

HUNS SURRENDER 20 SUBMARINES

Given into Hands of British at Harbor on East Coast of England

BOLSHEVIKI DEFEATED

Ukrainian Government Overturned and Kiev Captured by Interests Friendly to Allies—Russian Problem Greatly Simplified

London, Nov. 21.—According to a press association dispatch, 20 German submarines have been surrendered to Rear Admiral Reginald W. Tyrwhitt, 30 miles off Harwich. These are the first U-boats Germany has turned over to the Allies.

Harwich has one of the best harbors on the east coast of England. It is in the county of Essex, northeast of London.

Admiral Tyrwhitt received the surrender of the German craft on board his flagship, a British cruiser.

The surrendered submarines will proceed to Harwich in charge of their own crews. The U boats will then be boarded by British crews and interpreters and proceed to Parkstone quay nearby. The Germans will leave the submarines there and board transports for their return to Germany.

The remainder of the U boats will be given up later.

Bolshevik Rule Upset.
Copenhagen, Nov. 21.—The Ukrainian government has been overturned and Kiev has been captured by troops from Astrakhan, according to Kiev dispatches to Swedish newspapers. The Ukrainian national assembly has fled and a provisional government has been established by the captors of the city, who apparently are commanded by General Denikine, leader of the anti-bolshevik forces.

The Ukraine became a republic during the disorders in Russia after the overthrow of the Kerensky government in November, 1917. There was much fighting there between the bolsheviks and their opponents, resulting in the defeat of the bolsheviks. The Ukrainian government made peace with Germany at Brest-Litovsk a few days before the Russian bolshevik government also agreed to German terms.

The Ukrainian government was overthrown last May and General Skoropadski became dictator under the title of hetman, but he has had difficulty in maintaining order there, although assisted by the Austro-Germans. General Denikine was formerly commander of the Russian armies on the southwestern front. Previous to that, he had been chief of staff of the Russian armies.

Russian Problem Simplified.
Washington, Nov. 21.—Reports of the overturning of the Ukrainian government by General Denikine's anti-bolshevik troops were received here with satisfaction, for, officials said, it will make the work of the Allies in handling the Russian problem much more simple.

THREE MEN ARE SENTENCED

Draw Long Terms in Prison for Evading Draft Law.

Camp Grant, Nov. 22.—Sentences imposed upon four Camp Grant soldiers charged with being draft evaders were announced. Robert S. Gago, Crystal Falls, Mich., charged with desertion and refusal to put on a uniform, was sentenced to life imprisonment, which was commuted to 25 years.

John Kos, Minard, N. D., and John Haga, Virginia, Minn., were sentenced to 10 years each.

BEER SUPPLY RUNNING LOW

Brewers Say Stock Will Not Last Long After Dec. 1.

Boston, Nov. 22.—Whether the ancient brotherhood of beer drinkers is to take its favorite beverage by the thimbleful or from an atomizer, after Dec. 1, depends on the members themselves. Prominent brewers here declared that unless the beer lovers conserve the supply will not last long after Dec. 1, when brewing will be stopped by government order until further notice.

BURN \$14,000,000 IN OPIUM

Chinese Government Will Destroy Drug at Shanghai.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Fourteen million dollars of opium purchased by the Chinese government from foreign opium merchants in Shanghai is to be destroyed, according to a cablegram received from Peking by the Chinese legation. The opium, packed in 1,200 chests, will be burned in Shanghai under a mandate soon to be issued by the president of China.

American Prisoners Released.

American Headquarters in France, Nov. 22.—American prisoners released by the Germans are making their way singly and in pairs across the line at various points. The German authorities apparently are unable to carry out the withdrawal plans agreed upon. To meet the emergency the American army has established stations along the American sector of occupation where prisoners can be cared for as they arrive. Eventually they will be concentrated at four main camps.

PART OF AMERICAN WOMEN'S WORK IN FRANCE



Little French refugees are shown being provided with shoes by Miss Edith A. Winter of Minneapolis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas G. Winter, in affiliation with the American Red Cross.

DEPENDS ON PREMIER

Date of Peace Conference Is Up to Lloyd George.

British General Election on Dec. 29 May Delay Meeting Until Early in January.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The date for convening of the peace meeting in France is now virtually up to David Lloyd George.

The British election is Dec. 28. If the premier feels he can leave England before that date, the peace conference should get under way by the middle of December, it is said here. If he cannot leave, however, until after the elections the convocation probably won't begin until the end of December or the first of January. President Wilson will make his sailing arrangements accordingly.

