

# THE LEXINGTON PROGRESS.

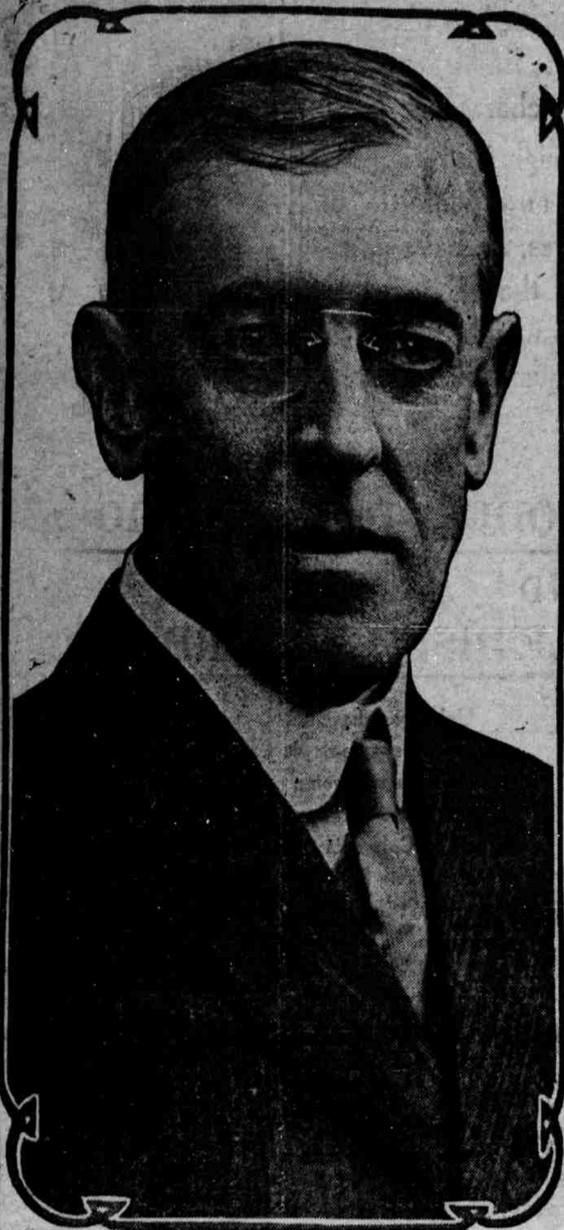
"We Seek of Men as we Find them and of Things as they are Unfolded to Us."

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PRESIDENT WILSON



As we go to Press Thursday, we can state That President Wilson and Vice-President Marshall will be re-nominated by the St. Louis Convention.

## LITTLETON RETAINS SEAT ON NATIONAL COMMITTEE

Chicago, June 10.—Pending the decision of the executive committee of the Republican National Committee, Mayor Jesse M. Littleton of Chattanooga, Tenn., will retain his seat in the national committee, to which position he was elected several days ago, defeating John J. Gore of Gainesboro.

The case of Mr. Littleton was considered by the national committee here this afternoon and referred to the executive for final disposition. Mr. Littleton's certificate is in the hands of the committee and he was included in a picture made of the committee after the hearing.

Mr. Littleton was vigorously supported in the hearing by H. Clay Evans of Chattanooga. Former Gov. B. W. Hooper appeared as the leading counsel in contesting the action of W. W. Taylor of Nashville and S. B. Anderson of Memphis for casting their votes in the delegation conference for Mr. Littleton instead of Mr. Gore, for whom they were instructed.

The hearing developed into a heated factional fight between the Gore supporters and the adherents of Mr. Littleton. The latter warmly scored Mr. Hooper as a "creature of fusion" and challenged his loyalty to the Republicans party in Tennessee.

He said while Mr. Hooper was governor of the state he had filled vacancies on the bench in Tennessee with independent Democrats, and during his entire term he had boasted that he was not a Republican governor, but a best element governor, and so absolutely separated from the Republican party that he protested to the chairman of the platform committee in one of the conventions that nominated him against the indorsement of the national administration.

At this point Mr. Hooper, who had been listening with flushed face sprang up and declared that the remark was untrue, and demanded to know the speaker's authority for it. Mr. Littleton pointed to H. Clay Evans, and Mr. Evans strongly reiterated the statement. Mr. Hooper made no response to the accusation of Mr. Evans, after the latter informed him that he had a draft of the platform drawn by Mr. Hooper in his possession. This will, it is believed, sustain the action of the majority of the Tennessee delegation and definitely seat Mr. Littleton.

Mr. Hooper endeavored to secure a continuance of the case, but his plans were thwarted by Mr. Littleton and Representative Austin.

With Roosevelt out of the running for President a considerable percentage of his following will vote for Wilson and another big bunch will stay at home—or "go fishing" on the day of the November election.

