New Ulm Review.

NEW ULM, MINN

Wednesday, March 23d, 1881

The English, French and Austrian governments have forbidden the importation of American pork, sausages and hams.

The Supreme Court met yesterday and at once took up the railroad bond act. Their decision will no doubt be made public in a few days.

Gov. Pillsbury on the 14th inst. appointed John W. Arctander, of Wilmar, district attorney for the Twelfth judicial district. The office was created by act of the recent legislature.

The old Minnesota State railroad bonds, issued in 1858, amounted in all to $2.275.000. With 7 per cent. interest added the entire debt is now about $6.000.000. Under Chamberlain's proposition the State can settle this debt for 50 cts on the dollar.

Under the new order of things in the U S. Senate, Senator McMillan is chairman of the committee on revision of laws, and on the judiciary, commerce and District of Columbia. Senator Edgerton is on the committees on pensions, patents, education and labor.

With the aid of Mahone's vote, the Re-adjuster from Virginia, the Republicans last Friday organized the U. S. Senate, Vice President Arthur casting thedecading vote. Senator Mahone will no doubt act with the Republicans on all party questions. The Democratic attack on him leaves him no other course to pursue.

The *Pioneer Press* last Monday published a meteorological record for a series of years from which it appears this season of snow has been unprecedented in the history of railroading in the Northwest. Singular as it may seem to some, the fact is that roads in the extreme Northwest have been blockaded less than more southern and eastern lines.

When President Garfield kissed the open Bible upon taking the oath some one is said to have stepped forward to see on what portion his lips had rested. It was the 21st chapter of proverbs and the verses kissed were these. "Every way of a man is right in his own eyes, but the Lord pondereth the hearts." "To do justice and judgement is more acceptable to the Lord than sacrifice."

It has been discovered, says an exchange, that apple and orange skins will produce whooping cough or even diphtheria. A Dr. Tschamer scraped the black spots so often seen on oranges and apples and inhaled them. In seven days the unpleasant sensations first experienced developed into general whooping cough. The microscopic examination of the black specks proved them to be clusters of fugus growth, of a character quite similar to those which give rise to diphtheria.

The impression has got abroad that, Mr. Tousley having declined to accept the appointment of State Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Governor will retain Mr. Burt in that position for the ensuring two years. Mr. Burt's rejection by the Senate has been so generally condemned by the press and people of the State that the Governor will incur no risk of public displeasure by pursuing this course, a course which on its own merits is eminently justifiable.—*Winona Republican.*

The new dog law passed by the recent legislature requires every dog to be licensed, and to wear a collar in token of the same. The cost for a dog is $1 for a year, and for a female canine $5. Every dog not so licensed, is liable to be shot by any person, and in addition to that it is made the duty of all marshals, constables, police officers, etc., to destroy them whether they desire to or not. Dogs, whether licensed or not, which attack persons or teams, or domestic animals, may be destoyed by any person. The moneys arrising from dog licenses constitute a fund, from which persons having sheep killed by dogs or wolves, are to be paid for their losses. The act took effect as soon as signed by the governor.

Glass cloth is being made in Germany. At Gaudenfred the artist and glass spinner, A Prengal, of Vienna, has established his glass business, offering carpets, cuffs, collars, veils, etc., made of glass. He not only spins, but also weaves glass before the eyes of the people. The otherwise brittle glass he changes into pliable threads, and uses them for making good, warm clothing by introducing certain ingredients, which are his secret, and thereby changing the entire nature of the glass. He makes white curly glass muffs; also ladies' hats of glass, with glass feathers, which are lighter than real feathers. Wool made of glass, it is said, cannot be distinguished from the genuine article. Glass is a non-conductor, and the time may not be distant when it will cause a revolution in dress materials.

