

BURIED IN A CAVE.

Seven Imprisoned Tourists Rescued After Many Days of Suffering.

THE PARTY'S AWFUL EXPERIENCE.

Four Men Killed and a Hundred Wounded in an Anti-Jewish Riot.

GRATZ, Austria, May 8.—A diver at 10:30 a. m. succeeded in reaching the party of tourists who have been imprisoned in the stalactite cavern at Souchach since Saturday, April 23, owing to a sudden rise in the water and the fact that the passage to it became blocked with timber and boulders. The diver found all seven of the tourists alive. It was at first believed that eight people were imprisoned. The news that the tourists who have been so long imprisoned were still alive caused the utmost satisfaction among the crowds of people who gathered about the cavern in order to watch the work of the engineers who have been toiling day and night ever since they were ordered to the spot when the local authorities announced their inability to force an entrance into the cave. The engineers

Had a Very Difficult Task in making an opening into the cavern. The entrance was blocked by timber, boulders and flood debris. It was absolutely necessary to use dynamite in order to clear away the obstructions which prevented the entrance of a diver into the cavern. The engineers were compelled to work with the utmost caution, as it was feared that too severe an explosion might bury the imprisoned people beneath tons of rock.

When the debris had been cleared away and all was ready for another attempt, Diver Fischer made another, and this time successful descent, into the mouth of the cave. When he reappeared he notified the engineer officers that, although the tourists were alive, they appeared like people half bereft of reason as

The Terrible Nervous Strain to which they had been subjected had almost driven them mad. The imprisoned tourists informed the diver that they had passed through a period of most awful anxiety and terror. They had been able to hear the attempts to rescue them, but the work seemed to progress so slowly that they had almost abandoned hope. The noise made by the explosions of the dynamite cartridges had the effect of cheering the imprisoned people, though they were in dread of being buried beneath falling rocks.

Late in the afternoon the rescue was completed. Six of the tourists were able to emerge from the cave unaided, but the seventh was so exhausted that he required assistance. Emperor Francis Joseph was notified of the safety of the tourists and telegraphed his entire satisfaction.

ANTI-JEWISH RIOTS.

Four Workmen Killed and a Hundred Injured in a Fight With Troops.

BERLIN, May 8.—During an anti-Jewish riot at Grajewo, Russian Poland, a number of workmen attacked the Jewish shopkeepers and looted their houses and shops. Troops were summoned to quell the disturbance, and, after a fierce fight, the soldiers using their drawn swords, the rioters were dispersed. Four of the workmen were killed and 100 wounded.

Saw the Earth Trembling.

ATHENS, May 8.—Another severe shock of earthquake was felt here and in the Atalanta district Monday. Passengers on board the steamers traversing the Straits state that they distinctly saw the earth trembling to such an extent as to cause part of the fortifications of Chalcis to fall.

Four Killed and Thirty Injured.

LONDON, May 8.—An explosion, the fourth within a year, took place at the cordite works near Waltham Abbey, 13 miles from this city. Thousands of jars of nitrate and sulphuric acid were in some manner unexplained suddenly exploded. Four persons were killed and 30 injured.

NEARING THE END.

Arguments Begun in the Coxe Trial at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The trial of the commonwealth leaders, which has dragged along in the police court for three days, will be concluded soon. Coxe's explanation of his plans for redeeming the government was the principal feature of the day's proceedings apart from the speeches by the lawyers. It is apparent that the case is being tested on the broad grounds of justification for Coxe's movement, for the assistant district attorney, in his opening address, called Brown a crank, and did not hesitate to insinuate Coxe was a knave, while the opposing lawyers endeavored to make the trial appear a persecution by the plutocrats of the people and appealed to animosity against Wall street.

Deadwood Doctor Suicides.

DEADWOOD, S.D., May 8.—Dr. Charles Bergdahl committed suicide by taking morphine. The man was suffering from remorse for causing the death by malpractice of a young countrywoman. Bergdahl had been a resident of this city but a month. He was for some time on the staff of the county corps of physicians.

Catholic Total Abstinence Union.

ST. PAUL, May 8.—The Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America, an organization over 50,000 strong, with branches in almost every state, will hold its 34th general convention here this year. It will open its sessions on Ang. 1, to continue three days, and an attendance of over 1,500 people is expected.

COMPROMISE BILL.

Many Changes in the Tariff Measure Made by the Senate Committee.

A GENERAL INCREASE NOTED.

