

# PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT FOUND GUILTY BY JURY

### Jury Finds Verdict Against Company for Allowing Impure Water to Be in Mains

### DEFENSE PRESENTS NO EVIDENCE TO JURY

### The Attorney for Water Company, However, Makes Argument Before the Jury After Prosecutor Makes His Address

The Pacific Power and Light company, in the court of Justice of the Peace Hunt, was found guilty by a jury Saturday, on the charge brought by Dr. Thomas Tetreau, the city health officer, of criminal negligence in allowing water from the Cascade Lumber Company's mill pond to be pumped into the city mains, and was fined \$99.99. The case took up the better part of two days, the prosecution of evidence closing about noon Saturday, after which about three hours were consumed in the arguments of counsel, the jury taking the case about 2:30 o'clock, returning a verdict in a short time. I. P. Englehart, attorney for the Pacific Power and Light company, signified his intention of appealing to the higher court.

Dr. Tetreau Recalled  
When recalled to the stand Saturday morning, Dr. Thomas Tetreau, the city health officer, testified that the usual typhoid season in North Yakima corresponded with the typhoid season, and that the summer epidemic had been generally distributed. In answer to a question from Mr. Gilbert, Dr. Tetreau declared that the outbreak in May was unusual, as it was confined to a well defined district and rapidly reached a climax and declined.

Mr. Gilbert asked how the time of the close of the recent epidemic compared with the time of this agitation in regard to the connection at the Cascade Lumber Company's plant with the mains of the Pacific Power and Light company.

"About the time that the agitation reached its climax, when Dr. Lumsden was called for, would correspond with the last cases in the epidemic," responded Dr. Tetreau.

William Fortner, chief engineer of the Cascade Lumber company stated that conditions are practically the same around the millpond as they were a year ago, with the exception that two toilets abutting the waterway have been removed.

Miss Montgomery, the bacteriologist, who has been making examinations for the city and county, stated that the water in the pump at the mill pond on August 1 showed evidences of colon bacilli.

"What would the finding of one colon bacillus in one cubic centimeter of water indicate?" asked Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Gilbert. "Would it indicate that colon bacilli were present in large or small quantities?"

"Large," was her reply. "Would you consider it fit for drinking purposes?"

"I would not."

Examination by Englehart  
"Have you made tests of any other water?" asked Mr. Englehart, in cross examination.

"Yes," replied Miss Montgomery. "What other water?"

"City water."

"What other?"

"I object," said Mr. Gilbert. "This is not proper cross-examination. The general work that the bacteriologist has done since she came here is not in question." The objection was overruled by Justice Hunt.

"I have examined water from a number of wells," Miss Montgomery continued.

"What other water?"

"I think that is all."

Found in Other Water  
"Did you examine the Puritas and artesian water? Did you find that contained any colon bacilli?"

"Yes."

"About in what proportion to the city water?" asked Mr. Englehart.

"The artesian water showed about the same as the city water. The Puritas water showed but one bacillus to 10 cubic centimeters."

"How about the wells? Any colon bacilli?"

"Yes."

"I think this is a waste of time," said Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Gilbert. "This jury is not sitting as a general board of health."

"That is all I wanted to ask, anyway," said Mr. Englehart.

Typhoid from the Water  
Robert Rundstrom, J. W. Heare and a number of other residents on North Eighth street near their families after drinking the city water in April and May and with this the prosecution closed its case.

On the statement of Attorney Englehart that he would present no evidence for the Pacific Power and Light company, Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Gilbert announced that he would submit the case to the jury as it stands. Mr. Englehart contends that it did not waive his right to argue, but Mr. Gilbert said he did. However, Justice Hunt ruled that the defense had a right to present its case, and arguments began.

The Arguments  
Mr. Gilbert, in presenting his case

(Continued on Page Three.)

# NORTH YAKIMA BOYS ARE CLEVER SLEUTHS

### Milo Whitney and Harold Sharkey Catch Thieves Who Stole Their Valuables

Pinkerton's detective service is deemed to become a back number if it works in this city, clearing it of vice and ridding it of "bad men." Keep up the record which they established Saturday afternoon, when, in the inordinately short time of three hours, after discovering the theft of their personal valuables, they had hounded to earth and captured the two culprits.