Hon. W. J. Hahn, Minnesota's new Attorney General, was born in Griffin county, Penn., November 5, 1841. He lived on a farm and attended school until eighteen years of age, when he began to teach and prepare himself for college. He came to Minnesota in 1862, and resided at Lake City until the following year, when he returned to Pennsylvania, and read law with D. W. Woods in Mifflin county. Returning to Lake City, he was principal of the high school in 1864-65. In 1866, he went to Philadelphia and completed his legal studies with P. Pemberton Morris, and at the Ross law schools. He was admitted to practice at the May term of the District court in Wabasha county. in 1867, and entered into partnership with W. W. Scott, which was continued until Mr. Scott's departure for Kansas in 1874. He was elected county attorney of Wabasha county in 1872, and was re-elected in 1874 and 1876, and was again nominated in 1878, but declined. He is a gentleman of affable manners and engaging address.

POPULATION CLASSIFIED.

The Census Office announces the following approximate distribution of the total population of the country among the several classes: Males, 25,520,582; females, 24,632,284; natives of the United States, 43,475,506; foreign born, 6,677,360; whites 43,404,877; colored, 6,577,151; Indians and half breeds, not in tribal relations, on reservations under the care of the government, 65,121; Chinese, 105,463; other Asiatics, 255 The number of colored persons to each 100,000 whites is 15,123 against 14,528 in 1870. The number of females to every 100,000 males is 96,519, against 97,801 in 1870. The number of foreign born persons to every 100,000 natives is 15,359 agst. 16,875 in 1870.

A State Teachers' institute is to convene in Winona commencing on Tuesday, April 26th, proximo, and continue four weeks, under the direction of Prof. Irwin Shepard, principal of the Winona State Normal school. The corps of instructors will include the entire faculty of the State Normal school at Winona, assisted by the State Superintendent Burt, Hon. O. M. Lord, superintendent of schools of Winona county, and others. The department of penmanship and accounts will be conducted in person by Prof. C. C. Curtiss, the well known principal of the Minneapolis and St. Paul business colleges. A course of evening lectures on general educational topics will be arranged and provided by the State superintendent.

It will be a main object of the institute to help teachers whose experience and opportunities for study have been limited. Special lessons in the primary branches will be given for such teachers, and they will meet with helpful and kindly treatment. For those more advanced in study the higher branches will be used in illustrative lessons suited to the higher department in our public schools. County superintendents are urged to attend, both to encourage their teachers and be able to form a just estimate of the work performed. It is given out that the superintendent of public instruction will probably call a convention of county superintendents during the last week of the institute. Teachers attending the institute are requested to bring such text books as they have or may secure for the occasion. No teacher will be required to purchase books for the institute. Teachers going to the institute will pay full railroad fare, but they will be returned to their homes for one-fifth the regular fare.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

One hundred and seventeen cars of flour, containing 14,667 barrels, were shipped by the Minneapolis millers last Friday.

An aggravated case of robbery occurred at Preston. Two men threw a farmer from his sleigh and robbed him, after breaking his ribs and otherwise injuring him.

A farmer living near Crookston lost $30 worth of valueable fowls recently by feeding them oats, the sharp points of which worked their way through their crops.

The wife of John McLean, one of the engineers of Stillwater Mills, died suddenly of heart disease on Friday of last week. She was aroused from her sleep by a call from her aged, blind mother, and while going to her assistance the vital cord was broken, and falling upon the floor she expired instantly.—*Stillwater Messenger.*

There is evidently a bonanza in the Harwood stock for all but the creditors: Ex-Sheriff Thompson made about $3,000 from the sale; Deering, Millken & Co., the original purchasers, made $100,000 or more and the recent purchasers of the remnant of the stock assert that they will not take $5,000 for their bargain.

The grand jury at Austin on Wednesday afternoon, began the investigation of the case of the State vs. John A. Riley, for the attempted assassination of Judge Page. The presence of Detective Wood of Chicago, who shadowed Riley at Stevens Point, was obtained after a good deal of trouble and the expense of providing him with a special body-guard while in Austin.

Tolen, the insane murderer at Marine, was taken to St. Peter on Tuesday. On Wednesday night he made several attempts at suicide, but was frustrated each time by fellow-prisoners. He tied a handkerchief and a towel together and hung himself. He then took his suspenders and again attempted strangulation. He ran along the corridor and butted his head against the bars. Finally he was secured so that he could do himself no further injury.

