

[From the WORLD Extra of yesterday.]

Another Great Conflagration! IDAHO CITY AGAIN IN ASHES!

Nearly the Whole City Burned!!

Total Loss, Over \$1,000,000!

Just after noon this day, flames were seen issuing from the roof of John Cody's saloon, south-west corner of Main and Wall streets. The alarm was given instantly. At the time it was sounded in our office we had just completed an article in which we referred to the fact that this would be the second anniversary of the great fire of May 18, 1865, which laid this city in ashes, and recommending to our citizens generally a greater degree of watchfulness during the day and night, to guard against a repetition of the calamity.

Every building on both sides of Main street, from just below the Jenny Lind Theatre to the saw mill of Taylor & Andrews on Moore's creek; all the buildings between Main and along the east side of Montgomery street; and most of those on the east of Main, on High street, embracing the Catholic Church, the many dwellings upon the hill below the west side of East Hill front,—all save a few really fire proof bricks and cellars, are in ashes. Among the buildings saved we can now enumerate the following: The Court House, Masonic Hall (in which is the WORLD office), the stores of J. W. Wood & Co., C. J. Bernstiel, Andrews & Co., M. M. Chipman, the upper brick vaults of L. M. Cohn, and Fischer & Maydenbauer, and the cellars of Thos Barry, C. S. Kingsley, C. T. Blake & Co., Powell & Coe, Baird & Judge, Zapp & Langell and Vantine & Co.; McClintock & Stewart's stable, all the buildings on the west side of Montgomery street, and the residences of Sheriff Jas. I. Crutcher, J. H. Wickersham, F. W. Bell, George Ainslie, F. B. Britten, and Jas. O'Meara, on the front of East Hill, and the residences of P. B. Smith, and a few others whose names we cannot now learn, at the foot of East Hill on High street.

These latter were saved through the labors of Mr. Smith, who brought his hydraulic mining hose to bear on them quickly, and the superhuman labors of his gang of men, who at once rushed from their work to stay the progress of the flames.

The flames spread with frightful velocity, owing to the high wind that prevailed, and, by singular misfortune, it was the nearest approximation to a gale we have had here during the month. The fire, which commenced between twelve and one o'clock, had by three o'clock lain nearly the whole city in ashes, and swept into nothingness hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property. We rejoice to be able to say that there has been no loss of life. We append a list of the losses as well as we could obtain them just after the fire, as follows:

Table listing property losses with names and amounts, such as E. P. Fitzgerald, merchant, \$30,000; L. M. Cohn, 20,000; L. H. Barber, City Hotel, 20,000; Isaacs & Bro., merchants, 15,000; Vantine & Co., 10,000; John Cody, saloon and dwelling, 10,000; G. I. Gilbert, buildings, 8,000; G. C. Merritt, Restaurant, 8,000; T. C. Ponzade, Hotel, 8,000; John Claresy, saloon and building, 8,000; Emery & Martin, merchants, 8,000; Zapp & Dangel, Saloon, 6,000; G. E. Dickson, 5,000; Mrs. Rosenthal (C. Levy), 5,000; Baird & Judge, saloon, 4,500; Powell & Coe, (insured), 4,000; Louis Redon, restaurant, 4,000; S. Koenigsberger, Assayer, 4,000; Romer & Collen, butchers, 3,000; Bischoff & Co., 3,000; Thos. Barry, bakery, 3,000; J. A. Pinney, Postoffice, 2,500; J. V. Houten, merchant, 1,500; Mr. Gremier, 1,500; Judge Rosborough, 1,500; John Harrington, saloon, 1,500; Yale & Co., bookstore, 1,000.

There are many others who have met with losses, but we cannot ascertain the facts now. Suffice it to say, that the best business part of Idaho City is destroyed. We are glad to say, however, that there is a universal sentiment among our people—the sufferers as well as the fortunate—to again build up our city, and this time in better security against the spread of fires which may occur.

Broader streets and no very high frame buildings will be the style of the new and resurrected and prosperous Idaho City—the liveliest city of the great mining interior.

