

# SICK WOMAN HAD CRYING SPELLS

### Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Enhaut, Pa.—"I was all run down and weak inwardly. I had female troubles and nervous feelings and my head bothered me. I would often have crying spells and feel as if I was not safe. If I heard anyone coming I would run and lock the door so they would not see me. I tried several doctors and they did not help me so I said to my mother 'I guess I will have to die as there is no help for me.' She got me one of your little books and my husband said I should try one bottle. I stopped the doctor's medicine and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It soon made a change in me and now I am strong and do all my work."—Mrs. AUGUSTUS BAUGHMAN, Box 86, Enhaut, Pa.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out and drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? If you would like free confidential advice address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Off With the Old Love. A photographer had taken a portrait of a young woman. After an examination she took a dozen of them. A few days later the same young woman entered the photographer's studio with the dozen cabinet photos that had been made of her about a week before.

"What?" exclaimed the photographer in dismay. "Bring them all back! Why, I thought they were very successful."

"Oh, yes," she said, with a smile, "they are successful. I only want you to touch out the ring. I have a new young man."

One rich lawyer is a monument to many fools and obstinate men. It is the woman with the latest gown who is generally latest at church.

## Nerves All On Edge?

Just as nerve wear is a case of kidney weakness, so is kidney trouble a cause of nervousness. Anyone who has backache, nervousness, "blues," headaches, dizzy spells, urinary ills and a tired, worn feeling, would do well to try Doan's Kidney Pills. This safe, reliable remedy is recommended by thousands who have had relief from just such troubles.

### A Minnesota Case

Mrs. Anna Bosard, 71 Sycamore St., St. Paul, Minn., says: "I suffered terribly from kidney complaint and rheumatic pains and was frequently laid up. I grew discouraged, as I could get nothing to help me. The pains in my back, hips and shoulders and made me helpless. Doan's Kidney Pills removed all this trouble and whenever I have used them since, I have had good results."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## For Constipation Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night.

Purely Vegetable  
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

## Carter's Iron Pills

Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.

## BLACK LEG

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED BY CUTTER'S BLACKLEG PILLS

## PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.

## PATENTS

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W. N. U., Minneapolis, No. 24-1917.

# WILSON OUTLINES WAR AIMS OF U. S. TO RUSS PEOPLE

### AUTOCRACY'S DOOM AND END OF INTRIGUE FOREVER IS GOAL OF AMERICA, PRESIDENT TELLS SLAVS.

### REPARATION INDEMNITIES ONLY CALLED JUSTIFIABLE

### Opposes Status Quo Existing Before War and Says Results Sought Are Readjustment of Political Power to Insure Future World's Peace.

Washington, June 11.—President Wilson, in a communication to the new government of Russia, has made plain the war aims of the United States and its position on "no annexation, no indemnities."

"No territory must change hands except for securing for those who inhabit a fair chance of life and liberty," the communication says.

"No indemnities must be insisted on except those that constitute payment for manifest wrong done."

"Future Peace of World Keynote. 'No readjustments of power must be made, except such as will tend to secure the future peace of the world and the future welfare and happiness of its people.'"

"In view of the visit of the American commission to Russia to discuss the best and most practical means of co-operation between the two peoples in carrying the present struggle for freedom of all peoples to a successful consummation, it seems opportune and appropriate that I should state again, in the light of this new partnership, the objects the United States has had in mind in entering the war."

Objects Much Beloued. "Those objects have been very much beloued in the past few weeks by mistaken and misleading statements, and the issues at stake are too momentous, too tremendous, too significant for the whole human race to permit any misinterpretations or misunderstandings, however slight, to remain uncorrected for a moment."

"The war has begun to go against Germany, and in their desperate desire to escape the inevitable, ultimate defeat, those who are in authority in Germany are using every possible instrumentality, are making use even of the influence of groups and parties among their own subjects to whom they have never been just or fair or even tolerant, to promote a propaganda on both sides of the sea which will preserve for them their influence at home and their power abroad, to the undoing of the very men they are using."

America Fighting for Liberty. "The position of America in this war is so clearly avowed no man can be excused for mistaking it. She seeks no material profit or aggrandizement of any kind. She is fighting for no advantage or selfish object of her own, but for the liberation of peoples everywhere from aggressions of autocratic force."

"The ruling classes in Germany have begun of late to profess a like liberality and justice of purpose, but only to preserve the power they have set up in Germany and the selfish advantages which they have wrongly gained for themselves and their private prospects of power all the way from Berlin to Bagdad and beyond."

"Government after government has, by their influence without an open conquest of its territory, been linked together in a net of intrigue directed against nothing less than the peace and liberty of the world."

"The meshes of that intrigue must be broken, but cannot be broken unless wrongs already done are undone, and adequate measures must be taken by preventing it from ever again being reworked or repaired."