Yesterday, upon deciding to take a "back to nature plunge" in the Yakima river back of Sumach park, Milo Whitney and Harold Sharkey, caught their watches and a purse containing their supper money and a varied collection of small hardware, in a soft hat, which they took the further precaution to bury in leaves and other shrubbery which abounds near the river, under the roots of a tree, standing at an estimated distance of 15 paces from the beaten path. Except for persons watching their actions the two young men were sure that their treasure hold was secure from all molesters.

Valuables Missing  
After partaking of the pleasures of the bath, and as they were about to depart, a discovery was made that started heads of perspiration, said to have been the size of marbles, out on their faces. The treasure was gone! Immediately assuming the role of Sherlock Holmes, "Butch" Whitney exclaimed, "Doctor Watson, vengeance shall be mine! Yea, even before you shall see these fingers (indicating ten unusually clean digits) shall fondle the wrists of the culprits."

The person to whom these strong words were spoken was none other than "Bubbles" Sharkey. Then as a stimulant our young "gum shoe" took off his hypodermic, injected 1,500,000 typhoid bacilli into his system and began searching the ground for some clue.

"Hold my friend! What are these?" asked Watson, indicating fresh disturbances in the sand.

"Nothing but the tracks of two young boys, whom I should judge about 11 and 15 years of age." "Let us continue," spoke Sherlock.

Straightway the two sleuths came down town and made a tour of all the pawn shops, and warned the keepers to be on the lookout for the missing articles. Next, while talking to a friend concerning the occurrence, they gleaned the knowledge of the whereabouts of a young man who knew two boys who were suspected of a like misdemeanor. So taking the boys with them, our heroes went to the first of these, Dewey Anderson, who lives on South Sixth street. The latter put up a good bluff as to his innocence, but upon being cross questioned he broke down and divulged the name of his accomplice, Rolland Serry, who lives out in Fairview.

Young Perry was next visited and when confronted with the evidence in the possession of our young detectives, brought to view all the missing articles, which he had hidden in a hole in his home.

Both youngsters were placed under arrest and will in all probability be sent to Monroe.

A well known Des Moines woman after suffering miserably for two days from bowel complaint, was cured by one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by all dealers.

# CHICAGO MARKET IS HEALTHY, THEY SAY

### Fruit and Produce Is Quiet in Some Lines But Higher Than a Year Ago

Following are the main points of interest in the trade center of Denny & Company, of Chicago, under date of July 31:

Business generally in fruit and produce lines is in a healthy condition, a little quiet in some lines but on the whole there is a satisfactory demand and prices are ruling higher than a year ago.

Twenty-two cars of California deciduous fruits sold here today at the auctions; also two cars of New Mexico peaches and about one-fourth of Arizona. Plums of all kinds higher than last sale. Peaches good, southerly stock, stronger, but waxy or inferior fruit lower. Pears firm. Five cars of Malaga grapes from various points in the Imperial valley in today's sale. All five cars contained some waxy lines which sold at corresponding prices. There is a strong demand for good, sound, well-packed grapes.

An ordinary case of diarrhoea can, as a rule, be cured by a single dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This remedy has no superior for bowel complaints. For sale by all dealers.

# SEN. NEWLAND SETS CONGRESS TO THINKING

### Many Treaties Entered Into by State Department at the National Capitol

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Congress does not greatly relish Senator Newland's plan for legislation, although the country at large takes to it kindly. His program looks sound and feasible in the main, especially perhaps his idea of controlling corporations after the manner in which the Interstate Commerce Commission controls the railroads. But it would make congress work. While some republicans are saying that the Nevada senator is out of place in the democratic party, many democrats are declaring that he would make a very good democratic president.

Many Treaties  
The State Department has been making numerous treaties with the various civilized nations—with Great Britain, Germany, France, Japan; treaties of commerce, peace, comity and arbitration. But among the most important treaties are those with Nicaragua and Honduras, involving national loans guaranteed by the customs receipts. These treaties are not yet ratified by the senate, but the States Department hopes they will be almost any day, believing that they will prevent future revolutions and result in full protection to American interests in those countries. Nicaragua especially is the scene of much activity by American colonizers and investors, and only assurance of peace and protection is needed to insure the development of the great resources of that country.