Fuller particulars in our regular issue, which is deferred till to-morrow evening.

Saturday, Noon, May 18. Since our Extra of yesterday, we have been enabled to gather the following additional particulars: The origin of the fire is involved in doubt. Mr. Cody assures us there had been no fire in

his saloon since midnight of Thursday. A gentleman who was among the first to rush to the fire, assures us that the flames issued from just at the frame partition which separated Cody's saloon from the building next door. There had been no fire used in the latter place since the preceding night.

The firemen and citizens generally rushed to the task of quenching the flames and preventing the fire from spreading, but though they worked with great vigor and bravery, their efforts were unavailing. Buckets of water, thrown in quick succession from a dozen hands upon the blazing roof, seemed of no more effect than so many drops. Soon the workers were driven from their places on the roofs of Donaho & Bruce's Bakery, adjoining Cody's on Wall street, from Kelly's and Wulff & Moore's adjoining on Main street, and from L. M. Cohn's store across Wall street, corner of Main. Hooks and ladders were of no avail. The intense heat drove men at so great a distance from the burning or immediately endangered property, that execution with the apparatus was impossible.

And now commenced the panic. When the flames swept across Wall street to Cohn's on the South, hope was surrendered for the safety of the great business portion of the city. It was simply then for all to turn from trying to save buildings, and to endeavor to save goods and moveable property. The fire sped—a wild, destroying, irresistible, unconquerable element—from its starting point, up the west side of Main street, all the way up the whole block, to the Umatilla market, across Harris' alley to Enoch Peyton's, and thence away up to Bear Run, leaving nothing but devastation in its fiery path. Across from Wulff & Moore's the flames lapped up the frame buildings on the east side of Main street, and from Chipman's fire-proof brick clear to Bear Run on that side of the street, as, on the other, every building was soon reduced to a mass of cinders and ashes.

From Cohn's on the southwest corner, and from Vantine's on the southeast corner of Wall and Main streets, all the way down to Moore's creek, embracing on both sides the whole area from Wall to Commercial, thence to Wallula, and thence to the last building on this side of the creek, on Main street; the whole block bounded by Main, Commercial, Montgomery and Wall streets; that bounded by Main, Wallula, Montgomery and Commercial; that below this latter extending to the creek; then the long, full blocks between Main, Wall and Montgomery streets, and Harris' alley, and thence to Bear Run, between Main and Montgomery streets,—from all this vast space, comprising the heart and principal business portion of the city, every frame building was totally swept, and the brick—supposed fire-proof, but not so unfortunately—stores of E. P. Fitzgerald & Co., of Fleischman & Heyneman, and of Isaacs Bros., utterly destroyed—the latter with every dollar's worth of goods in them.

The buildings, mostly residences, upon High street, and thence up the side of East Hill, from Wall street to the saw mill of Taylor & Andrews on Moore's creek—which alone was saved—shared the common fate. Among these buildings was St. Joseph's Catholic Church, which had withstood the great fire of May 18th, two years ago. Great exertions were made by bands of intrepid and devoted men, who rushed to labor and try to save the edifice, but fate had otherwise decreed, and its site is now marked by the blackened, charred ruins, and the tall lone chimney. Many of the dwellers in the residences along on the hill were given barely time to remove to places of safety a portion of their furniture, clothing and portable property; but their losses are yet severe—in some cases very disastrous.

The block between Montgomery, Wall, Commercial sts., and Elk creek, on which is the Masonic Hall, the WORLD office, J. W. Wood & Co's store, the Court House, Atkins' drug store and Bernstiel's fire-proof great merchandise vault, was saved from destruction by the demolition of the large Chinese building on the southwest corner of Wall and Montgomery streets. Bands of brave, noble-hearted, gallant friends came to the aid of the Masonic Hall, of Wood & Co. and the WORLD establishment. We are requested by the Fraternity, by the Messrs. Woods, by Atkins, and others on the block—and most heartily and gratefully do the owners of the WORLD join in—to return thanks and gratitude to the troops of devoted men, the zealous workers, who came to save, and did save all this property from the fire.