"Of course, the imperial German government and those whom it is using for their own undoing are seeking to obtain pledges the war will end in the restoration of the status quo ante."

German Imperialism Must Go. "It was the status quo ante out of which this iniquitous war issued forth, the power of the imperial German government within the empire and its widespread domination and influence outside of that empire. That status must be altered in such fashion as to prevent any such hideous thing from ever happening again."

"We are fighting for the liberty, the self-government and the undated development of all peoples, and every feature of the settlement that con-

cludes Husband's Vigil; Drowns Self. New York, June 11.—Eluding her husband, who sat dozing at her bedside, Mrs. Mary Sullivan of Riverside, N. J., left her sickbed. Two hours later her body was found in a small pond near the house. Wearing by a long vigil, Mr. Sullivan had fallen asleep. He was awakened by his 15-year-old son and realized his wife had left the house. After half an hour's search the boy discovered the body. It is believed Mrs. Sullivan was delirious at the time of her escape.

Fear Trouble From Ute Indians. Durango, Col., June 11.—Unconfirmed reports received here from the Ute Indian country say that chiefs named Polk and Posey, with several followers, have begun threatening demonstrations. They are well armed. The Indian agent at Ignacio, headquarters of the reservation, refused to comment on the reports. Reports from towns near the reservation say that families living on outlying ranches are moving into town because they fear trouble from the Indians.

# PEACE PRINCIPLES WILSON LAYS DOWN

These are the principles which President Wilson lays down as the guideposts marking the return to peace:

"No people must be forced under sovereignty under which it does not wish to live."

"No territory must change hands except for the purpose of securing for those who inhabit it a fair chance of life and liberty."

"No indemnities must be insisted on except those that constitute payment for manifest wrongs done."

"No readjustments of power must be made except such as will tend to secure the future peace of the world and the future welfare and happiness of its peoples."

"And then the free peoples of the world must draw together in some common covenant, some genuine and practical co-operation that will combine in effect their force to secure peace and justice in the dealings of nations with one another."

"The brotherhood of mankind must no longer be a fair but empty phrase. It must have a structure of force and reality. The nations must realize their common life and effect a workable partnership to secure that life against the aggressions of autocratic and self-pleasing power."

cludes this war must be conceived and executed for that purpose.

"Wrongs must first be righted and then adequate safeguards must be created to prevent this being committed again. We ought not to consider remedies merely because they have a pleasing and sonorous sound."

"Practical questions can be settled only by practical means. Phrases will not achieve the result. Effective readjustments will, and whatever readjustments are necessary must be made. But they must follow a principle and that principle is plain."

World's Future Peace is Aim. "No people must be forced under sovereignty under which it does not wish to live. No territory must change hands except for the purpose of securing for those who inhabit it a fair chance of life and liberty. No indemnities must be insisted on except those that constitute payment for manifest wrongs done. No readjustments of power must be made except such as will tend to secure the future peace of the world and the future welfare and happiness of its peoples."

"And then the free peoples of the world must draw together in some common government, some genuine and practical co-operation that will, in effect, combine their force to secure peace and justice in the dealing of nations with one another."

"The brotherhood of mankind must no longer be a fair but empty phrase. It must be given a structure of force and reality. The nations must realize their common life and effect a workable partnership to secure that life against the aggressions of autocratic and self-pleasing powers."

Pour Out Blood for Liberty. "For these things we can afford to pour out our blood and treasure. For these are the things we have always professed to desire, and unless we pour out blood and treasure now and succeed, we may never be able to unite or show conquering force again in the great cause of human liberty."

"The day has come to conquer or submit. If the forces of autocracy can divide us, they will overcome us; if we stand together, victory is certain and the liberty which victory will secure. We can afford to be generous, but we cannot afford then or now to be weak or omit any single guarantee of justice and security."

TO GIVE SOLDIERS GOODIES Churches in Butte Arrange to Supply Troops.

Butte, Mont., June 11.—Under a plan worked out by the Silver Bow County Ministerial association, the churches of the county will take up on themselves the task of supplying Butte's men in the military force of the nation with delicacies, newspapers and letters. The name of every recruit is to be assigned to some person at home, whose duty it will be to send delicacies and at least one letter a week.

Japan Would Aid in Shipbuilding. Tokio, June 11.—Japan stands ready to build additional ships for the Allies, but is badly in need of material of construction. That is the situation in this country as outlined by Baron Kenjiro Den, minister of communications. The minister said: "Some shipyards in Japan are forced to suspend work on account of the lack of material. Should the United States supply the materials, Japan would be able to co-operate with the Allies in response to their proposal in rehabilitating the havoc wrought by the Germans."

