

GREAT BRITAIN DENIES RUMORS

Many Stories in Circulation That Germany Has Decided to Surrender.

FACE GRAVE PROBLEM

German People May Arise and Overthrow Kaiser or He May Abdicate, Thus Removing Barrier to Peace.

Amsterdam, Oct. 18.—Emperor William has issued a decree saying that martial law in Germany can only be administered by an agreement between the civil and military authorities, according to a report received here.

London, Oct. 18.—The Official Press Bureau is officially informed that the reports published to the effect that Germany has capitulated have no foundation in fact.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Diplomats here are prepared for any sort of news from Berlin. Startling dispatches came from neutral capitals regarding a sudden and complete capitulation of Germany to President Wilson's peace terms. The diplomats discounted these reports, however.

The situation in Washington is this: There is a possibility, not to be denied, of course, that the German people might arise and dethrone the Kaiser, or he might abdicate and thus the Hohenzollerns fail to complete acceptance of the Allied terms as outlined by the President might be removed. But that is only a possibility—and one far removed when the sheep psychology of the German people is considered.

Revolution Still Forbidden. The leaven of revolution, which it is believed here the President's note may have instilled in the German public, will work more slowly, conservative observers and supporters of the Wilsonian diplomacy believe. It must not be forgotten that revolution in Germany is verboten.

The news reports, however, were undoubtedly of more or less significance. They may have originated through any number of sources—an enthusiastic peace-seeking German newspaper, defying the all-powerful military censor, for instance. Or they may have been an inspired report directed by the ever-working propaganda department of the German government. Or they may have had some basis of fact. Time only will tell.

In the meantime, America and the Allies are going on with the war. The President has put it up to the German people and the longer they bow to the mandate of the Kaiser the thinner their fortune becomes; the more inevitable becomes defeat.

It is not to be overlooked, also, that the rumor factories got busy at the very moment the German armies were preparing to take their first great step toward the evacuation of Belgium—a step, however, that was instigated by the armies of Field Marshal Foch instead of under a Hindenburg-dictated truce with the Allies.

SUNDAY MOTORING BAN LIFTED

Cars May Be Used on Sabbath Beginning at Once.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Fuel Administrator H. A. Garfield has lifted the ban on the use of gasoline on Sunday, effective at once.

Should gasoline stocks again fall dangerously low, it was stated at the fuel administration, the request will be renewed.

It is probable that priority orders will be given for shipment of gasoline overseas.

EIGHT SHIPS READY FOR SEA

Vessels Are Delivered During Week Ending Oct. 11.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Eight ships of 42,350 deadweight tons were delivered to the shipping board for the week ending Oct. 11, the board announced. Five ships were steel and three wood. The deliveries included the first contract steel ship from an Atlantic shipyard since the government began new war construction. It was turned out by the Federal Shipbuilding company of Kearney, N. J.

TO STAMP OUT INFLUENZA

Senator Lewis Introduces Bill Appropriating \$10,000,000.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Appropriation of \$10,000,000 in addition to the \$1,000,000 already provided by Congress to combat the Spanish influenza epidemic is proposed in a bill introduced by Senator Lewis of Illinois. The money will be expended through the health departments of the state and municipalities.

Miners Face Starvation.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 18.—Because storms damaged the power schooner Ruby and forced it to return without reaching the Kushkukwim river section of Alaska with a cargo of supplies, several thousand miners and prospectors of that section are threatened with famine before winter fairly sets in, according to the Ruby's master, Capt. D. S. McAlpine, who has arrived here. The Ruby was the only ship sent to the Kushkukwim section to make the trip this year. The district suffered a light famine last year.

PERSHING IS CONFIDENT

General Feels Sure Public Will Support the Army.

Urges American People to Buy Bonds to Their Utmost and Make Victory Certain.

New York, Oct. 18.—In the letter box of every home here is being placed a copy of a cable message from General Pershing urging the people to buy bonds. In his message General Pershing said:

"We have tolled cheerfully against the day of battle, and the spirit that has urged us on has been the determination to be worthy of those whom we left behind when we crossed the sea. The news of America awake, of the national spirit more strong, more unified, more determined, thrills us all. It is the knowledge of that spirit which makes us certain that our people at home will stand behind us as they have from the beginning, so that we may return soon to you, the victors. Buy Liberty Bonds to your utmost and make victory sure."

MILITARY DEFICIENCY BILL

Measure Provides Over Six Billion Dollars for War Needs.

