

LOCAL MATTERS:

The subscription price of THE TIMES is \$1. per annum if paid in advance or at any time within the current year; if not paid within the year \$1.50 will be invariably charged, as always heretofore, and from this rule no exception will be made.

TO ADVERTISERS.—THE TIMES having a larger circulation than any other paper among the intelligent farmers and business men of Charles County, offers superior inducements to advertisers to insert their announcements in its columns. Send for card rates, which are as low as any other paper in Southern Maryland, on anything about circulation.

Circuit Court. The November term of our Circuit Court convened here at 10 o'clock on Monday morning, Chief Judge Stone, on the bench and our new Democratic Clerk, J. Saml. Turner, and his very able assistant John T. Davis, occupying their respective places at the clerk's desk. Mr. John H. Hancock, of the 6th district, was selected foreman of the grand jury and the grand and petit juries were then selected as follows:

- GRAND JURY.
Jno. H. Hancock, Foreman.
F. Eugene Hardy,
Geo. T. C. Gray,
Richard A. Boone,
L. B. Owen,
Thos. F. Nicholson,
E. H. Mattingly,
Geo. L. Chappell,
Chas. A. Boswell,
Edward Frazier,
J. Turner Hall,
Edwin W. Robertson,
Patric Juv.
Jno. H. Hancock, Foreman.
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His honor, the Chief Justice, then charged the grand jury in his usual brief but comprehensive manner calling their special attention to the fact that it was their sworn duty to inquire into and indict all cases in which collectors and receivers and public monies had failed to account to the proper parties for the money paid into their hands and had become defalcated to either the county or State. The jury then retired. The docket was then called over and judgment entered in plain cases.

On motion of State's Attorney, B. G. Stone, street was admitted as an attorney in the Court. J. B. Wheatly appeared to answer a peace warrant sued by John Butler, colored, and was held in jail to keep the peace in the sum of \$100. J. B. Mattingly surety.

B. F. Denton appeared in answer to a similar warrant sued by O. K. Bryan and was held to bail in the sum of \$50. J. C. McKibbin surety Court adjourned.

Tuesday.—Court was called at 10 o'clock. Judges Stone and Brooke on the bench. The case of Southern Maryland Commission Agency vs. Nicholas Stone et al. was taken up and tried before the Court. Judgment entered for the plaintiff. Case of same vs. F. W. Weems was then tried before the Court and judgment entered for the plaintiff. Court adjourned.

Wednesday.—Judge Crain arrived in town by the evening train on Tuesday, and Court met at 10 o'clock to-day with a full bench in attendance. The attention of the Court being called to the fact that two of the grand jurors, Geo. W. Gray and John E. Love, colored, were under age they were at once excused, and F. Eugene Hardy and Richard C. Swann in their places. In consequence of the indictments found by the grand jury up to this day were returned to them but were sent back to the Court in a short time as true bills.

The case of Mary L. Lottimer vs. Richard Paine was then taken up, tried before the Court and judgment entered for the plaintiff. The next case was that of Washington A. Paine vs. Richard Paine and others. Tried by Court and judgment entered for plaintiff. In the case of Arthur W. Hawks, agent, vs. Peter Trotter, tried by Court, judgment was entered for plaintiff. A second case of Mary L. Lottimer vs. Richard T. Paine, tried by Court and judgment entered for plaintiff.

Charles A. Hughton was arraigned to-day upon an indictment for murder in killing Augustus Bryant at Rock Point early in September last, an account of which appeared in the Times at the time. His case was set for trial for to-day, and summary was issued for to-day's witness.

Two indictments have been found against John A. Turner for larceny, and two against Orlando King for wife beating. The Court to-day appointed O. M. Simont, messenger in the place of J. B. Mattingly, resigned.

Thursday.—Court met at the usual hour with full bench in attendance. The first case was that of John A. Turner charged to larceny with the larceny of a set of tobacco from W. A. Middleton. In one case of 75 pounds and in the other of 47 pounds. He was arraigned and pleaded guilty to both charges and was sentenced by the Court to 12 months in the House of Correction.

The case of State vs. Orlando King, colored, was then taken up. A jury was impaneled and the case tried, and in this writing is being argued by counsel. Witness is Poney Ist. State, Mitchell and Muschette for defense. Just as we go to press we learn that this case was decided by an agreement between counsel to accept a verdict of simple assault, and upon the instruction of the Court the jury rendered such a verdict without leaving the box.

