

# HEAVY ATHLETIC SCHEDULE FOR 1919

Conference Rules Are Effective on January 1

Doc Bohler just returned from the Pacific Coast conference at Portland, and reports that athletics will be in full swing in 1919. Schedules have been worked out in all branches of athletics, and the college will have a good share of games here.

The conference had many perplexing problems to debate and solve, resulting from the war. Besides deciding that all rules of both the Pacific Coast and Northwest intercollegiate conferences, including the freshman eligibility clause, be put in operation January 1, 1919, one of the most important items at the gathering of college representatives was the adoption of the 1919 football schedule.

A glance at the full schedule of gridiron contests proves beyond doubt that college sports will be resumed in all their glory in 1919.

No limit was placed upon the number of players making trips, but sentiment was manifest that a spirit of economy prevail at each college at least until the treasuries resumed their former status.

The officers elected by the Pacific Coast conference were W. C. Kruegel, Washington State College, president; Dr. A. D. Browne, Oregon Agricultural College, secretary. Mr. Kruegel was the State College representative at this conference.

Dr. Soton Shedd was representative for a number of years. He served in that capacity since first coming to the college in 1896. Many inquiries were made about him at the conference. Dr. Shedd always took a great interest in athletics, and was especially fond of football. He never played when a student, but would undoubtedly have been a football star if the sport had existed at Stanford during his college days. Dr. Shedd's service on the athletic board will not soon be forgotten.

### Resolutions Adopted

The following resolutions were adopted by the Pacific Coast conference:

"That any student entering any line of military service with the armed forces be given the athletic standing at the close of the war or when he returns to college that he held on the date of his withdrawal."

"That only members of the 1918 football teams satisfying conference rules be awarded college athletic letters."

According to the first resolution anyone who has played a team, either in the regular army or S. A. T. C., will not have the season deducted from the four years allowed on college teams. However, school work passed during service in the S. A. T. C. will count toward sophomore credit.

The second resolution, regarding awarding of letters, was adopted because of the number of players on S. A. T. C. teams which represent the colleges this year, but who never graduated from high school and who do not intend to return after being mustered out.

It was further decided that each institution, as far as possible, arrange games on a two-year contract, each institution to pay its own expenses and keep its own receipts or have a reciprocal guarantee of a reasonable amount.

The conference delegates went on record as favoring intramural athletics, heartily favoring a system which will insure that every student in the institution represented in the conference participate regularly in some form of healthful sport.

The Pacific Coast conference track meet was awarded to the University of Washington, to be held in Seattle on June 7. The Northwest conference meet will probably be held at Pullman.

### Schedules for 1919

#### Football

- Oct. 18—Multnomah at Spokane.
- Oct. 25—U. of California at Berkeley.
- Nov. 1—U. of Idaho at Pullman.
- Nov. —U. of Oregon at Portland.
- Nov. 15—U. of Washington at Pullman.
- Nov. 22—Open, probably will not be filled because of Thanksgiving game.
- Nov. 27—O. A. C. at Portland (Thanksgiving).
- Basket Ball**
- Jan. 24-5—U. of Washington at Seattle.
- Jan. 27-8—U. of Oregon at Eugene.
- Jan. 30-1—O. A. C. at Corvallis.
- Feb. 7-8—O. A. C. at Pullman.
- Feb. 21-2—U. of Oregon at Pullman (tentative).
- Feb. 28-March 1—U. of Washington at Pullman.

Idaho and Whitman games to be arranged.

The Pacific Coast championship series between the North and South will be played on March 6, 7, and 8 at Berkeley, Cal.

#### Track and Baseball

Track meets are not yet scheduled. A meet with O. A. C. at Corvallis has been arranged, but is tentative. The usual Idaho, Whitman, and Montana dual meets will be scheduled, but the time is to be arranged later.

The schedule for baseball is not yet arranged. The reason that the schedules are yet undecided as to time is chiefly because the representatives of Idaho and Whitman were absent from the conference.

Many star athletes of the State College are yet in the service. Practically all who are not through school have written their intentions to return to school as soon as possible. Many will return in time for next quarter. The prospects for athletics next seasons are exceptionally encouraging.

### WORK FOR EVERYONE

By President E. O. Holland

There is groundless pessimism evidenced in our fear that the return to civil life of millions of soldiers and munition workers may be followed by extensive unemployment and social unrest.

Such pessimism is rooted in our failure to perceive what the immediate future holds for all intelligent, law-abiding people, and amounts to thinking in terms of yesterday instead of tomorrow. Considering this great tomorrow of ours, we should see that whatever it lacks, there is no lack of things to be done.

