



Weekly Review.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY
JOS. BOBLETER.

Office over City Drug Store.

TERMS:

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Ten Lines "BREVIER" makes a Square.

Space	1 w	1 m	3 m	6 m	1 yr
1 Square	75	1 50	3 00	4 50	9 00
2 Squares	1 25	2 00	3 75	6 00	10 00
1/2 Column	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	16 00
1/3 Column	5 00	7 00	10 00	16 00	30 00
1/4 Column	8 00	12 00	16 00	30 00	50 00

Advertisements in double column, double the single column rates.

Business cards of five lines, one year \$5.00, each additional line 75 cts.

All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

Advertisements inserted in the local notice columns, 10 cents a line for the first insertion and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion; but no notice inserted for less than fifty cents.

Announcements of Marriages and Deaths inserted free; but obituary notices, except in special cases, will be charged at advertising rates.

Legal notices will be charged 75 cents per folio for the first insertion, and 37 cents per folio for each subsequent insertion. All legal notices must be upon the responsibility of the Attorney ordering them published, and no affidavit of publication will be given until the publication fees are paid.

In connection with the paper, we have a splendid assortment of Jobbing Material, and we are prepared to execute all kinds of printing in a style unsurpassed and at moderate rates.

D. C. BERRY,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

OFFICE AT THE CITY DRUG STORE,

NEW ULM, MINNESOTA.

D. A. MARDEN,

RESIDENT DENTIST,

Office, corner Minn. and First N. Sts.

NEW ULM, MINNESOTA.

DAKOTA HOUSE,

Opp. Post Office—NEW ULM, MINN.,

ADOLPH SEITER, Prop'r.

This house is the most centrally located house in the city and affords good Sample Rooms.

B. F. WEBBER,

Attorney & Counselor
AT LAW.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Office over Citizen's National Bank.

NEW ULM, MINNESOTA.

M. HENSHEL, CHAS. ROOS,
H. A. SUBILIA, JOHN BELM.

New Ulm City Mill,

Centre Street, New Ulm, Minn.

We are running day and night, and can supply any quantity of best brands of Flour at regular rates on short notice.

We have improved machinery for the grinding of shorts and fodder, having added a stone reserved for such a purpose.

Flour exchanged for wheat on very liberal terms.

NEW ULM CITY MILL CO.

C. H. CHADBOURN, C. H. ROSS,
President. Cashier.

BROWN CO. BANK,

Cor. Minn. and Centre Streets.

NEW ULM, MINNESOTA.

Collections and all business pertaining to banking

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITY

\$500,000.

CITY

Meat Market,

M. EPPLE, Prop'r.

A large supply of fresh meats, sausage, hams, lard, etc., constantly on hand. All orders from the country promptly attended to.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES.

MINN. STREET, NEW ULM, MINN.

THE WORLD'S DOINGS.

Crimes, Criminals and Casualties.

The steamer *La Place*, from New York, reports at Liverpool, that during the heavy gale the 18th, Capt. Gilpin was killed. Wm. Greely, colored, Indianapolis, who killed Ida Kersey, colored, last Christmas has been found guilty, the jury affixing the death penalty.

John G. Davidson, engaged in printing felt skirts, Brooklyn, has been arrested on suspicion of setting fire to the premises, causing a loss to several occupants of \$25,000. Wesley Bailey, an old resident of Lake City, Minn., and proprietor of the Temperance billiard hall, was found dead on the 23d of Feb. in the yard of the Lake City lumber company.

Chas. Riddle, aged sixty, living near McLeansboro, Ill., struck his wife with a hammer while driving home from town, on the 21st, and beat her so brutally it is feared she will die.

Hershberger & Co., the insolvent commercial and election agency firm of New York, two members of which were recently arrested and taken to Ludlow street jail, state their liabilities at \$26,083; nominal assets \$25,518, and real assets \$1,707.