Appointed Police-men. Mr. Russell Deane, a well known young gentleman of this county, was last week appointed a police-man on the Metropolitan police force of Washington city. Russell has been for a number of years past partner on the steamer Mattano and his genial and ardent manner in that position won for him a host of friends among the traveling public. He will make an alert and efficient of the police force and his many friends here will join with us in congratulating him on his good fortune. The police board of Washington are also to be congratulated on obtaining his services as a guardian of the peace and good order of that city.

The Registrar's Case. A satisfactory settlement by way of compromise having been effected on Tuesday between the new board of county commissioners and the registration officers, in the matter of composition, the case of Charles A. Neal vs. the county commissioners on the trial docket of this term was on Wednesday entered "settled and off" on notice of plaintiff's attorney. This case had been entered as a test case, with a view of carrying the matter to the Court of Appeals for adjudication, but in the interest of retrenchment and reform in county expenses a fair compromise was effected between the officers and the commissioners, by mutual concessions, whereby a considerable expense was saved to the county. By the compromise the officers receive \$15 per annum for their services.

County Commissioners.

The new Democratic board of county commissioners met at their office here on Tuesday and effected a permanent organization by the selection of Dr. Thomas A. Carrico as President. The books of the county were turned over to the new board by F. M. Duld, the late clerk, and our county affairs are once more for the first time since the fall of 1873 entirely in the hands of the Democrats and taxpayers—Washington Hicks was selected as treasurer to the board, and his appointment assures a careful and accurate handling of all monies paid over, as Mr. Hicks's sterling qualities for honest and careful business habits as a household words wherever he is known. But little business was transacted by the new board at their first meeting, as their time was mainly devoted in going over the books and ascertaining as well as they could, how the county affairs stand, and in familiarizing themselves with the duties they have now assumed. The examination, however, was necessarily incomplete, but the board will at their next meeting, through the complete examination of the county affairs and publish the result of their labors in our columns, so that the whole people of the county may see exactly how they are situated and the advantages and disadvantages under which the incoming board will labor in their efforts in the direction of economy and reform. Until that time we hope our people will possess their souls in patience. E. Delay as their clerk at a salary not to exceed \$600, and Thomas Luckett, colored, bailiff at a salary of \$75. Thus showing their intention of reducing expenses early in their public career. At a temporary organization of the board on Monday the venerable Mr. John R. Robertson was made temporary clerk. As will be seen by advertisement elsewhere the board will meet again on Tuesday.

The Canine. A large and appreciative audience assembled in the Music Hall at Chapel Point on Tuesday night last to hear the rendition of the beautiful and well prepared cantata of "The Twin Sisters," which the ladies of St. Thomas' congregation had gotten up as a means of raising funds to make some necessary repairs to the Church edifice, and in so doing they were pleased and gratified to see that all an expression for the great pleasure and gratification all felt at the complete and unqualified success of the affair. The high words of enthusiasm and praise which were universally bestowed on the performers fully attested the entire satisfaction with which the intelligent and critical audience listened to its rendition. The stage appointments were gotten up with a neat and artistic harmony that would be hard to excel. The piano was presided over by Miss Eliza Jenkins, and the instrumental music was given in her usually accomplished manner and went far toward making the affair the complete success it proved to be. It is impossible for us, in the limited space at our command, to give any sketch of the plot of the cantata, but we can say that those who failed to see it missed a musical treat that is not often afforded in our country performances. The choruses, given by voices well trained under the able direction of Miss Emile Hamilton and Eliza Jenkins, were rendered with an effect that was both pleasing and charming, and one of them in the gypsy scene, set to lively measure, took so well that it was loudly encored and had to be repeated. It would, perhaps, be invidious in us to praise any when all did so much justice to the parts assigned to them, but without inclining toward individual praise, we cannot let the opportunity pass without doing that complete and full justice to Miss Emile Hamilton and Miss Claude Digges which was fully and generally accorded to all by present for the most able and successful manner in which they assumed their parts. On these two ladies more particularly centered the success of the cantata, and the characters were taken by them in a manner that would put to blush many a more experienced actor and actress in our country. Both of these ladies possess sweet and well modulated voices and their voices and diction were sung in a manner that lured the audience and entranced the audience and were received with loud expressions of applause. The acting and impersonation of their individual parts was all given with an ease and self-possession manner as to win a just measure of praise. We think the ladies could very successfully repeat the cantata at an early date in the season of those who failed to see it on Tuesday night we would earnestly request its repetition. After the cantata a chorale was given by some of the company which proved quite successful and took well with the audience, though it must have seemed tame and insipid to them after listening to the artistic rendition of the cantata. After the concert the crowd repaired to the hotel and partook of a bountifully prepared feast of a few of the finest and most delicious dishes which the ladies were prepared to furnish. Their work must have yielded a satisfactory sum, though at this writing we have not learned what the profits have been.

