

# SUMMARY OF WORLD'S NEWS

## NEWS OF THE WORLD IN BRIEF.

A Complete Review of the Events of the Past Week—in This and Foreign Lands—Taken From the Latest Dispatches.

It has been definitely decided that the president and his party will leave San Francisco Saturday. They will go direct to Washington, and no stops will be made except those made necessary by railroad arrangements.

Alaska may have a new governor soon after President McKinley returns to Washington. Governor John G. Brady's term expired this month, and he is now holding office through that provision of the law which keeps him till his successor is appointed.

The president and Secretary of State Hay have been in constant communication with Washington during all their journey west. Dispatches from our foreign embassies have been continually arriving, and the Chinese situation has received special attention.

The greatest flood in the history of Elizabethtown, Tenn., swept through there recently, drowning three persons and wiping out 62 dwellings. The names of the victims are: Mrs. Gregg, Mrs. Filley and a negro named Souchong. Others are missing and are believed to have been drowned.

The cadets dismissed from the West Point military academy as the result of the recent disturbances there are: Henry L. Bolby, Nebraska; John A. Cleveland, Alabama; Trangett F. Teller, New York; Raymond A. Lynton, Michigan; Birchie O. Mahaffey, Texas. All these cadets are of the second class.

The following cadets have been suspended: Olan Caheshire, Illinois; Benjamin F. McClellan, Mississippi; James A. Shannon, Minnesota; Charles Telford, Utah, of the second class; also Thomas N. Gimpinger of Ohio and Henry Hawley of New York, of the third class. These cadets are suspended without pay until April 1, 1902.

Reports from Peking are to the effect that Marshal von Waldersee has informed the Chinese his troops will not leave Peking until the court returns and he is himself received in imperial audience. The French have withdrawn from the Shan-si expedition and the English have refused to take any part in it.

Captain Frederick J. Barrows, Thirtieth volunteer infantry, late depot quartermaster of the department of southern Luzon, who was charged with embezzlement and selling government property, to be dishonorably discharged and to undergo five years' imprisonment. Both Barrows and Boyer will eventually be removed to Leavenworth prison, Kansas.

According to advices from Dawson of May 16, by the steamer Cottage City, the Yukon river at Dawson is clear of ice. On the afternoon of the 14th thousands of people were attracted to the river front by the cracking ice, which was heard for miles. The scene was awe-inspiring and business of the Klondike metropolis was suspended. Ice accumulated in the river above the city to a considerable height and so great became the pressure that the ice in front of the city gave way, and with a roar and rush it soon disappeared and formed a large jam about a mile below Dawson.

The United States revenue cutter Grant has come off the rocks in Saanich sound.

The village of Esparagosa, province of Badajoz, has been almost destroyed by a storm. One woman was killed.

The wooden steamer Baltimore foundered recently in Lake Huron near Au Sable and 12 of her crew of 14 were drowned.

Thomas Morris Avery, founder of the Elgin National Watch company, died recently in Chicago, from a stroke of paralysis. Mr. Avery was past 62 years of age.

H. H. Spyer's shingle mill was burned recently. The fire started in the boiler room. Loss, \$20,000, fully covered by insurance.

Marvin Hart of Louisville recently knocked out Dan Crendon of Australia in the sixth round before the Southern Athletic club of Louisville.

La Union, a large union soap factory controlled by Serrano & Farjas and owned by various stockholders of Torreon, Mexico, and surrounding neighborhood, has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$225,000.

A superior force of Boers made a determined attack on a convoy between Venterdorp and Potoschetstroom, May 26, but were driven off. British loss was four killed and 20 wounded. The convoy arrived in safety.

Governor Aycock of Raleigh, N. C., says the flood damage in the state amounts to several million dollars. Last night's rainfall was very heavy and more rain is falling. All streams in that section are rising.

