponed. The bills passed were the Hemrich bill, which is senate bill No. 93, and senate bill No. 152, providing for the survey of Hoquiam tide lands, and senate joint memorial No. 7 by Van Devanter, praying congress to provide for the improvement of channels of Duwamish, White and Black rivers in western Washington.

The two bills indefinitely postponed were house bill No. 9 by Cole of King, regulating the practice of architecture, and house bill No. 74 by Wilson of Kittitas, relating to irrigation.

The joint banking committee's substitute for the foreign banking bill was on calendar for second reading in the house this morning. The senate has already acted on the bill and indefinitely postponed it. The bill considered in the house this morning is of course a duplicate of the one killed in the senate, but the action this morning showed that the friends of the bill will endeavor to send it up to the senate again without amendments.

Senator Graves of Spokane is still seriously ill in the hospital with the grip, and will probably return to Spokane as soon as he can leave his bed. It is not thought he can resume his duties in the senate this session. He can not speak above a whisper.

Olympia, Wash., Monday.—The senate was in session only a few moments, but that was long enough to put to sleep Senator Warburton's bill creating a state tax commission.

This was the last day to introduce bills, and 13 were introduced in the senate. Of these the most important was one by Warburton which provides for the submission to the people of a constitutional amendment creating a railroad commission. The amendment is drafted along the lines of the Tolman bill.

Senator Warburton also introduced a bill appropriating \$5000 for the entertainment of President Roosevelt when he shall visit the state, the money to be spent under the direction of the governor.

The anti-gambling bill will come up in the senate tomorrow, and its fate is doubtful. That there will be a reconsideration seems likely. It is also probable that the bill will be passed again after eliminating the clause which makes it a felony for a man to rent his property for gambling purposes.

The house was in session only about half an hour today. Twelve bills were introduced, the most important being one by Gunderson to return to the old system of state printing and re-established the office of state printer. A similar bill was introduced in the senate.

Lewis introduced a bill giving the board of control a sort of advisory supervision over the financial end of the state educational institutions. This was the last day for introduction of bills in the house, as in the senate.

## Tuesday.

The senate killed the bill providing for a permanent increase of from five to seven judges for the supreme court. At the session the third reading of bills was taken up. Senator Splawn's bill, providing for a salaried secretary for the state fair, was passed. It provides a salary of \$1200 per annum.

The following house bills were passed.  
No. 250, by Johnson—Providing for the settlement of taxes assessed against mining property for 1899, 1900, 1901 and 1902 by the payment of not less than 35 per cent of the taxes, interest, penalties and costs charged against the property.

No. 75, by York—Providing for taxation of bank stock of nonresidents and exempting from taxation bank property on assets to the amount of any invested in the capital stock of other corporations assessed for taxes in the state.

No. 317, by Gleason—Amending the act defining the duties of the secretary of state, making him superintendent of the capitol building and manager of all other state property not under control of other officers.

No. 63, by Field—Prohibiting the taking of any trout or other game fish for the purpose of selling, salting or otherwise preserving the same. This leaves trout fishing to sportsmen.

No. 279, by Easterday—Amending the code defining murder in the second degree so that the penalty can be made, at the discretion of the trial court, a life term instead of 20 years.

No. 254, by Johnson—Amending the code so that an action against a for-

ign corporation may be brought in any county where the plaintiff resides or in any county where the contract sued upon was entered into or where the cause of action or any part thereof arose.

No. 34, by Easterday—Authorizing the taking of private property for the use of public school districts for schoolhouse sites upon making just compensation therefor.

No. 299, by Hunter—Repealing an act providing for setting aside of certain school lands to the use and for the benefit of the American patriotic memorial college.

Substitute bill 271—Creating a state oyster commission and providing for taxation of state oyster lands.

The house at its night session passed Easterday's bill codifying the probate law of the state. The bill makes few changes in the present probate law, the idea being to compile them in convenient form.

## Wednesday.

The bill making it a felony to conduct any gambling game now lacks only the signature of Governor McBride to make it a law. The senate today reconsidered its action in passing the bill, struck out the amendments tacked on when it was passed last week, and again passed the bill, this time identically as it passed the house. While Governor McBride has given no public intimation of his views, it is generally believed that he will sign it.