The New Officers. Mr. J. Samuel Turner, our recently elected clerk of the Circuit Court, assumed the duties of his new position at the opening of Court on Monday and notwithstanding the fact that he was new and unacquainted with the duties of his position he, with the help of his able assistant Mr. John T. Davis, were so attentive and alert that not a jot or tittle occurred, and operations of Court went on smoothly and unimpeded as if he had been the case under a regime of 15 years experience. Mr. Turner read the oath of the grand jury and sent them to their chambers. Mr. John T. Davis called off the docket of the Court and made his entries with the ease and facility of an old hand; altogether the induction of this officer into his new position was so business like and thorough that the people of the county have cause for congratulation in seeing that so good a man as Mr. Simpson, our newly elected sheriff, did not assume the duties of his position until the afternoon of Tuesday, owing to the failure of his bondsmen getting to town earlier. When he took charge, however, it was with a perfect confidence of his ability to discharge the duties of the office and he, too, since his induction has managed his affairs with an ability seldom seen in a man of his age, and so more experience in court matters than Mr. Simpson has enjoyed. Mr. Mattingly has not yet qualified but is expected to do so this week. He having already considerable experience in the duties of his office will, of course, have less trouble than the others on taking charge.

The organization of the commissioners board will be found in a separate article.

The Palace of Baltimore City Clothing Establishments in ACME HALL, 209 W. Baltimore Street. A visit will show you the nearest and prettiest store in Baltimore. It is worth seeing for this alone, and nowhere else can you get such stylish Gents' and Boys' Clothing for so little money.

The Gubernatorial Succession.

Hon. Isaac D. Jones, ex-attorney-general of Maryland, writing of the communication which appeared recently in the Sun under the heading "The Gubernatorial Succession," says: "Section 6 of article 2 of the State constitution provides for filling a vacancy in the office of Governor occurring during the session of the General Assembly. If not then in session, at their next session they shall elect some other qualified person to be Governor for the residue of the term for which the Governor who had resigned, &c., had been elected. By the seventh section, if a vacancy in the office of Governor occurs during the recess of the Legislature the President of the Senate shall discharge the duties of said office until a Governor is elected, as provided in the 6th section. No one can discharge the duties of the office of Governor but a Governor who has the qualifications and has taken the oath of office prescribed in the 6th section. The language of the constitution makes it plain that the President of the Senate shall be the President of the Senate until a Governor is elected. The constitution, like every law and instrument of writing, must be construed in accordance with its true intent and meaning—and one of the best possible rules of construction is the use of the common sense. Where a legislator, by his will, gives his entire estate to a legatee, who is expressly charged with the payment of his debts, will he bestow it on an executor, common sense and the law say his duties make it necessary that he be clothed with the legal qualifications of an executor, and he shall be so called and qualified. By accepting the office and qualifying as Governor, Gov. Lloyd virtually resigned his office of President of the Senate, and the duties of the office were given to the one who took the oath as Governor he ceased to be President of the Senate. I think it is unquestionably the true state of the case, and, in the hope of satisfying any doubt upon this subject in the public mind, I respectfully submit these hurried remarks."

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Mr. Geo. L. Chappell met with an accident while returning home from court on last Monday afternoon. The king bolt of his buggy broke and the front wheels being detached the horses started off with them and Mr. Chappell, retaining his hold on the reins was drawn over the dashboard and dragged some distance on the road before the horses were checked. He escaped injury, however, as did also Mr. Geo. C. Johnson, who was with him at the time.

