

# Port Tobacco Times

PORT TOBACCO:

Friday Morning, June 4, 1886.

Archbishop Ryan has made public the decree of the recent Catholic council held at Baltimore, relative to the sale of liquor on Sunday. He announces that all Catholics must abstain from selling intoxicants on Sunday or else leave the church. The decree has been affirmed by the Vatican and will be enforced all over the United States.

Among the pension propositions now before Congress are the Mexican bill (estimated expenditure \$74,344,000), Senator Logan's new bill (estimated expenditure not less than \$600,000,000), Senator Culom's bill (estimated expenditure \$50,000,000 a year), and the arrears appeal bill (estimated expenditure \$223,368,100). Here are schemes for taking over nine hundred million dollars out of the treasury. How do the solons propose to get it in the Treasury first? Increase the tariff?

Representative Breckinridge, of Kentucky, introduced a bill in the House on Monday to establish a "Department of Agriculture and Industry," its head to have the rank and emoluments of a Cabinet officer. The bill groups under this one head the following bureaus: Agriculture and Statistics, Supervising Architect, Life Saving Service, Steamboat Inspection, Railroad Commissioner, Geological, Geodetic and Coast Survey, and certain other bureaus of the Treasury and Interior Departments.

John Kelly, the well known New York politician, and leader of Tammany Hall, died at his home in that city on Tuesday last. Mr. Kelly had been in failing health for some time and his death was not unexpected. During his life Mr. Kelly wielded a powerful influence in the politics of New York, and was for a long time the controlling spirit in that city. His personal magnetism was great and he made and held friends with great generosity. Through his influence Tammany Hall was kept intact and powerful for good or evil politically.

Hon. Robert M. McLane, United States minister to France, arrived by the steamer La Champagne, from Havre, at New York early Monday morning, and left New York for Washington at 3:50 P. M., passing through Baltimore without stopping, and reaching the capital about 9 P. M. Being in the diplomatic service of the government, Mr. McLane's first act was to report his arrival to the Secretary of State. He does not know how long his visit to the United States will be extended. He was met in New York by his brother, Mr. Jas. L. McLane, and Mr. Geo. B. Milligan, his cousin, who was Secretary of State when Mr. McLane was Governor. Mr. McLane is looking remarkably well.

The House of Representatives on Saturday was again occupied with the consideration of the oleomargarine bill and an attempt to reduce the tax from ten to two cents a pound was defeated. Mr. Daniel of Virginia, spoke in advocacy of an amendment, which he proposed to offer hereafter, abolishing internal revenue tax on tobacco and on fruit brandy. In the platform of the democratic party, assembled at Chicago, which nominated the President now occupying the executive office, there was a distinct declaration and pledge to abolish war taxes. The internal revenue system was distinctly a war tax. Mr. Daniel expressed his astonishment when he saw democrats, who had pledged themselves to abolish war taxes and who had placed upon their banners "equal and exact justice to all men," take a wide leap through the constitution and through the roof, and run three leagues beyond where the most radical goneseed Republicanism had ever gone before. Mr. Daniel was frequently applauded during the delivery of his speech.

The offense of which Johann Meist, the anarchist, was convicted in New York on Friday was participation in an unlawful assembly on the night of April 23, at which he made a violent speech, urging his hearers to arm themselves for the purpose of killing the police. A jury composed of practical men, disposed to take account of facts without regard to theories, found Meist an inciter to murder and arson, and have given him an opportunity to pay the penalty of his crime. It was in evidence that in the course of the speech of April 23 Meist produced a rifle and urged those present to procure other like it, with which to effect their purposes. A paper circulated through the audience exhorted workmen to arm themselves against capitalists, priests and banditti. The further advice was given to procure clubs, with which to suppress the police, who were described as "the hirelings of the capitalists." Murder and assault were not the only crimes in contemplation. It was testified that Meist advised his hearers to procure petroleum bombs for their wives to use in firing the houses of capitalists. Vitriol, with which to deluge the heads of the police was another article most desired to have provided. The funds for the purpose of guns, bombs and vitriol, the anarchist suggested, might be raised by the sale of watches and other like property. This was very serious language to use at any time, and especially at a time when, in consequence of strikes and other labor troubles in New York, many persons were in an excited state of mind. It was advising the perpetration of various crimes, and suggesting in careful detail the means by which those crimes might be successfully committed. Whether any one acted on Meist's advice is uncertain. Be that as it may, he hid all he could to spur his hearers to acts which, if committed, would have been crimes of the most serious character. Is society to wait till it has been made to suffer from its confessedly implacable enemies. Or must it rather, in self defense, invoke the police force to prevent the perpetration of injuries clearly in preparation against it? The latter is the course that has been pursued in New York, where it has not been deemed wise to wait, as was done in Chicago, till the harm has been done. Freedom of speech, it is wisely held, does not include liberty to incite to murder and arson.—Baltimore Sun.