## HUGHES AND FAIRBANKS ROOSEVELT AND PARKER

### Republican and Progressive Conventions at Chicago Name Presidential Tickets.

#### Hughes on Third—Teddy by Acclamation.

The National Republican and Progressive conventions held in Chicago, concluded their labors on the third day, last Saturday, by the former nominating Justice Charles E. Hughes, of the United States Supreme court, resident in New York, for President, and Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, for Vice President, while the Progressives, by acclamation and without taking a ballot, nominated former President Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, for the Presidency, and John M. Parker, of New Orleans, La., for Vice President.

Justice Hughes was the choice of the Republican common people of the United States and his nomination nearly approached being unanimous, receiving 849½ votes out of the total 987.

On the ballot which nominated Hughes, notwithstanding the name of Roosevelt had been withdrawn, Colorado cast her 18½ for him.

After the nominating ballot had been cast and the vote tabulated a motion to make the nomination of Justice Hughes was unanimous put before the convention and carried.

Following action by the two conventions, the nominees for the Presidency were communicated with and informed that they had been chosen, Justice Hughes being at home working on opinions to be handed down on the Monday following and Col. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, awaiting the inevitable—his own selection by a great convention which was in no mood to consider any other name. The subjoined communications were received by the respective Republican and Progressive conventions:

#### Justice Hughes' Acceptance:

Washington, June 10.—Justice Hughes wired the convention in part as follows:

"I have not desired the nomination. I have wished to remain on the bench, but in this critical period in our national history I recognize that it is your right to summon and that it is my paramount duty to respond. You speak at a little length of the national exigency transcending merely partisan considerations. You voice the demand for a dominant, thoroughgoing Americanism, with firm, protective, upbuilding policies essential to our peace and security. And to this call, in this crisis, I cannot fail to answer with the pledge of all that is in me to the service of our country. Therefore, I accept the nomination."

He also declares for preparedness with all thoroughness; says we must make a fair and wise readjustment of the thrif in accordance with the sound protective principle, must conserve the just interests of labor and seek expansion of foreign trade. He refers to the humiliating spectacle of inaptitude with respect to the present administration's dealings with Mexico and the European combatants.

Later on the day of his nomination Justice Hughes resigned from the Supreme bench and his resignation was accepted by President Wilson.

On the three ballots taken for Hughes Tennessee voted as follows as between Hughes and Roosevelt:

First ballot—Hughes 9, Roosevelt 5.

Second ballot—Hughes 8, Roosevelt 5.

Third ballot—Hughes 18, Roosevelt 3.

On the first two ballots Tennessee cast scattering and small votes for Weeks, Burton, Sherman, Dupont, Fairbanks and Root.

Both Fairbanks and Parker doubtless jumped at the nominations offered.

#### Roosevelt's Reply:

Oyster Bay, June 10.—Theodore Roosevelt made the following statement this afternoon:

"I am very grateful for the honor you have conferred upon me by nominating me as president. I cannot accept at this time. I do not know the attitude of the candidates of the Republican party towards the vital questions of the day. Therefore, if you desire an immediate decision, I must decline the nomination, but if you prefer, I suggest that my conditional refusal to run be placed in the hands of the Progressive national committee. If Mr. Hughes' statements, when he makes them, shall satisfy the committee that it is for the interest of the country that he be elected, they can act accordingly and treat my refusal as definitely accepted. If they are not satisfied they can so notify the Progressive party and at the same time they can confer with me and then determine on whatever action we may severally deem appropriate to meet the needs of the country."