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Free Trade. The Free Trade and Revenue Reform Conference, in session in Chicago, last week adopted resolutions setting forth that the continuation of the war tariff with duties averaging 42 per cent. on over 10,000 articles of raw materials, primary products and much higher specific duties on many crude materials, has prolonged the evils of war in times of peace, and has been the principal cause of commercial and industrial depression. The resolutions urged upon Congress that no attempt be made to increase protective duties, that articles which are at the foundation of great industries should be free from duty, that no profits from crude materials and primary products should be added to the tariff, and that duties on articles of commerce should be correspondingly reduced; that steps in tariff reform should simplify the present complicated tariff, and that duties should be uniform, and that duties on raw materials and primary products should be reduced to a minimum.

The Hon. Ward Beecher spoke Friday night at the Free Trade Conference. He declared that he was in favor of no tariff at all. Though the best policy to follow was to delay the expression of government, the Senate and House of the people, born of their ignorance, would make the operation of such a policy impossible until the arrival of the millennium. He said protection was the juggery of the devil. If protection were a natural protection, it would be a natural death in spite of the devil. But protection was not a natural thing; it was a "juggery of the devil." The speaker said that when Mr. Sewall was Secretary of the Treasury, he had a little of the people about him, it was said that such was the case, it was said that such was the case, it was said that such was the case.

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Our young legislator elect, W. Mitchell Muschette, Esq., made his maiden speech in court yesterday in defense of Orlando King, charged with wife beating. His manner was self-possessed, his arguments logical and sound, and his demeanor generally was such to create a most favorable impression on those who heard him. Our worthy state's attorney thinks that a multitude of accomplishments that he would make even a good preacher should be found in himself on a job. This doubtful compliment was bestowed in view of the fact that Mr. Davis called off the court docket in such an easy and unembarrassed manner on Monday.

S. Cox, Jr., Esq., left with us this week two mammoth turkeys that were raised on his farm "Rich Hill." The samples measured over two feet in circumference, and being of the white variety is rather a remarkable growth. We have heard of none so large here, and it is very interesting. Our friend S. Cox in this shows his ability to raise big vegetables as well as big Democratic politicians.

Mr. Geo. L. Chappell met with an accident while returning home from court on last Monday afternoon. The king bolt of his buggy broke and the front wheels being detached the horses started off with them and Mr. Chappell, retaining his hold on the reins was drawn over the dashboard and dragged some distance on the road before the horses were checked. He escaped injury, however, as did also Mr. Geo. C. Johnson, who was with him at the time.

Persons living in the country are often troubled with overwork, or oppressed by the sun's heat, bowed shoulders, &c., and for this reason should always keep on hand Dr. Henry's Cherry Pile and Hemorrhoid Remedy, which is an excellent remedy for such complaints. This wonderful compound not only cures hemorrhoids, but is also an excellent invigorant and corrective in cases of bowels, indigestion, and assists nature in the removal of waste. It is a very popular compound, and its use is increasing every day. It can be obtained of all druggists.

Orders by Mail for Men's and Boys' Clothing, will be promptly and carefully filled, and a complete list of styles and prices will be sent free of charge, on application, to the publishers, Saks & Company, 1000, 1001, 1002 and 1003 Seventh St. Washington City.

Free Trade. The Free Trade and Revenue Reform Conference, in session in Chicago, last week adopted resolutions setting forth that the continuation of the war tariff with duties averaging 42 per cent. on over 10,000 articles of raw materials, primary products and much higher specific duties on many crude materials, has prolonged the evils of war in times of peace, and has been the principal cause of commercial and industrial depression. The resolutions urged upon Congress that no attempt be made to increase protective duties, that articles which are at the foundation of great industries should be free from duty, that no profits from crude materials and primary products should be added to the tariff, and that duties on articles of commerce should be correspondingly reduced; that steps in tariff reform should simplify the present complicated tariff, and that duties should be uniform, and that duties on raw materials and primary products should be reduced to a minimum.

The Hon. Ward Beecher spoke Friday night at the Free Trade Conference. He declared that he was in favor of no tariff at all. Though the best policy to follow was to delay the expression of government, the Senate and House of the people, born of their ignorance, would make the operation of such a policy impossible until the arrival of the millennium. He said protection was the juggery of the devil. If protection were a natural protection, it would be a natural death in spite of the devil. But protection was not a natural thing; it was a "juggery of the devil." The speaker said that when Mr. Sewall was Secretary of the Treasury, he had a little of the people about him, it was said that such was the case, it was said that such was the case, it was said that such was the case.

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