Louis F. Therasson, of Therasson & Bryan, lawyers, New York city, a conspicuous vestryman and ex-Sunday school superintendent, has been indicted for obtaining, by false pretenses, the signature of Mrs. Sarah J. Zeabriski to a satisfaction piece.

At Arlington, Ky., on the 26th ult., the safes of Boswell & Holt, and of Kings & McDonald, were blown open and robbed, the former of about \$10,000, the latter of \$2,000. It was evidently the work of professionals. No clue to the perpetrators.

A difficulty occurred at Lead City lately, between Ben S. Wadsworth and John McTigue, over the possession of a lot, resulting in the former emptying the contents of a double barreled shot gun into the bowels of McTigue, killing him. Wadsworth was arrested.

Emma Neal, an insane girl 23 years old who wandered away from home two weeks ago was found hanging to a tree in a cornfield near Evansville Ind., a few days ago. She had evidently been hanging some time. There were some suspicious of outrage or murder, but the verdict was suicide.

A large number of strangers from all parts are in Memphis for the approaching carnival. In anticipation of the fine field offered by the crowd on the occasion a large number of swindlers and condescence men and gamblers have been congregating there, and on the 23d inst., the police made a raid upon them and captured a large number who were locked up. Some few escaped and left the city.

The body of Henrich Whalen, convicted of the murder of Max Hugo Hoehne, near the granger's encampment, Elm station Pa., in the fall of 1876, was found on the 23d inst., in his cell with his skull broken and hanging to the bar of the window by a rope made from bed clothes. It is supposed he first fastened the rope around his neck and then beat his head with the iron covering of a heater, which was found broken off and covered with blood. Whalen left statements in French, German, and English declaring his innocence, and calling on God to hear his curses on all parties in any way connected with his trial and conviction.

Personal and Impersonal.

Josiah C. Nicedemeus, wholesale dealer of Baltimore, is dead.

Jean Pierre Alexandre Antigua, the French painter, is dead.

The Shah of Persia, is expected in St. Petersburg shortly. The Czar has offered him the hospitality of the imperial court.

The President has appointed J. Sterling Norton and Charles H. Dewey, of Nebraska, honorary commissioners to the Paris exposition.

The President has signed the act making an appropriation for the purchase of law libraries for the use of courts and officers in the territories of Wyoming and Dakota.

News has been received of the death of Major Lewis Cass, at Paris on the 25th of Feb. Deceased was the only son of the late General Cass and had resided abroad for many years.

Lars Anderson, a prominent capitalist of Cincinnati, brother of Major Anderson of Fort Sumpter fame is dead. In 1834 he married Catherine, daughter of the late Nicholas Longworth.

R. W. Taylor, first comptroller of the treasury, was stricken with paralysis Feb. 25, while at his desk, and died at home two hours afterwards. Taylor was appointed by President Lincoln during the administration of Secretary Chase.

General Crook has returned from Indian Territory. Concerning the published statements in a Cheyenne paper that a large expedition would be organized in the spring against Sitting Bull, Gen. Crook makes emphatic denial. He says no immediate trouble need be feared from Sitting Bull unless the buffalo range south, which is not probable, as they have not done so of late years. An expedition against hostile Sioux is now contemplated.

Miscellaneous.

The steamer *City of Brussels*, from Liverpool, brought to New York \$700,000 in gold.

The loss by fire in Cameron & Amburg's establishment, Chicago, will not be far from \$50,000.

A New Orleans telegram says that

James A. Lee will be strongly urged for collector of the port.

The United States steamer *Supply* sailed from New York with American exhibits for the Paris Exposition.

Later advices concerning the tidal waves at Callis, Jan. 27th and 28th, says they were thirty to forty feet high.

Willis, Percival & Co, London bankers have failed. Liabilities £350,000. The failure is attributed to heavy losses by bad debts.

