LOCAL MATTERS:

☞ *The subscription price of* THE TIMES *is* $1. *per annum if paid in advance or at any time within the current year; if not paid within the year* $1.50 *will be invariably charged, always heretofore, and from this rule no exception will be made.*

TO ADVERTISERS.—THE TIMES *having a larger circulation than any other paper among the intelligent farmers and business men of Charles County, offers superior inducements to advertisers to insert their announcements in its columns. Send for card rates, which are as low as any other paper in Southern Maryland, to say nothing about circulation*

Farmers in Convention

The Farmers Convention, advance notices of which have appeared in recent issues of the TIMES, assembled in Baltimore on Tuesday at the hall corner of Holliday and Second streets. Almost every county and agricultural association in the State being represented by a delegation. The convention was called to order by Col. W. S. Franklin, of Baltimore county, and Judge John M. Robinson, of the Court of Appeals who is also a prosperous farmer in Queen Anne's county, was elected President, with Messrs. C. W. Hunrichouse, of Washington county; Henry C. Hallowell, of Montgomery; William T. Walters, of Baltimore city; Adam R. Magraw, of Cecil; Col. John F. Dent, of St. Mary's, and Hon. James U. Dennis, of Somerset, vice-presidents. Messrs. J. W. Baughman, of Frederick, and Wm. B. Sands, of Baltimore, were chosen secretaries.

Judge Robinson, on taking the chair, made a lengthy and very able speech, in which he dwelt at length on the unjust discrimination against the agricultural interest contained in the onerous protective tariff laws.

"What is that policy," he said. "Now somebody proposes to manufacture iron. We have the ore, the coal and the labor, but we are told iron can be manufactured in England and sent three thousand miles across the ocean and sold here at a price below the cost of production. And Congress is asked to levy a tax of ten dollars or more on the ton, in order that the manufacturer here may have the privilege of furnishing iron to us at an increased price. And thus upon every pound of iron used, whether it is in shape of a horseshoe, a plough or a self binder, we are obliged to pay a royalty for the benefit of this privileged class. Then, again, one proposes to manufacture cotton and woolen goods. We have the cotton grown on our own soil, and we have the wool, but we are met with the same cry—such goods can be manufactured elsewhere and sold at a price below the cost of production. So Congress must levy a tax from forty to fifty per cent. on these articles. And the result is that everything we buy, from the coat on our back to the stockings on our feet, is taxed, and this tax we pay for the benefit of the manufacturer. Now suppose we turn the tables and say we cannot afford to raise wheat at 80 cents a bushel, and ask Congress to levy a tax of 40 cents on every bushel, in order that we may get $1 20. What would be the universal answer? England tried it, but the cry for 'cheap bread' shook the throne to its foundations, and an unwilling Parliament was forced to repeal its oppressive corn laws."

Judge Robinson reviewed the fact that the protective system had been repudiated previous to the war and urged the agricultural interests to take a decided stand against it. Judge Robison wound up his interesting address by a spirited advocacy of vim and enthusiasm in agricultural pursuits. "The occupation of the farmer is one of patient labor and self-denial, but it is a life of independence and self-dependence. Here home with all its hallowed associations, strikes its root deep into the heart; and here too, away from the fiercer storms and temptations of life, the highest type of manhood is developed; and this, after all, is the noblest aspiration of the soul."

Papers were then read as follows: "Hog Cholera" by Dr. D. E. Salmon; "Manures and How to Use Them," by Dr. M. C. Ellzey, of Washington, D. C.; "Advantages and Opportunities of Maryland," by Hon. Allen Bowie Daves, of Montgomery; "Should We Keep up and Extend the Cultivation of Wheat or Gradually give it up and turn to Other Crops?" by ex Gov. Wm. T. Hamilton, of Washington county; "The Hygiene of Farmers Houses and Surroundings," by Dr. Richard McSherry.