The whole west line of Montgomery street, from Bear Run to Moore's creek, was saved. Bernstiel's fire-proof brick was barely scorched, but like Wood & Co., he had taken the precaution to tear from it the temporary wood roofing. From the west side of Montgomery street, the whole length, all the way through to Elk creek, not a house was burned. The fire was kept from crossing the street by astonishing and successful efforts. Among the buildings burned on the east side of the street was the new Hook and Ladder Company House, into which the apparatus had the day before been moved.

The heaviest losers are Fleischman & Heyneman, who had just got in a very heavy and valuable stock of goods from below. They had faith in their brick store, and thought it fire-proof. To use the words of Mr. Heyneman, they "did not save a five-pence;" they

barely got away with the clothes they wore upon their backs—no more from the store. A singular freak of the fire is to be seen in Claresy's fire-proof brick saloon. The pictures on the wall in the rear of the room are scorched and ruined, a billiard table which sat in the middle of the floor is burned and charred in spots on top, and in other places the cloth or wood is as good as ever; and yet with all this proof of excessive heat, the inside of the building is without injury, except that the rear door, near the iron outside door, is badly charred.

The brick store of E. P. Fitzgerald & Co., near Claresy's, like the brick stores of Isaacs Bros., and Fleischman & Heyneman, proved worthless to resist the flames. A report was circulated last evening that powder had been stored in the building, and the explosion caused the destruction of the store. Mr. Maurice Fitzgerald assures us there was not a pound of powder in the store; the "explosion" came from a loaded pistol left in the rear room. This firm saved nothing.

To the eternal credit and honor of our people be it said that no pilrobbing was practiced during or since the fire, as is almost always the case in communities made up of every class as this is.

Honorable, beyond any precedent that we know of, under like circumstances, is the conduct of those among the merchants who have lost nothing in the fire, or who have saved much of their stocks. They have not made any increase in prices; they have acted most liberally and nobly towards the sufferers. Also have the proprietors of the two saw-mills behaved most praiseworthy in the matter, in maintaining their past scale of prices, and not taking advantage of the general misfortune by increasing their prices with the very great demand.

Yesterday evening, the best portion of our city was in ashes. But to show that the spirits of this indomitable, impressive community, are not to be subdued even by this almost crushing loss and terrible calamity, it is merely necessary for us to state that already, as we go to press, all over the burnt district lumber for new buildings is to be seen, houses are rapidly going up, and the genuine "nil desperandum" determination of this brave-souled people is on every side and in every way admirably manifested.

There were many instances given yesterday of the nobleness and disinterestedness of our citizens, in extending aid, and in rushing to protect and save the property of those threatened and in danger; but we cannot give them all, and it would be wrong to discriminate, where all behaved equally meritorious.

The list of sufferers and of losses, so far as we have been able to ascertain them, besides those given above, is as follows:

Table listing property losses with names and amounts, such as Fleischman & Heyneman, \$50,000; L. Emanuel, clothing, 10,000; Kane & Cassidy, house, (insured \$4,000), 10,000; M. Wunsch & Co., clothing, 9,000; Fischer & Maydenbauer, brewery, (in. \$3,000), 8,000; Frank Kraft, tinner, 5,000; J. S. Craig, drug store, 5,000; J. J. Kelly, saloon, 5,000; Donaho & Bruce, bakery, 5,000; George Gans, saloon, 5,000; Martin & Johnson, merchants, 3,000; J. C. Luckett, buildings, 3,000; C. Clark, merchant, 3,000; J. B. Betts, office, etc., 3,000; Crowe & Peyton, saloon, 3,000; J. Hafendorfer, merchant, 3,000; Nicholson & Clark, merchants, 3,000; Cuney & Wilson, barbers, 2,800; Taylor & Owens, saloon, 2,500; S. A. Merritt, buildings, 2,500; Odd Fellows Hall, 2,500; J. S. Weiler, meat market, 2,500; Henry Gaus, saloon, 2,500; Heckman & Dickinson, jewelers, 2,500; Thomas Dettler, barber shop and restaurant, 2,000; Hugh Kelly, houses and fumes, 2,000; Thevin & Natter, saloon, 2,000; Lator & Swinn, merchants, 2,000; J. S. Mansfeld, saloon, 1,500; J. Godfrey, restaurant, 1,000; Dr. Willis, dentist, 1,000; B. Blandich, vegetables, 1,000; Graf & Kimmel, jewelers, 1,000; E. Peyton, building, 1,000; W. Leighton, saloon, 1,000; Thomas Wethard, house, 700; C. Walker, merchant, 500; John Easly, merchant, 500; Mrs. Butler, millinery, 500; Frank Miller, building, 500.

