

**CONGRESS ASPIRANTS
WORK LA FOLLETTE FIELD**

**Dr. John W. Summers, Austin Mires
and Mrs. Ina P. Williams Invade
Territory of Their Opponent**

Poor "Bill" LaFollette. While he is at his post in Washington, D. C., representing his Fourth district constituents in congress, his opponents for the republican nomination for the Pullman congressman's seat are keeping the trails hot in the congressman's own stamping grounds. During the latter part of last week Dr. John W. Summers of Walla Walla, Austin Mires of Ellensburg and Mrs. Ina P. Williams of North Yakima, all aspirants for Congressman LaFollette's toga, have invaded his stronghold and all express keen satisfaction at the reception accorded them in the home town of Congressman LaFollette.

Mr. Mires spent practically all of Friday in Pullman, being piloted over the city by O. E. Draper, formerly a member of the State College faculty, who enjoys a wide acquaintance here. Mr. Mires has the shortest platform of them all, "unadulterated patriotism," but states that that simple platform covers all the ground necessary and places him on record as favorable to the broad war policies of President Wilson and all things that will assist in the vigorous prosecution of the war. The Ellensburg man takes an open stand against the I. W. W., the disloyal leadership of the Non-Partisan league, the Bolshevik and the profiteer. His stand on the Non-Partisan league question was put to the acid test when he was introduced to a voter at Uniontown, to whom was handed his card. The voter, observing the expressed opposition to the Non-Partisan league, remarked: "Why your opposition to the Non-Partisan league? That's the coming party."

Without hesitancy, Mr. Mires replied: "If that is the coming party I have no desire to hold membership in congress as a result of their votes, and if you are a member of the league I do not want your vote."

Mr. Mires has been a resident of the Fourth Congressional district since 1883 and has many loyal supporters here, who point to him as the logical man to defeat Congressman LaFollette and represent this district as the voters desire it represented. He was a member of the constitutional convention in 1889 and supervisor of the United States census in 1900. He is a former president of the state bar association and was a Roosevelt presidential elector in 1912. Several local attorneys are working hard to insure his nomination.

Mrs. Williams mingled with the Pullman voters Saturday, also pledging herself to support the broad, constructive war policies of President Wilson and announcing herself as favorable to supporting the war, so far as possible, through taxing excess war profits. She talked to a large number of voters during her stay here and apparently has a substantial local following.

Dr. Summers was in Pullman last week on his second long trip around the circuit. The Walla Walla man has invaded every nook and cranny of his district and claims there is little LaFollette sentiment anywhere, much less in the congressman's own community.

Each of the three candidates for LaFollette's seat has a local following, as does LaFollette himself, and from all indications the primary vote for Fourth district congressman will be a widely scattered one.

READY FOR REGISTRATION

In preparation for the fourth nationwide registration, which will occur on or about September 5, embracing all men between the ages of 18 and 45 years, according to the provisions of the new man-power bill which passed the senate Tuesday, having previously passed the house, the local board for Whitman county has been provided with all necessary supplies. These include questionnaires, registration cards, etc., and filled four large mail sacks. The shipment was received Monday and the office is all ready for the big job.—Palouiser.

FOR SALE—640 acres three miles from town, on mail road; buildings all new; stream runs through barn lot; splendid well; 500 acres now in summer fallow, balance in spring grain. This land is new and a splendid farm. For price, terms, etc., address Box 47, Hay, Wash. aug30sep13

FOUND—Two auto tires. See Murray Henry. aug30

FOR SALE—Typewriter, practically new; in best of condition; extraordinary bargain. Phone 35. aug23tf.

INSURANCE Talk with **DOWNEN**

**AMERICAN FOOD
SAVINGS LARGE**

**United States Sent to Allies
141,000,000 Bushels
of Wheat.**

CREDIT DUE TO WOMEN.

**Allies Got 844,600,000 Pounds More
Meat and Fat in 1917-18
Than in Year Before.**

AMERICAN FOOD SHIPMENTS TO ALLIES	
MEAT.	
1916-17.....	2,168,500,000 lbs.
1917-18.....	3,011,100,000 lbs.
Increase.....	844,600,000 lbs.
CEREALS.	
1916-17.....	259,900,000 bu.
1917-18.....	340,800,000 bu.
Increase.....	80,900,000 bu.

In spite of a subnormal food supply in this country the American people have been able to ship to the Allies as well as our own forces overseas 141,000,000 bushels of wheat, besides 844,600,000 pounds of meat, during the year ending June 30 last. This has been made possible by the whole-souled co-operation of the people, who, besides practicing self-denial, have speeded up production and responded nobly to the appeal from abroad.

Food Administrator Hoover, in a letter to President Wilson, gives a brief summary of the results of food conservation in the United States and of the activities of the Food Administration to this end. The conservation measures have been put through practically on a voluntary basis which is regarded as a splendid tribute to the patriotism of the American people.

Meat shipments were increased 844,000,000 pounds during the first fiscal year, as compared with our meat exports during the year before America entered the war.

"The total value of these food shipments," Mr. Hoover wrote President Wilson, "which were in the main purchased through or with collaboration of the Food Administration, amount to, roundly, \$1,400,000,000 during the fiscal year."

In 1916-17 the United States sent the Allies 2,168,500,000 pounds of meat. In 1917-18, with voluntary conservation practiced in America, and aided by extra weight of animals, we sent the Allies 3,011,100,000 pounds of meat, an increase of 844,600,000 pounds.