All of these papers were very interesting and we regret our inability this week to give any satisfactory report of them. We shall endeavor in next week's issue to give a summary of these several papers. Dr. Thomas Welch, of Anne Arundel county, offered resolutions, which, after a preamble setting forth in detail the oppressive character of our present tariff, called on our Senators and Representatives in Congress "to use their best efforts to secure such reform of the tariff laws of the United States that our agricultural products may enter into fairer competition in all the markets of the world where such things may be in demand. Other clauses of the resolutions call upon every farmers' club or agricultural association of the Union to pass these or similar resolutions.—Additional resolutions were offered as follows: For the convention to use every means within its power "to prevent the discriminations made against us in freight and passenger rates and to secure an equalization of both." That the salaries of all State officers should be reduced as a step toward lightening the present heavy taxes. That the next Legislature be requested to pass laws to punish trespassing with dog and gun; to prevent stock running at large; to repeal or modify the present fence law so as to make it less onerous. That stockmen be urged to ship their stock upon such days as will prevent the selling of stock on Sunday. The resolutions were referred without debate.

At Wednesday's session the committee on permanent organization, appointed on Tuesday, reported the following permanent officers of the Maryland Farmers Association: President ex-Gov. Wm. T. Hamilton. Vice-Presidents, Henry M. Murray, of Anne Arundel; Col. Wm. Allen, of Baltimore; Gen. John Gill, Baltimore city; Dr. G. W. Dorsey, Calvert; Jno. F. Dawson, Caroline; Henry L. Condon, Cecil; John G. Chapman, Charles; Frank Brown, Carroll, James Wallace, Dorchester; Dr. E. H. Gladfelty, Garrett; Jas Lee, Harford; Henry C. Hollowell, Montgomery; Wm. E. Duvall, Prince George's; John F. Dent, St. Mary's; James U. Dennis, Somerset; M. A. Parsons, Wicomico; George Heyward, Worcester. Secretary and treasurer, Wm. B. Sands, of Baltimore.

Dr. C. W. Chancellor read a paper on the "Draining of Marsh Lands of Maryland." Mr Peter Henderson, of Jersey City, and Col. Jas. Wallace, of Dorchester county, read papers on "Fruit Culture," and Mr. Thomas Maddox, of Washington county, gave his views on "Live Stock." John B. Mitchell, Esq., of this county, in speaking of immigration said that while people where leaving Washington county, adn there was no land for sale in Queen Anne's, Southern Maryland was suffering from the want of population. The lands, he said, are as good as any in the State, but they were not generally known as such. Texas has become great because she has her agents all over Europe, securing population. So the West has been populated by the agents of her railroads stationed all over Europe. What has the B. & O. railroad done to stop a family of immigrants in Maryland? I tried once to get a family off a steamer coming to Baltimore, but was refused admission to the pier, being told that it was the property of the B. & O. and no one was allowed to go on it until the immigrants were all shipped West. One or two paupers were left when the train pulled out who had not the money to pay their way West. But we don't want paupers. Lands are for sale in Charles county at $1,75 per acre as good as I have seen selling in this vicinity for $150 and $200 per acre. Mr. Mitchell offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

"It is the sense of this convention that some action should be taken by the next General Assembly to encourage immigration to this State; that the president of the permanent organization of the farmers of Maryland appoint a committee of nine, whose duty it shall be to take into consideration the subject of immigration to this State, and propose to the next General Assembly such measures as in their judgment would be most likely to accomplish this most desirable end."

The committee on resolutions, of which the Hon. Levin L. Waters, of Somerset, was chairman, reported the following resolutions, which were adopted:

"That the compulsory features of the law regulating the inspection of tobacco are an unwise and unjust restriction upon the trade in that commodity, and we recommend the Legislature to abolish the same.

"That the convention deplores the railroad policy which would make an undue profit by intermediate or local charges and discriminations which are unfair and oppressive, and are usually the chief causes of the discontent that now so generally and so unhappily prevail among the people, and which, if not removed or qualified by immediate action, may in the end result in evils to all.

"That in view of the rapidly increasing productions it should be the duty of the government to cultivate the most friendly commercial relations with all nations, so that new and more extended markets may be opened to our industries; that relief from the present excessive taxations, national and State, is absolutely required for common prosperity; that our excessive expenditure be reduced to the limit compatible with efficient administration; that the strictest economy and most rigid accountability be practiced in every branch of public service, both national and State; that useless offices be abolished, and that all superfluous officers be dismissed from public employment; that those only be employed who are fit for service, and not as personal rewards for partisan services; that salaries be reduced and measured by the same compensations that are paid for service of like character in private pursuits; that the same scrupulous honesty and fidelity should be observed in transactions with the government as should obtain between individuals; that extravagance and waste and improvidence are as fatal to the State as to individuals." The Hon. Levin L. Walters, of Somerset, was chairman of the committee on resolutions.