There are yet many losses which we cannot get approximate information of, but a careful merchant, who is well informed, estimates the total loss at over one million of dollars.

The total number of buildings of all kinds destroyed is 440, of which 204 were dwellings and 236 buildings were stores, shops and business houses of various kinds.

The brick buildings of M. M. Chipman, John Claresy, Lauer & Swinn, J. R. Wilkinson, L. M. Cohn, the old Times office, and Powell & Coe, are the only ones saved in the burnt district. The Jenny Lind Theatre is the only frame building of a public character saved on Main street. There is not a hotel left in the city. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, and the Post Office, were both burned, but both with small comparative loss. The safes generally have withstood the fire, and nearly all of the fire-proof cellars.

COMPLIMENTARY.—Judge Deady, of the United States District Court of Oregon, was called by Chief Justice Chase to preside as Judge of the United States Circuit Court of California, at the April term, as Judge Field was engaged on the Supreme Bench at Washington City. At the close of the term, the most eminent lawyers of San Francisco, who had practiced before Judge Deady during the term, assembled and passed most complimentary resolutions expressive of their high appreciation of his "judicial courtesy, ability and learning." His response to the distinguished compliment was brief and very happy.

PIONEER CITY CORRESPONDENCE.

PIONEER CITY, May 16, 1867. EDITOR WORLD: Winter and snow have at last gone from our western side of the hills, where Old Sol has not a fair chance at the snow; and with both has departed the almost irrepressible disposition of our community for dancing parties. One can now go along the street without the eternal "one, two, three" being shouted to him from the corners, and the inquiry put to him—"Are you going to the party to-night?" The salutation these days is—"How does the claim prosper?" and the usual response is—"Bully! let's lager."

Mining has commenced in earnest in this camp. Water is running in all the ditches except one—the Mountain ditch, which supplies Apple Jack, Big and Little Muddy. The owners did not think it expedient to clean it out, as the miners have free water for a month or so, and as soon as water from the ditch is required it will be ready.

Messrs. Wilson & Waterman have reduced the price of water twenty per cent, making it forty cents per inch for every twenty four hours; or thirty cents per inch, if used only in day time, and twenty, if used only at night. This reduction will enable the miners to work ground which has hitherto proved unprofitable, to a good advantage.

Some of the miners have made small "clean ups," merely (as they say) for the purpose of keeping them in remembrance of how to scrape bed rock and wash dirt; but (I say) it is more likely that they do so for the purpose of filling up the vacancies which have for some time existed in their long, slim, slick buckskin purses.

Messrs. Hinchy, Comery & Co., of this place, have bought the Wheeler ditch for \$1,500, and intend to carry it into their claims on New Orleans Bar, the coming season. This ditch has the second right to water flowing out of Grimes' creek, and will, without doubt, prove a valuable property to its present owners.

There are now in Hog 'Em seven stores, ten saloons and the usual complement of other business shops—meat markets, shoe shops, restaurants, lodging-houses, etc. This is very far from being a "played out" camp, and we are likely to have a very active and prosperous mining and trading season.

The WORLD brought us the sorrowful intelligence of the killing of Controller Lane, in Boise City. He was known and greatly respected by many here, and we regard his death as a public loss.

BUTTERMILK SANDY.