Details of the President's trip are nearing completion. It is likely Mrs. Wilson will be the only woman on the journey, the wives of cabinet delegates going over later.

The newspaper correspondents will not be taken on the President's vessel, according to the plan now. Only the date of the President's sailing—which originally was planned for Dec. 3, but which now may be delayed some—and the personnel of the peace delegates remain to be announced.

The President expects to visit England as well as France, his friends say.

775 LIVES LOST ON SEAS

United States Also Had 145 Ships Sunk During War.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Loss of 145 American passenger and merchant vessels of 354,449 tons and 775 lives through acts of the enemy in the period from the beginning of the world war to the cessation of hostilities Nov. 11, is shown by figures made public by the Department of Commerce's bureau of navigation. Nineteen vessels and 67 lives were lost through use of torpedoes, mines and gunfire before the entrance of the United States into the war.

DESTROYED 926 FOE PLANES

Americans Lost Only 265 Machines During the War.

American Headquarters in France, Nov. 22.—When hostilities were suspended American aviators had destroyed 661 more German planes and 35 more German balloons than the Americans had lost. The total number of enemy planes destroyed by the Americans was 926 and the total number of balloons 73. Two hundred and sixty-five American planes and 38 balloons were destroyed by the enemy.

WOUNDED RETURNING HOME

All Will Be Back in United States in Sixty Days.

Tours, Nov. 22.—The American Expeditionary forces will have all sick, wounded and convalescent American soldiers back in the United States within two months. The number of hospitals has been considerably reduced already by the medical corps. In the daily census of hospitals there are now 100,000 vacant beds.

Secretary Tumulty's Father Dead.

Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 22.—Philip Tumulty, father of Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, died in his home here after an illness of several days.

Plans Short Term War Bonds.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Government war bond selling in the future will be along distinctly new lines. Bonds will have short maturities and Secretary McAdoo explained that by this is meant from three to seven or eight years. In addition issues will be smaller than in the past and probably will be marketed more continuously. War savings organizations throughout the country will assist in placing the bonds, Mr. McAdoo said, in more direct manner than in past Liberty Loan campaigns.

NATION IS DRY AFTER JUNE 30

Congress Passes and President Signs War-Time Prohibition Measure.

BOTH HOUSES ADJOURN

Appropriations at This Session Aggregated \$36,298,000,000, Making Total for Sixty-fifth Congress \$55,000,000,000.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The second session of the Sixty-fifth, or "war" Congress, which began Dec. 3 last, ended under resolution which had been adopted earlier in the day by the Senate, 41 to 18, and by the House without objection.

Since the third and final session of this Congress will begin in 11 days—Dec. 2—the adjournment was devoid of many of the spectacular features usually accompanying the ending of the sessions.

President Wilson did not go to the capitol, because no legislation requiring his action was passed by either body.

Little business was transacted in either house, most of the Senate's time being taken up in spirited debate, while the House, after passing the adjournment resolution, recessed. The usual committee from the Senate and House waited on the President and were advised that he had no eleventh hour communications to make.

Congress formally completed and sent to President Wilson the bill for war-time prohibition, effective next July 1. The President promptly signed the measure.

For length, bulk of appropriations for the war and the number and importance of legislative measures passed, the session which closed was regarded by leaders as unprecedented. At this session war was declared on Austria-Hungary, and the members also saw the victorious end of all hostilities.

Appropriations passed aggregated \$36,298,000,000, making the total for this Congress more than \$55,000,000,000, of which \$19,412,000,000 was appropriated at the first—an extra session at which war was declared on Germany.

HUMANE GENERAL REMOVED

Ousted From German Army for Refusal to Use Poison Gas.

Geneva, Switzerland, Nov. 22.—Count Montgelas, a general in the Bavarian army, who was dismissed at Ypres in 1915 because he refused to use poisonous gas, has been recalled from Switzerland to Munich to enter the Bavarian cabinet. The count, who is a liberal and a writer, has been living at Montreux since his retirement.

BRONZE MEDALS PROPOSED

Every American Officer, Soldier and Sailor May Be Rewarded.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Bronze medals commemorating victory in the war and valor of the American forces would be given every American officer, soldier and sailor under a resolution by Senator Wittman of Nevada, unanimously ordered favorably reported by the Senate Naval committee.

Newberry's Election Contested.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Excessive expenditure of money in the election of Truman H. Newberry, Republican candidate for senator in Michigan, was the principal charge in a protest against seating Mr. Newberry, considered by the Senate privileges and elections committee. The charges were filed by Elbert H. Fowler, a Detroit lawyer, and secretary of the Nonpartisan For-For-Senator club. Mr. Fowler's request for an investigation was put over for further consideration.