This closed the business of the convention and it adjourned *sine die*. It is understood that there will be annual meetings of the association henceforth.

EISEMAN BROS., Dress Suits, cor., 7th and E Sts., Washington, D. C.

Death of an Estimable Lady.

On Monday morning last Mrs. Eleanor A. Lewin, wife of Rev. Dr. Lewin, died at the Episcopal Rectory, near this town, aged 53 years. Stricken down, without a moment's warning, while in the full enjoyment of her usual health, her death has fallen with a double weight of sorrow upon the hearts of her loving family, relatives and friends. On Friday evening last while about to leave the dinner table she was stricken suddenly with paralysis, and remained unconscious until her death. Although only a resident among us six years every one with whom she came in contact learned to love her—while her pure, unselfish life has made its refining influence felt upon the hearts and lives of those who knew her best. The loss of such a wife, mother and christian is felt far beyond the family circle, and, those of us who were fortunate enough to call her friend, to-day in true sincerity mourn her dead. No words of ours can express how deep is the sympathy felt here for the sorrow-stricken family; they know where to look for comfort and strength in such an hour as this. The funeral to place on Wedesday morning, at Trinity Church, in this town at 11 o'clock.—*Marlboro' Gazette.*

The many friends of this estimable lady in this county, especially in this neighborhood where her christian qualities are well known and fully appreciated, will join with the editor of the *Gazette* and the people of Marlboro' in the sincere sorry that is felt at her sudden death. The warmest sympathy of Dr. Lewin's old congregations and of the many friends the family have in this county is tendered to the bereaved husband and children in the great loss they have sustained in the death of their truly christian wife and mother.

CHILDREN'S, Suits, Eiseman Bros., 7th and E Washington, D. C.

The Ice Blockade.

Not since the winter of 1881, which will be remembered as one of unusual severity, has the ice blockade been so complete and so prolonged as at the present time. Reports reach us from all over the State of the closing of all navigable waters by the ice, and the commerce of Baltimore and Washington which is usually done by water, has been considerably interferred with. The ice blockade in the Chesapeake bay is more formidable than has been known for many years. The low temperature of the latter part of last week closed the water as far down as Sharp's Island, and Saturday night's cold completed the work to Point Lookout, ninety-five miles from Baltimore. This complete closing of the bay from shore to shore for more than one-half its length by ice from two to three inches thick is considered very remarkable by those who have been navigating its waters for a long term of years. Many oyster boats have been caught in the ice and it has occasioned much suffering among the crews, and the crew of one boat rescued in the Choptank river stated that they had been without food for two days. The condition of the Potomac is equally as formidable as the bay, and all navigation has been suspended. The ferry boats, plying between Washington and Alexandria, tried very hard to keep their track open, but they had to succumb at last as the ice was too thick and formed too rapidly for them to successfully battle with it. The heavy ice reaches as far down as Piney Point, and many vessels that were on the way up the river at the time the freeze commenced are blocked up at different points, many of them being at Lower Cedar Point. This condition of affairs interferes seriously with the oyster trade as it is impossible to catch these bivalves through the ice. It is said that even if the weather should become milder, it will be some time before navigation on the river can be resumed, for when the ice breaks up the current and winds will pile it into huge ice burgs which will prove very formidable to the vessels endeavoring to navigate the river. Those persons who expected to visit the inauguration by way of the river steamers will have to arrange for some other means of getting to Washington as it is not at all likely that the river will be open at that time.

The Fault Not With Us

We would say to our friends at Pisgah who failed to receive their paper on Saturday, that the fault is not with us. We bundled the papers up and put them in the postoffice on time as usual and thought that all the papers had gone out together. But on Saturday the postmistress here informed us that owing to the crowded condition of the mail bag on that day she was compelled to leave one of the bundles of the TIMES, intended for Pigah, out of the bag, and consequently it did not go out until Monday, the next mail day. We have received the assurance of the postmistress that this shall not be the case again, and we promise our subscribers to see that they get their papers regularly in the future for it is just as annoying to us as to them when there is a failure, especially when every care and precaution is taken by us to see that no papers are left out or fail to get to the office here in time. While we are on this subject we would further say that if any subscriber who fails to receive his paper regularly will notify us we will remedy the matter if possible.

