

# THE YAKIMA HERALD.

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## SENATOR CARTER FAVORS MONTANA PROJECTS OVER THOSE OF WASHINGTON

### EMERGENCY CONFRONTS STATE OF WASHINGTON

Only Vigorous Efforts on Part of Local People Will Enable the Speedy Construction of the Wapato, Kittitas and Benton Projects—This Development Necessary to Welfare of Yakima Valley.

The Reclamation work now in progress in the Yakima valley was commenced in 1905. To say that it has been stupendous in its magnitude is to state only a half truth because the undertaking of itself involved the settling of a multitude of water rights, the search for reservoirs that would hold the flood waters of the Cascade range and the laying out of an immense acreage which might ultimately be reclaimed and converted from arid sage brush wastes into the most valuable land that the country knows.

The water rights held by individuals were first adjusted by the government's representatives, the sage brush wastes were surveyed and the mountains were searched to ascertain the location of reservoirs and the cost of constructing the same with a view to the conservation of the water supply. All of this work is known in the office of the reclamation service under the head of "administration" and this item in the Yakima valley has been expensive. But it has been done once and for all and the projects yet to be completed need little further expenditure under this head.

**Politics Change Aspect.**  
With the change of administration at Washington Senator Thomas H. Carter of Montana succeeded Senator Levi Ankeny as chairman of the irrigation committee in the senate. Senator Carter is a booster for Montana and would like to see all of the reclamation fund available spent in his own state. Senator Jones was succeeded in the house by Congressman Poindexter of Spokane who if he were allowed a preference would certainly favor the Spokane country. Where does Yakima get off?

The sale of public lands in the state of Washington according to government reports has aggregated the magnificent sum of over \$5,000,000. Of this amount only a trifle over \$3,000,000 has been expended in this state in the work of reclaiming arid lands whereas Montana has enjoyed the fruits of more than her share. What right has Senator Carter to divert this fund to his state when it rightfully belongs to Washington?

**Must Finish Projects.**  
What is known as the Yakima project contemplates the irrigation of over a half million of acres of arid lands in Yakima, Kittitas and Benton counties. The development of this land will mean that this county will enjoy a tax revenue from lands aggregating in value over \$100,000,000 and perhaps much more. Time alone will tell the story of the worth of Yakima lands when fully developed along the lines that have been laid down by the reclamation service.

The Wapato project is the one directly tributary to North Yakima

which will suffer most from the change of administration and the tactics now being employed by the secretary of the interior. Kittitas and Benton will also be hit a blow which will hold them up temporarily.

**What is to be Done?**  
The game is a political one and if pressure can be brought to bear upon the powers that be through senators and congressmen, it is possible that there may be no cessation in the work of the service as already outlined for Yakima county. An emergency exists and the men of influence in Yakima county can do no greater service than to get busy and see that instead of selling and reselling the Tieton project to the thousands who seek homes in this section, they provide for sale, irrigated lands aggregating many thousand more acres than the Tieton project. The irrigation of all of the available arid lands is what will enhance the value of property in North Yakima and make the community one than which there is none more prosperous anywhere. It is a political game and should be played out as such if the greatest good to the greatest number is to accrue.

## YAKIMA HAS BEST APPLES

### WINS IN SPITZENBERG DISPLAY

Exhibit From This County Entered in Contest at the Seattle Exposition Walks Off With Prize.

Yakima county Spitzenberg apples are the best thing in the apple line at the exposition at Seattle. This is not a guess. It is the decision of the judges at a "Spitzenberg day" contest at Seattle Tuesday. This county just walked off with all the honors and cleaned up all competition. E. J. Haasze felt so good about it that he at once called up W. N. Irish, chairman of the local county committee, told him of the events of the day and asked him to spread the glad tidings. Incidentally he told Mr. Irish to send along an additional shipment or two of cherries as he wanted to be in a position to clean up any other opposition which might offer in other lines of fruit.

Following is the scoring in the contest, the possible, or perfection mark, being 500: Yakima, 490; Klickitat, 487; Okanogan, 484; Kittitas, 460. Chelan county entered five plates of Spitzenbergs in the contest but after seeing what they were up against the "bosses" from that fruit section withdrew their entry and decided that they would not meet the competition.

## FIVE MORE MILES OF STREET RAILWAY

Contract for Formal Transfer of Holdings Said to Include Such a Provision—Material Ordered.

Five additional miles of street railway are to be constructed before September 1 according to the agreement under which the stock of the Yakima Valley Transportation company has been transferred to the new purchasers represented here by N. C. Richards. It is understood that the deal for the transfer of the property has been perfected. All the capital stock of the company, it is understood, is to be transferred to Mr. Richards. Stockholders will receive all the money they have paid in, the amount to be paid in instalments, the first half by August 10 and the second half by September 10.