## The Bill.

Any person who shall conduct, carry on, open, or cause to be opened, either as owner, proprietor, employe, or assistant, or in any manner whatever, whether for hire or not, any game of faro, monte, roulette, rouge et noir, lansquenette, ronde, vingt-un (or 21), poker, draw poker, brag, bluff, thaw, tan, or any banking or other game played with cards, dice, or any other device, or any slot machine, or other gambling device, whether the same be played or operated for money, checks, credits, or any other representative or thing of value, in any house, room, shop, or other building whatsoever, boat, booth, garden, or other place, where persons resort for the purpose of playing, dealing, or operating any such game, machine, or device, shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary, for the period of not less than one nor more than three years.

The senate confirmed all the appointments of governor McBride and the late Governor Rogers, save the three state capitol commissioners who were appointed by Governor Rogers, and Colonel A. J. Blethen, proprietor of the Seattle Times, who was reappointed regent of the state university by Governor McBride several months ago. The three capitol commissioners turned down were James McNeely of Buckley, Van R. rierson of Seattle and Sol G. Simpson of Seattle. They were beaten by an overwhelming vote, dissatisfaction because of the delay on the capitol annex being the main ground of objection to them.

The senate passed the nickel in the slot machine bill, which wipes out merchandise machines. This bill has already passed the house.

The senate defeated the bill to sell the state oyster reserves, and substituted instead the compromise bill, which passed the house yesterday.

The senate passed the house bill which regulates the open season for game in all parts of the state.

The joint committee to investigate the state printing contracts made its report to both houses this morning. The committee finds that after the contracts had been awarded, the Olympia Publishing company, claiming to be the lowest bidder, threatened to bring suit, and to avoid the delay to their business the other bidders paid Madge and Scobey, officers and agents of the Olympia Tribune Publishing company, \$1500 in consideration of a settlement of the threatened suit. This sum was made up by contributions of \$300 each from Gwin Hicks of Olympia, the Inland Printing company of Spokane, Metropolitan Press of Seattle, Allen & Lamborn of Tacoma and Pioneer Bindery & Printing company of Tacoma.

The house passed the Tolman-Dix railroad commission bill. The bill was reached on third reading and was passed without a word of discussion.

## LANDS BELONG TO PUYALLUPS.

To Sell, Lease, Encumber or Lose as They Please.

Tacoma, Wash., March 5.—There will be no sale of lands in the Puyallup Indian reservation in Commissioner Snowden's office, although one had been advertised. There will be none on any future day, for the authorities at Washington have just decided that the act of March 3, 1893, by which the commission was created, has expired by limitation, so far as it applies to the allotted lands, and that hereafter the Puyallups may sell, lease, encumber and lose their lands for taxes just as white people may. All restrictions are removed, all the treaty obligations have been fulfilled.

## Coast Wheat Report.

Portland, Ore.—Walla Walla, 75¢; 76; bluestem, 88¢; valley 78¢@80¢.

# TRAGEDY BROUGHT TO LIGHT

OCCURRING NEAR POMEROY,  
WASHINGTON, LAST FALL.

Remains Identified as Those of Henry  
Lartigue—His Wife Is Held for the  
Murder—Details of the Discovery of  
Body—Was Buried With a Saddle—  
Wife Is Dumb on the Subject.

Pomeroy, Wash., March 2.—The body found buried in the dooryard of the Estes ranch has been exhumed and identified as that of Henry Lartigue, husband of Amanda J. Lartigue, who is held for the murder. A coroner's jury has decreed that Lartigue came to his death by the wounds of an unknown instrument in the hands of an unknown assassin.

When Sheriff Strain drove away from the place with the wife in his custody a body of neighboring farmers joined Deputy Sheriff Hawkins, and together they made a minute inspection of the premises. The Estes farm house stands in a little plot of level ground scarce half an acre in all, graded out of the side of a steep bank cut from the hillside by the winter freshets that swell Deadman creek, which flows at its foot. In this little plot a few flowers grew, and nothing more.