Notice.

We have frequently, from time to time, called on those of our subscribers who are in arrearages to come forward and settle the amount due. In many cases these reminders had the effect of bringing up those who are ever ready to pay but who had allowed the matter to escape them until it was brought to their attention. We are just about to open a new set of books, and in drawing off the accounts from our old ledger we find that a number of our patrons are in arrears on subscriptions, for two three and four years; and some, though we are happy to say this number is small, who have not paid anything to the support of the TIMES since it has been under the present management, though receiving the paper regularly every week. Now we have drawn off all such accounts and if they have not already been received will reach those for whom they are intended during the next week, and if those who receive them would make immediate payment they will place us under lasting obligations, as it is our desire to have these old accounts settled up as speedly as possible. For the future we will adopt a system of letting all subscribers to the TIMES know the exact time when their paper is due, so that they will then have no excuse for not making immediate payment. It is much easier to pay $1 at the begining of each year than to let the matter run on for several years until it aggregates a considerable sum, and besides being easier for subscribers to settle it, will be most gratifying to us; and another fact in this connection is that we will invariable charge $1 50 when the subscription is paid after the year has expired. So we hope after all arrearages are paid to avoid all further trouble in this line.

PANTS ALL PRICES, Eiseman Bros., 7th, and E Sts., Washington, D. C.

Analyzing Fertilizers.

The Delaware Senate has recently passed a bill for analyzing fertilizers. The bill provides that the person filling the chair of professor of chemistry in Delaware College, shall ex officio be appointed State chemist. By the terms of the bill he is required annually to make an analysis of all the fertilizers offered for sale in that State. Upon the bags in which these fertilizers are offered for sale must be stamped the number of pounds they contain, the name of the brand or trade-mark under which the article is sold, the name of the manufacturer and the place in which it is manufactured, and also a chemical analysis of the fertilizer. For misrepresenting proportions of ammonia, phosphoric acid and potash, the manufacturer shall be deem guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon indictment and conviction thereof he shall pay a fine of $200 for the first offense, and $300 for each subsequent offense. The State chemist shall annually receive a fee of $30 for analysis from each dealer in fertilizers. The bill aims at a very proper measure, and will be approved in the main by honest dealers, as it affords them protection and drives away bogus or inferior goods. A measure something similar to this was before our last legislature, but failed to become a law, for what reason we do not know. The farmers of Maryland will no doubt ask the next Legislature for the passage of a law of this kind, and they will demand it in such away that our legislators will be glad to accede to their wishes. The farming interest is the most important interest in the State, and should be protected by the laws of the State.—*Anne Arundel Advertiser.*

EISEMAN BROS., popular tailor and clothiers, Washington, D. C.

State Finances.

In reply to a letter from General Bradley T. Johnson to Comptroller Turner, congratulating him upon his management of the finances of the State, and especially of his restoration of the sinking fund to the condition required by the law, the latter says: "In the accomplishment of this great work too much praise cannot be given to those associated with me.—The treasurer has stood by me, while the Governor has been untiring in his attention to every detail, and has thereby enforced economy in places where it would have been difficult for the treasury officer without his support to have accomplished anything. Every existing loan has its sinking fund made whole and complete, the interest on the public debt all paid, the cause of education has received its share of the public revenues, and yet we have enough money left for an efficient conduct of the State government. Every promise in my report has been fulfilled save one—that to take up the deaf and dumb loan of $100,000. This we hope to do on the next interest-paying day, which will be the first day of July next."

EISEMAN BROS., popular tailors and clothiers Washington, D. C.

The Modern Clothing House is ACME HALL, 209 W. Baltimore Street. Baltimore. They show Children's Suits from $2 50 up to the most elaborate make; Men's from $10 to $35, and Overcoats in profusion and at all prices. If you want style, quality and low prices, you cannot go astray at this house.

Local Brevities.