Material has been ordered for the completion of a sufficient mileage to make a total of 13 in operation at the close of this year. One extension to be made in August, if the material arrives, will be to Sumach park. A line is also to be run on north Fourth street. An application is before the county commissioners for a franchise in the Fruitvale section but it is understood that all the needed right-of-way has not been procured.

### DISCOVER SPECIMENS SUPPOSED EXTINCT

Species of Great Auk Thought to Have Perished and New Find Believed to be of Same Family.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 23.—A notable ornithological discovery has been made on Triangle island, where Warburton Pike and W. F. Burton, two well known sportsmen, were encamped, according to advices received by the Quadra. They have found some rare birds, including the little auk, supposed to have been extinct, and have an egg of that bird.

The little auk mentioned in the above dispatch, presumably means a small or young specimen of the great auk, as the great auk is the member of the family supposed to be extinct and searches for which have been made by scientific men in recent years, including Prof. Lucas of the National Museum at Washington.

The Encyclopaedia Britannica says: "Of these (auks) special interest attaches to the great auk, or gannet fowl (Alca impennis), from the circumstance that there is no authentic record of its having been taken or even seen alive, for more than a quarter of a century. In the autumn of 1821 Dr. Fleming while on a cruise through the Hebrides, observed and described one which had been taken alive in the sea of St. Kilda, and put on board the yacht. With a rope attached to one of its legs, this specimen was occasionally allowed to disport itself in its native element where it astonished everyone by the rapidity with which it swam under water. On one of these occasions it got loose from its bonds and was soon beyond reach of pursuit.

"Another specimen had been observed a few years before off Papa Westra, one of the Orkney islands, but in spite of the exertions of the crew of a six oared boat, continued for several hours, the auk could not be overtaken. This specimen however was afterwards secured, and is now in the British museum."

### COOPERATION RECLAMATION PLAN GIVEN DEATH BLOW.

Ballinger Adheres Strictly to Law and Will Abandon Plan of Cooperation—No More Work Without Cash on Hand.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 28.—Secretary Ballinger has put an end to the cooperative plan of building government irrigation projects. Hereafter, all such works will be built entirely by the Reclamation service and be paid for exclusively out of the reclamation fund. That, holds Mr. Ballinger, was the intent of the law, and therefore, that plan will be followed in the future.

This change grows out of the Secretary's disapproval of the scheme devised by Director Newell, of the Reclamation Service, under which set-

tlers on uncompleted projects were permitted to work on canals, ditches, etc., and certain kind of scrip, which was later accepted by the Reclamation Service in payment for water rights.

In devising this co-operative scheme, Mr. Newell was undertaking to lighten the burden upon settlers who went upon projects long before water was available for irrigation. He sought to give them employment during the time when their farms yielded little or nothing, and at the same time to lessen the burden imposed upon them by the payments for water demanded during the early years of their settlement, when their expenses were at their heaviest.

**Plan to Aid Irrigators.**  
It turns out that in his efforts to settle the law did not take into account the views of Mr. Ballinger. If a system of cooperative scrip is to be taken up, constant amendment of the reclamation act will be necessary. The cooperative scheme formulated by Mr. Newell and approved by Secretary Garfield, was in brief, this:

The Reclamation Service entered into an agreement with the Water Users' association on a given project, then under construction, under which the association would furnish some of the money and some of the labor necessary for building purposes. The association, in turn, with the approval of the Reclamation Service, gave employment to early settlers on the project, some as teamsters, some as ordinary laborers, others in lines to which they were adapted. Instead of paying these settlers in cash, the association paid them in "scrip," issued under the direction of the Reclamation Service.

Later, when water was turned onto the project, the settler could make his payment for water in scrip rather than cash, the Reclamation Service having agreed to accept this scrip in lieu of cash. The service lost nothing by this practice, for the work was actually performed, and the cost of the labor was shown on the books. When scrip came in, cash was transferred from one building fund to the reclamation fund, and the accounts balanced, just as if the settler had been paid in cash, and later turned his cash back into the reclamation fund.

### Law Does Not Allow It.

But there is no law for any such system. No more agreements will be entered into with water users' associations, and no more scrip will be paid out, save in those instances where projects built on the cooperative plan are nearing completion. However, all outstanding scrip will be honored, and settlers who have been paid in scrip will lose nothing. Scrip now in their possession is as good as the day it was issued, and will be accepted, because the secretary does not intend to discredit any agreements entered into with the sanction of his predecessor. It is only as to future works that his order applies.