## The Tobacco Market and the Inspection Law.

We printed last week a circular from the Leaf Tobacco Association of Baltimore, addressed to the planters of Maryland making some pertinent and timely suggestions in regard to the preparation of our Maryland tobacco for market, but for want of space we were prevented then from making any editorial reference to the matter. We hope the circular has been carefully read by all our planter readers and that the suggestions it contains will receive due attention. Maryland tobacco has in late years fallen somewhat in disrepute in the European markets where it is almost exclusively sold, and this is said to be due to the careless or improper manner in which the tobacco has been prepared for market and the fact that many falsely packed hogheads passed undetected through the State warehouses formerly regulated. The last Legislature, in compliance with the petition of an influential convention of the buyers and sellers of the Maryland product, passed a law having in view the correction of the abuses which were said to have brought discredit upon Maryland tobacco.

The Leaf Tobacco Association, after reviewing the new law and making a series of practical suggestions to the planters looking to the carrying out of its provisions, conclude by urging upon the planters the importance of co-operation on the part of all interested in the growth or sale of Maryland tobacco in correcting injurious abuses and restoring former confidence and healthfulness in that important trade. The circular says:

"Maryland tobacco is almost entirely sold here for shipment to the continent of Europe. Our buyers assure us that they have written their friends advising them of the amended law passed by the recent Legislature, and promising a more satisfactory system in the future, asking at the same time for a renewal of orders. We trust and ask every one connected with the business of growing and handling tobacco to send a helping hand, that that confidence which is essential to a healthy and remunerative trade may be speedily restored, and our Maryland tobacco again assume its former honored position in the markets of the world."

All judicious planters will recognize the necessity and importance of co-operating in every proper way toward restoring fairness and mutual confidence in the trade in our staple product. The necessity, therefore, of "packing, when possible, only tobacco of uniform quality and length in the same hoghead," or, where necessary to mix, of putting "each grade separate," as suggested, so that distinct samples may be taken from each, will be fully recognized by planters. The caution, also, "do not line around the hoghead with short or inferior tobacco," will, we are sure, not be disregarded. Under the more stringent regulations of sampling contained in the new law, the inspectors would probably take a sample from those "mixings," especially if they were of short or inferior tobacco. It will, therefore, be recognized by the planters as the wisest course to abandon the practice of lining in packing altogether; or, as suggested by the circular, "if your style of packing makes it possible to line, use the uniform grade of the bulk."

There has been some complaint among the planters regarding the new inspection law. We have heard it charged that every essential feature in the amended law originated with the Baltimore buyers, and that the law is, therefore, wholly in the interest of the buyers. While it is true, we believe, that the leading features of the law did originate with the buyers, it should not be forgotten that the entire bill as amended was fully concurred in and endorsed at a convention of both planters and buyers held in Baltimore city, at which this, and, we believe, all the tobacco growing counties of the State were represented by influential planters. The amendments were recognized as a just and proper concession to the consuming interest, rendered necessary in order to restore that mutual confidence between buyer and seller, which is essential to healthfulness in any trade. It is a mistake to assume that the interests of the producers and foreign manufacturers of our staple product are necessarily antagonistic. The interests of these two classes are, or should be, mutual and perfect confidence and amity should exist between them.