At Key West, Fla., as the result of an unexplained tragedy at a cottage occupied by the D'Orosmond-Puller company, a dramatic organization. Miss

Inez Leonard and T. Edgar Baucleigh, two members of the company, are dead. Another material cut in Alaska passenger rates has been made by the Pacific Coast Steamship company, which advertised and placarded first class tickets to Juneau and Lynn canal ports for \$5. It provides also a round trip voyage between Seattle and Alaska for \$10.

Alexander McKenzie, the Nome mine receiver, who was sentenced to a year in the county jail at Oakland, Cal., for contempt of court, but whose sentence was commuted, was taken from the jail to a private sanitarium, where he will remain, he says, until he completely recovers his health and strength.

The team of American trap shooters selected to represent the United States in the match with the British experts for \$2500 a side at the Middlesex Gun Club's grounds near London, on June 11 and following days, have sailed for Liverpool on board the steamer Canadian.

The multiplex system of telegraphy, invented by the late Professor Henry M. Rowland, of Baltimore, which is being introduced into Germany, permits of the transmission of eight messages simultaneously over a single wire, four in each direction, at the rate of 40 words a minute. The messages are sent by means of a keyboard similar to that of a typewriter, which can be operated by an ordinary typewriter operator and are recorded at the other end of the wire by a small machine. It is possible either to print the messages upon a sheet of paper or upon a long tape like that which is used in the ordinary ticker service.

At Albany, N. Y., electric cars racing for a switch while running in opposite directions at the rate of 40 miles an hour, caused the loss of five lives Sunday afternoon by a collision in which over 40 prominent people were injured, some fatally and others seriously. The dead are: Frank Smith, motorman; William Nichols, motorman; Maud Kellogg, Round Lake; Annie Rooney, Stuyvesant Falls; David Mahoney, mate on the Dean Richmond. Fatally injured: George Barry, Troy, hurt internally; Fred Smith, Albany, injured internally. The scene of the senger rates has been made by the Pa- accident was at a point about two miles out of Greenbush, on the line of the Albany & Hudson railway.

Aguinaldo Is Coming.

Aguinaldo will probably come to the United States early next fall. He has already informed General MacArthur of his desire to visit this country and wants to leave not later than September 15, when conditions in the islands will permit his unconditional release from custody. Reports from MacArthur show that Aguinaldo is now permitted to have a large amount of liberty, but until civil government is inaugurated it is not probable that he will be allowed to have perfect freedom.

Aguinaldo's explanation for wanting to visit the United States is that he would like to study American institutions and the English language, with a view to benefitting his country on his return. He desires to take up the study of economic and political questions in the United States.

The federal party of the Philippines held a convention several weeks ago and decided to name two delegates to the United States who will come here to study American institutions. One of the delegates selected is Don Tomas Del Rosario, who has been very active in the formation of federal societies in the islands.

Dress Saved Her Life.

Philadelphia, May 26.—A sensational attempt at murder and suicide took place at a hotel here when John A. Jenkins of Brooklyn attempted to kill a young woman named Mae Barber of this city and then blew his brains out while in the grasp of a patrolman. Just at midnight a policeman heard a scream from a window on the fourth floor and saw a woman hanging from the window by her dress. The officer rushed up the stairs and met a man hurrying down. He grasped the man, who suddenly drew a revolver and blew out his own brains. The woman was rescued from perilous position and gave her name as Mae Barber. She said she and Jenkins had taken a room, and Jenkins had declared his intention of killing her and himself, and at the point of a revolver had forced her to write a farewell note. Watching her opportunity, she had sprung from the window and her dress caught and held her fast.

Broderick Unpopular.

New York, May 28.—There is no doubt, the London correspondent of the Herald thinks, that Mr. Broderick, the secretary of state for war, is not popular with the British army. It is learned from talk in the military clubs that no less than 1000 officers have sent in their papers to the war office. In military circles it is the only topic of conversation. None of these military men believe Mr. Broderick will be able to realize a new army scheme. The recruiting out look is black, indeed.