A NOBLE ASSOCIATION.—The Occidental and Vanguard of April 27th, has the names of Zach. Montgomery and J. F. Linthicum, as Editors. Two better men could not be named for association in the great cause in whose behalf they labor. Both are gentlemen of the purest private character, honorable in every walk of life, possessed of talents of high order, able, terse, pointed, but always courteous and refined writers, and thoroughly devoted to the cause they so materially aid and creditably represent. We wish them the most complete success. They greatly merit it, and we hope that in Idaho their paper and their names will become as familiar as household words.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE AT IDAHO CITY, I. T., on the 15th day of May, 1867, which, if not called for in THREE DAYS from the date of this list, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Table listing names of individuals and their addresses, such as Allen, Joseph F., Hartegan, Mary Amoss, John Nelson, W; Abrahams, D C, Henderson, John A Northcut, Joseph; Bellknap, J. 2, Haselock, Claus Otis, S. F.; Rothman, Mary, Otis, S. F.; Burton, Felix, Henlin, Andrew; Brodbeck, John, Hickey, J. G.; Buck, G. W., Horning, E. G.; Chapman, Mason, Hodge, W. H.; Ceaney, Mrs. L., Hopkins, Dan'l; Cahill, Patrick, Hart, J. A.; Crowe & Peyton, saloon, Otis, S. F.; Conture, Eugene, Ives, Mrs Eben; Comerford, James, Jones, Chas; Coyne, Jas 2, Jones, Edw 2; Crein, Denis, Jones, Nancy; Coleman, Geo M, Jones, Powell; Consett, Jas P, Johnson, Dave; Doney, Jacob, Killman, S; Daley, D R S, Lane, A. G.; Dougherty, L, Lee, James; Dawson, H, Little, Wm; Douglas, W B, McFarlin, Pat; Dugrest, A, McCherry, F. S.; Duke, W W, McCall, D. J.; Eckels, Armstrong, McCoy, John; Freeman, B. G., McDougal, J. L.; Foster, Wm T, McDougal, Wm 2; French, T O, Mc Kew, John; Gregg, Thomas, McGowan, F.; Glinson, J. F., Mason, Joseph; Greek, Harrison, Martin, Rudolf; Green, John, Martin, John A.; Harksen, John Meyer, Frank; Wright, Alfred.

Persons calling for the above letters should say "ADVERTISED," and give date of list.

JAMES A. PINNEY, P. M.

New Advertisements.

Plants for Sale. A FEW THOUSAND EARLY York Cabbage Plants for sale at the WARM SPRINGS, if applied for soon. ROBERT TURNER. Warm Springs, May 18, 1867. n5 2t

Wood Choppers. WANTED TO CONTRACT FOR the cutting of 500 or 1000 cords of wood, on Granite Creek, Pioneer Mine, about two miles north and west of Placerville. Also, about 15,000 shaks. Apply to JAS. M. CLASSEN, At Vantine & Co.'s, Idaho City, May 17th, 1867. n5w2.

Reduction in the Price of Beer! ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 20, 1867, LAGER BEER will be sold at Wholesale, at ONE DOLLAR PER GALLON. n6 4t. SPELTMAN & BACH, Proprietors.

The Indomitable Barry is Saved! All but his Buildings and Improvements.

No Advantage Taken IN TRADE.

Thro' Misfortune to Others!

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF PRO-visions, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, and Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear to arrive soon.

THE EAGLE IS YET IN HIS EYRIE! and Barry is prepared to greet his old customers and all the public with superior articles and at moderate prices. Orders from a distance promptly attended to. Idaho city, May 18, 1867. n5t4. THOMAS BARRY.

Miscellaneous.

County Treasurer's Notice. THE FOLLOWING WARRANTS on the County General Fund will be paid, if presented within Sixty Days from date, after which time any of them remaining unpaid will be placed at the foot of the Register:

Table with columns NO., IN WHOSE FAVOR DRAWN, AM'T. listing warrants for G. B. Walker, Wm. Thomas, L. W. Coe, A. B. Henderson, John Kelso, L. W. Coe, S. Norris, John Ewing, A. Mallett, J. Hardy.

