The Lewiston Teller.

VOLUME 25 — LEWISTON, IDAHO, THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1901 — NUMBER 32

The Only Agency in the City for

A. G. Spalding's Baseball and Sporting Goods

DENT AND BUTLER DRUGGISTS

Telephone 15

THE COOK To make good bread must have a stove or steel range that will bake it well. To : insure : this get a UNIVERSAL

FLETCHER HARDWARE COMPANY

Knox Hats...

New shipment showing a new block in Knox Stiff Hats. If interested please drop in and try one

SPECIALS FOR WEEK

Men's Fancy Double Thread Sox, per half dozen pair **$1.00** Would be good value at $1.50	Linen Mesh Underwear, per suit **$4.50.** Ordinary value $6.00 per suit
Balbriggan Underwear, all sizes, per suit **50c** Would be good value at 75 cents per suit	See the East Window as you go by

MRS. HEMRICK'S FANCY WORK

NOW ON DISPLAY HERE.

Sole Agents For Standard Patterns

O. A. KJOS

THE QUESTION OF CLOTHES FOR THE BOYS

Vexes mothers more, perhaps, than any other of their family cares. It is so hard to get clothes that give any amount of wear, and even the best of them usually last, but a short time. The average kind of boys' clothing does not hold its color nor shape, and in almost no time is in rags and tatters.

OUR BOYS' CLOTHING IS ENTIRELY DIFFERENT. The main point considered is wear. The coats are well and neatly made, with good linings and pockets. The pants have the crotch seams taped, so they can't rip, and in the better grades have double seats and knees. Every mother can appreciate this feature.

For style there is no clothing that surpasses ours, and very little that is as good.

As to prices, there is but very little use of our saying any thing about them. You know that we sell good goods cheaper than any other store in town. Don't come to us for trash, as we do not handle that kind of stuff, but if you can appreciate good merchandise at moderate prices we want your trade.

THE FAIR, The One Price Store

Sad Accident.

Monday afternoon Sister Simeon of the Sacred Heart hospital at Spokane was thrown from a hack and killed. She with Sister Gregory and Policeman Martin Byrne, a patient, were driving, when the team plunged over an embankment, throwing the driver from his seat. The police officer made every effort to control the horses, and finding it impossible, told the Sisters to jump from the side doors. Sister Simeon was killed and Sister Gregory so injured that she may not recover. Policeman Byrne remained in the hack for the distance of a quarter mile, endeavoring to check the horses, when he, too was thrown out. Byrne was quite weak having been in the hospital nearly a year from the effects of a gunshot wound. The driver was uninjured. The sisters have been at the hospital for 15 years. The tenderest sympathy of all go out to these noble women, whose whole life has been given to succor, comfort suffering humanity, with no hope of reward beyond that which comes from doing the will of Jesus Christ.

BIG LABOR

Meeting in New York of Capitalists and Trade Unionists.

AN EPIDEMIC OF STRIKES

Gompers Wants an Era of Perpetual Peace — Others Want More Pay.

NEW YORK, May, 7.—Conciliation as a means of maintaining industrial peace between labor and capital was discussed by leaders of unionism and finance at the chamber of commerce this afternoon. The meeting was arranged by the industrial department of the National Civic federation and all of the contributors to the symposium were leaders in their several fields of activity. They met upon common ground and were a unit in the hope that strife would be eliminated from the relations of employer and toiler and a perpetual truce declared. The speakers were Samuel Gompers, president of the American federation of Labor; Bishop Potter, John B. Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America; Charles B. Flint, president of the American Rubber company; Daniel J. Keene, of the Illinois board of arbitration; William H. Hayward of the National Association of Builders; James O'Connell, president of the International Association of Machinists, and Herman Justi, of the Illinois Coal Operators' association.

Samuel Gompers presided and in opening the meeting expressed the hope that a new epoch had come in the relations of labor and capital.

At Scranton, Penn. the shopmen of the Lackawana road desired a nine hour work day. The grievance committee were turned down when they met the superintendent of motive power. And 900 men quit at once. This makes 2,000 now out.

There are 3000 building trades people on a strike in Louisville, Ky., for a shorter work day.

Fifteen hundred building tradesmen are out in St. Paul.

The men on the electric railways and telephone work in Boston are on a strike.

The State Wagon Road.

Good roads are needed. They pay for themselves in the time saved in hauling products to market. Now the contract for the first nine miles of the state wagon road has been let to Wm. Haskins for $9,200. Work will be begun this week and completed by the middle of July. The Oregon Short Line and the P. & I. N. railroad companies have donated $6,000 to aid in the work. While no great benefit to Lewiston will accrue, yet as an integral part of Idaho, we will gain a little. It will open a vast country for cattle raising, mining and lumbering. Let the good roads movement go forward in all sections.