German Imperialism Must Go. (Continued from page 1)

Eludes Husband's Vigil; Drowns Self. (Continued from page 1)

Fear Trouble From Ute Indians. (Continued from page 1)

# ALLIES' BIG VICTORY

### Enemy's Lines in Belgium Pierced Along Ten-Mile Front.

### STUNNING BLOW TO GERMANS

### Kaiser's Troops Demoralized by Explosion of Mines and Unprecedented Artillery Fire—British Losses Reported Light.

London, June 7.—In a tremendous attack which began at three o'clock this morning the British have captured the Messines-Wytschaete ridge, which commands the whole of the German line in Belgium, and have smashed the German salient of which Wytschaete is the apex.

The Germans, though apparently aware that the blow was coming and seemingly prepared to meet it, were driven from their nearly three years' hold on Messines ridge, opposite "poor old" Ypres. Ypres in a sense was avenged today, for Messines ridge has been the vantage point from which the Germans have poured torrents of shells into the stricken city. The British also wiped off an old score against the Germans, for they held the ridge in October, 1914, and with very thin forces, and virtually no artillery, fought bloodily but vainly to hold it when the Prussian troops massed their modern and overpowering weapons of war against it.

Prisoners taken declared that the bombardment of Vimy ridge was child's play compared with the gunfire turned upon Messines ridge.

Record Work of Artillery. This fire reached its climax just as dawn was graying the eastern skies and while the full moon was still suspended high in the heavens.

The attack was accompanied by all the arts and devilities of latter-day war. The enemy guns and gun crews had been bathed for days in gas shells sent over by the long-range British guns.

The night was filled with red incendiary flames. Shells that spurted lead in streams crashed in appalling numbers about the heads of the defending soldiers. High-explosive and shrapnel fire was carried out with such rapidity that the earth writhed under the force of the attack.

Mines that had taken two years to dig and fill with an overwhelming explosive broke into an avalanche of flaming destruction in the half light of dawn. This was indeed an Ypres day of retaliation and victory for the vicious sufferings of two years and eight months.

Guns Work Half Naked. It was a day of intense heat, and the guns worked stripped to the waist. The attack went forward with clock-like regularity.

The British casualties were slight. Three out of four of the casualties were reported to be walking cases, who would return to duty in a few days.

The attack began at dawn, and the setting was as picturesque as can well be imagined. The day before had been hot and sultry. Toward evening there was a series of thunder storms which extended well into the night, the lightning mingling with the flashes of the guns, but the thunder being virtually unnoticed amid the din of the cannon.

A full moon struggled continuously to break through the heavy clouds which scudded across the velvety night sky.

Sing on Way to Fight. On the way to the front were all the familiar pictures of the war—endless trains of motor trucks; all varieties of horse transport, the British soldiers marching to battle light of heart and singing songs familiar in every American community.

From the German line the same lazy, looping rocket signals were ascending to illuminate the treacherous bit of ground between the trenches known as No Man's Land. This nightly "strafing" had been going on so long that the enemy considered it entirely normal and took no alarm. Occasionally blue and yellow rockets would be flung into the air by Germans holding the front line.

Like Volcanoes in Eruption. Day was scarcely breaking when from the dimly visible ridge a score of fiery volcanoes seemed suddenly to spring from the earth. The night had been filled with strange noises and still stranger sights, but these masses of flame, leaping from the ground, had a meaning all their own. They were the spectacular outward and visible evidences of more than a million pounds of high explosives which had been buried deep in mines below the enemy's positions for months.

All the world appeared lurid and horrible under the sinister glow. The earth shook as if torn by a great seismic disturbance. It was not a single shock. The force of the explosion actually set the earth rocking to and fro, and under the influence of the giant guns, which immediately began to roar from far and near, the trembling continued indefinitely.

BRITISH PREMIER HEARS GUNS WHEN BATTLE OPENS Terrific Detonations Carried Through the Air for a Distance of More Than 140 Miles.

London, June 7.—The tremendous explosions that opened the British attack on Wytschaete bend were heard by David Lloyd George, the British premier, who was staying for the night at his residence, Walton Heath, 140 miles away.

It has seemed that the battle of the Somme attained the ultimate in the close assembly of war weapons, but this sudden outpouring on Messines ridge was beyond all calculation. The lighter field guns far forward set up a perfect curtain fire, under which the assaulting troops trudged confidently to their allotted goals. Farther back the deep-throated heavies began to pour out torrents of high explosive shells on the German trenches and communications, while still other guns—enough to win any ordinary battle—confined themselves solely to the task of deluging German guns and gunners in baths of gas fired in shells of every conceivable caliber.

The effect of this counter battery work was not appreciated until later in the day, when the infantry sent back word that their progress had not been hampered by the enemy artillery and that their casualties amounted to virtually nothing.