Republican Senators Decide Not to Unnecessarily Prolong the Debate.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—During the executive session Senator Jones presented the amendments to the tariff bill which have been considered and agreed to by the Democratic senators. There are over 400 of them, and it makes a new bill, or a measure greatly differing from the Wilson bill and from the senate bill in any form in which it has been presented. The amendments heretofore presented by Senator Vest and reported from the finance committee are endorsed by the compromise committee. There is a general increase in the bill and in some schedules the increases are very marked. Senator Harris announced that notwithstanding the consideration of the Chinese treaty had not been finished, he would oppose any more executive sessions or the passing of any bills during the morning hours until after the tariff bill was disposed of. He also said that he would press for sessions beginning at 10 a. m. in order that more speed might be made.

The Principal Items.

The new sugar schedule provides that on and after Jan. 1, 1895, there shall be levied, collected and paid on all sugars not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, a duty of 40 per centum ad valorem, and upon all sugars above No. 16 Dutch standard in color there shall be levied, collected and paid a duty of one-eighth of one cent per pound in addition to the said duty of 40 per cent ad valorem; and all sugars which are imported from or are the product of any country which at the time the same are exported therefrom pass, indirectly or directly, bounty on the export thereof, shall pay a duty of one-tenth of one cent per pound in addition to the foregoing rates.

The iron paragraph fixes a duty of \$4 per ton on pig iron and three-fifths of a cent per pound on structural iron. The house duty on tin plate, 1-15 cents a pound, is also restored in the new measure. The cigar paragraph is changed from \$3 per pound and 25 per cent ad valorem to \$4 per pound and 25 per cent. The duty on butter is fixed at 4 cents per pound, and eggs, which are free in the Wilson bill, are taxed 3 cents per dozen. Brussels carpets and carpets of like character are changed from 30 to 35 per cent, and the date on which the reduction of rates in the wool schedule goes into effect is changed to Jan. 1, 1895.

WILL NOT FILIBUSTER.

Republican Attitude on the Tariff Bill Declared.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Republican steering committee of the senate held a conference during the day for the purpose of considering the attitude of the Republican party in the senate on the tariff question, in view of the claims made by the Democrats that they have assurance of the 43 votes necessary to pass the bill. While the members of the committee do not freely discuss the action of the committee, it is understood that they decided to notify the Democratic leaders that they had no intention of filibustering against the tariff, and especially would not be inclined to resort to dilatory tactics if the Democratic party should prove to be united upon the tariff bill. The interchange of views developed the fact, however, that the Republicans think that there is much material in the new compromise bill for legitimate discussion, and that they will insist upon the right to discuss the bill as amended upon its merits.

BRIEF OPEN SESSION.

The Senate Spends Most of the Day Behind Closed Doors.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The open session of the senate lasted but half an hour and was devoid of all public interest save the introduction by Senator Allen of Nebraska, who is defending Coxe and his lieutenants in the police court of a resolution for the appointment of a special committee of five senators to investigate the alleged clubbing by the Washington police of the leaders of the commonwealth, when the army tried to break into the Capitol grounds last Tuesday. The resolution went over for a day and will probably be called up as soon as the senate meets. The senate spent six hours behind closed doors and then opened them in order to agree to a conference on a bill regulating liquor licenses in the district.

Talked Tariff in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The house began business by making some committee provisions for the newly elected members of the house. A special order was adopted making the bills for the erection of a new government printing office and a new hall of records in the city of Washington the business of the house until disposed of. The printing office bill was discussed until 5:07 o'clock, but long before that hour the debate degenerated into a tariff discussion. At 5:13 o'clock the house adjourned.

The Chinese Treaty.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Chinese treaty was under discussion for six hours by the senate in executive session, but that time proved insufficient for its disposal, so it went over. Speeches were made favorable to ratification by Senators Morgan and Sherman of the committee on foreign relations and by Senator White of California, while Senator Perkins of California spoke in opposition.

AN APPEAL FOR AID.

Organized Labor Asked to Help Kelly Feed His Men.

DES MOINES, May 8.—One hundred and eighteen of 150 barges for the Kelly army have been completed. Kelly has been compelled to draw nearly \$500 from his army chest to help pay for lumber. The provisions have been falling low and an appeal for help has been sent out signed by J. E. Sovereign, general master workman, Knights of Labor; Eugene V. Debs, president American Railway union; L. P. Jones, president State Federation of Labor, and others. The appeal is for organized labor all over the country to help Kelly's army. It says: "General Kelly's army is largely composed of members of organized labor. They are engaged in a crusade calculated to benefit labor in various ways and especially in an educational way. The army is sadly in need of material support. Every effort is being made by a combination of corporations to impede the course of its march and if possible annihilate the army as a body of unemployed workmen."

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Capital of the Empire State Filling Up With Delegates and Visitors.