Grand Army Events.

Department Commander Clark has issued an order for holding the annual encampment of the G. A. R. The date is June 20, 21 and 22. The place is Coeur d' Alene city. The Memorial day order has also been issued. That day should be observed in Lewiston in a fitting manner by all our citizens. The time is not far distant when the day will be only a memory —when the last of that army shall have passed beyond the confines of terrestrial scenes. Their achievements on fields of battle entitle them to more than they have received. Give your choicest flowers on this occasion. Do without a murmur, that the graves of all the sleeping heroes may be profusely decorated.

Robbed an Indian.

Half Moon, a well known Indian living in the Kamiah district, mourns the loss of considerable worldly wealth, and charges his loss to a man named Brockway. Three Indians and a white man were near Half Moon's home at the time, but they were powerless in the face of a heavily armed desperado, to render assistance. It is said Brockway secured $200 in cash and 400 elk teeth, hunting trophies of Half Moon's ancestors, valued at $800.

Brockway was captured in a cabin a few miles from Culdesac, Tuesday morning. At the preliminary hearing the defendant was bound over to the district court.

A GAME OF HEARTS.

A Happy Marriage on the Train Completes a Courtship by Mail.

A Boise Statesman reporter captures the following romantic story:

"C. E. Arney, warden of the penitentiary, returned yesterday from Pocatello and Blackfoot. On the way home he was a witness to an unusual proceeding. When the train reached Glenn's Ferry Thursday evening about 8 o'clock he noticed a handsome and tastefully attired young lady who had been occupying a section of the Pullman car, step out on the platform and look anxiously about. As he stepped into the telegraph office he saw her step up to a young man and greet him with, 'Oh, here you are,' and they kissed. They stood back a few feet and gazed earnestly at each other, and the last he saw as he disappeared into the telegraph office they were enjoying a series of kisses. The judge sent a telegram and then went to make inquiries.

"As he got out on the platform he saw Justice of the Peace Mullaney emerge from the pullman with a flushed face and in his hand was a copy of the constitution of the United States. Mr. Arney asked a fellow passenger what was up, and was told there had been a marriage ceremony. The news quickly spread, and before the train left all the boys of the town were at the depot with tin cans, horns, etc., and a regular charivari was in full progress when the train pulled out.

"Inquiry brought out a statement that the young woman had come out from Nebraska to meet the man of her choice. He is from Weiser, and had procured the license at Mountainhome, gone to Glenn's Ferry and secured a justice of the peace and had the knot tied on the train. Who they were Mr. Arney was unable to learn.

"It also transpired that the meeting at Glenn's Ferry, just a few minutes before they became life partners, was the first for the couple, the courtship having been done by mail. They both appeared to be perfectly satisfied, and the happiness shown from every lineament of their countenances. Judge Arney understood they would make their future home at Weiser.

Gold Dollars.

The American hen is all right when she and her product are added to the dairying interest. By combining the value of these interests we have the enormous total for 1899 of $675,000,000. Gold and silver mines of this country added but $142,000,000 to our wealth in the same period.

For dairying no better country can be found than that which lies in Nez Perce county. Here the winters are mild, requiring less feed and work than other localities. Here, too, we find nutritious grasses, and water free from substances which weaken and give butter and cream a low grade in markets at home or abroad.

The man with a dairy in this section has a sure market for his product. There is always a demand as long as dairying products are shipped in and almost daily consignments are received by local dealers. The city may not consume all that is produced, but the adjacent towns and camps are steadily growing and with their growth will come increased demand.

The quality of butter produced by local dairymen is equal to any shipped in and those who are giving attention to this industry should be encouraged in their effort. Patronize home industry and in a few years we will be able to point with pride to our dairying interests, as we do today to our orchards.

The American hen is also a factor. A glance at the export table shows that less than one per cent of her product is sent out of the country. This being true, not enough poultry is raised. So here is another industry out of which many dollars may be drawn into this favored locality. Fifty of the American hen will place the interest on a $1000 mortgage on the sunny side of the ledger.

BOOT LEGGER

Comes to Grief at Lapwai With a big Load in His Possession.

STRANAHAN, THE CARRIE NATION

Of the Reservation, Breaks up J. E. Warren's Boot Legging Joint—The Law His Ax.

For many months the officers of the general government and good citizens generally have been making earnest efforts to entirely break up, or reduce to a minimum, the practice of giving liquor to Indians, and especially of introducing it upon the reservation.