The Globe cotton mills of Remos R. Clark & Co., Augusta, Ga., has been burned. Loss \$20,000; insurance \$6,000.

Two Japanese war vessels, officered and manned by natives, have left, one for Australia and the other for Europe.

A financial article in the *London Times* says United States bonds are dependent on New York orders for their market.

It is stated from Rome that France will recall, Baron Rude, her ambassador at the Vatican who is a partisan of the Jesuits.

A young woman named Buttom is the fourth death from drinking the water of the poisoned well at Richford, Vt. Other deaths are expected.

The suspension of John J. Adams & Co., wholesale grocers, New Orleans, is announced. Their liabilities are said to be about a million and a half.

An English war vessel will probably be stationed on the Newfoundland banks to protect the rights of American fishermen there against the natives of the coast.

The board of control of the combined coal companies have agreed to limit the total production for the month of March to \$25,000 tons in order to reduce the stock on hand.

The Lehigh Valley coal company announces the prices per ton for March as follows: Lump, \$3.75; steamboat, \$3.50; broken, \$3.50; egg, \$3.55; stove, \$3.75; chestnut, \$3.25.

In the Spanish Cortes on the 26th ult., the minister of foreign affairs announced that all Spanish refugees on taking the oath of allegiance before a consul may return to Spain.

According to the express company's reports at San Francisco, \$11,000 trade dollars were shipped East during February, of which \$64,000 went during the last half of the month.

The Chicago Burlington & Quincy railroad company reports its gross earnings last year at \$12,551,454; net earnings \$5,373,141; deducting interest on bonds and bills, balance \$3,223,230.

The head house and machinery at number two slope, of the Susquehanna coal company, has been burned. The miners were rescued through an outlet only completed a few days before.

The court of appeals at Frankfort, Ky., have sustained the legality of the Frankfort lottery of Kentucky, deciding the franchise a legal one. The case has caused much comment in Kentucky.

The *London Times* says: The present rise in the price of silver has been the result for the most part of speculation. Its maintenance, therefore, depends upon its present holders being relieved of their purchases by actual demand.

The Inman line steamship *City of New York*, which arrived at Queenstown on the 26th ult., from Liverpool, collided with and sank the brig *Laurel* off Tuscan Rock light. One person drowned. The plates of the New York's port bow were damaged.

A correspondent at Rome telegraphs: The feeling is growing here that the new Pope is not so liberal as was thought. It seems certain that Cardinal Pecci and Leo Thirteenth do not hold the same views. It is now believed the Pope will remain secluded in the Vatican.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Lehigh navigation company was held on the 26th ult. The report of the board of managers show the total revenue for 1877, to be \$94,665; disbursed \$1,189,321; deficit \$194,645. The result is attributed to the low prices of coal and the strike.

J. C. Clinton & Co., of New York, proprietors of a blackboard office or bucket shop, have suspended. This is one of the numerous concerns for the transacting of stock speculation on the French pool system, allowing investments of \$5 or upwards, on a margin of one per cent.

Both branches of the Kentucky legislature adopted resolutions instructing the congressmen of that State to support and aid in every possible way the Texas Pacific railway bill. Kentucky is strongly in favor of the bill, and the Legislature has only carried out the desire of the people.

The freight capacity of the government ships Constitution, *Supply* and *Wyoming* being insufficient to accommodate the goods offered for the Paris Exposition, the ship *Portsmouth* has been placed at the disposal of Commissioner General McCormick. All the space in the American department has been assigned, and none remains for new exhibitors.

A Calcutta dispatch says: The results of the famine are still distressingly felt in Madras and Mysore. Unless prices take a downward turn at the beginning of March the relief works will be compelled to continue till August or September. Reports from Oude and the northwest provinces are equally unfavorable. The poorer classes are suffering most pinching distress.