Awakening Interest  
The prominence given the Director-General of the Pan-American Union, Hon. John Barrett, in connection with the grand-breaking ceremonies for the San Diego 1915 Exposition, has awakened the interest of all Spanish America in that event, which will probably witness the greatest exploitation of the resources of North and South America that has ever been known.

American Gem Mines  
It isn't every man who can own a gem mine and keep it solely to serve as a source of supply for gems to use as gifts to his friends. That is what Col. D. C. Collier, of San Diego, does. Col. Collier, who is director-general of the Panama California Exposition, 1915, is pronounced by many persons to be a "typical westerner." He ought to be, for he was born in Colorado, has been over all of the Rocky Mountain and coast states, and, although still young, was a pioneer in San Diego. If you should chance to see any one wearing a transparent, violet-colored stone, you would be pretty safe in assuming that you had run across one of Col. Collier's numerous friends, for that is the kind of gem which the Colonel gives to his friends, and thus far has refused all sorts of tempting offers to sell the gem mines of San Diego county are world famous, and the exhibit from them to be made at San Diego's big Panama Exposition will be of wonderful interest.

Good Corporations  
It is possible for corporations to be good. Since Havenmeyer passed away, the Sugar Trust claims to be relieved of its evil spirit. The Steel Trust denies that it is ever so possessed. Judge Elbert H. Gary's testimony in Washington indicated that the Steel Trust is a beneficent institution, needing no other presences. At any rate, he rather non-plussed the investigators.

Change of Heart  
Sevierville, Tenn.—"I never did believe in patent medicines," writes Mrs. Martha Howen, of this place, "until I took Cardui, and it cured me. For six months I could not do anything. Now I do all my housework, and it don't tire me. Doctors failed, but Cardui saved my life." The benefit from taking Cardui is not confined to one part of the body. Cardui improves the whole womanly system. It helps headache, backache, falling feeling, and female weakness. Try it. It will help you. Price \$1.

# HOPS MOVING TOWARD TOP

### Crop Is Off in England and Intense Hot Wave in Germany Is Unabated

### LIVES LOST IN BERLIN NUMBER ONE THOUSAND

### Table of Comparative Prices of Hops in the Three High Years Since 1890, Prepared by Expert Alter, Food for Reflection

The price of hops is an absorbing topic of conversation in North Yakima. News of all kinds is still bullish. Along that line is a report from abroad, and many from Pacific coast points.

McNeff Bros. have the following cable to report which was received August 5:

"Outside estimate of the English crop, 300,000 hundred weight. Weather continues too hot. Market a shade higher."

Fred E. Alter, with McNeff Bros., has compiled the following statistics for the benefit of the hop grower, showing the world's production of the three previous high years and the estimates on this year's crop of hops, also, showing the increase in beer sales and the consumption of hops since the year 1890 and the probable hop shortage in the United States for this year.

	35c	30c	25c	
Bales	426,500	482,200	251,500	348,100
Continental crops	170,700	170,900	129,300	166,500
England	182,230	255,000	216,500	217,000
United States	779,430	908,100	597,900	731,600
World's production	1890	1904	1909	1911
Barrels	27,562,000	48,208,000	56,302,500	62,000,000
Beer sales in U. S.	1890	1904	1909	1911
Bales	150,000	200,000	215,000	245,000
Hop consumption in U. S.				245,000
Hop production in U. S.				217,000
Shortage in U. S.				28,000

The exports of hops from the United States is on an average 40,000 to 60,000 bales annually. Therefore, in addition to the estimated shortage of 28,000 for home consumption, there will be a shortage of the amount for export above mentioned.

The figures would certainly indicate that hop growers are going to be masters of the situation, and that the price may be something extra high.

Heat Disasters  
That the weather conditions are extremely bad in Germany, it is only necessary to quote the following from a special to the Post-Intelligencer.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—Over 1,000 deaths have occurred here from sunstroke during the ten days of Germany's heat wave, as well as many more from heart failure during bathing and some 500 from gastritis and typhus, caused by lack of water.

An epidemic has broken out in the Moselle valley, caused by decaying fish, netted in shoals. Vast quantities have been handed to the public authorities for destruction. The fish were suffering from a kind of scrofula, owing to overheated water.