Enemy Signals for Help. Great black observation balloons had stolen skyward during the din of the newly begun battle. In the wood back of the windmill spring birds, awakened by the deafening clamor, had begun to sing joyously. Like so many children who have come into the consciousness of being in the midst of the war, these birds regarded the appalling noise of the battle as a normal condition of life.

The smoke of the giant mines exploded along the battle front meantime rose in great, curling plumes toward the sky and was punctuated by red signals for help from the stricken Germans in the front and support lines. Never was the air filled with more frantic notices of danger. The entire horizon glowed with red balls of fire sent up by the nervous Germans.

More and more British airplanes began to make their appearance. One flew over the lines, the flashes of the guns being reflected brilliantly on its highly glazed wings.

Under this appalling fire trudged forward on the ten-mile front General Plumer's army. At many places the men found German troops utterly dazed by the mine explosion and the ordeal of the artillery fire.

Break Before Vicious Fire. Many of these troops had but recently come from Russia, where they had spent 18 months and knew nothing of what actual warfare was like on the western front. They had bolted at the first mine explosion and had only been gathered together in groups by their noncommissioned officers when the British appeared out of the smoke and shells and made them prisoner.

They said they had been given to understand by their officers that the British always killed their prisoners. It was really pitiful in some instances to see the manner in which these prisoners cringed to their captors.

As a matter of fact, the British soldier, when the fighting is done, is inclined almost too strongly to treat the German prisoners as pals. Some of the prisoners taken today had only gone into the German lines last night and had made their way forward under a galling fire and had lost heavily. But the troops already in the line were calling for relief in such a manner that their appeals could not be denied.

Enemy Bewildered by Attack. In view of the fact that the attack had been expected the German commanders were endeavoring to get their best units actually into the fighting front, but had underestimated when the British would strike. The troops in a strange line were utterly bewildered when the attack began and fell easy prey to the advancing British.

The battle was far more visible during the first uncertain moments than later when the sun gradually burned its way through the eastern banks of clouds. By that time the smoke of exploding shells and the vapors from the blinding barrage, which had been part of the artillery duty, obscured the more distant landscape to such an extent that the roaring guns could not be seen at all, although the firing was almost at one's feet. The brilliantly leaping shrapnel shells, breaking far above ground, appeared through a thick mist only as brief and brilliant electric sparks.

British Supreme in the Air. For a month past, but especially since June 1, the airplanes on this front have been indefinitely at work during every possible flying hour. They had brought down nearly 50 machines in six days as a means of blinding the enemy. Lately the Germans have endeavored valiantly to obtain airplane observations for their artillery, but their observing machines have seldom been able to direct more than one or two shots before the British fighting scouts had pounced upon them and either sent them crashing to the earth or had driven them to cover at breakneck speed.

Today the British planes flew far and long over the enemy's retreating lines and were only challenged by some very bad-shooting anti-aircraft batteries. All through the day British planes ruled the air. They co-operated actively with the British artillery and infantry in maintaining the success of this brilliant episode in modern warfare.

The plans for the attack had been long maturing and when the preparations were perfected the premier was acquainted with the exact hour it was intended to open it. Accordingly, on retiring last night Mr. Lloyd George gave orders to be called at three.

The premier and other members of his household clearly heard the tremendous detonations, as also did persons at the premier's official residence in London, who supposed they were the sounds of heavy guns until later they learned whence they came.

# EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI

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## SWAMP-ROOT

Is not recommended for anything, but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it may be found just the medicine you need. At drug stores in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle of this reliable medicine by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Elmhurst, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

Friend of the Animals. Barnum and Bailey's success in rearing rare animals of the Orient while in captivity is principally due to the extraordinary magnetism and affection of one called Andrew—no one ever heard his last name—the giraffe man. He has traveled all over Africa. Animals love him. A few years ago when a monkey was maimed in the circus and was to be killed, Andrew intervened, saved the monkey's life and nursed him back to health. The monkey is now Andrew's shadow. Among his other small pets, each of which has some special cause of gratitude to the kindly trainer, are a blind dog, a house cat, a parrot, a chicken and a white rat. Wherever he sits they take possession of his lap, shoulders and knees, and talk to him—and Andrew talks back. They all seem to understand him perfectly.

A Needful Precaution. Mike—Begoro, an I had to go through the woods the other night where Casey was murdered last fall, an' that they say is haunted, an' be da'd, I walked backward the whole way.

Pat—An' what for wuz y after doin' that? Mike—Faith, man, so that I could see if anything wuz comin' up behind me.—Princeton Tiger.

Trials of the Farmer. "Farming has many disappointments for the amateur." "Huh?" "I've had to revise my ideas that a goat will eat anything."

Trials of the Farmer. (Continued from page 1)

## Grape-Nuts for Lunch Puts "PEP" into the afternoon's work

There's a Reason