



A HOLIDAY NECESSITY.

—as well as a luxury. Wherever Good Cigars are in evidence, good will reign supreme. Cigars will lend much to the Christmas Spirit this year.

Buy them by the box for a Christmas Gift. Roi Tan, Administration, Robt. Burns, Portina, Chancellor, and La Fendrich—neatly packed in Xmas boxes of 25 and 50, from \$2.50 per box of 25 to \$6.00 per box of 50. Also in special Xmas boxes: Chas. Denby, Great American, and John Ruskin, in boxes of 25 and 50, at \$1.75 and \$3.50.

Cigarettes in Christmas Cartons

- Chesterfield, 5 pks of 100 for \$1.
Camel, 10 pks of 200 for \$2.
Lucky Strike, 10 pks. of 200 for \$2.
Fatima, 4 pks. of 80 for \$1.
Herbert Tareyton, 10 pks. of 200 for \$3.

A "smoke" will be the finishing touch to a Christmas Dinner—to dispel that "stuffy" feeling.

THE TRIANGLE Odium—Nored—Chambers Phone No. 187.



Watch Your Children

Defective sight is one of the greatest drawbacks to the health and development of children. It is many times responsible for backwardness in school. Perhaps your youngster's vision is faulty. It won't require much effort on your part to find out and you will certainly be better satisfied to know.

DR. M. C. WOODS Over the Bank of Henry.



Table Delicacies for CHRISTMAS

The most wholesome Bread, the daintiest Cakes, and the most delicious Pies are baked fresh every day, with extra shifts for the Holidays.

During the Shopping Days, and Christmas Entertainments, we can save you time, trouble, and expense of experimenting, and at a less expense than home-attempts. When you want table delicacies that fittingly round out a meal—or whenever you want anything in the delicatessen line, please telephone us.

Notice our attractive window.

HANCOCK & HUMPHREYS

"Quality Bread."

ROTARY CLUB BACK OF SCOUTS PLANS

Reorganization of Boy Scouts Is Started With Enthusiasm; 100 At Meeting.

Realizing that more than the thirty-two boys in the organized troop were anxious to become Scouts and take part in the Scout activities here, H. L. Patterson scout master, reorganized the local Boy Scouts Monday evening at a meeting held at the court house, admitting new members and dividing the association into three separate troops to be in charge respectively of himself, J. C. Taylor and G. T. Blasingame. Another reason for the breaking up of the organized troop and shifting some of its members to other troops was to obtain a more equal footing as to size and strength among the three troops, classifying equal numbers of small and large boys in a troop, so that competitive contests and games between the troops would be square.

Assistant scout masters will be J. H. Buchanan, Baxter Clark, and Clem Kridler. Each troop can admit up to thirty-two members and will be composed of four patrols. As enrolled Monday night, there were 24 in Patterson's troop, 18 in Blasingame's, and 17 in Taylor's, which leaves room for other boys who desire to become Scouts, and who will be left out of the interesting feats of the different scout masters are planning. Officers for each troop will be elected at the regular scout meeting at the city hall, next Friday night.

About 100 boys attended the mass meeting Monday night. No definite plans were made, but enthusiasm for whole-hearted scout activity prevailed.

New scout members will be primarily occupied in passing the tenderfoot test, a first scout requirement consisting among other things of taking the scout oath, of memorizing the twelve scout laws, of learning the origin and use of the American flag, of the meaning of the scout badge, and of being able to tie the nine different knots. Older scouts constantly endeavor to advance from the tenderfoot class to the second and then to the first class as scouts.

The scout movement in Paris though it has always received general endorsement, is now being directly backed by the Rotary Club, who voted at regular luncheon meeting Friday to support the three troops morally and financially. A committee of three Rotarians will be separately responsible for each troop. These appointments will be made later. This is a part of the boys work of the Rotary.

LIKES MOTION KIND.

Artist (with musical accent)—Are you interested in pictures? Movie fan (spontaneously)—Never miss a night!—Dorchester (Mass.) Beacon.

A TONIC

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs QUININE to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

FARMERS CAN LEARN MUCH BY STUDYING NEIGHBORING FARMS

By J. C. McAmis, Agronomy Specialist, Division of Extension, University of Tennessee.

Some of The Things That Indicate The Success Or Failure of Any Farm Operations Pointed Out.

Every farmer has an opportunity to learn much about the management of his own farm by the careful study of the operations of neighboring farms. In general most farmers do talk farming to their neighbors, and if they are the right kind of neighbors they get many helpful suggestions. However, it will be worth while for most farmers to go about this matter with a little more patience and system. It is of almost as great importance to study thoroughly poorly managed farms as it is to study well managed farms. Certainly it is essential in every case to keep in mind the controlling factors and to weigh carefully their relative importance in the success or failure of the farm under study.

While one may be a truck farm and another a general farm, the points of judgment would be the same, except that the different points may be given more weight in one case than in the other.