In many German cities the water works supply water for two hours daily. The police have had to issue orders that no water from the ordinary city supply pipes can be used except for drinking. Even in Berlin the authorities have suspended street watering except in the main avenues, as fears are entertained that the supply may run short.

In the South German states almost all the governments have suspended work in the public departments, except for a few hours in the early morning, as the sickness resulting from heat has so decimated the staffs.

Sallow complexion comes from bilious impurities in the blood and the fault lies with the liver and bowels—they are torpid. The medicine that gives results in such cases is HERBINE. It is a fine liver stimulant and bowel regulator. Price 50c. Sold by D. H. Fry and C. W. Camp, Cor. 3rd and Yakima avenues.

# CONVERT DUNES INTO GARDENS

### Irrigation Makes Homes Out of Uninhabitable Stretches of Sand

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 4.—Any movement which tends to convert the sand dunes and deserts of the arid sections of our country into gardens and farms and to people these now uninhabited stretches of land with homes is a movement of the greatest magnitude and one which will bring to this country the greatest good. Such, I understand, is the purpose of the National Irrigation Congress which has its nineteenth sessions in Chicago this December 5 to 9, and to such an organization, consequently, I ascribe my hearty approval and offer whatever co-operation it is within my power to give.

Governor Oswald West of Oregon thus indicates his interest in the National Irrigation Congress in a recent letter to the Chicago headquarters of the organization, where efforts are being made to bring about the most important and most widely attended gathering of the kind ever seen in the United States. Governor West no doubt will be one of the guests at this meeting, as he has asserted he will be in Chicago to attend the sessions if it is possible for him to do so.

Constipation is the starting point for many serious diseases. To be healthy keep the bowels active and regular. HERBINE will remove all accumulations in the bowels and put the system in prime condition. Price 50c. Sold by D. H. Fry and C. W. Camp, Cor. 3rd and Yakima avenues.

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Bird with \$3500 Downy Shoeks Woman Who Wants His "Cured"

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Down in a windowless room in a solitary imprisonment in the cell of the arsenal in Central Park is a large gray and green parrot. Bill Snyder, the keeper, is his jailer.

The parrot was taken to the arsenal by an elderly lady who explained matters to Mr. Snyder. She could not stand his vile talk even one minute longer. The lady explained that the parrot came to her through the will of a friend in Colorado. With the parrot was \$3500 for its maintenance.

"Lora (that was his name) had not been with us very long before he began to use awful language," said the woman. "It got worse and worse until my husband sent the \$3500 back to the estate and decided to chop off the parrot's head. But I wouldn't let him do that. It was not the poor bird's fault, but the wicked cowboys who taught him. So I have brought him to you to see if you can cure him."

Snyder said he would try.

LILLIAN RUSSELL FINDS RELIEF  
Atress Swelters in Electrically Heated Blankets, Loses Flesh

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Lillian Russell has found a new anti-fever remedy.

The actress was taken with a chill recently and not wishing to start a fire in her cottage she wrapped herself in a blanket and in the folds of it she placed some electric light bulbs.

She kept it up for three days, whenever she had chills, until she routed the sickness and discovered she had lost several pounds. Then she went after the encroaching embonpoint with a vengeance and the sweltering treatment has removed fifteen pounds in three weeks.

# ROOSEVELT ON STAND IN STEEL TRUST CASE

### TAFT INVITES JAPAN TO JOIN IN PEACE

### President Offers Toast to Emperor of Japan and Bids Togo Welcome

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—President Taft tonight extended to Japan through the nation's distinguished guest, Admiral Togo, at a dinner in the White House in honor of Japan's naval hero, an invitation to join the United States, Great Britain and France in a great world movement for international peace.

Rising from his chair between Admiral Togo and Speaker Clark, the president offered a toast to the Emperor of Japan, and then turning to Count Togo he bade him a cordial welcome, as the nation's guest. He declared it his duty to express an appreciation of the broad humanitarian view taken by his majesty, the emperor of Japan, in readily affirming that no consideration of selfish interest should be permitted to obstruct the progress of a world wide movement for international peace.

