



Weekly Review.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY
JOS. BOBLETER.

Office over City Drug Store.

TERMS:

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Ten Lines "BREVIER" makes a Square.

Space	1 w	1 m	3 m	6 m	1 yr
1 Square	75	1 50	3 00	4 50	9 00
2 Squares	1 25	2 00	3 75	5 00	10 00
3 Columns	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
1 Column	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00	30 00
1 Column	8 00	12 00	16 00	30 00	50 00

M. JUENEMANN,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Harnesses, Collars,
Saddles, Whips,
Saddlery, Blankets,
etc., etc., etc.
Upholstery, and all custom work pertaining to my business promptly attended to.
Minn. St., Next Door to Zihler's Saloon,
NEW ULM.

R. PFEFFERLE,
Dealer in
GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.
Canned, Dried and Green Fruit,
FLOUR AND FEED.
STONE, WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE.
MINN. ST., . . . NEW ULM, MINN.

B. F. WEBBER,
Attorney & Counselor
AT LAW.
MONEY TO LOAN.
Office over Citizen's National Bank.
NEW ULM, . . . MINNESOTA
DAKOTA HOUSE,
Opp. Post Office—NEW ULM, MINN.
ADOLPH SEITER, Prop'r.
This house is the most centrally located house in the city and affords good Sample Rooms.

C. H. CHADBOURN, C. H. ROSS,
President. Cashier.
BROWN CO. BANK,
Cor. Minn. and Centre Streets.
NEW ULM, . . . MINNESOTA.
Collections and all business pertaining to banking
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITY
\$500,000.

H. A. SUBILIA, JOHN BELM.
New Ulm City Mill,
Centre Street, New Ulm, Minn.
We are running day and night, and can supply any quantity of best brands of Flour at regular rates on short notice.
We have improved machinery for the grinding of shorts and fodder, having added a stone reserved for such a purpose.
Flour exchanged for wheat on very liberal terms.
NEW ULM CITY MILL CO.
MEAT MARKET.

C. STUEBE, Prop'r.
A large supply of fresh meats, sausage, hams, lard, etc., etc., constantly on hand. All orders from the country promptly attended to.
CASH PAID FOR HIDES.
MINN. ST., . . . NEW ULM, MINN.
CITY MEAT MARKET,
M. EPPLE, Prop'r.
A large supply of fresh meats, sausage, hams, lard, etc., etc., constantly on hand. All orders from the country promptly attended to.
CASH PAID FOR HIDES.
MINN. STREET, . . . NEW ULM, MINN.

NOTICE

TAX PAYERS.

Tax payers of Brown county, please take notice that the Duplicates of taxes for the year 1878 are now in my hands for collection, and the following percentage on each Dollar's valuation has been levied, exclusive Landroad tax to be accounted separately, to wit:

TOWNS.	County Tax.				
	State Tax	Revenue	Poor	School	Road
New Ulm	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Cottonw'd	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Linden	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
LakeHanska	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Sigel	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Stark	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Albion	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Mulligan	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
L'venworth	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Bashaw	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Burnstown	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
North Star	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Prairieville	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Eden	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Home	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
Milford	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5
T. 108 R. 35	26-10-21-10-4-10-1	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5	4-10-1-5

SPECIAL SCHOOL TAX.

Dist.	No.	Mills	Dist.	No.	Mills	Dist.	No.	Mills
1	11-1-2	20	30	39	57-10			
2	33-10	21	23-10	40	66-16			
3	6	22	41	41	43-10			
4	63-10	23	53-10	42	91-10			
5	57-10	24	71-3-5	43	71-2			
6	36-10	25	7	44	42-10			
7	2	26	7	45	5-10			
8	26-10	27	7	46				
9	41-10	28	4	47				
10	1	29	11-2	48	28-2-10			
11	5	30	48-10	49	7			
12	35-10	31		50	78-10			
13		32	32-10	51	19-1-2			
14	68-10	33	7	52	11			
15	3	34		53	3			
16		35		54	23-10			
17	58-10	36		55	43-10			
18	34-10	37	2	56	93-10			
19	58-10	38		57				

All taxes on personal property, not paid before February first will be collected by Distress and Sale.
I will attend at the places mentioned in each Town for the purposes of receiving taxes, as follows:
At the Town of on January 1879.
Schoolhouse No. 7
Linden
Lake Hanska
Albion
Mulligan
North Star
John Schmidt's
Place of Election }
at Burns village } Bashaw } 7th and 8th.
T. 108 R. 35 } Burnstown }
Place of Election } Leavenworth } Jan. 9th.
Stark } Prairieville? } 10th.
at Sleepy Eye } Home } 13 & 14th.
Place of Election } Eden } on Jan. 15th.
City of New Ulm, Town of Cottonwood, Sigel and Milford at my office in the Courthouse on all business days.
New Ulm, Brown Co., Minn., Dec. 2d, 1878.
FR. SCHUBERT,
County Treasurer.

PAY UP—All persons indebted to me are kindly requested to call and settle their accounts on or before January first next, and thereby save costs. All accounts not paid by January first will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. THEO. CRONE.