Right at hand is the task of provisioning, comforting, and rehabilitating areas of the old world, continental in scope, that have been swept by the fury of war. Compared to this undertaking, the relief of famine in India or China would be the work of a day. The task of increasing food production will require the employment of hundreds of thousands of additional men.

Then, there are other things for us to do at home. The United States, according to estimates, possesses more than a billion acres of land that can be used for agricultural production. Less than 400,000,000 acres of this vast, tillable domain now are used. To reach with the plow our unused 600,000,000, mighty feats in engineering, drainage, irrigation and clearing must be accomplished. Waiving for the present all discussions as to the best method of procedure, all of us admit that fruitful opportunities for employment are offered by our unreclaimed land domain, and that the resources, industry, and skill of the American people are equal to the task of reclamation.

Before 1914, there came to the United States each year, between 1,000,000 and 1,200,000 immigrants. During the past four years the flow has ceased. Consequently, the farms have been depleted of help, and every industry has had to run short-handed. No one should be disturbed about America being able to absorb in the peace-time industries all the soldiers in France and the men in our cantonments.

In America we perceive more clearly than before the war, the world and its opportunities overseas. There is Siberia, for example, reaching from Europe to the Pacific and practically doubling the length and breadth of this country; holding locked within its vast boundary lines all in soil, mineral, water power and forest that lies out of doors; and scarcely on the threshold of industrial development.

Russia is in a mighty struggle, which, beginning in her overthrow of autocracy of the Romanoffs, now is in a contest with bolshevism which is nothing less than the autocracy of ignorance, the mob and the gutter succeeding that of Romanoffs, Hohenzollarns and Hapsburgs.

Great though the obstacles, Russia is emerging from the polar ice of ignorance that has held her bound for centuries. If in the United States we overflow our 600,000,000 in undeveloped land and the new industries that will be built thereupon, we still shall have left a big world outside of this country. Russia, in particular, will want our help. Even before the war, the State College received calls for scientifically trained young men in Siberia. Russia and Siberian students have attended instruction at this institution and every one of them said that in her reconstruction Russia would look to America for help more than to any other nation in the world.

So, if we in America suffer from unemployment, it will be for no lack of opportunity here or overseas. There has never been a time in all human history when the world was so rich in opportunity as today. If we, in our generation, but touch "the hem of the garment" in the great work to be done, there shall be service and its rewards for everyone.

# U. S. HEALTH SERVICE ISSUES WARNING

## Increase in All Respiratory Diseases After the Influenza Epidemic Probable.

### Influenza Expected to Lurk for Months. How to Guard Against Pneumonia. Common Colds Highly Catching—Importance of Suitable Clothing—Could Save 100,000 Lives.

Washington, D. C.—With the subsidence of the epidemic of influenza the attention of health officers is directed to pneumonia, bronchitis and other diseases of the respiratory system which regularly cause a large number of deaths, especially during the winter season. According to Rupert Blue, Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service, these diseases will be especially prevalent this winter unless the people are particularly careful to obey health instructions.

"The present epidemic," said Surgeon General Blue, "has taught by bitter experience how readily a condition beginning apparently as a slight cold may go on to pneumonia and death. Although the worst of the epidemic is over, there will continue to be a large number of scattered cases, many of them mild and unrecognized, which will be danger spots to be guarded against." The Surgeon General likened the present situation to that after a great fire, saying, "No fire chief who understands his business stops playing the hose on the charred debris as soon as the flames and visible fire have disappeared. On the contrary, he continues the water for hours and even days, for he knows that there is danger of the fire rekindling from smoldering embers."

"Then you fear another outbreak of influenza?" he was asked. "Not necessarily another large epidemic," said the Surgeon General, "but unless the people learn to realize the seriousness of the danger they will be compelled to pay a heavy death toll from pneumonia and other respiratory diseases."

#### Common Colds Highly Catching.

"It is encouraging to observe that people are beginning to learn that ordinary coughs and colds are highly catching and are spread from person to person by means of droplets of germ laden mucus. Such droplets are sprayed into the air when careless or ignorant people cough or sneeze without covering their mouth and nose. It is also good to know that people have learned something about the value of fresh air. In summer, when people are largely out of doors, the respiratory diseases (coughs, colds, pneumonia, etc.) are infrequent; in the fall, as people begin to remain indoors, the respiratory diseases increase; in the winter, when people are prone to stay in badly ventilated, overheated rooms, the respiratory diseases become very prevalent."

#### Suitable Clothing Important.

"Still another factor in the production of colds, pneumonia and other respiratory diseases is carelessness or ignorance of the people regarding suitable clothing during the seasons when the weather suddenly changes, sitting in warm rooms too heavily dressed or, what is even more common, especially among women, dressing so lightly that windows are kept closed in order to be comfortably warm. This is a very injurious practice."