Some of the general things that indicate the success or failure of any farm operations are: The quality of the farm business, the organization of the farm as a whole, the size of the business and the system of marketing. Each point should be studied, beginning first with the quality of the business as it is affected by crop yields, returns per head of livestock, quality of the products and use of labor of men and teams.

QUALITY OF THE FARM BUSINESS

The quality of the farm business is determined by crop yields per acre; live stock returns; the quality of products produced; and utilization of the labor of both men and teams.

Almost any successful farmer is growing one-fourth to one-third more crops per acre than his neighbors, because of the manual treatments of the land such as the use of lime, phosphate, legume crops, stable and green manures. Knowing the treatments in these respects you could predict in Tennessee about what the crop yields would be without seeing the crop or having a record. If the farm is a hill farm one would be fairly safe in predicting good yields if the soil has not been allowed to wash away. An examination of the corn field will show at once whether best use is being made of the soil by a high yielding variety.

In the same way that crop yields influence profits so do returns per head of livestock. The relative importance of the two will depend upon the percent of farm receipts from each. One may be fairly safe, though not absolutely so, in judging on these points: Whether a purebred sire is in use; whether animals are properly and economically fed, as judged by such points as pasture for hogs, silage for dairy cows, etc.; keeping of records, such as dates of breeding, milk yields, etc.

The returns from both the crops and livestock will be somewhat influenced by the quality of the products, on two apparently similarly managed farms.

The labor of men and teams is the most expensive single item in the cost of the production of crops for market or for feed. Therefore the quality of the business is in direct proportion to the efficiency in use of men and teams. This can be estimated by the number of days of productive labor, an item which will be hard to obtain accurately on most farms. Some teams work one-third of the time, while others work two-thirds or more. The number of acres of tilled crops per man and team to the thoughtful farmer, would indicate the same thing. A man and team should handle about fifty cultivated acres a year or better. The distribution of labor throughout the season can be seen at a glance at the rotation and diversity of enterprises, and their connection one with the other. Another signboard on every farm is the implement shed, which tells somewhat whether the farmer is substituting horse labor for man labor and how much horse power he is able to get with each man. The layout of the farm, such as arrangement of the fields, their distance from the buildings, etc. may be a prime reason for the success of one farm as compared with another, because it controls the expense of labor, although it may influence the character of the animals, crop yields, etc., indirectly.

Organization of Farm As A Unit.

The organization of the farm as a whole may be the key to success or failure on any particular farm. Diversification in crops and livestock is not enough. Each must fit into the system. The rotation must fit the livestock and vice versa. It requires no detective to determine this point. The farm should produce the necessary foods, animals and feeds, feeds for use in the home and on the farm. There should be a garden, ample pasture, legume hay, small grain, corn,

etc. for the necessary milk cows, poultry, hogs and a mule-coit or two. These things will determine largely whether the best use is being made of the so called-products of the farm—things which no farmer can afford to neglect. A point somewhat hard to judge is the per cent of income from any particular cash crop and yet this is one of the best tests of any farm. Crops and livestock should split on about 50-50 basis, there are exceptions to this rule depending upon the farmer, the farm and the market. Another important question to consider in farm organization is: Is too much capital invested in land and not enough left for working equipment, livestock, etc?

Size of Farm Business.

No matter how high the quality of any farm is it must be big enough to return to the farmer a living. The points on which this may be judged are: Capital invested; amount of labor of both men and teams profitably used; number of acres of cultivated land.

System of Marketing.

Every farmer knows that producing a crop is only a part of farming—it must be properly sold. The successful farmer has the bulk of his products ready for sale at the high point of the selling season, for instance hogs in September and March. His products are graded to meet the market demands. He grows such products as require the least expense for marketing for his particular location.

There are other points that could be considered, but a study of a few farms, rightly chosen in the foregoing respects, will make a better farmer of anyone if he applies the lessons learned to his own farm.

DEHORNED CATTLE EASIER HANDLED

Also Insures All of An Equal Chance At The Feed Trough.

Dehorning cattle makes it easier to handle the animals and insures that such one will have a more equal chance at the feed trough, say livestock specialists, Division of Extension. It renders the animals less dangerous to attendants and prevents them from going one another in the feed lot or to transit to market. The practice of dehorning is almost universal so far as high-grade beef steers are concerned. It is often desirable to dehorn the heifers as well as the steers, especially when they are to be fed in troughs for a part of the year.

Calves may be dehorned when a few days old by treating the undeveloped horns with caustic soda or caustic potash, taking care that it does not wash into the eyes.

If the horns are allowed to develop it becomes necessary to cut them off. Clippers made for that purpose may be used on the younger animals. With old cattle a saw is best, as it prevents crushing and the friction of the blade causes the blood vessels to clot and heal quickly. The work should not be done in warm weather. Where there is danger of flies, a fly repellent should be applied.