It was with this view and in this spirit that the amended inspection law was enacted. Its object is to place the sale of tobacco on a similar footing with other sales by sample; that is to say that the samples shall fairly represent the bulk of the commodity which is sold by it and that the purchaser by sample shall have a responsible guarantee that the bulk of the commodity conforms to the sample by which it is sold. It is manifestly to the interest of the producer and seller that this state of things should exist. So long as the buyer entertains any reasonable doubt that the bulk of the tobacco he buys is largely composed of a quality essentially inferior to the sample exhibited to him, he will necessarily take such tobacco at a discount. It is said, with apparent truth, that by reason of the fact that inferior qualities of tobacco were so frequently mixed in Maryland hogheads and not represented by the samples taken, that every hoghead of Maryland tobacco had come to be purchased at a discount upon the sample by which it was sold; and the difficulty of safely estimating this discount, it is said, was the reason that Maryland tobacco was brought into disrepute upon the market. Hence the importance of the planter co-operating with the inspector and the spirit of the new law by packing his tobacco with care that the samples taken at the State warehouses shall fairly represent the contents of the hoghead. Then there will be no discount imposed upon all growers for the carelessness or misconduct of a few, and samples of Maryland tobacco will be purchased at their full market value.

Complaints are heard among the planters also to the effect that notwithstanding the concessions to the foreign trade contained in the law, and the great promises of an improved trade made by the buyers before the passage of the law, there has been more of a stand still in the Baltimore tobacco market during the past April and May than during the same period for many years past. This seems to be true, but the cause of it is said to lie in the fact that tobacco packed in hogheads previous to the month of May is apt to go

through a condition in the hoghead during that month which essentially impairs its quality. This fact having been thoroughly demonstrated to the foreign consumers by heavy spring transactions in Maryland tobacco which in late years have been carried on, it is said that their Baltimore agents have been instructed not to deal to any extent in tobacco previous to June. It is confidently asserted, however, by those most familiar with the trade, that, although the market for our product will in coming years probably, for the cause we have stated, not open fairly before the month of June, that there is an excellent prospect of a decided improvement in the tone of the market for our Maryland tobacco.

## The President's Marriage.

President Cleveland was married to Miss Frances Folsom, of Buffalo, N. Y., on Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Byron Sundstrand, of the First Presbyterian Church, in the Blue Parlor of the White House. This announcement was made officially last Friday evening by Col. Lamont, who returned from New York that day. The President left Washington on Sunday for New York city, where he was the guest at Secretary Whitney's residence on Fifth avenue. On Monday he attended the Decoration Day ceremonies and returned to Washington on Tuesday. The bride and her attendants arrived to Washington by an early train on Wednesday. It was the President's desire, as well as that of Miss Folsom, that the marriage ceremony should be performed with as little display as possible, and owing to the recent death in the Folsom family, only the immediate members of the Cleveland and Folsom families and a few personal friends were invited to witness the marriage ceremony. There were no bridesmaids or groomsmen, and the services were conducted in accordance with the regular form of the Presbyterian Church. A wedding supper was served in the State dining-room, at which the new hostess of the White House presided for the first time. The President and bride left the city at 9 o'clock by a special train on the B. & O. road for Deer Park, where they will spend a week. Mr. Cleveland thus enjoys the distinction of being the first President married in the White House. The bride, though so young, is said to be a most accomplished lady and will tidily and gracefully do the honors of "first lady of the land."

## Uncle Sam's Big Business.

Public documents are generally received with unkind thoughts, if not remarks, and are pushed aside, where they lie neglected, in a critical moment, they are buried at some aggressive instance. But they contain some interesting facts, as we shall endeavor to show in a practical way. These reports relate, of course, to the last fiscal year. Our governmental uncle's income last year was a little over \$1,000,000 for each business day. Uncle Sam's Revenue last year was \$322,000,000, and he spent \$300,000,000. We pay nowdays \$1,000,000 a week for interest on the public debt. In 1867 we paid \$3,000,000 a week to the bloated bondholders. The bondholders have been shored aside by the pensioners, who drew out \$56,000,000 the last year and who demanded this year \$75,000,000.

Nor will the pensions charge soon dwindle to small proportions. It has come to stay for generations, and, as widows of deceased soldiers are entitled to pensions, it is estimated that there will be a pension bill until the year 2004, or 144 years after the close of the civil war. For example, a soldier of 20 at the close of the war marries fifty years later a girl of 20. The girl proves to be tough and lives to be 80 years old here. She would draw a pension until 1975. Exaggerate all these ages, and we would have a case that would extend to the limit named.

Uncle Sam is a great builder, and today he is erecting eighty fine buildings, some of which will cost over \$1,000,000. Uncle Sam is also the largest holder of improved real estate in the country, and his hunting ranges in the far West are still superb.