Washington, Oct. 18.—The military deficiency bill carrying \$6,345,755,000 for the enlarged war program, was reported to the House by the appropriations committee. It provides \$6,152,062,000 for the army, \$107,217,000 for the navy and \$70,000,000 for family allowances of soldiers and sailors.

An army of about 5,000,000 men, 30 divisions in France, and 18 in training at home by July next is what the new program calls for. To prepare and maintain it the amount now proposed is sought in addition to \$17,500,000,000 provided by the annual army bill of appropriations and authorization for the year up to \$36,000,000,000.

INDIA SUPPORTING EMPIRE

British Possession Furnished 1,115,189 Men for Army.

London, Oct. 18.—From the beginning of the war up to July 31, 1918, India contributed 1,115,189 men to the British army, it was announced.

The first Indian war loan raised \$200,000,000 and the second was even more successful. India is the sole source of supply for much material for the armies in Mesopotamia and Egypt.

More than 1,500 miles of railway track, 250 locomotives and 4,500 vehicles have been sent by India to the various theaters of war.

12,966,594 MEN REGISTERED

Minnesota Listed 533,717 for Service on Sept. 12.

Minneapolis, Oct. 17.—Official figures just received from Washington show that 286,243 men between the ages of 18 and 21 and 31 and 46 registered for the draft in Minnesota Sept. 12.

This, together with the previous registrations, makes a total of 533,717 registered in this state for military service since war was declared.

The total registration in the United States Sept. 12 was 12,966,594, the figures show.

PREMIER LENINE WOUNDED

Another Attempt Made on Life of Bolshevik Official.

Amsterdam, Oct. 18.—Another attempt has been made on the life of Nikolai Lenine, Bolshevik premier, according to the Leipzig Abend Zeitung, General Anzeiger's Kiev correspondent.

Lenine received a bullet in the shoulder from a revolver in the hands of M. Dwanitzke of the information bureau of the Soviet. Dwanitzke was arrested.

EPIDEMIC IS UNDER CONTROL

Reports from Army Camps of an Encouraging Nature.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Reassuring figures as to the influenza epidemic in the army reached Secretary of War Baker and he expressed a view that they indicated that the disease is now under control in the army. The figures will be announced later.

BRITISH LOSE 700,000 MEN

Casualties for 1918, Up to Sept. 30, Are Very Heavy.

Washington, Oct. 17.—British casualties for 1918, up to Sept. 30, totaled 700,000, the British bureau of information announced. This includes wounded and missing.

French Demand Reparation.

Washington, Oct. 18.—A resolution declaring for entire reparation in devastated territory has been adopted by the French senate, according to diplomatic dispatches reaching here.

Crowder Outlines Draft Calls.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Draft calls for men who have passed their 37th birthdays are expected to begin about March 1. Plans for bringing the older class of men registrants into camp have not been completed, but the approximate date of the first call was disclosed by publication of testimony by Provost Marshal General Crowder before the House military committee. In all, General Crowder told the committee, 2,399,000 newly registered men between 18 and 45 will be called before July 1.

TURKS CAPTURED IN PALESTINE



Here are types of the Turkish prisoners taken by the thousands in Palestine by the victorious troops of General Allenby's expedition.

AUSTRIA TRYING TO BRING PEACE

Foreign Minister Asserts He Believes Pending Negotiations Will Succeed.

REFORMS IN GERMANY

Baron Burian Says Berlin Officials Are Engaged in Making Modifications in the Constitution.

Amsterdam, Oct. 18.—Addressing the foreign affairs committee of the Austrian delegations, Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, said that he had not received President Wilson's reply to Austria. He added:

"In the discussion of such documents we always establish an agreement with Germany."

Repeating that Austria was striving for peace by understanding, Baron Burian concluded by saying that the Central powers would refer with emphasis to President Wilson's statement that "future peace must be a peace by force."

Germany Stages "Reform."

Referring to peace prospects, he said: "I nourish the hope today most fully, for if the contents of President Wilson's reply are studied there is nothing to be found to frustrate such a hope or even to delay its realization considerably."

"The political point in President Wilson's reply is settled," Baron Burian declared, "as Germany's reply will undoubtedly establish, by the modifications which are being made in the constitution."

"In the armistice negotiations," he continued, "both sides should speak. That grows out of the very idea of negotiations, hence Germany's proposal of a commission."

Thinks Conditions Will Be Met.

"We can fully be convinced that Germany will be in a position to accept the President's demands regarding the humanization of the war. I do not believe that in his demands generally he goes beyond what Germany intends, especially as regards the moment the war may be considered to be terminated."