Wheat Saving Enormous.

When the Food Administration began operations in the summer of 1917, this country was facing a large deficit in wheat. Counting in all carry-over wheat from the 1916 crop, we had at the beginning of the 1917 harvest year just enough wheat to take care of America's normal consumption,—not a bushel of surplus.

At the close of the 1917-18 harvest year the Food Administration's official reports showed that our total wheat shipments to the other side had been 141,000,000 bushels. Every bushel shipped was wheat saved by the American people from their normal consumption.

In cereals and cereal products reduced to terms of cereal bushels our shipments to Allied destinations were 340,800,000 bushels, 80,900,000 bushels more than the amount sent in 1916-17. Included in these figures are 13,900,000 bushels of rye and the 141,000,000 bushels of saved wheat. In addition we sent the neutrals dependent on us 10,000,000 bushels of prime breadstuffs.

"These figures do not fully convey the volume of the effort and sacrifice made during the past year by the whole American people," the Food Administrator wrote. "I am sure that all the millions of our people, agricultural as well as urban, who have contributed to these results should feel a very definite satisfaction that in a year of universal food shortages in the Northern Hemisphere, all of those people joined together against Germany came through to the new harvest, not only with health and strength fully maintained, but with only temporary periods of hardship."

"It is difficult to distinguish between the homes, public eating places, food trade, urban or agricultural populations—in assessing credit for these results, but no one will deny the dominant part of the American women."

**SUGAR SHORTAGE HITS
SPAIN AND PORTUGAL**

In Spain and Portugal sugar prices are soaring. Both countries have been seriously affected by the short beet sugar crop in Europe and the lack of ocean tonnage to move stocks of cane sugar isolated in far away ports.

Granulated sugar, home grown, was being sold in Barcelona, Spain, during the early summer at 19 cents a pound. The price of brown sugar in Lisbon, Portugal, fixed by governmental order, was \$1.04 to \$1.12 a pound.

By comparison the price of beet sugar in Sweden is 14 cents a pound.

PAID ADVERTISING

John W. Summers
Candidate for Congress
Republican Primaries
September 10th

**NOTICE OF THE CANDIDACY OF
Wm. E. McCroskey**
I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination to the office of Representative in Congress from the Fourth District of Washington, at the Primary Election to be held September 10, 1918.
WM. E. McCROSKEY
Palouse, Whitman County, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for County Clerk at the primary election September 10.
Mrs. M. P. Bellinger
Colfax, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for County Assessor at the primary election, September 10.
John M. Klemgard
Pullman, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for State Senator from the Eighth District at the primary election, September 10.
Charles L. Chamberlin
Colfax, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for State Representative from the Seventh District at the primary election, September 10.
Frank E. Sanger
Pullman, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for County Assessor at the primary election, September 10.
J. C. Bains
Colfax, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for State Representative from the Eighth District at the primary election, September 10.
John E. Trimble
Garfield, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for County Commissioner from the Third District at the primary election, September 10.
P. M. Price
Penewawa, Wash.

PAID ADVERTISING

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for State Senator from the Eighth District at the primary election, September 10.
Oliver Hall
Colfax, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Democratic nomination for re-election to the office of Prosecuting Attorney at the primary election September 10.
S. R. Clegg
Colfax, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for State Representative from the Seventh district at the primary election, September 10.
Roy Jones
Penewawa, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Prosecuting Attorney, at the primary election, September 10.
D. C. Dow
Pullman, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the democratic nomination for Prosecuting Attorney at the primary election, September 10.
LeRoy McCann
Colfax, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the republican nomination for County Commissioner from the Third district at the primary election, September 10. I am a farmer, living on my farm.
Oliver C. Golding
Colfax, Wash.

Austin Mires
Candidate for Congress from the Fourth Congressional District of Washington, subject to Republican primaries September 10, 1918.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Representative in Congress from the Fourth congressional district at the primary election, September 10.
Ina Phillips Williams
Yakima, Wash.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the republican nomination for Prosecuting Attorney at the primary election, September 10.
George A. Weldon
Palouse, Wash.

Saturday Specials

FOR AUGUST 31

Pot Roast - 12 1-2c and 15c
Boiling Beef - 11c and 12 1-2c
Smoked Picnic Hams - 27 1-2c

The College Market
Branch of Carstens Packing Co. PHONE 12

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You wouldn't put your health in the hands of a natural born untrained doctor. You wouldn't want your teeth filled by a correspondence school dentist! And you don't want your battery cared for by an untrained man—even if he says he knows all about batteries. Doctoring batteries is a profession with us—we are trained battery experts, and we recognize and treat all of the common battery ills. Your battery ought to be tested—and you ought also to learn about Threaded Rubber Insulation—the most important battery improvement in years. Don't forget to ask for the booklet "A Mark with a Meaning for You."



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Phone 1091

NOTICE

The registration books for the precincts within the limits of the City of Pullman will be closed for 10 days before the state and county primaries. The last day for registration is August 30, 1918. All residents who are legal voters may register on or before that date at the office of the city clerk in the city hall.

MATILDA F. GANNON
City Clerk
aug9-30

You can always get your money back—W. S. S.

War Savings Stamps cost \$4.15 August. Pay \$5 later.