The assistant register of the United States Treasury has compiled a table showing the annual per capita revenue and expenditures of the United States from 1827 to 1885, inclusive. The contrast between different years and different periods is oftentimes very striking. Thus, the revenue has been as low as ninety six cents for each inhabitant, as was the case in 1841, and under the stimulus of war taxes has risen to fifteen dollars and seventy three cents per head, as it did in 1868. Naturally the difference between the maximum and the minimum annual expenditure for other purposes than the payment of the principal of the public debt have been even greater. In 1845 we spent one dollar and fifteen cents for each person then in the country, and in 1865 thirty seven dollars and thirty-four cents. For the last twelve years the net revenue, eleven-twentieths of which comes from the product of taxation, has ranged from a maximum of five dollars and forty-two cents in 1878. During the same period expenditures have varied from seven dollars and seven cents in 1874 to four dollars and thirty-nine cents in 1884. The revenues for 1885 were at the rate of five dollars and sixty-eight cents, and the expenditures at the rate of four dollars and fifty-seven cents. In 1869 our per capita income was one dollar and seventy-eight cents, and our per capita expenditure two dollars and one cent. That in the period of twenty-five years our expenditures have more than doubled, and in order to meet them and to pay off the debt the war made we are taxing ourselves three times as heavily as we were immediately before the war.

Jacob Neff, a well-known farmer of Manor township, died suddenly Monday morning under peculiar circumstances. He drove to Millersville at six o'clock to see his son started on a journey and have some repairs made to his carriage. Meeting a friend, the subject of sudden death came up, and Mr. Neff remarked upon the large number of such deaths that had occurred recently. The conversation ended, he turned to go into the blacksmith shop, when he uttered an exclamation and fell dead at the feet of the smith. His death was caused by heart disease, and it is a curious coincidence that the majority of persons mentioned in his conversation died from the same cause. He was 70 years old, and leaves a wife and several children.

## The Cardinalate.

The official letter from Rome notifying Archbishop Gibbons of his elevation to the cardinalate is dated May 6, and is as follows: "His Holiness has determined to raise you to the honor of the Roman purple in recognition of the services rendered by you to the Church of the United States during the past year. The Sovereign Pontiff in conferring upon you the cardinalate dignity wishes in a particular manner to raise you to the high rank of the church, as well as to increase the honor of the metropolitan see of Baltimore, first among all the churches of the vast republic of the United States, and on that account adorned with the honorable title of cardinal. It rejoices to be able to give to you by express orders of his Holiness so great a communication. There is nothing left me to add but to congratulate you with all my heart on your well-merited promotion, and to reaffirm myself, with most sincere esteem, your humble servant."

## OUR STOCK

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

## OUR STOCK

—OF—  
CLOTHING

THE MOST COMPLETE TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

EVERY GARMENT RECOMMENDS ITSELF, FOR GOOD QUALITY, UNIQUE AND TASTY STYLE.

FOR A MODERATE COST YOU CAN BUY OF US A SUIT FOR

## Yourself or Boys

That is Perfect in every Particular.

We can Fit the Smallest Boy or the Largest Man.

We Offer Superior Attractions in every DEPARTMENT.

Those wishing to supply themselves with

## Spring or Summer CLOTHING

SHOULD GIVE US A CALL.

Here are a few of our attractive Prices:

Mens' All Wool Suits... \$10.00

Boys' All Wool Suits... 7.50

Childrens All Wool Suits 4.00

LIKES, BERWANGER & CO.

## ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS

216 & 218 W. BALTIMORE STREET.

may 8-3m BALTIMORE, MD.

## POSITIVE PROOFS.

In other advertisements we have said that the medicine Rheumatism Cure was a specific for Rheumatism, and all its attendant aches and pains. We now give you the following testimonial from a gentleman who writes us:

"I have used your medicine, the country is full of it, and I have seen it used in many places. I have used it for a long time, and it has cured me of my Rheumatism. I have used it for a long time, and it has cured me of my Rheumatism. I have used it for a long time, and it has cured me of my Rheumatism."

Mr. J. H. Weller, of Nokesville, Prince William county, Va., contributes the following testimonial to the Rheumatism Cure: "My wife and I were afflicted with Rheumatism for several years. We used many remedies, but they did not do us any good. We then used your medicine, and it cured us. We are now well and happy."

A horse attached to a buggy, driven by a man who gave the name of Ricker, ran away in Central Park, New York, Saturday, and the wagon collided with one which contained J. E. Pease and his wife. The couple were in the rear of the vehicles, and both horses were badly injured. Mr. and Mrs. Pease were removed to a hospital. Their recovery is doubtful. Policeman Finney, who was assigned the couple from the wreck, was kicked by one of the horses and badly injured.