GERMANY IS WARNED

Cruel Treatment of Prisoners Resented in London.

Captives Are Being Forced to Return on Foot, With Little Clothing and Food.

London, Nov. 22.—The German government is warned in a wireless message that the British government, in any question of feeding Germany, will take into account the conditions under which British prisoners in Germany are being released, unless the cruel treatment which such prisoners are receiving is discontinued.

The message sent by the British government reads:

"Information reaches his majesty's government of a shocking lack of organization in the release of British prisoners in German territory and of their return march on foot miserably clothed, without food or transport, and with no escort nor guides to the Allied lines, with the result of lamentable suffering and heavy mortality."

"His majesty's government cannot tolerate continuation of this cruel treatment and must insist on adequate arrangement being made in all the above respects by the German authorities with whom the responsibility lies."

"Otherwise, we shall be compelled to take this into account in any question of revictualizing Germany or satisfying the requirements of the German population."

"His majesty's government is ready to lend all available assistance by forwarding food, clothing and transport to prisoners' camps where they are not otherwise forthcoming and are addressing Allied commanders in this sense."

LINER CAMPANIA IS SUNK

Breaks From Her Moorings in Gale Along Scottish Coast.

London, Nov. 22.—The steamer Campania, once queen of the seas, was sunk in the Firth of Forth, Scotland, in a gale. All on board the vessel were saved. The Campania broke from its moorings and collided with a battleship. It sank before it could be beached.

The Campania, a former Cunard Line trans-Atlantic liner, for several years had been the mothership for seaplanes in the British navy.

The Campania was of 12,950 tons and was built in Glasgow in 1892. When the war began the vessel was taken over by the British admiralty. It was in the Jutland fight and also took part in the operations by the Allied fleets at the Dardanelles.

GERMAN LOSSES 6,070,000

Of This Vast Number 1,580,000 Were Killed in Action.

Copenhagen, Nov. 22.—Total German casualties for the war were 6,070,000, according to the Berlin Vorwarts. These included 1,580,000 killed, 4,000,000 wounded and 490,000 taken prisoners.

ESCAPES ON RIVER BARGE

German Governor General Flees From Warsaw.

Zurich, Nov. 22.—General Hans von Beseler, the German governor general of occupied territories in Russia, a Munich newspaper says, left Warsaw in an unheroic manner. He escaped from the Polish capital by concealing himself a Vistula river barge.

Reform League Sees Dangers.

New York, Nov. 22.—Asserting the employees of industries now under government control, if carried on by the government, are likely to be subjected to "political manipulation" and that civil service positions then "will be sought and granted by political methods, unless this service now is protected by a system which will make patronage impossible," the National Civil Service Reform league announced that it had authorized appointment of a committee to develop a plan to protect these industries.

FOE SURRENDERS BIG WAR VESSELS

U. S. Battleships Join British and French in Accepting Ships Given Up.

FRENCH IN GERMANY

Go Into Empire Proper at Town of Saarbrücken—Pershing Leads Yankees Through City of Luxembourg.

London, Nov. 22.—A large part of the German fleet, as provided in the armistice terms, has surrendered to the Allies.

The following announcement was made officially by the admiralty:

"The commander in chief of the grand fleet has reported that at 9:30 a. m. he met the first and main installment of the German high seas fleet, which is surrendering for internment."

The British grand fleet, accompanied by an American battle squadron and French cruisers, steamed out at 3 a. m. from its Scottish base to accept the surrender of the German battleships, battle cruisers and destroyers.

The point of the rendezvous of the Allied and the German sea forces was between 30 and 40 miles east of May island, opposite the Firth of Forth.

The fog which had enveloped the grand fleet for three days had cleared and a slight haze hung over the Firth of Forth.

The fleet which witnessed the surrender consists of some 400 ships including 60 dreadnaughts, 50 light cruisers and nearly 200 destroyers. Admiral Sir David Beatty, commander of the grand fleet, is on the Queen Elizabeth.

French Troops Enter Germany.

Paris, Nov. 22.—American troops have passed through the city of Luxembourg. General J. J. Pershing accompanied the forces.

A proclamation had been addressed to the people of Luxembourg, announcing that the passage of American troops through their country is necessary and guaranteeing the discipline and friendliness of the soldiers toward the population.

French troops have entered Germany proper at Saarbrücken, the war office stated.

Saarbrücken was the only German town taken by the French in the war of 1870-71. The French won the first battle of the war there but soon were driven out.