He said he gladly acknowledged the important part which Japan has played in facilitating this notable achievement (the signing of the treaties between the United States, Great Britain and France) by its prompt and unreserved recognition of the recent Anglo-Japanese agreement of the great moral principle of arbitration and said "I entertain a hope with confidence that the time may not be far distant when Japan will see fit to join in the movement now so auspiciously inaugurated."

Count Togo through Commander Taniguchi, his aide, in acknowledging the toast said that it would be his pleasant duty to convey the president's message to his sovereign.

The dinner was held in the state dining room and the magnificent old service used. Following the dinner a reception was held in the east room at which several thousand people were present to honor the Japanese admiral.

Are You a Woman?  
Baltimore, Md.—Mrs. W. H. Ison, at 1413 E. Madison street, writes: "For several years I suffered, off and on, from womanly troubles, until finally I was taken down and could do nothing. The pains I experienced I shall never forget. I lost weight until I was only skin and bones. I believe I would be in my grave if I had not tried Cardui." Are you, like Mrs. Ison, weak and discouraged, because of some painful ailment? Cardui will help you. Try it today. Any druggist will be glad to sell you a bottle.

MAID SERVES MANY YEARS  
Proud Record of Catherine Smith, a Lesson to All Housekeepers

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 5.—To be in the service of one family for more than 52 years as a servant is the proud distinction of Catherine Smith of this city, who will celebrate her 80th birthday next month at the home of Mrs. John J. Starr, 613 Lexington street, in whose family she has been since she was 28 years old.

Mrs. Starr says her faithful servant and she have been more like friends during the last 50 years than like employer and servant.

"At the time I engaged Catherine, in the spring of 1859," said Mrs. Starr, "our family lived in Lombard street, which at that time was a fashionable part of Baltimore. We needed a servant badly, and an advertisement in one of the local papers brought us 36 applicants. Catherine was the last to call. Her neatness of dress and pleasing countenance struck our fancy and we engaged her. I was a young girl at the time and had just returned home from boarding school. Catherine had been in the family only a few days before we realized what a jewel she was. Like a rare stone her value has increased each year. Next month she will celebrate her 80th birthday, and her health is the very good. I doubt if there is another servant in the world who can equal Catherine's faithful record."

"When Catherine first came to us she had two young sons. Both now hold responsible places, one in Washington, with whom she is now on a visit, and the other in Annapolis. Both sons have tried to induce her to live with them, but this she declines to do.

"When I was married," Mrs. Starr went on to say, "we took Catherine with us. We have long since looked upon her as one of the family."

Catherine is of English descent, and Mrs. Starr proudly remarked that the faithful servant had a bit of Irish blood in her veins. Kindness and fair treatment is the rule. Mrs. Starr says, housekeepers should follow if they want to keep good servants. Then, again, one should take an interest in the affairs of their employees, advising them occasionally on matters of personal import and showing them that you are interested in their general welfare.

The servant has never had a photograph taken, but thinks of doing so when she celebrates her 80th birthday next month.

Herald want ads bring results.

### Teddy Goes Against Precedent and Tells What He Knows About Big Merger

### SHOULDERS THE RESPONSIBILITY

### Not to Consent to Absorption of Tennessee Coal & Iron Co. Would Have Been Criminal, He States

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Theodore Roosevelt talked boldly before the house committee investigating the United States steel corporation today and voluntarily told how his action in consenting to the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company by the steel corporation in 1907 averted a disastrous panic.

The former president's action in submitting a congressional review of his own administration is almost unprecedented in the history of the United States and was thoroughly Rooseveltian. He arrived shook hands with the members of the committee, declared himself delighted to see everybody and get down to business. First, he placed upon himself the responsibility of approving of the absorption and condemned any man who would not act as he did in that crisis. Not to have done so, he said, would have been criminal. Probably nothing in the vigorous life history of Colonel Roosevelt is more dramatic than his public appearance today at the crisis of the investigation of a transaction which has been recorded in hundreds of pages of congressional inquiry. The chapter he contributed not only dealt with his part in events that were threatening at that time but he gave some interesting opinion on the trust question that loomed up in their import even more than his recital of the facts in the Tennessee Coal and Iron transaction.

To Restore Confidence  
After declaring that his object of the approval of the sale of the Tennessee company was to restore confidence, the former president, in response to queries by Representative Littleton relating to the cases as presented to him by Judge Gary and H. C. Frick at the White House in November, 1907, said:

"The situation was so critical that it was liable to break at any moment until this action was taken and the instant it was taken an enormous improvement occurred."