A Chicago firm will undertake to raise the Baltimore House in Potomac, a height of seven feet greater than it is now without in any way disturbing its inmates. The house has a frontage of 130 feet on Seventh street and 110 feet on Duquesne Way, and is four stories high. The walls are of massive brick, the foundation stone of great weight. The work of raising the house will be done by the use of a screw and cost \$9,000. The necessity for raising the house arose from the elevation of the street to get a proper roadway approach to a bridge.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

L. MEYER,

No. 72 Hanover St., near Pratt

BALTIMORE, MD.

is now offering a varied assortment of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Bonnets, Millinery Trimmings,

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS, and a complete stock of Ladies' and Gents' Parasols, Fancy Goods, Notions,

WORSTEDS & EMBROIDERED SILKS.

At prices to suit the times.

## KID GLOVES A SPECIALTY.

Entirely New Styles of Stamping. Don't fail to inspect his stock before purchasing elsewhere. It will pay you. 4 1/2 yds.

## NOTICE.

Having at considerable expense secured a FINE YOUNG JACK from Kentucky, he will be let to a limited number of Hares during the present season commencing April 1st and ending June 30th, 1886, at Cox's Station. Terms \$10 cash. Groom's fee 50 cents in each case, both to be paid in advance. Having secured a sober and careful groom, will not be responsible for accident.

WILLS & MILTON.

Notice to Delinquents.

Statistics collected by Bradstreet's special agents show that, within a territory of some five hundred thousand square miles, or about one-sixth of the entire country, the labor strikes since the first of May have cost the workmen wages to the amount of over three millions of dollars, and their employers two and a half millions of income. The contracts for future work cancelled or deferred on the same account reach the value of nearly twenty-five millions of dollars. These figures are stupendous. They come in a large measure from the building trades.

Persons in need of repairs for Champion machinery will please let me know of it before harvest begins, as at that time I will be busy with new machinery as not to be able to attend to repairing properly. P. R. WILLS, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, Cox's Station, Md.

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## FREDERICK PAFF

Manufacturer and Dealer in fine

BOOTS AND SHOES.

No. 99 King Street,

Alexandria, Va.

Introducer of Fashionable

Foot Gear,

Ladies, Misses and Childrens

SHOES

OF EVERY DISCRPTION.

Men's Fine Shoes

A SPECIALTY.

—AND—

PRICES LOWER THAN THE

LOWEST.

JOS. A. GRAY, JR., & BRO.,

—AGENTS FOR—

CROPLEY,

BOTELER & CRAMPTON'S

Standard Fertilizers.

—FOR SPRING CROPS—

Tobacco Fertilizer,

Corn Fertilizer,

Potato Fertilizers.

—WE ALSO SELL—

PURE RAW BONE, S. C. PHOS-

PHATE, PLASTER, KALINITE,

TANKING, ETC.

These fertilizers have been extensively used by the farmers of Charles county for the past two years, and our steadily increasing sales are a guarantee of the general satisfaction they have given. We refer to any who have used them for a test of their merits.

ALSO AGENTS FOR

The Tennessee Farm Wagons,

BURDORF WALKING AND RIDING CULTIVATOR, HORSE RAKES, PLOWES, HARROWS, and AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

—WE ALSO SELL—

Wm. Deering & Co's Colobarted

HARVESTING MACHINERY:

Binders, Reapers, Mowers, etc.

## Greencastle Grain Drill.

This machinery is in general use throughout the State and is highly commended by leading farmers. It is lighter draft and equal strength to any now in the market. Thinking our friends for past patronage, we will be glad to serve them again this Spring. Our facilities have now increased and we promise equal or greater satisfaction than heretofore. Write for particulars. J. Q. A. HOLLOWAY, 107 McElderry's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

## W. J. DODDARD'S

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W. J. DODDARD'S ION BEAST. This is a new and improved breed of sheep, and is highly commended by leading farmers. It is lighter draft and equal strength to any now in the market. Thinking our friends for past patronage, we will be glad to serve them again this Spring. Our facilities have now increased and we promise equal or greater satisfaction than heretofore. Write for particulars. J. Q. A. HOLLOWAY, 107 McElderry's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

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