FURNITURE

As times are hard and money scarce, I have concluded to sell my large stock of Furniture for cost. The assortment embraces Bedsteads, Bureaus, Rocking- and other Chairs, Cupboards, etc. This is a rare opportunity to obtain all kinds of Furniture cheap.
I will also dispose of my Farmers' Friend Fanning Mills for cost, which enables farmers to obtain these popular mills at a very low price.
C. F. HELD,
Center street, near City Mill.

Take Notice!

Cheap For Cash.
I offer my large and in every way best assorted stock of Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Ladies' Cloaks, Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, Buffalo Coats and Robes, Fur Goods for Ladies, Hats and Caps, Mittens, Blankets, Groceries, Crockery and Glassware, which are equal in quality to any in the city, at prices that cannot be beat.
—My stock of—
Ready-Made Clothing will be closed out at Cost.
Heavy Gent's Overcoats at \$3.00.
Buffalo Overcoats from \$8.50 to \$20.
Undershirts from 25cts. to \$4.00
Gent's Hats From 50 cts. to \$4.00
Buckskin Mittens and Gloves from 25 cents to \$2.00.

C. BALTRUSCH,
NEW ULM, . . . MINN.
We are glad to hear that Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup gives such general satisfaction our druggists say it sells better than any other preparation for Coughs, Colds, etc. The price is 25 cts. large size 50 cents. Sold at the City Drug Store.

Congress will take a holiday recess from next Friday, December 20th. to January 9th.

During the past year 343 miles of railroad have been built in this State, making a total of 2,533 miles now in running order.

The Waseca Leader is offered for sale or rent at a bargain, owing to the continued ill health of T. F. Hollister, its publisher.

State Superintendent Burt reports the number of teachers employed in this State at 4,881, of whom 3,114 are females and 1,767 males.

The Minneapolis Turner Hall (west side) was totally destroyed by fire last Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The flags of the society and other valuable property was saved. Insurance \$2,500.

A. J. Fullerton has severed his connection with the Waseca Herald and in last week's issue said goodbye. The paper falls into the exclusive control of Lem. Reeves, who will continue to make the Herald a welcome exchange.

Gov. Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, who was thrown from a mule sometime ago while out hunting, had his leg amputated on the 10th inst., and was the same day elected United State Senator by the Legislature.

Edmunds' electoral bill passed the Senate last Friday by eleven majority. Not one Republican voted against it and only three Democrats voted for it. The opposition of most of the Senate Democrats indicates that the bill will be defeated in the House.

The State board of canvassers met last Friday at the office of the Secretary of State and canvassed the vote on the bond proposition and for State Auditor. For Auditor O. P. Whitcomb received 60,509, M. Black 40,119, C. H. Page 6,049 and F. G. Carter 856. The bond proposition was defeated by a vote of 45,669 to 26,311. Several counties entirely ignored the bond question.

It is easily to be seen which of our State papers favored and which opposed the passage of the Merrill school book bill last winter by their comments on the defeat to the Legislature of Hon. C. C. Brandt of this county. Some of them are quite complimentary to him while others are just the reverse. Mr. Brandt was defeated by the disaffection in the ranks of the Scapdavian Republicans, and by the Greenbackers, and not on account of any unpopularity occasioned by his action last winter.

St. Paul has been considerably excited for the last few days over a railroad embroglio between the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and the St. Paul & Sioux City companies. The former who propose to build an air line to Minneapolis commenced work at midnight on the 10th inst., in so doing jumping the right of way previously secured by the latter company. Of course the Sioux City folks were indignant and serious results were apprehended, but the controversy has been settled satisfactory to all parties.

A heartless wretch left a little child wrapped in a bundle on the doorstep of Mrs. Stewart in Rochester Sunday night the 9th inst. where it was found the following morning frozen to death. In the coroner's inquest, the fact was developed that the child was there at 9 o'clock Sunday evening, and that it was there alive, as parties passing heard it crying, but supposed its muffled cries came from within the house. If the guilty party or parties of this horrible crime can be found the full penalty of the law should be meted out to them.

The Philadelphia Times is a democratic newspaper, but an honest one.

and is prompt to expose and condemn the dishonest tricks of its own party. Commenting upon the outrages at the recent election in South Carolina it says: "We doubt not that the democratic frauds in South Carolina are greatly magnified by characterless government officials and unreliable organs, but discounted by all their falsehoods, there is enough frauds left to make every honest South Carolinian blush for the boasted integrity and chivalry of the Palmetto State."

The city of St. Paul and Minneapolis are to be connected by a telephone, and the St. Paul Dispatch is happy. It says:

"These two sister cities are nearly enough connected in shortness of distance and business and social interests to keep up a lively domestic clatter, and they do say that the telephone will talk cuss words like anything, and accent them perfectly. The two ends of the morning papers can talk at each other in private, and not have it set up, and the Dispatch can have its Minneapolis end, too, for an afternoon pastime."