Embassiers at Colorado Springs.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 26.—Moses T. Hale, who has been for eight years city treasurer of Colorado Springs, and Charles E. Smith, who was for four years prior to 1897 the city clerk, are under arrest charged with embezzlement of \$60,000 as principal and accessory.

# WIND DID GREAT DAMAGE NEWS ITEMS OF NORTHWEST

## UTAH, NEVADA AND WYOMING.

Damages Will Reach Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars—Telegraph Lines Down—Fruit Damaged—Railways Covered With Sand.

Salt Lake, May 27.—The windstorm which swept over Nevada, Utah, Southern Idaho, Wyoming and Colorado recently did damage that will run into the hundreds of thousands of dollars. It resulted in almost complete prostration of telegraph and telephone service in the states affected, and for nearly 24 hours during the height of the storm the intermountain region was practically cut off from the rest of the world.

The storm was severest in eastern Nevada and Utah and in the fertile valleys in the northern part of Utah widespread devastation resulted. When the storm was at its height last night the wind at some points reached a velocity of 50 miles an hour.

At Ogden the storm was felt worst. Here the wind tore roofs from a number of buildings, including the Baptist church, completely demolishing barns and outbuildings and scattered them far and wide, uprooted many shade trees and tore other to pieces, blew in plate glass windows in business blocks and prostrated electric light wires, so that after midnight the city was in darkness. The damage in Ogden probably will reach \$100,000.

Five Points, Logan, Smithfield, Hooper and other places the damage was very great. Hundreds of fruit trees were completely stripped. The force of the wind was so terrific around Logan and Hooper that tomato vines were swept entirely from fields. It is estimated that fully half of the crop was destroyed. Around Hooper the sweep of the wind blew away the plowed ground to the full depth that the plows had entered the earth, rendering the land practically useless. Along the north shore of Great Salt Lake the wind practically picked up the dry sand in great quantities and hurled it across the country with terrific force, half burying the railroad tracks for miles.

Flag Does Not Follow.

The decision of the supreme court is that the constitution does not follow the flag. This decision, the most important that great tribunal has ever made, will be handed down next Monday. The decision is in favor of the government, but by a divided bench. There will be at least five individual opinions, but some of these are concurring opinions, expressing the views of the writers more fully and particularly than is done in the opinion of the majority. The court goes back to the period in which the republic was formed and the constitution framed and endeavors to ascertain what was the intent of the founders of the nation.

The opinion of the majority of the court disposes of the uniform taxation clause of the constitution, which has been invoked by all the appellants in these cases in the following manner:

The framers of the constitution, in writing that clause, had no thought of its application to territorial possessions. No such question as is now presented had arisen in their minds. The clause which provides that all duties, imposts and excise shall be uniform throughout the United States, the court holds, was placed in the constitution as a result of the jealousies of the states which united in forming the nation. It was intended to prevent any state or combination of states securing advantages over another or others to prevent the ports of one state gaining preference over those of another in the importation of goods.

This rule of uniformity was made primarily for the states united, the court holds, not for territories then possessed or afterward acquired. The constitutional requirement is satisfied as long as all duties on imports are uniformly imposed at all the ports throughout the United States. The advantage of this uniformity may be extended to territories and possessions not states and not members of the American union, but that is for congress to determine under the constitution.

WAS CAUGHT IN A SQUALL.

Southampton, May 23.—The cup challenger, with King Edward and a party on board, was totally dismasted by a squall off Cowes, Isle of Wight. The king, who was on deck, had a miraculous escape. The topmast, mainmast and bowsprit were broken short off. The disaster occurred while arrangements were being made for the start of Brambles buoy.

In Europe 10 out of every 1000 persons are living out of their own country, in America 137 out of every 1000, while 300 out of every 1000 Australians were born in some other part of the world.

# NEWS ITEMS OF NORTHWEST

## BRIEFLY TOLD IN NOTES.

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Four Northwest States of a Miscellaneous Nature Gathered the Past Week.