There is a well organized body of individuals in the boot-legging business. Everything the ingenuity of the mind can conceive is laid in systematical plan to defeat the ends of justice and protect those who are engaged in the work. So well do the schemes laid by these persons work that detection is made almost impossible. But surely will the end come to all who engage in boot-legging.

The government never sleeps. It keeps up the work both day and night. It may take months but every boot-legger, male and female, will do work for the state. the boot-legger must go.

These people, for the sake of a few dollars, place in jeopardy the lives of women and children and expose property to the ravages of fire, for the worst there is in the nature of a bad Indian comes to the front when he is filled with liquor. The liquor sold to persons on the reservation is of the vilest sort, well calculated to destroy the better traits of nature of both white and red men.

It is not always the criminal class that engage in boot-legging, but the better class—men who stand well in the community—are in it. The unholy greed of gain is so strong in them that they will risk a penitentiary sentence for a few paltry dollars. It was one of this class who recently fell into the hands of the law. They always seem most surprised when suspicion points to them. When cornered they declare did not know they were doing an unlawful act.

J. E. Warren, a druggist, at Fletcher, has been under surveillance for a long time. Every effort made to find out what he was really doing came to naught until Indian Agent Stranahan, in desperation to break up the criminal work of the boot-leggers, seized the horses and wagon of the druggist while on the public highway at Lapwai. When searched it was hard to tell whether Warren was a druggist or a traveling distillery. He had in his possession three cases of whiskey, or 106 bottles, and ten bottles of beer. He and the party traveling with him were taken to the agency. Then a number of witnesses were brought in and marks of identification placed upon the confiscated rot gut.

Mr. H. S. Wright, who was in the wagon, disclaimed all knowledge as to what was in the wagon or the purposes of the druggist and was released without bond.

Warren conducts a sort of a temperance hall and drug store at Fletcher and has been a resident there for some time. He has been there long enough to know that it was unlawful to take liquor upon the reservation, and a man with sense enough to conduct a store should be too wise to set up a baby plea, "I didn't know it was against the law." It was known before Warren came to Lewiston what his mission was, and just how the government at Lapwai was apprised makes no difference.

Warren waived preliminary examination at 4 o'clock yesterday before Commissioner O'Neill and he was held to the federal court.

So endeth the first chapter in the case of the druggist, ex-policeman and temperance hall proprietor.

Commissioner Case

The recent decision in the case of the Nez Perce county commissioners has given rise to considerable comment, and some persons seem to have gained the idea that the previous decisions of the court respecting the restrictions placed on a board of commissioners have been overruled. The Statesman does not understand it so.

When this Nez Perce case was originally heard, the hearing was on demurrer, the district judge sustaining the demurrer and throwing the case out of court. From that decision an appeal was taken, and the supreme court reversed the lower court, directing that the case be tried and that the commissioners be ousted if the facts were as claimed. The supreme court had nothing before it but the complaint; it did not have the facts because these had not been brought out. The complaint alleged that the commissioners had collected the illegal fees knowingly, wilfully, etc., all the customary allegations being set forth.

When the case was tried by the district court it was shown the commissioners acted on the advice of the county attorney and there was much evidence to show that they had acted in entire good faith, even to paying the money back to the county on its being shown that their action was illegal.

A majority of the court felt that the failure to sustain the allegation that the acts had been done knowingly and wilfully justified them in declining to affirm the judgment of ouster and fine.

The subject is surrounded by many niceties of distinction, but it is sufficient to point out that the decision will not leave commissioners free to violate the law. They must act within the law, and if they fail to do so they will have to make a strong showing of good faith if they hope to escape from the penalty. It is not to be assumed that any county attorney would hereafter advise the board of commissioners that they had a right to employ themselves to superintend road work or to perform any other service for the county as individuals. But if some such official should give incorrect advice on some such point, and members of the board should be innocently led into collecting a few dollars to which they were not entitled and they should pay it back on having their attention called to the mistake, they would have the protection of this decision against disgrace and punishment not merited by intention.—Boise Statesman.

Dry Goods Man Dropped Dead.

A young lady visiting town dropped into one of our stores the other day and said: "It is my desire to obtain a pair of circular elastic appendages capable of being contracted and expanded by means of oscillating burnished steel appliances that sparkle like bits of gold leaf set with Alaska diamonds, and which are utilized for keeping in position the habiliments of the lower extremities which delicacy forbids me to mention."

The rain helps the farmer in his work

Seeing Is Believing

Come See and Be Convinced

OF OUR GOOD STYLE GOOD MATERIALS, AND RIGHT PRICES

THE FASHION