In taking the position he does, Mr. Ballinger has the backing of the Attorney-General, who reported that there was no warrant for this cooperative system of building government irrigation works. In the future, according to the ruling of the Attorney-General, no new project or unit of a project can be undertaken until there is available in the reclamation fund enough actual cash to defray the entire cost of building that project or unit. This, too, is an innovation, for under the late administration, projects were undertaken on the assumption that the fund would grow, and that all necessary money would be on hand before any adopted project was completed. The effect of this ruling will be to retard work somewhat.

Rapidly, the working of the Reclamation Service is being made to conform strictly to the word and intent of the law, and practices and customs not authorized or contemplated by the law are being set aside.

## DR. WIGHT'S PEACHES BOAST OF GOLD CROWN

Member of Famous Boston Terrier Family Is Proud Possessor of Gold Tooth.

It is not every bull dog can boast of gold fillings and gold crowns in its teeth. But "Peaches" the Boston terrier belonging to Dr. H. E. Wight, city councilman, is an unusual dog and is entitled to unusual consideration. Peaches had a bad tooth and her master is so attached to her that he had his brother Dr. Verne Wight build up a broken tooth with a gold crown. And Peaches is proud of her distinction. She belongs to the famous family of terriers mothered by Dr. Helton's "Queenie" of which Horace Hughes "Queenie" and Ed. Van Brunt's "Mike" are members. They are a proud family and Peaches is not a whit less distinguished than her mother and brother and sister.

## TRIAL TRIP UNSUCCESSFUL

### WRIGHT BROS. HAVE TROUBLE

Aeroplane Tests at Fort Meyers Disappointment—Will Try Again Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Orville Wright made a successful flight in his new aeroplane late today. Just before starting the machine swooped and barely touched the ground, but without any damage. The flight was short, the aeroplane encircling the Fort Meyer aerodrome. Lack of power due to a loose spark control was finally determined as the cause for the refusal of the machine to fly more than a few hundred feet.

Shortly after 5 o'clock, when everything was made ready, Wilbur Wright and Assistant Taylor started the engine, Orville taking the operator's seat. The machine rose but a few feet as it left the rail and a tip of the right wing struck the earth. Orville stopped and after the damage was repaired the machine again started, this time traveling about 200 feet.

At 6:30 o'clock the first mishap was repeated, except it was the left wing which touched the ground. The machine again returned to the starting rail and Orville, amid the cheers of the crowd, made a third trial. This attempt was even less successful, the machine refusing to rise at all. At 7:45 the final trial was made and the machine rose 15 or 20 feet. Orville remained in the air about 50 seconds, returning to the starting track.

Wednesday the Wrights will have the defects remedied, and if the weather is good will make more preliminary trials.

## WOMEN FIGHT LONDON POLICE

### SUFFRAGISTS ON WARPATH

Police Captain Slapped and Over 100 Militant Suffragettes Taken to Jail—Try to Force Cordon of Police.

LONDON, June 29.—The 13th vain attempt of the militant suffragettes to obtain access to Premier Asquith resulted in exciting scenes in Parliament square tonight and the arrest of more than 100 women. The women assembled at Caxton hall and sent a deputation headed by Mrs. Parkhurst to see the prime minister. Enormous crowds assembled in the vicinity of parliament hours before the time set for the raid upon the house, around which several thousand police had taken up strategic positions. The first incident was the appearance of an equestrienne messenger who tried to penetrate the police cordon to take a message to the premier. She was arrested after difficulty. Next appeared a deputation headed by Mrs. Parkhurst.

At the Stephen's entrance it was met by Chief Inspector Scantland who handed Mrs. Parkhurst a letter from the premier regretting his inability to receive the deputation. Angrily throwing the letter on the ground and insisting as a British subject, on the right to enter the house of commons, Mrs. Parkhurst tried to force an entrance. The police tried to lead the woman away when to the surprise of the spectators Mrs. Parkhurst slapped the inspector, knocking his cap into the mud. Cries of " Shame!" and several suffragettes told the woman she had no provocation to do such a thing. A moment later another suffragette, Mrs. Said Solomon repeated the act, while others made determined attempts to rush the cordon. Finally the whole deputation was arrested. By this time the second deputation had left Caxton hall, accompanied by several hundred suffragettes and tried to reach the house through an underground passage. This too, was unsuccessful but for two hours the whole district was in a turmoil, the police dispersing the crowds and arresting women by the wholesale. Altogether 112 women were arrested many of them being prominent.