### IDAHO.

The Lewiston city election will occur June 10, and a mass convention for the nomination of candidates was held on Monday evening.

Lower Snake river orchards were shipping early berries last week, though shipments so far are only of small amounts, going to Spokane and the Coeur d'Alene mines.

The Moscow Milling company is adding new and improved planing mill machinery, with the intention of engaging in the manufacture of finishing lumber, sash and doors this year.

R. G. Stewart of Indian Valley, Idaho, has about consummated the sale of his 480 acres of land in that vicinity to a colony of Mormons. The price paid was \$10,000. It is the intention to divide the farm into 20 acre tracts.

A mass of falling rock and dirt in the De Lamar mine recently instantly killed Archie Warren, a timberman. Warren was ex-president of the De Lamar Miners' Union. He had been elected a delegate to the Western Federation of Miners, which meets at Denver this year and this was his final working day prior to leaving for that city.

W. R. Lake and George I. Scofield of West Superior, Wis., and Isaac Baker of Chicago, all members of the Schofield Lumber syndicate, are in Idaho for the purpose of inspecting the white pine timber belt of the Scofield syndicate east of Orofino. The Scofield syndicate owns 10,000 acres there and has been endeavoring to purchase the large body of white pine land reserved by the state in that region. Mr. Lake and companions expect to remain in the timber three weeks.

John King, whose arrest last week on a charge of the murder of Charles E. Thatcher caused a sensation throughout the entire Lewiston country, has been discharged from custody in the probate court on the motion of County Attorney Johnson. The state had just completed the examination of its witnesses in preliminary. When the motion was made by the county attorney, 200 spectators applauded enthusiastically.

Hunsperger & Bohle, who have been developing a water power on Orofino creek, just above Orofino, will erect a 50 barrel grist mill this year and expect to have it ready to grind this fall's crop. They have taken the water from the creek about a mile above the town, on the north side of the stream, and conducted it through an open ditch for a distance of 3,000 feet. They are now constructing an open flume five feet square for a distance of less than 100 feet.

A laundress whose name was unlearned attempted suicide last week at Wallace by jumping into the South Fork. She worked in a laundry across the river from the O. R. & N. depot and shortly after noon went out and jumped from the plank on the retaining wall into the middle of the swift current where the water is four or six feet deep. Three or four men quickly went to her aid, getting her out at the Sixth street bridge about two blocks below. Dependency is the cause assigned.

### MONTANA.

Frederick Runkle, an old resident of Sheridan, is dead.

Over 300 men are now employed in the East Helena smelter.

Henry Mueller has been re-elected president of the school board of Butte.

Helena learns of the death near Garnett of Lewis Penwell, foreman of the Ross Fork Sheep company.

John R. Toole, Bernard McGinty and J. G. Maroney have been appointed appraisers of the estate of the late Marcus Daly.

The unions of Butte will send 14 delegates to the fourth annual meeting of the Western Labor union which opened in Denver May 27.

Frank E. Hirsch, formerly game warden for Lewis and Clarke county, and Miss Bertha Sells were married May 11 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Stewart at Great Falls.

The Helena Rifle club has been started by George E. Reed with such success that he has already secured 20 applications for membership, has found a ground for target practice and has called a meeting for organization, says the Record.

Notwithstanding the fact that the board of directors of the Helena Racing association received something of a setback in the decision of the Helena Power & Light company not to build an extension of their line to the race track, the board has by no means abandoned the idea of having the fall race meeting as originally contemplated.

The Northern Pacific company's large warehouse, in which was stored 50,000 pounds of wool, tools and supplies, caught fire recently, presumably from a locomotive spark, and was destroyed, together with a two-story residence and a large number of cedar and

oak piles, at Glendive. Loss, \$100,000.