WELL BRED HOGS GAIN WEIGHT MORE RAPIDLY THAN DO SCRUBS

The importance of good breeding in the growth of livestock, and especially in the prevention of runs, is illustrated by the experience of an Indiana swine grower. "I started with stock," he remarks in a letter to the United States Department of Agriculture, "direct from the foundation stock of the breed, and the results were satisfactory." When I had time to read of the work of other men, the results of feed composition and experimental feed trials, I took from these experiences what I thought practical for me to follow, and the results, though not exceptional, have been the natural results of good blood and good feed. One of my boars, farrowed in April several years ago, weighed 185 pounds the following September. At 13 months he weighed 606 pounds, at 23 months 850 pounds, and the following fall 1,015 pounds. This boar was one in a lot of 15, as uniform a bunch as I ever saw. Others grew into 600 and 800 pound hogs under farmers' care.

"In addition to good blood lines," he adds, "care and the right kind of feed are important means of preventing undersized animals, but the most important of all is the man with the feed basket, for it is the eye of the master that fattens his cattle." So far as runs are concerned, I have never found it profitable to raise them under any treatment. I have seen lots of before and after talking illustrations on paper but not in the feed lot."

Foods Affect Mental Senses.

It is not generally known that all food, whether vegetable or flesh, has an effect on us. Turnips, for example, depress. Peas, exhilarate. Mutton always irritates of temper. Pork excites the imagination. Not long since a well-known writer of exciting stories confessed that his inspiration came from pork chops.

POSTOFFICE HAS SPECIAL SCHEDULE

Announce Last Day On Which Packages Can Be Mailed To Reach Destination.

Postmaster Y. Q. Caldwell and his corps of helpers at the local post-office, has made up the following schedule for the use of those using the mails to send their Christmas parcels.

The following shows the last dates on which parcels may be mailed to insure delivery by Christmas, and he urges everyone to mail their parcels at the earliest possible moment to insure the arrival at the destination by Christmas. All parcels may be marked "Do not open until Christmas" or with some similar inscription.

The following is the mailing schedule: On Friday and Saturday, Dec. 16 and 17—Western, northwestern and eastern states as follows: California, Washington, Oregon, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico, Colorado, Utah, North and South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Vermont, New York and Pennsylvania.

On Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 19 and 20—Texas, Oklahoma, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, Louisiana, Florida, Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, Ohio and any other eastern states.

On Wednesday and Thursday, Dec. 21 and 22—Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, and eastern Kentucky.

On Friday and Saturday, Dec. 22 and 24—Western Kentucky and Tennessee.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days. Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.



AND FIDO TOO! Bobby liked his bath so much in the new porcelain tub we put in that of course he must initiate Fido into its indefinable charm. And Fido never had such an enjoyable bath. Well, you can't blame Bobby. Our tubs are certainly tempting. Have you seen them?

S. J. VELTMAN

On Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 19 and 20—Texas, Oklahoma, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, Louisiana, Florida, Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, Ohio and any other eastern states.

APPEALS COURT TO MEET

AT JACKSON IN JANUARY

The court of civil appeals will open in Jackson Tuesday, January 3rd, instead of on the regular first Monday, according to announcement of the clerk of the court this week.

The sixteenth circuit docket will be called first, and then the thirtieth circuit which includes Henry County cases.



It will pay you to place your order with us now for CHRISTMAS

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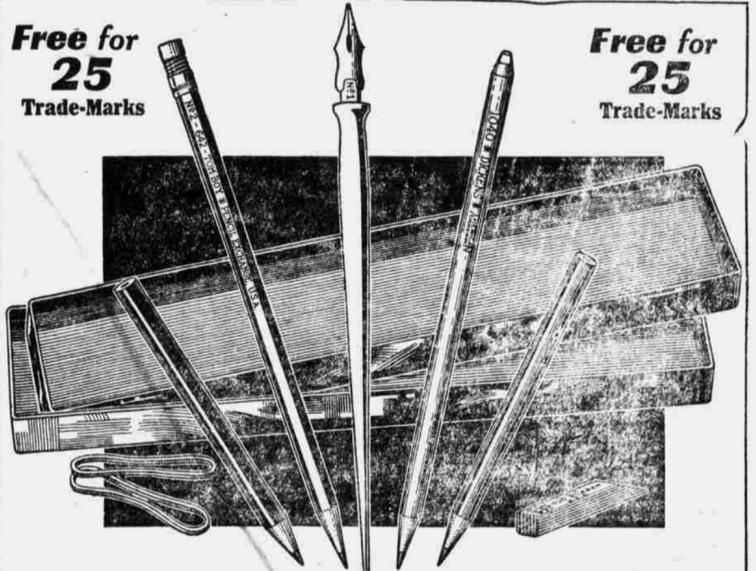
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Whole box of black and colored pencils, erasure, rubber bands, penholder pen, everything. And you can have 'em without paying any money! Giant penholder—big yellow one—good, easy writing pen. Fits your hand fine. Hard leads and soft leads. Purple leads and red leads. Rubbers in the ends of the pencils.

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A Fine White Laundry Soap—for Hot or Cold Hard or Soft Water.

A Powdered Soap—Ready for Instant Use. 5c and Larger Packages. Wonderful for Washing Clothes.