ALBANY, May 8.—The capital of the Empire state is beginning to fill up with delegates to the great constitutional convention. All the available quarters at the hotels have been engaged for an indefinite period, and boarding houses and private dwellings have been liberally drawn upon to provide accommodations for the small army of outsiders that will be attracted here by the deliberations of the convention. A large number of woman suffragists is on hand, and so are many members of the National League for the Protection of American Institutions. Organized labor is well represented. About one-half of the 200 delegates have arrived. The advance guard of woman suffragists has started in to work with characteristic energy, and every arriving delegate is at once button-holed and urged to pledge himself to support the constitutional amendment giving the right of the ballot to the gentler sex.

MYRON R. KENT ESCAPES.

The Supposed North Dakota Murderer Gave a Nebraska Sheriff the Slip.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 8.—Sheriff George H. Bingenheimer of Mandan, N. D., reached Minneapolis Sunday on his way to Trenton, Neb., to bring back Myron R. Kent, who had been arrested there for alleged complicity in the murder of his wife, formerly Miss Laird of Minneapolis, March 14 last. While here Bingenheimer received a message from Trenton saying that Kent had escaped from the deputy sheriff who had him in charge. No particulars were given further than that Kent had stated that he would not go back without requisition papers, but the Mandan sheriff was armed for such an emergency, having secured the necessary documents before he left.

INTERNATIONAL BIMETALLISM.

Mr. Lodge Would Force Great Britain to Adopt a Double Standard.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Mr. Lodge has introduced an amendment to the tariff bill in the senate, of which he gave notice some time ago, providing that against Great Britain, or any of her colonies, a duty double the amount imposed in the proposed tariff bill shall be levied, and a duty of 35 per cent on all articles on the free list, such duties to continue until Great Britain shall assent to take part in an international agreement with the United States for the coinage and use of silver.

Four Thousand Will Strike.

PITTSBURG, May 8.—District President Cairns of the United Mine Workers of America has received a letter from Organizer Miller at Letonia, Md., in which he says that all the miners of Maryland will strike. There are about 4,000 in the district. A joint meeting of the railroad and river operators of Pennsylvania has been called for Friday to take action regarding the Cleveland convention.

SETTLED WITH THE STATE.

Three Minnesota Pine Suits Satisfactorily Adjusted Out of Court.

ST. PAUL, May 8.—The case against the H. C. Akeley Lumber company, pending in Itasca county, and the cases against the Itasca Lumber company, pending in Ramsey county, have been settled by the attorneys, Harris Richardson for the state, and James A. Kellogg for the companies.

By the agreement the permit is cancelled and the Akeley Lumber company relieved from the performance of its contract, while the Itasca company pays the state \$20,000 in full for all timber taken. The Itasca had cut timber under the permit to the Akeley company, but the latter had never cut any timber.

GRAND ARMY SENSATION.

Money Sent South to Decorate Union Graves Used For Other Purposes.

MILWAUKEE, May 8.—Department Commander Watrous, of the Wisconsin G. A. R., has given out a statement to the effect that funds which have annually been sent to Virginia to be used in decorating the graves of Union soldiers, buried on and near southern battlefields have not all been used for the purpose intended. The matter is one that will interest Grand Army men in every part of the country, and will cause quite a stir. Commander Watrous intimates that a large portion of the money received by the Richmond post has been used to build a memorial hall in the city of Richmond.

He Was Polite.

Little Boy—That lady gave me some candy. Mother—I hope you were polite about it. "Yes'm." "What did you say?" "I said I wished pop had met her before he got acquainted with you."—Good News.

MAY STRIKE AGAIN

Rumors of Further Trouble on the Great Northern Over an Obnoxious Order.

OLD EMPLOYEES BEING LET OUT.

The Grievance Committee Confers With President Hill Without Result.

ST. PAUL, May 8.—There are rumors of further trouble with the men on the Great Northern, and the general grievance committee has been summoned to meet here to consider the situation and take whatever action may be deemed necessary. The trouble arises over the order issued a few days ago by the general manager relative to the suspension of certain employees who had deserted their engines or in other manner committed acts subjecting the company to loss and damage during the recent strike.

Conferring With Hill.

Monday the grievance committee called on President Hill and had an interview, but no agreement was reached and another meeting will be held. As nearly as could be learned, after careful inquiry, the matter is simply this: The men claim that the understanding, under the findings of the board of arbitration, was that the strikers should be restored to their positions. The company does not understand that the terms are so sweeping, and, in fact, that it reserved the right to let out certain employees who went a little farther than was warranted under the circumstances.

EMPLOYEES DISSATISFIED.

A Committee From St. Cloud to Confer With President Hill.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., May 8.—General Manager Case's order that none of the Great Northern employees who did violence to the company's property or violated United States laws during the strike is causing uneasiness here among local A. R. U. men. At a meeting held by them it was decided to send a committee to wait on President Hill requesting him to reinstate the men thus affected or modify the order. Twelve men on this division are affected, including President Foster.

GETTING RID OF THE UNEMPLOYED.