Next Sunday is the 1st day of March.

The boys are enjoying the skating on the ponds about the village.

Some weather prophets predict an early Spring. We longingly await it.

Many persons from the county will attend Cleveland's inauguration on next Wednesday.

The weather has moderated considerable during the past few days, and the change is quite agreeable.

We learn that on Thursday of last week the noon train ran over and killed an ox a short distance below Lothair.

The B. & P. will issue excursion tickets to the inauguration at greatly reduced rates from all stations along its line.

There has been more ice hereabouts during the past two weeks than for many years, and all ice houses have been filled.

Mr. Edward Garrett, of Washington county, has been visiting Mr. J. A. Gray, Jr., and other friends in the county during the past week.

Don't forget that the county commissioners meet next week to transfer property. We do think rather unkind of them however, to select inauguration week for this purpose.

Another fall of snow visited us on Tuesday, and fell continuously during several hours covering the ground to a depth of several inches. The sleighing thus afforded was much enjoyed.

If you want quick returns and full prices on Hides, Fur, Wool, Roots, Butter, etc., etc., send for our Price Current. Consignments solicited. R. L. Williams & Co. General Commission Merchants, Office, 169 Williams St., New York.

There were not half a dozen visitors in town on Tuesday, and considering that it was the public day of the county, was one of the most quiet that Port Tobacco has known for a long time. No public business of any character was transacted, and even the irrepressible office seeker was, for the nonce, subdued and quiet.

How the hearts of a crowd swell and throb with pitiless hatred against the man who coughs during the performance at a theatre, when they know he is too stingy to invest twenty-five cents in a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

"Adam the good iest man of men since born," still could not be called exactly enviable, for when he tilled the ground in the dewy twilight and caught a sharp touch of rheumatism, he had no Salvation Oil for his cure and no twenty-five cents to try it.

The name of Geo. C. Merrick, Esq., is mentioned in connection with the next State Senatorship from Prince George's county. M. Merrick is known as a gentleman of brilliant abilities and his election to this position would do credit to the judgment of our sister county.

Our friends of both political parties in St. Mary's county believe in taking time by the forelock, for already the columns of both papers published there are full of announcements of candidates for the various offices to be filled this fall. Nothing can be sprung on a convention in St. Mary's when the people know ten monts beforehand how many and who are the candidates.

The winter of 1884-1885 may be set down as one of the severest known for many years. Cold weather has been the form since early in December the mercury lingering continually in the neighborhood of zero, and on one or two occasions during the recent cold snap falling below that point. Let us pray that such weather may not linger long in the lap of Spring, though we have still fourteen days of the ground hog weather to encounter.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of W. G. Metzrott & Co., music dealers of Washington. These gentlemen have one of the largest equipped musical stores in the Capital city, and any article in their line can be purchased at manufacturers' prices. Those who contemplate the purchase of musical instruments of any description would do well to give these gentlemen a call. Satisfaction guaranteed in all purchases.

A Busy Place is the Children's and Boys' Parlor, 55 Hanover street, adjoining corner Pratt. Thousands of handsome Suits and Overcoats for the rising generation from $2 50 up C. N. OEHM & SON, Baltimore.

EISEMAN BROS., popular tailors and clothiers, Washington, D. C.

COMMUNICATED.

The Wrong Without a Remedy.

Editors of the Times:

The ability with which the TIMES has handled this subject is conceded by all. Your cause is just, but is it expedient? Would it not be a crushing weight for the democracy to shoulder? If we ask is there a probability to receive? And lest the impression prevail that the democrats of this county are unanimous concerning the agitation of this subject, will you not give those who oppose it a chance to be heard?

The owners of slaves in the District of Columbia were paid for them because Congress, having control of the District, emancipated the slaves within its borders, but having no such authority in the State of Maryland Mr. Lincoln proposed compensation to the loyal slave holding States and the proposition was sanctioned by Congress. But Maryland rejected it for two reasons 1st, the armies of the Confederacy were, at that time, victorious. 2nd, on the principle that the United States Government had no right to interfere in the domestic concerns of the State.