### Call In Funds.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29.—A call on the national depository banks for government funds aggregating approximately \$25,000,000 was made today by Secretary MacVeigh. Of this amount \$3,000,000 has been called for July 15 and the balance for August 15. The call practically wipes out all government deposits except \$37,000,000 which is held in active account.

## KNIGHTS WILL MAKE SHOWING

### IN SEATTLE NEXT WEEK

Spectacular Features Will Begin at A. V. P. Exposition When Pythians Arrive.

Seattle and the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition will be invaded by 20,000 Knights of Pythias next week, at which time the grand lodge of the domain of Washington will be in session.

A considerable number of the members of the local lodge of North Yakima are planning on being present. Many of them will leave on Saturday.

The celebrated drill team of Iola lodge, K. P., of Dayton, O., will be present. This organization consists of more than a hundred members who exemplify the fraternity's ritual. Besides this they give a dramatic presentation of the story of Damon and Pythias, on whose memorable friendship the order is founded.

The Iola players are coming in a special train, which arrives next Sunday. Their party contains 250 persons, as many Ohio Pythians have arranged to attend the fair with them. They carry paraphernalia valued at \$15,000, which is used in giving the performances, several of which will be open to the general public. The new National Guard armory has been selected for these.

A mammoth parade will be given at 6 o'clock on the evening of July 5, at which time all members of the order will be in line. This pageant is to be made a special feature. Many special trains will come from neighboring states to participate in the jubilee that is to be in session all of next week.

The local committee having charge of the gathering has reserved 50 rooms at the New Seattle hotel, where general headquarters will be maintained. The funds for the entertainment of the grand lodge and its visitors have been subscribed entirely by the various Pythian lodges of the state, the sum of \$20,000 being available for this purpose.

Friday and Saturday of next week will be Pythian days at the exposition and the management has made arrangements for special programs, so that the jubilee will come to a fitting conclusion.

## ANOTHER TRAIN FOR THE YAKIMA VALLEY

Northern Pacific Railroad Puts on a Local Passenger Between Pasco and Ellensburg.

North Yakima is to have two more passenger trains. They will come into existence Sunday and will be known as trains No. 19 and 20. They are to be locals and will operate between Pasco and Ellensburg. They will make all the important stops and many of the minor ones and will relieve a situation which is growing beyond the ability of the road to cope with, with its present service. Since trains Nos. 1 and 2 and 5 and 6 have ceased to do a local business there has been considerable friction in one way and another, and since the express business has become heavy on the night trains there has arisen a need for making greater speed, or in other words, cutting out the unnecessary stops. In addition, now that the shipping season is on, there has arisen a need for a train to handle local packages.

Train No. 19 will start from Pasco daily at 7 o'clock a. m., arriving in North Yakima at 10:35 a. m. and at Ellensburg at 12:15 p. m.  
Train No. 20 will leave Ellensburg at 10:20 p. m. and arrive at North Yakima at 11:59 p. m. It will reach Pasco at 3:29 a. m.

### PURCHASES NEW OLDS.

John D. Nichols Selects Oldsmobile Roadster of Yakima Auto Co.

John D. Nichols has purchased from the Yakima Auto company a Oldsmobile model of the Oldsmobile popularly known as a roadster and considered the finest car of that class now on the market. The car is now in Seattle where it was met by Mr. Nichols and Mr. Chandler last Friday and Mr. Nichols is having the car sent to Port Townsend where he is spending the summer months with his family. The car is listed at \$3,500 and is in popular parlance a "Jim Dandy."

### Smallest Elk in World.

The smallest Elk in the world, according to the St. Paul Dispatch is a little Russian whose name is likely to be confusing but who is usually known as The Prince. He is a big attraction at a carnival now being held in that city and is 27 inches tall and weighs slightly over 16 pounds. Last Sunday he was 33 years old.

## A STRONGLY ORGANIZED BANK

like the First National gathers the working capital of a community and sets it at work in various industries and enterprises.

If banks did not perform this service a vast amount of money would lie idle and useless and business everywhere would stagnate.

You may not realize it, but a good bank

## IS INDISPENSABLE TO YOU

as a business man and citizen. Directly or indirectly, the bank affects every individual in the community. The more directly it affects you, the greater benefit you will derive.

Your money deposited with us in a checking account, will always be subject to your call and an acquaintance at this bank as a depositor will help you materially.

Money deposited in our savings department or on certificate of deposit will draw 4 per cent interest. We have attractive home banks for the use of our savings depositors.

## First National Bank of North Yakima

W. L. STEINWEG, President. A. B. CLINE, Cashier.  
C. R. DONOVAN, Assistant Cashier.