#### Could Save 100,000 Lives.

"I believe we could easily save one hundred thousand lives annually in the United States if all the people would adopt the system of fresh air living followed, for example, in tuberculosis sanatoria. There is nothing mysterious about it—no specific medicine, no vaccine. The important thing is right living, good food and plenty of fresh air."

#### Droplet Infection Explained in Pictures.

"The Bureau of Public Health, Treasury Department, has just issued a striking poster drawn by Berryman, the well-known Washington cartoonist. The poster exemplifies the modern method of health education. A few years ago, under similar circumstances, the health authorities would have issued an official dry but scientifically accurate bulletin teaching the role of droplet infection in the spread of respiratory diseases. The only ones who would have understood the bulletin would have been those who already knew all about the subject. The man in the street, the plain citizen and the many millions who toil for their living would have had no time and no desire to wade through the technical phraseology."



COLDS, INFLUENZA, PNEUMONIA, AND TUBERCULOSIS ARE SPREAD THIS WAY

Copies of this poster can be obtained free of charge by writing to the Surgeon General, U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C.

# ANNUAL WINTER SCHOOL FOR FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS

Ag. Short Courses Begin January 6

The need of increased production and conservative consumption was never greater than at the present time, according to our national authorities.

This situation not only affords opportunity for patriotic service but insures a strong market and profitable prices. Increased production, however, involves a better understanding of soil management, of crop requirements, of the control of insect pests and plant diseases, of the care of and feeding of animals, of the proper use and care of the more complex farm machinery and better business management.

To meet this need the State College is offering a short course of practical instruction beginning January 6, 1919, and continuing six weeks. Work is offered in soils, farm crops, fruit growing, vegetable gardening, live stock production, dairying, poultry production, farm engines, farm management, farm accounts, accidents and diseases of farm animals, good roads, plant diseases, insect pests, home economics, and miscellaneous subjects of general interest.

The course is open to anyone who can read or write and students may select any subject they choose.

No tuition is charged. Necessary books and stationery should not cost over \$15. Board and room will cost \$8 to \$10 per week.

What some of the winter school students say:

"Could I have secured this years ago, I assure you my success would have been much greater."

"The courses in soils and dry farming alone are worth the price."

"The six weeks at winter school have been of great benefit to me. The instruction was sound and practical."

"I received more benefit from the winter school at W. S. C. during the short time that I attended than in the four years that I worked at fruit growing."

Write for a catalogue to the Registrar, Pullman, Wash.

Community Silver—Ball Jewelry Store.

### A STITCH IN TIME

Pullman People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys

No kidney ailment is unimportant. Don't overlook the slightest backache or urinary irregularity. Nature may be warning you of approaching dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease. Kidney disease is seldom fatal if treated in time, but neglect may pave the way. Don't neglect a lame or aching back another day. Don't ignore dizzy spells, headaches, weariness kidney help begin using the reliable, time-tried remedy, Doan's Kidney Pills. For 50 years, Doan's have been found effective. Endorsed by Pullman people.

Mrs. R. A. Emerson, 1211 Star Route St., Pullman, says: "I suffered a great deal from a dull pain across the small of my back. I felt tired all the time and had but little ambition. My kidneys acted irregularly and caused me much annoyance. Doan's Kidney Pills proved very beneficial and soon removed the ailments." (Statement given April 21, 1910.)

### A Later Endorsement

On July 5, 1916, Mrs. Emerson added: "I am just as strong in my praise of Doan's Kidney Pills now as I was when I previously endorsed them. Doan's never fail to give me prompt relief when I use them."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Emerson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

**Moore's NON-LEAKABLE FOUNTAIN PEN**

A Good Fountain Pen should write when you want it to write and when not in use should not leak or be a source of annoyance.

A Moore's measures up to this standard For sale by

**F. L. BALL**

# The Test of Time

Has Proved the Quality of Dutton's Candies

Purest, sweetest and best, just what the children cry for and the grownups sigh for at Christmas time.

Pullman people know and college students soon find out that when anyone wants the best in sweets they always go to

# DUTTON'S

# CHRISTMAS Shopping

Men like useful presents

You can find what they want most at a Men's Store.

Let us help you select it.

# V. W. CLARKSON

Men's Outfitter

# SNOW FLAKES

GOOD WITH COCKTAILS

One good dish deserves another Oyster or fruit cocktails are delicious dishes. Snow Flakes are delicious crackers. Combine the two and you have a most enjoyable course. Don't ask for crackers, say Snow Flakes. Your grocer can supply you.

**SNOW FLAKE SODAS**

Pacific Coast Biscuits