"I believe that in her exchange of views with President Wilson Germany will give the explanations necessary to avoid the superfluous hardships of war. It is clearly understood that Germany will insist that no conditions be imposed during the preliminary phase of the negotiations which are incompatible with her dignity."

View on Armistice Conditions.

Baron Burian said that after a careful examination of President Wilson's reply to Germany nothing could induce him to change his statement of the previous day that "at no far distant date we will reach a cessation of hostilities on all fronts and enter negotiations for the conclusion of a general, lasting and just peace."

SET CLOCKS BACK OCT. 27

Congress Drops Plan to Continue Existing System.

Washington, Oct. 18.—No further effort will be made by Congress to continue the existing daylight saving law, and the hands of the clocks will be turned back an hour on Oct. 27, as originally planned. This decision was reached at a conference between congressional leaders and Chairman Baruch of the War Industries board, who had recommended that the law remain in force for the period of the war.

Army Objectors Sentenced.

Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Oct. 18.—Joseph H. Wurz of Freeman, S. D., and Joseph S. Walter of Bridgewater, S. D., members of the medical department here and assigned for duty with the medical detachment of the depot brigade, have been sentenced by a general court-martial to fifteen years each at hard labor in the United States Disciplinary Barracks at Fort Leavenworth. Both men claimed religious and conscientious scruples against warfare in any capacity.

PRODUCES BAD EFFECT

Wilson's Note Discourages the German Newspapers.

President's Blunt Response to Peace Overtures Disillusions Enemy Press.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Official dispatches from Berne, founded on information received in Switzerland, say President Wilson's answer to Germany caused a "great disillusionment."

Aside from the pan-German papers, which vehemently protest and show indignation, those representing the reichstag majority seem to give way to discouragement, although they still want to carry on their peace maneuvers. Most of them display some anguish and some meanness, too, with a marked wish for the conversations to be continued at any price, and to hold back irreparable words for the last moment. This seems to be the most characteristic fact that can be gathered from the first comments of the German press.

A quotation from the semi-official North German Gazette says:

"Before an answer is made to Wilson's note it is absolutely necessary that serious deliberations should take place."

It concludes by saying that German interests must be the first consideration.

CALLS IN ALL SUBMARINES

German Admiralty Reported to Have Taken Action.

Amsterdam, Oct. 18.—The Handelsblad publishes, with reserve, a report that the German admiralty has issued wireless instructions to all submarines to return to their base. Dispatches from Berlin indicate a strong anti-Wilson tendency, not only in military quarters, but also in those which have favored peace.

HERALDED BY BRITISH DRUMS

Recapture of Lille One of War's Most Dramatic Events.

British Headquarters in Flanders Oct. 18.—British drums were beating through the streets of Lille while British patrols advance east of the city in contact with the retreating Germans. The evacuation of Lille and the British entry into the city was one of the most dramatic events of the war.

AGREE ON RECESS OCT. 29

Congressional Leaders Hold Conference and Set Date.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Congressional leaders at a conference agreed on a plan whereby Congress will recess on Oct. 29 over the elections, reconvening on Nov. 12.

A joint resolution to carry that plan into effect will be introduced in both Houses within a few days.

OPIUM STOCK DISAPPEARS

Secret Service Men Searching for Contraband Goods.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Ten thousand dollars' worth of opium, representing seizures of the entire government narcotic staff for a month, is missing from the treasury storerooms. It developed that secret service agents have vainly sought clues to its whereabouts.

1,000,000 BRITISH LOSE LIVES

Have Been Sacrificed Since Beginning of War.

London, Oct. 18.—Up to the present nearly 1,000,000 British lives have been sacrificed in the war, according to information received by Reuters' Press bureau.

German Propaganda Probe.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Investigation by the Senate judiciary subcommittee into the purchase of the Washington Times by Arthur Brisbane with the aid of money advanced by brewers probably will develop into a general inquiry into the activities of German propagandists in this country. This was indicated by members of the committee after information obtained by the army intelligence service had been submitted to the committee in executive session.

LILLE RETAKEN BY HAIG'S MEN

Largest French City Captured by Germans Is Once More in Hands of Allies.

FOE HASTENS RETREAT

Americans, Fighting in Mud and Rain Threaten to Force Boches Out of Remainder of Kriemhilde Line—New Offensive By Haig.

London, Oct. 18.—Breaking through the desperate defense of the German armies defending the lines by which they are rapidly evacuating the whole coast of Belgium, the Allied armies drove in the direction of Bruges and Belgian patrols entered that great submarine base.