Then Roosevelt launched into a discussion with Chairman Stanley of the general trust question, saying the United States has something to learn of Germany. Roosevelt said he felt sure this control would come along general lines of supervision exercised by Germany. He emphasized the fact that he had repeatedly expressed his views on the subject of corporations in messages to congress, adding: "You will not achieve your purpose by splitting big corporations."

Dissolution Inadequate  
Chairman Stanley interrupted at this point to say that he did not believe that the dissolution of the United States steel corporation into its constituent parts would be an adequate remedy. Stanley continued by explaining that he believed that a steel corporation should be divorced from every common carrier in the country, and that the same rate should be charged them as other people. He said that rebating must be stopped; rebates that violate the spirit of the law as well as those which violate the letter of the law. "Judge Landis tried to do that and failed," interrupted Roosevelt amid laughter.

Stanley continued by declaring that the directors of the steel corporation should be removed from becoming directors of railroads and denounced in general terms the system of interlocked directorates.

Urges Rigid Control  
Roosevelt said he agreed with Stanley in general but declared he favored going much farther in exercising control of corporations. "And allow me to say," continued the ex-president, "you have known them at some distance. I have lived near them and know them well."

Roosevelt's attention was called to the testimony of Grant S. Schley, that he did not know he would have failed if it had not been for the sale of the Tennessee Coal and Iron to the steel corporation. "If Schley says he did not know he would have failed without the action being taken that was taken, then he is the only man in New York who does not know it."

Sterling asked if he had acquired information since the Tennessee absorption which caused him to think of the deal as wise or unwise. Replying Roosevelt said: "Every particle of information I have obtained since, confirms me that not only was my action absolutely wise and absolutely proper, but that it would have been very high criminal for me from the standpoint of the representative of the people of the United States not to have done exactly what I did. I cannot state that too emphatically."

A child that has intestinal worms is handicapped in its growth. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM FERTILIZER destroys and expels worms; the child immediately improves and thrives wonderfully. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by D. H. Fry and C. W. Camp, Cor. 3rd and Yakima avenues.

# Street Cars Must Run By Court's Order

DES MOINES, Aug. 5.—Judge Degraff issued a mandatory writ of injunction in district court here tonight ordering the city railway and its employer to resume car service within a reasonable time. At midnight International Organizer Fred Fay of the Carmen's union announced employees had ended, so far as the union is concerned. He said the union would obey the mandate issued by Judge Degraff tonight and tomorrow the men would be ordered to return to work. Judge Degraff's mandate in addition to ordering a resumption of service also orders the reinstatement of Conductor Hyatt temporarily. It was Hyatt's discharge that precipitated the strike.

The strikers required just one day in which to rid the city of their ancient enemies, the strikebreakers. Tonight it was announced that every strike breaker brought to this city from Chicago or Omaha either had given up his job and gone home or violence tonight and the wagon departed by the first train tomorrow morning. Riots which at this time threatened to prove serious, wild hunts for strike breakers, assaults and broken heads, marked a day of intense excitement. The traffic in the city is completely paralyzed, not a single car having moved since the men walked out shortly after midnight this morning. In an anticipation of further riots, Mayor Hanna this afternoon ordered every saloon in the city closed. They will remain closed throughout the strike. Mobs sought out the boarding houses of the imported men and were with difficulty prevented from starting pitched battles.

Mobs most of the day surrounded the Iowa hotel during the afternoon and demanded that the strike breakers be turned over to them. It was

necessary to call out the fire department and put it into action to disperse the crowds.

Strike breakers who came in last night from Omaha were sent to the car barn this morning. They found the crowd outside entirely too vicious and refused to take any chances. In the meantime the crowd of union sympathizers grew larger and the strike breakers readily found themselves cooped up in the barn without food and with little prospect of getting out. The men became restless and hungry as the day wore on and finally demanded that they be taken back to Omaha. When a squad of officers attempted to escort the strike breakers to the train a mob gathered and the officers tried to get through the crowds but were finally forced to take refuge with their charges in the Iowa hotel. Here a mob gathered again and for three hours kept the police busy.