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

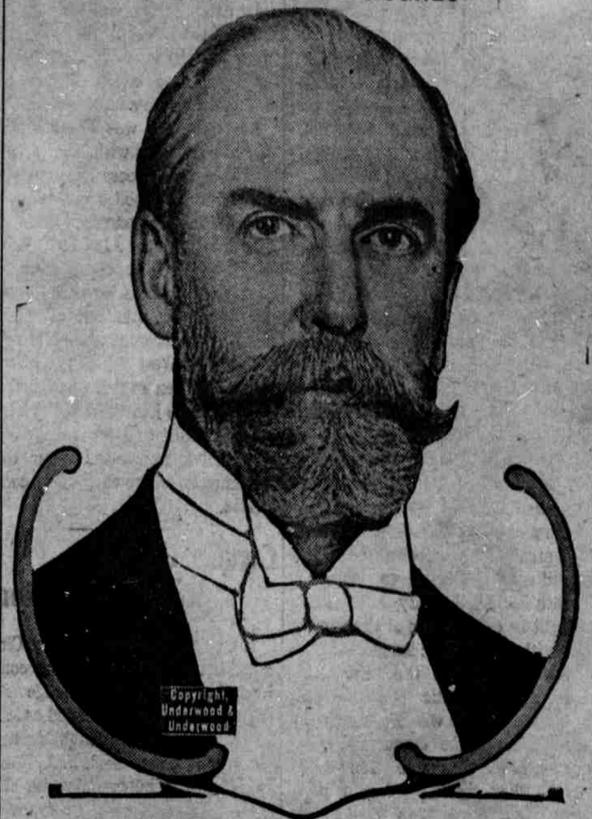
## Revival to Begin Sunday June 18

Evangelist D. P. Montgomery of Blue Mountain, Miss., and son, Paul, choir leader, will arrive in time for the opening services of the revival at the Baptist church next Sunday and will carry on the work indefinitely. A good meeting is confidently expected and earnestly hoped for by the pastor and leaders in that congregation. The members of other churches in the town are cordially and earnestly urged to attend the services and render co-operation in making them effective.

## Bob Gates To Speak To Rural Carriers

Robert M. Gates, a former Jackson boy, now the staff correspondent of the Memphis Daily Commercial Appeal, at Washington, will address the State convention of Tennessee Rural Mail Carriers in Jackson, which will be in session in that city on the 3d and 4th of July. The convention expects to have in attendance 250 delegates from over the State and the occasion will be an interesting and profitable one to the boys who are doing more to educate the common people of this country than is being done by any other same number in the United States—carrying daily to the homes

CHARLES EVANS HUGHES



## LEXINGTON MINISTER PREACHING IN JACKSON

The Jackson Sun of last Sunday told of a meeting in that city, in the Royal Street Baptist church, in which there had been old time shouting at a service on Friday night when Rev. Fleetwood Ball preached from the subject "Five Thoughtless Girls" builded from the text Matt. 25-10, "And the Door was Shut." The Sun reporter made the following report of the sermon preached by the Lexington minister:

His observations were on the familiar parable of the Ten Virgins, which he declared to teach essentially that Christ, like the bridegroom of the narrative, is coming again, and, as in the case of the ten virgins, His coming will find two classes of humanity, the prepared and the unprepared. The speaker asked the question, Why were the five wise virgins prepared? Because they had 1. Repented of their sins. He urged vehemently the necessity of repentance, declaring that the sinner must repent or perish. 2. They had believed on the Lord Jesus

Christ. Faith he declared to be the line of demarcation between the spiritually dead and living. The point of faith is that at which a soul passes out of the kingdom of God's dear Son. A second question asked was, Why were the five thoughtless girls unprepared? Because, 1. They neglected. Neglect is ruining more souls today than any other one cause. They put off until night what ought to have been done in day time. It is in health that men and women should prepare to meet the Lord in peace. The virgins went to buy oil for their lamps at night. 3. They all slumbered and slept. Souls today are sleeping in carnal security. 4. The door was shut. After the bridal party had gone into the marriage feast, the thoughtless girls came frantically and knocked for admittance but heard the doleful words "Depart, I know you not." In like manner will the sinner who comes to the Judgement Day unprepared be turned away from the beautiful gate.

## Edgington Witness Indicted in Memphis

Memphis, Tenn., June 10. Walter Lee, deputy sheriff and witness for Judge Edgington in the impeachment trial, has been indicted and will face trial next week on a charge of feloniously keeping a gaming house. His place was raided recently by deputies from Magistrate Taylor's office, and the present grand jury returned a true bill against him and the owners of the place raided in New South Memphis. Lee is a former policeman.

John Mangerum, also a witness in the impeachment trial for Judge Edgington, faces trial on a charge of running a gaming house. The state made an effort to indict Mangerum on a charge of assault to murder, but two jurors held out against it. He pleaded self-defense after shooting a negro several weeks ago.

of the people the mails which keeps them in touch with the balance of the world and its affairs. All honor to the mail carriers and may Bob Gates make to them an address of fitting recognition of the great work of education of which they are the indispensable instruments.

## Arrested for Violating Four-Mile Law

Pete A. Monteverde, whose affidavit that he bribed Judge Edgington with a thousand dollars to abate an injunction so he could sell suds started the investigation that led to the impeachment trial, was arrested yesterday by Officers Harmon and Davis on a charge of violating the four-mile law.

Monteverde claims that his business as a beer agent does not thrive with its old time success since he showed up the rotten political condition in Memphis.

He claims that his wagon driver was arrested yesterday while delivering a bona fide shipment of beer from an Indiana brewery to G. C. Bush, living on Lauderdale Street. His friends claim that politics caused Monteverde's arrest while he was plying the legitimate trade of an interstate shipper.

Monteverde is against Crump, and his friends say that all the beer agents who stand in with Crump deliver their suds without molestation.—Commercial Appeal.