For some time past the accused woman has offered the ranch for sale or rent, but has always made the condition that the house, together with this dooryard plot, should be reserved. This seemingly insignificant fact gave the deputy sheriff his clue. He reasoned that if there was any body there it must be in this yard. He provided himself with an iron rod several feet long and went all over this half acre, sinking this rod into the earth. At a point 40 feet northwest from the corner of the house stood a dead locust tree. When the iron was thrust beneath the roots of this tree it encountered an obstacle. Repeated trials met with the same resistance. The iron had struck the saddle, which lay over the dead man's head.

Willing hands with shovels soon reached the telltale object and revealed the body of the victim, crowded face downward under about three feet of earth in an old potato hole, used on ranches to store potatoes in the winter. Darkness had now fallen on the scene and the searchers suspended further examination till the arrival of the coroner in the morning.

At 8:30 o'clock in the morning, Coroner Black having arrived, a jury was empaneled from the bystanding farmers and a complete exhumation of the remains made. The body lay crosswise in the potato hole, which, being dug square, was about a foot too short to contain it at full length, and even in this position the legs had had to be curled under to find room.

No clothing was on the corpse except an undershirt and a black overshirt with horizontal white stripes. Around the neck was a blue and white polka dot bandanna handkerchief, which article was a never absent adjunct to Lartigue's cowboy make up during life.

As the outlines of the form met the view of the onlookers, many were the comments on its unmistakable resemblance to that of Lartigue. The hair was of medium length and in perfect order, without dishevelment, and had the same blue black hue, and hung in the same rope like strands, which were striking and well remembered features of the appearance of the deceased.

## Head Mutilated.

The head and face were horribly mutilated. The entire right side was crushed in. A huge aperture yawned behind and above the right ear and another over the left eye. Both jaws were broken loose from the head and the skull came to pieces during the examination.

The theory is that Lartigue was killed while in bed. The remains will be buried in the potter's field outside of this city.

## Woman Is Silent.

The accused woman maintains the same sphinxlike demeanor that has characterized her every act since arrest. She was subjected to a sweating process all day yesterday, but nothing escaped her by word or action to indicate the slightest appearance of guilt. Not an eyelid quivered or the slightest change of color showed in her face as the officers confronted her with the proofs of the crime. Cherokee blood runs in her veins. Nothing seems to break her stoical behavior except an occasional profession of ignorance of the entire affair.

The officers say they have incriminating evidence which can not be made public at present.

## Later.

Amanda J. Lartigue, charged with the murder of Henry Lartigue, her husband, whose body was found buried under a locust tree in his yard, was given a preliminary hearing, the examination lasting the entire day and resulting in the defendant being held without bail to the next term of the superior court.

## ADMIRAL CROWNINSHIELD.

His Request to Be Retired Was  
Granted.

Washington, March 5.—Two interesting and significant communications have been received at the navy department from the European station. One was from Rear Admiral A. S. Crowninshield, commanding the European squadron, asking to be placed on the retired list of the navy under the provisions of the personnel law. The other was from Lieutenant Henry H. Ward, naval secretary to Admiral Crowninshield, resigning his commission in the navy.

Prompt action was taken by Secretary Moody in regard to the case of Admiral Crowninshield. It was decided to relieve him from active duty at once. His application for retirement will undoubtedly be granted.

Rear Admiral Charles S. Cotton, commandant of the navy yard at Norfolk, Va., was assigned to the command of the European squadron, and will relinquish his present duty at once and start for Europe in the near future. The European squadron is composed of the cruiser Chicago (flagship), the protected cruiser Albany and Cincinnati, the cruiser Raleigh and the gunboat Machias.

The navy department contented itself at first with the brief statement of the admiral's application for retirement without explanation of the reason therefor. It is known, however, that the officer was dissatisfied with the rearrangements of the armored squadrons following the Caribbean maneuvers last year, which deprived him of the further use of the Illinois as a flagship.