Two years after Mr. Lincoln's suggestion the State had passed into the hands of the Union, or Republican party of Maryland, and a constitution was adopted giving freedom to the slaves. About this time a change had come over the scene—the Southern armies were retreating, the Northern armies flushed with victory, Democratic leaders in Maryland either in exile or languishing in Northern prisons. An oath of loyalty or allegiance must precede the ballot, and bayonets bristled about the polls. Such was the condition of affairs in Maryland when this high-handed piece of injustice was committed.

The Northern people, as you know, Mr. Editor, are opposed to slavery. They believed it to be a cruelty and a wrong sufficient to justify the expenditure of a vast amount of money, and the sacrifice of many valuable lives, they doubtless look upon this question as settled—settled by the war—settled by the 14th Amendment which prohibits the payment for any slave. If the Democrats and Republicans united in the war to sustain the emancipation proclamation of Mr. Lincoln, would they not unite now to secure themselves against taxation for the purpose of paying for liberated slaves? Now (say they) if the people of Maryland have set their slaves free they have simply followed the example of the illustrious Washington—they have done no more than was their liberty loving duty to do, and they ought not to expect or desire remuneration for doing right. Such a sentiment as this is certainly not at variance with the *Northern* Republicans. Now the Senate of the United States is controlled by Republicans. Then why seek to impress on our next Legislature the humiliating duty—to ask for an egg when they have no reasonable hope to expect—but a scorpion.

A change of six hundred votes in New York would have defeated Mr. Cleveland, and if he had advocated such a policy as this the Independent Republicans would not have supported him and the "Plumed Knight" would now be arranging soft places for his pets.

But what would the Southern members say if this subject should be introduced by a representative from Maryland? Sir, we know your history and your people. Your Legislature was State Rights and your State would have been with us, but your executive was a Unionist. We had your sympathy and as far as possible you support. Baltimore, in whose streets the first blood of the war was shed, was not less disloyal to the Lincoln Government than Charleston, nor Southern Maryland...than South Carolina. Your young men joined our armies and fought in our battles. Our agents "trod the sacred soil" of Maryland aided and comforted by your citizens and oftentimes concealed in your houses. We knew by your signal lights North of the Potomac when it would be safe to cross over the steam for the much needed supplies of contraband goods. You have lost only your slaves. We have not only lost these but our remaining property has been taxed nearly out of existence to support the carpet-bag goverment of Northern political adventurers. Would Maryland lay an additional tax on us to pay a claim which she is no more entitled to than we are? Oh Maryland, my Maryland! Where is now the sympathy you had for us in "the days that tried men's souls?

It seems Mr. Editor that we are not only in danger of alienating the Democratic States of the North, but the South also, and it would be much better for us to bear, without complaint, the injustice done us than to furnish our opponents with political capital and an easy-going hobby upon which so soon to ride into power.

DEMOCRAT.

BOYS' CLOTHING, Eiseman Bros., 7th and E Washington, D. C.

"Permanent."

There are medicines which give only temporary relief and than leave the sufferer worse off than before, especially in cases of dyspepsia. Remember that this is not the way with Brown's Iron Bitters. See what Mr. J. M. Gaines, of Gaines, S. C., says about this prince of tonics, "My wife has been greatly benefited by it; she had been troubled with dyspepsia for years, and now I believe she is permanently cured." It also cures liver and kidney complaints.

$30, $45, 60, $75 PER MONTH.

The above represents what men in our employ are earning the year round. We need a few more reliable men. **OUTFIT FURNISHED FREE** to every man who engages with us. For terms address

D. F. ATTWOOD & CO.,
Nurserymen, GENEVA, N. Y.

25¢ A BOTTLE
SALVATION OIL
KILLS PAIN

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, etc. Price 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution.—The genuine *Salvation Oil* bears our registered Trade-Mark, and our facsimile signature. A. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure your Cough at once. Price only 25 Cts. a bottle.

$10,000 Saved

to our patrons, by the unparalleled reductions in prices for bright, fresh, fashionable Clothing for Men and Boys.

Shrewd buyers are rapidly purchasing the many Bargains we offer in Garments of our own acknowledged superior make.