Western Cities Paying Big Sums to Send Coxeyites East.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., May 8.—A Coxe organizer, who was here with a wing of the army, in an interview, said that \$5,000 was raised in Butte to help take an army which he was organizing in the West to the East. He says that other cities on the coast are raising large sums to send unemployed working men east. They care nothing about the effect that the movement is expected to have on legislation, but it is a cheap and popular way to return to the East a large army of men which floated west during the boom days on the coast and which are now a drug in Western cities. While the organizer was here a prominent and wealthy man gave him a list of 104 undesirable citizens and offered him \$10 per head for as many of them as he would take east, the money payable when he reached Pittsburg.

WHITE EARTH LANDS.

Homes For Five Thousand Families Soon to Be Given Out.

WHITE EARTH, Minn., May 8.—Upwards of 1,000,000 acres of the ceded Red Lake Indian reservation lands have been surveyed and appraised and are now ready for the market at such time as the secretary of the interior shall decide. Five hundred thousand acres of these lands comprise some of the choicest agricultural and meadowlands to be found in the Northwest, being well watered and timbered. The agricultural portion of these lands, when put on the market will be subject to homestead entry only, and will afford homes to over 5,000 settlers.

Used a Torpedo on the Track.

TACOMA, Wash., May 8.—The commonwealers put a torpedo on the Northern Pacific track, a mile and a half east of Easton, late in the evening and stopped the east bound freight train. Over 100 of them boarded it. The engineer backed the train into Easton and sidetracked it. Deputy marshals are on their way from Stampedale, a station 11 miles west of Easton, to eject the commonwealers.

Fought to a Draw.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—Stanton Abbott of England and Andy Bowen of New Orleans fought for a purse of \$2,000 at the Auditorium in the presence of 4,000 persons. The fight was for 10 rounds only, at the request of Attorney General Cunningham. It was declared a draw and the purse divided.

Octogenarians Race.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., May 8.—The octogenarian race in this city narrowed down to two entries, Hannibal Parcell, aged 82, and Benjamin Simons, aged 76, both of this county. One half mile heat was run, Hannibal winning in 5 minutes and 58 seconds.

Wisconsin Shooting Affray.

RICHLAND CENTER, Wis., May 8.—In a shooting affray at Itasca, Stephen Schmitz was shot dead and John Sullivan and John Dedrich seriously wounded. The shooting was done by Charles and Fred Hodges, who claimed that Sullivan had slandered their sister. Schmitz and Dedrich interfered in Sullivan's behalf. The Hodges are in jail here.

A Culpit.

Bobbie—Didn't you say yesterday that it was wrong to strike another? Bobbie's Father—Yes, Bobbie. Bobbie—Well, I wish you'd tell my teacher so.—New York World.

Housekeepers Should Remember THAT SIMONET BROS.

Have the largest stock of furniture to be found in the Northwest, and that all classes of goods from the finest Upholstered and Carved Articles to the plainer furniture are being sold cheaper than ever before. The finest styles of bedroom sets can now be had at a great reduction from prices of any previous year. A list of our goods is not necessary as we keep a COMPLETE LINE, and if you have not visited our store this spring you will be surprised at how much you can get for your money. You would certainly like to make some additions to your house furnishings this spring, and we invite you to come and examine our stock and prices. You will learn something sure and the information will not cost you anything. If you decide to buy, the goods will be almost as low in price as the information.

Baby Carriages.

We examined the official report of births in Little Falls and vicinity this spring and found that a large number of Baby Carriages were needed at once, so our stock was increased to meet the demands. We had to buy a good many, so are able to sell them cheaper than would be possible in a community that did not afford such an excellent field for this trade. There are only a few households here that are not interested in the prices and styles of baby carriages, so nearly every reader will learn with interest that a very little money will buy a handsome and durable carriage for the baby this year.

SIMONET BROS.

Farm Loans

I am again prepared to make good farm loans at

Straight Interest.

I do not charge any fee or bonus, all the expense attached to a loan is the record of papers and abstract. Call and see me before making your loan as I can give you a better deal than anyone else in Little Falls.

GEO. LAFOND

Office in Commissioners' Room, Court House.



A superb mammoth tintograph in 12 colors by the distinguished artist, Hans Humphrey. It is 2 feet long and 14 inches wide and will be sent free if you tell your friends. It is called "Our Vision," and shows a beautiful, dimpled darling clad in a warm, rich, fur-lined cloak, looking and smiling in hand; she pulls the snow covered latch, while her golden hair shimmers in the sunshine, her cheeks flush with health and vigor and her roguish eyes sparkle merrily. Sure to delight you. A copy will be sent free, postpaid, if you promise to tell your friends and send 14 cents in stamps or silver for a three months' trial subscription to

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