## Spokane Market.

Vegetables—Caulage, 2@3c lb; potatoes, 45@50c per cwt; sweet potatoes, 4@5 lbs for 25c; radishes, 5c bunch; dried onions, 1 1/2@2c lb; green onions, 2 bunches 5c; parsley, 5c bunch; beets, 2 bunches 5c; turnips, in bulk, 1@2c lb; carrots, 1 1/2@2c lb; parsnips, 2@3c lb; cauliflower, 15@25c neap; celery, 1@12c bunch.

Fruits—Lemons, 15@30c per doz; apples, 2 1/2@4c lb, 60c@\$1.25 box; bananas, 15@30c doz; cranberries, 12 1/2@15c qt; oranges, 15@50c doz.

Eggs—Local, 30c per doz; guaranteed fresh, 35c per doz; eastern, 25@30c per doz.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 15@18c; squabs, 15c each; spring chickens, 40@60c; ducks, 16@18c lb; geese, 16@18c lb; turkeys, 22@25c lb.

Dairy Products—Creamery butter, 30@40c per lb; country butter, 18@30c per lb; cheese, 20@25c lb.

Meats—Beef, prtherhouse steak, 18@20c; sirloin steak, 16@18c; round steak 12 1/2c; leg of mutton, 12 1/2@15c; pork roast, 12 1/2@15c; sausage, 10@12 1/2c; veal, 15@20c; Belgian hares, 50@70c each; beef's liver, 5c; calf's liver, 15c; eastern ham, 15c; breakfast bacon, 16c; lard, 10 lb pail, \$1.25.

Oysters—Olympia, 75c qt; eastern oysters, selects, 60c qt; standards, 50c qt.

Grain and Feed—Timothy hay, 90@96c per cwt, \$17@18 per ton; grain hay 80c per cwt, \$15 per ton; alfalfa, 90c per cwt, \$18 per ton; chicken feed, \$1.40 per cwt, \$26 per ton; oats, \$1.30 per cwt, \$24 per ton; rye, seed, \$1.25 per cwt; bran, 90c per cwt; bran and shorts, 95c per cwt; shorts, \$1 per cwt; rolled barley, \$1.25 per cwt; corn, \$2 per cwt; timothy seed, 8c per lb, \$7 per cwt; alfalfa, 15c per lb, \$15 per cwt; clover, 15c per lb, \$3.50 per cwt; lawn mixture, blue grass and white clover, 25c per lb; red top, 17c per lb, \$14 per cwt; English rye grass, 12c per lb, \$9.50 per cwt; orchard grass, 16c per lb, \$14 per cwt.

Coal Oil—Bulck oil, 25c per gal; pearl \$2.30@3 per case, \$1.50 per can; Eocene, \$1.65 per can.

Sugar—Cane, \$5.45 per 100 lb sack, 17 lbs for \$1.

Flour—Wholesale, \$4@4.25 per bbl; retail, fancy patents, \$1.20; standard brands, \$1.15; common grade, \$1.10; lowest, \$1.

Rice—Wholesale, Japan No. 1, \$5.50; Japan No. 2, \$6.25; retail, Japan No. 1, 10 to 13 lbs for \$1.

## Prices Paid at Spokane.

Poultry and Eggs—Chickens, roosters, 10@11c; hens, 12 1/2c per live wt; young chickens, \$3@4 per doz; turkeys, live weight, 14c per lb, dressed 18@20c; eggs, fresh, 30@35c doz; quacks, live weight, 11c lb.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 30@40c per cwt; onions, 50@75c per cwt.

Live Stock—Beef, live steers, \$4.50; dressed, \$8; cows, \$2.50; dressed, \$7.50; mutton, ewes \$4.50 per cwt, dressed, \$9; veal, dressed, \$8@11c; hogs, live, 5 1/2@5 3/4c; dressed, 8 1/2@9c.

San Francisco, March 2.—Carrie Nation was arrested at the Grand hotel on a charge of malicious mischief proffered by a Montgomery street saloonkeeper in whose place she broke a bottle of whisky earlier in the evening. She will spend the night in the city prison.

## Louise Goes Home to Mother.

Vienna, March 3.—The former crown princess of Saxony has arrived at Lindau, where she met her mother. She will stay at her mother's chateau at Lindau for the birth of her child.