Zeebrugge has been evacuated. The Germans, soundly defeated, are retreating with all rapidity for the refuge of the Antwerp defenses. Field Marshal Haig's Men have entered Douai the British war office announced. Ostend was occupied by the British naval forces. Belgian cavalry is operating on both sides of Bruges and Belgian guns are firing from south of the city.

One of the dramatic incidents of the war took place when King Albert of Belgium and Queen Elizabeth entered Ostend.

Paris, Oct. 18.—General von Arnim's entire German army is in retreat from the North sea to the Lille region, having been beaten back and overthrown by the Allied attacks. The retirement is assuming the proportions of a rout. Seventeen divisions comprise the army of Von Arnim.

Dense masses of Allied cavalry have advanced nine miles through a break in the second German line in Belgium. The Belgians are marching on Ostend, the former German submarine base. The nearest point in the region of Neuport, about eight miles distant.

Resistance by the Germans is crumbling all along the battlefield, except in the region of the Argonne and northern Champagne. There American troops under Generals Liggett, Cameron and Bullard and French troops under General Gouraud are engaged in desperate fighting.

Fighting in Mud and Rain.

With the American Armies in France, Oct. 18.—Fighting in the mud and rain, the Americans are threatening to force the Germans out of the remainder of the Kriemhilde line. The Yanks, advancing northward from Grandpre, have practically cleared the enemy from Loges woods, and are approaching Beffu (two miles north of Grandpre). They have passed La Musard farm. The Aire has now been crossed in force in the region of Grandpre. The engineers pushing ahead of the infantry are constructing footbridges under artillery and machine gun fire.

Lille Is Taken.

London, Oct. 18.—Lille has been captured by the British. Allied pressure on all sides of the salient, of which Lille was the center, compelled the enemy to give up the city, the largest town of France captured by the Germans and for four years an important unit of the enemy defense system.

The fall of Lille comes almost simultaneously with the launching of an offensive by Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig against the new German defenses south of Valenciennes. His troops are storming forward south of Le Cateau across the Selle river, where they were halted late last week.

KILLED BY LONG RANGE GUN

Two Americans Lose Their Lives in Dunkirk Shelling.

Paris, Oct. 18.—Two Americans were killed, one man was wounded and material damage was caused in the German bombardment of Dunkirk with a long range gun.

A semi-official note issued here says:

"The advance of the Allied armies in Belgium will cause this bombardment to be one of the last from which Dunkirk shall suffer."

ASSERTS ITS INDEPENDENCE

Hungary Declares Only "Personal Union" With Austria.

London, Oct. 18.—The Hungarian parliament has issued a proclamation declaring Hungary an independent state, with only a "personal union" with Austria, according to a Central News dispatch from Copenhagen quoting a Berlin dispatch.

By a "personal union" is probably meant retention of Emperor Charles as king of Hungary.

Germany Cedes Ships to Spain.

Madrid, Oct. 18.—The government gave out a note stating that after negotiations between Berlin and Madrid, Germany had accorded Spain the cessions of several German ships interned in Spanish waters. The vessels named are the Eriplua, Euthenia, Oldenburg, Klio, Matilde, Trinfid and Rudolph, with a total tonnage of 21,600. Spain, it was stated, could also claim at a later date tonnage to make good previous losses on other submarine torpedoings.

LIFT OFF CORNS!
Drop Freezone on a touchy corn, then lift that corn off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! No humbug!



A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.—Adv.

What She Was Doing.
Young Mrs. Fussler was going to learn to knit socks for soldiers as a part of her patriotic duties. And, moreover, she was going to surprise her husband by her accomplishment. Hubbie caught her one day laboriously struggling with what might have been a nice laprobe for a child's go-cart, but was an alleged sock instead. "What in the world are you making there?" he asked, manlike. "I'm doing my bit," was her reply. He returned in the evening just in time to see her tearfully unraveling the last stitches of the sock. "H-m-m-m," he remarked, heartlessly. "At noon I find you doing your bit. In the evening I find you undoing it."

OLD PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK KIDNEYS

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfil the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. No other kidney remedy that I know of has so large a sale.

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact that so many people claim, it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments, corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism. You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post, Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Prussian Arrogance.
A captured Prussian officer objected to riding on a truck in France with some captured private soldiers. "Don't you know I'm an officer?" he roared at his captors. "Are you?" snapped an American. "Well, we won't let that worry you long. See here!" and as he spoke, the hand with the penknife deftly cut the insignia from the officer's shoulders. "You're busted!" he said. "You're a private now. Get back in the ranks with the rest of them!"

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