The insane asylum at Winosky, Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, was totally destroyed by fire on the 10th inst., and four inmates, Lucretia Toothaker, Mrs. McDonald,

August Althorp and Billy Dolan, an Indian, perished in the flames. For some reason no attempt has been made to remove their bodies, and they still lay in the smoldering ruins. The property loss is only \$4,000 to \$5,000, with no insurance. J. S. Jewitt, the keeper, owned the building. A defective fue was the cause.

Two regiments of the national guard, colored volunteer organization, of Charleston, S. C., were reviewed on the 23d of Feb., by Gov. Hampton, and made a fine display. Several colored bands were in the column. At the close of the review, Gov. Hampton addressed the troops, congratulating them on their improvement in the past, and reminding them of his pledge that the colored race should enjoy full and equal rights under the law with the whites, and calling upon them as citizens to co-operate with him in carrying out his other pledges.

In the Vanderbilt will case a motion has been made to amend the original allegation of contesant, Mrs. Lobau, that said pretended will and codicil were procured by undue influence on the part of Wm. H. Vanderbilt and others. She says that from motives of delicacy she did not wish to bring in the names of Mrs. Frank A. Vanderbilt and Mrs. M. A. Crawford, as having exercised undue influence on the deceased, but she has since obtained sufficient proof of it, and now desires leave to allege undue influence by them. Mr. Clinton put in a verified answer that the allegation of undue influence is unqualified false. The answer was accompanied by affidavits from Mrs. F. A. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Crawford, also absolutely denying that they had exercised undue influences. The motion to amend was granted.

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

Twentieth Annual Session.

SENATE, Feb. 23.—Not in session.

HOUSE, Feb. 23.—This branch of the Legislature were in secret session on the Page impeachment case.

SENATE, Feb. 25th.—A session of the senate was held last evening, at which Mr. Donnelly offered a resolution condemning the attempt of the school-book publishers' ring to bribe members of the legislature into defeating the Merrill school-book law, and approving the heroic conduct of Hon. Charles C. Brandt in exposing the crime, but such a resolution was declared out of order. The Fort Snelling bridge bill was passed.

HOUSE, Feb. 25.—Mr. Colville, of a special committee, presented a report on the geological survey bill, urging its postponement for a few years, or until a government survey shall be made. Mr. Hicks' mechanics' lien bill, and the bill which provides for the enlargement of the capitol were favorably reported on. Among the important bills introduced was one by Mr. Mills regulating rates and fares on railroads. By Mr. Colville, dividing Red Wing into wards. A joint resolution by Mr. Ladd authorizing the borrowing of \$500 for seed grain. By Mr. Hicks, providing for the inspection of steamboat boilers. The evening session was devoted to hearing the testimony in the Page impeachment case.

SENATE, Feb. 26.—This body did a fine day's work, passing nearly sixty bills, some of them very important, in addition to which considerable other business was transacted. Of the especially important bills passed was the general tax law, restoring with slight amendment the stringent law of 1874; the bill setting aside the 500,000 acres of internal improvement lands for the liquidation of the old railroad bonds, and that for limiting homestead exemptions to \$4,000. The school text book bill as amended by the House, came up, but without action the Senate made it the special order for the 27th. The senate signified its belief in the necessity of a constitutional convention by recommending Senator Waiter's bill for that purpose to pass without a dissenting voice. Bills were introduced regulating the salaries of certain State officers, and for increasing the salaries of district judges to \$3,500.

HOUSE, FEB. 26.—The House yesterday put in a long and faithful day's work, and disposed of a large amount of business. The morning session was entirely devoted to the passing of House bills, of which about thirty, mostly of a local character were gotten out of the way. In the afternoon, yesterday being the last day for the introduction of new bills the opportunity was availed of to introduce a very large number of bills—few of which, however, possessed more than local significance. After this order had been disposed of, the text book bill was taken up and disposed of. The bill was passed by a vote of 71 to 32. Upon the motion the resolution of inquiry into the official conduct of Judge Cox at the late term of the Martin county district court, was adopted without opposition. Mr. Campbell, of the judiciary committee was placed at the head of the committee of investigation, with the power to send for persons and papers. In the evening the attention of the House was entirely occupied with the Page impeachment.