The Congressional joint select committee to prepare a plan for the reorganization of the army made their report accompanied by a bill last Thursday. The bill provides that general officers shall be reduced to two major generals and four brigadier generals instead of 11 as at present, but the reduction to take place by casualties; that the offices of general and lieutenant general shall cease to exist with the present incumbents, and that the adjutant general's department and inspector general's departments be consolidated. In the staff, the quartermaster's and ordnance departments suffer most, losing 48 and 49 officers respectively by reductions and consolidations. The subsistence department loses 17 officers, and the paymaster's 27. The signal service is untouched. Infantry regiments are reduced from 25 to 18, and cavalry regiments from 10 to 8, 136 line officers being dispensed with. The rank and file shall consist, as at present, of 25,000 men exclusive of naval soldiers. In army circles the bill is looked upon as a disorganization instead of a reorganization of the frame work of the service, and the sweeping reduction of officers will no doubt enlist an active opposition to the bill, and, although unanimously reported by the committee, its adoption is by no means ensured.

Burnstown Items.
Jack Frost is now in the midst of us. M. Mullen's collector is still around, so keep mum.
Our children are happy at the prospect of having a school.
Mr. John Parsons is disposing of his stock to no doubt good advantage.
More wells are needed in our town, and M. H. Gamble is having one dug on his premises.
We congratulate our neighboring town Lamberton upon its new paper, which shows that the people of that burg are in a progressive degree.
Mr. John Dooner, of Willow Lake, has lately been made happy by an increase in the family, and ever since the demand for soothing syrup has been astonishing.
Christmas is drawing near and so are the presents. M. H. Gamble has just opened out a large stock of toys, notions and fancy goods for the holidays. Give him a call, you will be pleased both with his assortment and prices.
The REVIEW is becoming in great demand in this section. Call at the Post Office and leave your orders, for the same, you will always find Ray smiling and ready to take your order.
A new time card went into effect on the Winona & St. Peter railroad last Sunday, and the train going west now passes this station at 10:40 a. m. instead of 11:20 as heretofore. Going east the train passes at 2:00 p. m. 10 minutes earlier than under the old time card.
We have been silent upon the subject of intemperance long enough, and will say that it is too bad that a person can so far forget himself as to spend several days and nights away from home in a state of drunkenness, while his family require his continual sober senses, and provisions. Such proceedings should not be tolerated in our burg.

CAPITAL'S DEBT TO LABOR.

Written for the Review by O. P. CHAMPLIN.

I have spoken of labor's debt to capital and now I wish to have a word on the other side. Capital may wish to build a village and so utilize itself; but unless there are workingmen to step forth at the call and do the work involved capital cannot construct the village. The first building cannot rise, the first foundation cannot be laid. Capital cannot even gather the necessary materials on the ground without there are somewhere laborers to prepare them. Stone, brick, timber, plaster, nails and whatever else is worked into a village must be produced by the skill, ingenuity, and strength of man before the money god can untie his hands to help himself. Some poor workingman must untie those hands. Capital, casting about for some opening for a profitable investment, might find it in a needed thoroughfare in some section of the land and might decide to construct a railroad there; but nothing could be done unless some one is found to work. Labor must come along and offer to cut ties, cast the rails, saw out the timbers, make the bed, build the bridges, in a word construct the road and put thereon the rolling stock before capital can realize any profit from the outlay. Yes, more, labor must keep the thing moving otherwise the money invested might as well have been locked up in a chest. It would be a great calamity to have all the capital swept out of the nation; but would it be less were all the workingmen removed?

The laborer makes it possible for the capitalist to realize on his money. The industries of the land are brought to a stand still when the laboring class goes home to stay. Railroads cannot be constructed, or operated, mines worked or mills run, no matter how much capital there is at the bottom of them all, unless the laborer says so. This may not sound well to the moneyed man but it is the truth it should be spoken by other than communistic leaders. Money can buy labor, but not if there is none in the market. The workingman is beginning to find out the meaning of all this in a way quite startling. It was the indebtedness of capital to labor that the communistic orators used as a skillful weapon to rouse the workingmen to resistance at the time of the great riots a year and more ago. This was one of the points of emphasis in their speeches as any one can see who will refer to them. The harm was not in the falsity of the position, for we cannot admit that; but in considering it apart from the complimentary truth that labor is equally indebted to capital. There should be no divorce of these two great facts in popular discussion, but there is; and there is where the harm lies. If the blow hurled by the laborer at capital rebounds to his own hurt, as it most certainly does, so does the oppression of labor by the capitalist react injuriously on himself. A matter so simple of apprehension should not fail of recognition by anyone; but there are indications going to show that in this, as in many other matters, it is hard for one to see his own interests promoted by a careful attention to those of an opposite party. Since therefore, labor cannot get along without capital, nor capital without labor would it not be well for both to come together and agree on terms of mutual service. Both have rights to be respected. One has a claim upon the other. Both are dependent; hence, neither should lord it over the other. The position, we have thus far taken, in this presentation of the case, are so old and simple the wonder is that any man should ever act contrary to them and so force their reconsideration. But these are the precise points writers engaged in the discussion the past months have chosen to fix attention upon; and no doubt they have acted wisely discerning the real drift of things.

Princess Alice, Grand Duchess of Hesse Darmstadt, died of diphtheria, last Saturday morning. The Princess was the third child and second daughter of Queen Victoria.