J. W. WOOD, Treasurer Boise County, Idaho city, May 7, 1867. n3w4.

IDAHO NATIONAL BANK.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY, Washington, D. C., March 11th, 1867.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY evidence presented to the undersigned it has been made to appear that the

First National Bank of Idaho, AT BOISE CITY, IN THE COUNTY OF ADA, AND TERRITORY OF IDAHO.

Has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled an act TO PROVIDE A NATIONAL CURRENCY, Secured by a pledge of

United States Bonds, And to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3d, 1864; and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, HILAND R. HULBURD, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that The First National Bank of Idaho, At Boise City, in the county of Ada, and Territory of Idaho, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 11th day of March, 1867. HILAND R. HULBURD, Comptroller of Currency. May 12th, 1867. n3m2.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, UMATILLA, OREGON.

GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED to all parts of the mines in Oregon, Idaho, and Owyhee, and all the business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business will be promptly attended to.

Consignments of Goods Solicited.

References: Jacob Underhill & Co., Allen & Lewis, Geo. C. Johnson & Co., Portland, San Francisco.

Mark Goods, Care of J. R. F., Umatilla. Umatilla, May 1, 1867. n4t4.

TOMB-STONES.

MARBLE WORK.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ESTABLISHED a

Marble Yard and Stone Cutting Shop

for work in his line with skill, neatness and fidelity, in In Boise City, and is prepared to execute all orders the shortest possible time. I have a quarry from which stone of an excellent quality is obtained for Head and Tombstones, and the lettering and sculpture will be executed in most artistic styles. Orders from adjoining counties promptly attended to, and personal supervision given to setting gravestones, if required. Orders at Idaho City or in Boise Basin can be left at the WORLD office, or at the Boise Bakery of Donaho & Bruce. Boise City, May 6, '67. n2t4. P. J. QUINN.

AGENTS WANTED!

TO SELL THE...

"LOST CAUSE."

THE ONLY OFFICIAL SOUTHERN History of the War, by E. A. POLLARD, the popular historian of the South; complete in one Royal Octavo volume of nearly 800 pages, and 24 fine steel portraits.

From the San Francisco Examiner. "It is a work of great power and historical accuracy, and written with ease, fluency, and true eloquence of style. In mechanical execution it is of unsurpassed excellence. We cheerfully commend it to all seekers after truth."

Do not buy or subscribe for any war book until you have seen this great work. The public are cautioned against any other work purporting to be this one. Do not fail to send at once for circulars and terms to agents of this great book.

Sold only by Subscription. Address: E. E. SHEAR, General Agent, n2ml. No. 8 Montgomery st., San Francisco.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

DRYDE MCCLINTOCK & STEWART are prepared to make contracts for supplying

PUBLIC HOUSES, STORES AND FAMILIES

In Idaho City and vicinity, with pure clear Ice during the season, and will furnish it

At Lower Prices

Than any one else in the business can. Idaho city, May 8, 1867. n2t4.

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM HANSON, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the above-named estate, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within four months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the house of S. Sonson, on Buena Vista Bar in Boise county. M. ANDERSON, Adm'r. Idaho city, May 10, 1867. n3w4.

Notice to Teamsters.

WANTED TO CONTRACT FOR the removal of the Cobden Quartz Mill, a distance of twenty miles. The mill and machinery weighs one hundred tons. Apply to JAS. M. CLASSEN, At Vantine & Co.'s Idaho city, May 14, '67. n4w2.

Intelligence Office.

KUM AH MOE (CHARLEY) HAS just established an office on Commercial street, opposite the old Times office, where he will attend to the furnishing of work hands, transfer of mining claims or working the same on shares. Possessing a thorough knowledge of the English and Chinese languages, he claims advantages in the transaction of business between the Americans and Chinamen. Idaho City, May 14, 1867. n4m3.

40 DOZ. SHOVELS, For sale at BERNSTIEL'S.