Here are a few sample quotations:

75c. & $1 00 *for durable, good looking, Men's Pants.*

$2.50 *for a Men's handsome Cassimere Pants dark nest pattern, sold everywhere for* $3.50

$5 00 *for Man's All-Wool Suits.*

$2 00 *for a Man's Melton Overcoat, warm and strong.*

$1.50 *for a Boy's Melton Suit, 4-11.*

$3 50 *to* **$30.00** *for largest stock of Men's Overcoats and Newmarkets ever seen in American.*

$10 *is the uniform Price for several thousand stylish Men's Suits, all fresh and new, many reduced from* $15 *to* $14.

$15 *is the figure placed on over 1500 finest Cassimere and Worsted Suits. Every one worth* $3 *to* $5 *more.*

Boy's Suits down to **$12, $8.50** *and* **$5**, *Sizes 12-17, fromerly* $3 *to* $5 *higher.*

Thousands of Bargains too numerous to mention; must be seen to be appreciated. Visit

C. N. OEHM AND SON,

Reliable Bargain Clothiers,

N. E. Cor. Hanover & Pratt sts.

Either Side.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY NOT QUANTITY — PURITY — On Every Bottle. Trade Mark. PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely **Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.**

It is an unfailing remedy for **Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.**

It is invaluable for **Diseases peculiar to Women,** and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, **cause headache** or produce constipation—*other iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the apetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fever, **Lassitude, Lack** of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF DRY GOODS

MUST BE REDUCED.

SILKS at Cost.
VELVETS at Cost.
DRESS GOODS at Cost.
TABLE LINENS at Cost.
BLANKETS at Cost.
NEW YORK MILLS SHEETING COTTON, widest and very best.
BEAUTIFUL DRESS GOODS.
SERGE CASHMERES, fine quality in Blue, Green and Garnet, twelve yards for $2.00. Every yard is worth 25 cents.
HANDSOME BROCADE BLACK SILK VELVET (real value $2.50), reduced to $1.50.
LADIES' CLOTH SUITING, one yard and a half wide (immense double width), in Brown and Gray, only 37½ cents.
BLACK and COLORED SILKS at actual Cost price Our excellent quality Black (French) Silks reduced from $1.25 to $1.00. Our excellent quality Colored silks reduced from $1.00 to 76 cents.
BROCADE COLORED SILKS, in White, Cream, Pink and Blue, $1.00.
NUNS VEILING, in Black, Cream and Pink, pure wool, widest double width, 37½ cents.
COLORED SILKS VELVETS, $1.00.
COLORED and BLACK SATINS, 50 cents.
COLORED BROCADE SILK VELVETS, $1.00.
BLACK and CASHMERE SHAWLS, pure wool $1.50.
BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, pure linen 50c

CASH PRICES NO CREDIT,
CARTER'S 711 MARKET SPACE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Pipe smoking is the real test of a tobacco. It is the regal way of smoking. You get more directly at the flavor and fragrance. You take the smoke cooler, and the tongue cleanlier and safer. Pipe smoking is smoking reduced to a fine art.

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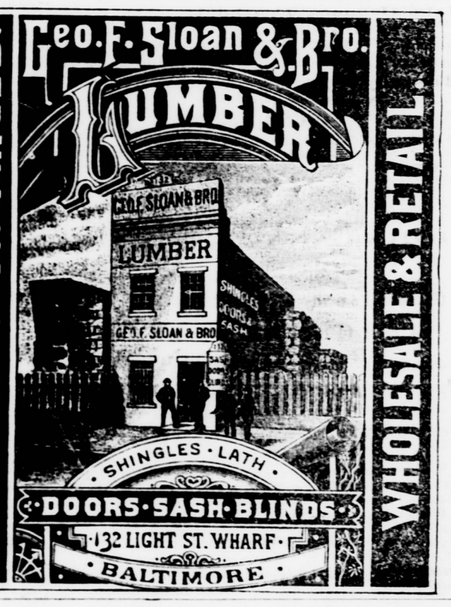

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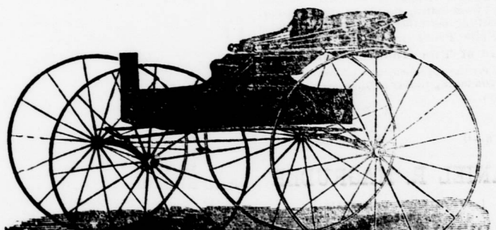

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