A Jap was killed at Bear Creek, a station on the Great Northern just west of the Summit. The man who did the killing was Frank Myers, the operator at Bear Creek station. He claims the killing was in self defense and justifiable as he was pursued by a crowd of Japs numbering about 10. Myers was taken to Kalispell by Sheriff Hand and placed in jail. The dead Jap was also taken to Kalispell.

There are 79 fire insurance and 19 life insurance companies doing business in Montana. Risks written in fire insurance in 1900 were \$45,001,910; gross premiums received, \$925,339; losses paid, \$525,252; losses incurred, \$487,026; and amount at risk, \$20,360,168. The 19 life insurance companies did the following business: Insurance in force December 31, 1899, total, \$26,715,526; insurance written, \$6,155,612; premiums received, \$962,311; losses incurred, \$222,824; insurance in force December 31, 1900, \$29,863,479.

### WASHINGTON.

Centralia has a total school enrollment of 643 pupils.

Spokane Interstate fair will be held from Tuesday, September 10, to Saturday, September 21, inclusive.

Of 1,400 delinquent tax certificates in Walla Walla 400 settlements have been made before suit was commenced.

Goldendale is again a dry town. The new council has repealed the license ordinance and both saloons have closed.

Phil W. Cox, a sheepgrower of Hay station, sold 50,000 pounds of wool on the cars at Hay recently to a San Francisco buyer for 9 cents per pound.

State Treasurer Maynard has issued an unusual general fund warrant call numbered from 71,546 to 75,536 inclusive, amounting to \$300,793.19, interest ceasing June 3.

At Winona Junction, 28 miles west of Colfax, a man styling himself "Nelson the Great" was rotten egged and severely beaten by a gang of men and boys because of insulting remarks he made about the women of Winona.

The Spokane Interstate fair has been incorporated. Work at the grounds will be started immediately and carried on with a rush. The premium list will be published and advertising matter will be distributed as soon as possible.

The gold medal given by Whitman academy for a declamation contest between the academy and the Walla Walla high school was won by Willie Merritt of Whitman. His subject was "The Arena Scene," from Quo Vadis. His opponent was Miss Laura Chapman, who claimed a selection from Ben Hur.

Dr. Frances E. Clark, the illustrious founder of the Christian Endeavor movement, which he organized in his church in Portland, Me., February 2, 1881, was a guest of Spokane last week. He is making a circle of the United States in the interest of the Christian Endeavor societies, attending state conventions and other meetings.

Sheriff Mills has sold the Thurston county courthouse and three-fourths of the entire block to Governor Rogers, acting as spokesman for the state of Washington, for a capitol building for \$166,000. During the day the balance of the block was purchased for \$4,000, the deed for which had been in escrow since January last.

Judge Hanford of the United States court has handed down a lengthy decision in the case of John Crocker White against the city of Tacoma, in which he holds that an assessment to cover the cost of street grading, against property not abutting on the street to be graded and which is not benefited equally with abutting property, equally assessed, is unconstitutional and void.

### OREGON.

The more enterprising farmers of Athens district are beginning to extend the corn department on their farms.

Finn settlers at the hearwaters of the Nasel and Deep rivers observed Memorial Day this year for the first time.

There has already been delivered on the ground 150,000 feet of lumber for the new flouing mill building at The Dalles.

J. O. Olinger is about to start a new sawmill 12 miles from Milton, on Lincoln mountain. Mr. Olinger has secured a good supply of timber. The mill will employ 10 men.

Sugar beet farmers in the vicinity of La Grande will gain the most by the rainfall. Unless something unexpected happens they will raise a larger crop this season than ever before.

The strike of the machinists at the Wolfe & Zwicker Iron works of Portland, came to an end last week, the receivers of the company having conceded the scale of wages and hours insisted upon by the union.

As the wild cayuse of the Umatilla reservation grows less in number and as his value goes up with the increasing demand, one peculiar use to which he has been put by the rancher of the reserve is disappearing.

W. B. Adeock of Adams, died recently, aged 80, at the homes of James T. Lieualien, his father-in-law. He was an Oregon pioneer, coming to Umatilla county over 30 years ago. For many years he was justice of the peace at Athens.