SENATE, FEB. 27.—The constitutional amendment bill was defeated, lacking five votes of the requisite two-thirds. Among the new bills introduced were these: To redistrict the judicial districts; appropriating \$300 for disseminating information about destructive insects; to transfer the soldiers' orphans to the State University; to provide for the adjustment of the Brainerd branch land grant. The bill to appropriate \$5,000 for immigration purposes was indefinitely postponed. These laws were perfected in the passage of house bills. Amending the charter of the city of Red Wing; amending the charter of Lake City; authorizing the village of Waseca to issue bonds, and Le Sueur county to sell its poor farm; changing school districts in Le Sueur county.

HOUSE, FEB. 27.—The morning proceedings of the House furnished some important committee reports, the chief of which in importance was on the immigration question. The report was accompanied by a bill naming an immigration commission and providing for the issue of an immigration pamphlet. A resolution endorsing Brandt went over under debate. Soon after the meeting in the afternoon the Page impeachment matter was taken up with the understanding that members of the Judiciary committee could each speak at length and other members could speak ten minutes. The consideration of the matter continued until midnight, when the following

resolution was adopted, 71 to 30: *Resolved*, That Hon. Sherman Page, judge of the tenth judicial district of the State of Minnesota, be impeached for corrupt conduct in office and for crimes and misdemeanors. The House then adopted the following resolution of formal impeachment: *Resolved*, That a committee of five be appointed by the Speaker to go to the Senate, and at the bar thereof, in the name of the House of Representatives and of all the people of the State of Minnesota, to impeach Sherman Page, judge of the tenth judicial district, State of Minnesota, of corrupt conduct and of crimes and misdemeanors in office, and acquaint the Senate that the House of Representatives will in due time, exhibit particular articles of impeachment against him, and make good the same, and that the committee do demand that the Senate take order for the appearance of said Sherman Page to answer said impeachment.

SENATE, FEB. 28.—The salaries of the city officers of St. Paul and of Ramsey county are to be slightly reduced. The local option amendment of the house to the school-book bill was non-concurred in. The initiatory proceedings were taken towards bringing Sherman Page before the senate on articles of impeachment. These house bills were passed: Amending general laws of 1877, relating to venue in civil actions; amending general laws of 1876 relating to town insurance companies; making deficiency appropriations for the indigent insane; memorializing congress to open the Fort Ripley reservation to settlement; relating to duties of commissioners of Hennepin county; to promote immigration; legalizing action of commissioners of McLeod county; relating to the salaries of certain officers in Hennepin and Ramsey counties; authorizing the borough of Henderson to issue bonds. The immigration bill was passed.

HOUSE, FEB. 28.—A resolution, exonerating Mr. Brandt from all bad intentions in the bribery case, was defeated by indefinite postponement. A committee of five, appointed by the speaker, appeared before the bar of the senate and impeached Judge Sherman Page for corrupt conduct in office and for crimes and misdemeanors. A large number of senate bills, mostly of a local character, were passed.

SENATE, MARCH 1.—On Senator Donnelly's motion, the Senate voted to recall the school text book bill from the House, stating that he desired to offer an amendment to give the people the right to vote on the question of continuing or discontinuing the books at the end of the first five years, if continued at the end of the second five years, if continued at the end of the third five years, if continued at the end of the fourth five years, if continued at the end of the fifth five years, if continued at the end of the sixth five years, if continued at the end of the seventh five years, if continued at the end of the eighth five years, if continued at the end of the ninth five years, if continued at the end of the tenth five years, if continued at the end of the eleventh five years, if continued at the end of the twelfth five years, if continued at the end of the thirteenth five years, if continued at the end of the fourteenth five years, if continued at the end of the fifteenth five 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