Crown Prince Interned.

Amsterdam, Nov. 22.—The Handelsblad says the former crown prince will be interned on the island of Weiringen in the Zuider Zee. A small house is said to have been rented there for him and his attendants. The island is about six miles long and has a population of 9,000.

SHIPPING BOARD UNDER FIRE

Senate Adopts Resolution Calling for Information.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The Senate adopted a resolution proposed by Senator Harding of Ohio, calling for a complete report of all plans and activities of the shipping board and Emergency Fleet corporation.

"The resolution is inspired by the statement of the heads of the shipping board and fleet corporation that there are now places for 200,000 workers in the shipyards," said Mr. Harding. "I think it is inconceivable that these organizations contemplate continuation of shipbuilding upon a war scale, especially as that would involve an annual additional outlay of \$600,000,000 for labor alone."

PACIFIC COAST IS AROUSED

All Unions May Strike As Protest in Mooney Case.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 22.—Labor on the Pacific coast is seething with strike talk. Practically every union before Dec. 1 will vote on the proposed general strike as a protest against the execution of Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to be hanged Dec. 13. Some labor leaders declared that not a wheel will turn throughout the country if the state of California takes Mooney's life.

KAISER HAD PLENTY OF FOOD

Wilhelm's Larder Found Overflowing While Subjects Starved.

Copenhagen, Nov. 22.—According to Berlin advices, enormous stores of foodstuffs were found in the castle of the former German emperor in Berlin. A member of the soldiers' and workmen's council is authority for the statement that there was a great variety of foodstuffs found, the value of which normally would be several hundred thousand marks.

Hog Embargo in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 22.—With the hog pens of the local stock yards, built to accommodate 15,000 hogs, now holding 22,000, an embargo has been placed on further receipts. The suggested condition is brought about according to stock yards men, by the price fixing methods of the government which divides hogs into two lots, one weighing below 130 pounds and the others above 130 pounds. Leading packers want hogs above 180, while fresh meat dealers will not buy those between 130 and 150.

UPSET STOMACH

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN AT ONCE ENDS SOURNESS, GAS, ACIDITY, INDIGESTION.

Don't stay upset! When meals don't sit and you belch gas, acids and undigested food. When you feel lumps of indigestion pain, flatulence, heartburn, or headache you can get instant relief.



No waiting! Pape's Diapepsin will put you on your feet. As soon as you eat one of these pleasant, harmless tablets all the indigestion, gas, acidity and stomach distress ends. Your druggist sells them. Adv.

The Kind.

"It must cost the German people a lot of money to keep an army like theirs going."

"That's so, and just now it's mostly running expenses."

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*.

In Use for Over 80 Years.

Children Cry for Fitch's Castoria.

Her Doctor the Man These Times.

He—If I should kiss you, I suppose you'd go and tell your mother.

She—No, my lawyer.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Druggists free. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Two Views.
Bix—"I hate golf; it's too much like work." Dix—"I hate work; it's not enough like golf."

KIDNEY TROUBLE OFTEN

CAUSES SERIOUS BACKACHE

When your back aches, and your bladder and kidneys seem to be disordered, go to your nearest drug store and get a bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It is a physician's prescription for ailments of the kidneys and bladder.

It has stood the test of years and has a reputation for quickly and effectively giving results in thousands of cases.

This preparation is very effective, has been placed on sale everywhere. Get a bottle, medium or large size, at your nearest druggist.

However, if you wish first to test this preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Getting Off.

"I see General Ludendorff has resigned." "Yep. The rats always quit a sinking ship."

No man ever does more than his share.

ASTHMADOR
GUARANTEED TO INSTANTLY RELIEVE
ASTHMA
ON MONEY REFUNDED—ASK ANY DRUGGIST

Health-Comfort-Convenience

are daily household words in homes where the old offensive outdoor toilet has been replaced with a

NATIONAL

Indoor Toilet

Chemicals and ventilation destroy all odor; no water; no sewer—Easy to install. Order one NOW! We can save you money. Write us. —AGENTS WANTED—NATIONAL CLOSET CO., Steady Eye, Minn.

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MORRIS'S
SAPOLIO
SCOURING SOAP Economy in Every Cake

FRESH FROZEN SMOKED SALTED
GREEN BAY FISH CO.
GREEN BAY, WIS.
SEND FOR COMPLETE PRICE LIST

Persistent Coughs

are dangerous. Get prompt relief from Piso's. Stops irritation; soothing. Effective and safe for young and old. No opiates in

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