Girls, if singleness is bliss 'tis folly to be wives.

# GOVERNMENT IS SUSTAINED

## OPINION OF SUPREME COURT.

Has Decided the Status of Our Island Possessions—Power of Congress Defined—Foraker Act Was Constitutional—Duties From Porto Rico.

Washington, D. C., May 28.—The United States supreme court handed down opinions concerning all the issues on the new insular possessions which have been in controversy. Although several of the decisions upheld the contestants on certain issues raised, yet in the most important decision, that of Downes against Bidwell, Justice Brown announced the sweeping decision of the court upholding the general attitude and policy of the government up to the present time. The effect of this decision is to affirm the constitutionality of the Foraker act, and to give congress power to deal with a newly acquired territory in such manner as the legislative branch may consider suitable for the new territory. The decision also has the effect of declaring that the new insular possessions do not by virtue of the technicality of rights of the constitution.

In the Downes case, the United States supreme court decided in an opinion by Justice Brown that while Porto Rico is a territory of the United States, it is not such for tariff purposes, and that the Foraker act is constitutional. The judgment of the circuit court was affirmed.

A dissenting opinion was handed down by Justice White, in which Justices Shiras and McKenna concurred.

### Opinion in De Lima Case.

Justice Brown of the United States supreme court announced the decision of that court in the insular cases. The announcement of the court's opinion was begun at 12:27. The main opinion was handed down in the De Lima case. Justice Brown, who announced the court's decision, on points of jurisdiction holds that the lower court had jurisdiction. Justice Brown said that whether the sugars imported from or into Porto Rico were dutiable depends upon whether Porto Rico is a foreign country. He held that the right to acquire territory involved the right to govern and control it by congress, but he said that a country could not be both foreign and domestic.

The opinion was opposed to the contention of the government. He concluded that at the time the duties were collected Porto Rico was not a foreign country, but a territory of the United States.

From a high source it is learned that the United States supreme court has decided as follows:

1. The constitution follows the flag.
2. The United States can have no subject colonies.
3. Porto Rico and the Philippines are now war territory and are not yet integral parts of the republic.
4. They must be governed as war territory until congress acts.
5. Congress has the power to withdraw the flag and relinquish possession of them.
6. Congress alone can incorporate new territory into the United States.
7. The Paris treaty did not incorporate the new islands into the United States.
8. The constitution applies to all territorial possessions of the United States.
9. The president has no power outside of or beyond the constitution.
10. The president can use no "discretion" beyond the limits of the constitution.
11. The tax on Porto Rican products is legal.

The members of the supreme court will decide today by vote whether their decision shall be made public or held back until October. The decision was reached after one of the most spirited discussions ever held within the sacred circle of the supreme court bench. There is a dissenting opinion.

### Sampson May Retire.

New York, May 28.—According to a Washington dispatch to the World, it is reported in naval circles at the capital that Rear Admiral Sampson may ask for voluntary retirement on account of his health, and that the navy department will grant his request. He will not regularly be retired under the statutory clause until late next winter.

Rear Admiral Sampson is now commandant at the Boston navy yard. He has served more than 35 years and is entitled to retirement upon application. His friends say he has nothing to gain by remaining longer in the service, for he has reached the highest grade possible now. No official application has been received at Washington from him and he may make none until after Secretary Long's return.

### Wrecked a Bank.

Vergennes, Vt., May 28.—Lieutenant Governor M. F. Allen, vice president and director of the Farmers' National bank, which recently suspended here, and J. W. Ketcham, a representative to the legislature from this place, have been arrested by United States officers under indictments charging them with complicity with Cashier D. O. Lewis in wrecking the bank.

### Date for Boat Race.

New York, May 28.—The Royal Ulster Yacht club has called the New York Yacht club an approval of September 21 as the day for the opening contest in the cup race, and that date is finally and definitely fixed.