NEW ALBANY LEDGER-STANDARD.] Speaking of Governors suggests the mention of an item we received from Mr. Henry A. Knight, Foreman at Chas. Waters & Co.'s Govencr and Valve Works, Boston, Mass.; I have used St. Jacobs Oil among our employees and find that it never fails to cure. The men are delighted with the wonderful bruises, burns, etc.

Bruises, Sprains,

Burns, Swellings, &c., cured by Dr. Baker's Turkish liniment." Sold by Jos. Bobleter.

Washington Letter.

From our regular Correspondent.

Washington, March 12th, 1881

The crowd which has pressed upon the President and his Secretaries since the inauguration is now diminishing. Some go away having accomplished their object, others wthi promises to cheer them, and others because hope is dead. No administration since the war has entered upon its career having to do battle with such an army of office seekers. It seems as though every office under the government had been suddenly vacated, and the welfare of the country depended upon the rapidity with which they were filled, so great had been the rush.

Barring this great demand upon the new administration, everything moves along smoothly; the Secretaries are all at their posts, and transact the routine business as though used to it. Secretary Windom has already rendered an important decision in relation to National Banks. It will be remembered that when the funding bill was about to become a law, some of the banks made haste to deposite legal tender notes to withdraw their circulation but now that there is no danger from the bill, the banks have applied to the secretary to permit them to recall their legal tenders, thus placeing theircirculation on their old footing. The Secretary denied the request. Treasurer Gilfillan speaking of the decision of the Secretary involves no new departure in the practice of the Department, but is fully sustained by law and precedent; that the effects of the decision would discourage in the future any concerted action on the part of the banks for the reduction of their circulation and render it impossible for them to first contract and then expand the currency for purposes of speculation; that had it been decided to permit the withdrawal asked for by the banks it would have lodged in the hands of those institutions a dangerous power, liable, under the most favorable circumstances, to be abused and which could be utilized at any time to seriously embarrass the business of the country, and cripple the financial operations of thegovernment.

There was quite an exciting contest in the Senate over the reorganization. The Democrats have gone on and named the majority of the committees, and yesterday attempted to adopt in the Senate the caucus report. They failed, however, Senator Conkling led and said in the course of his remarks that a constitutional majority of the Senate was against reorganization at this time. This is construed by Republicans to mean that Senator Mahone will act with the Republicans in this matter. In the course of the debate, Senator Davis the great party of one, arose in his lonely might and defined his position. He said he felt proud of his independent position, and that while not a Democrat he considered it his duty to vote with the Democrats on occasions where it devolved upon him to choose between the parties.

An effort seems to have been made to create the impression that Fred Douglass is not a candidate for the marshalship, and is not to be retained. This is not the fact, as asserted by many prominent friends of Mr. Douglass. They claim that no stalwart Republican government could with propriety displace Mr. Douglass, who has been a faithful and efficient officer, and is satisfied with his place. Howard.

The good house wife, when she is giving her house us spring renovating, should bear in mind that dear inmates of her house are more precious than many houses, and that their systems need cleansing by purifying the blood regulating the stomach and bowels to prevent and cure the diseases arising from spring malaria and miasma, and she must know that there is nothing that will do it so perfectly and surely as Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines. See another colum.

Before you begin your heavy spring work after a winter of relaxation, your system needs strengthening and cleansing to prevent an attack of Ague, Bilious or Spring Fever, or some spring sickness that unfit you for a season's work. You will save time, much sickness and great expense if you will use one bottle of Hop Bitters in your family this month. Don't wait. See another column.

What the cashier of the FirstNational Bank of Troy, Ohio, says:

Troy, O., Dec.30, 1879.

The Dr. Bosanko Medicines Co., Piqua O.:

Gentlemen:—I was troubled with Rheumatism last spring, in the acute form, so badly that I was unable to use my hand. Through the recommendations of my friends, I was induced to try your RHEUMATIC CURE, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the pain, and in a short time I was relieved of this distressing disease. I take great pleasure in recommending this valuable remedy to those similarly afflicted. Yours respectfully. Jno. L. MEREDITH.

Are you low spirited," down-in-mouth," and weak in the back? Does walking, lifting or standing cause pain in the small of the back? If so, you have kidney disease, and Prof. Guilmette's French Kidney Pad will cure you.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken off your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on Earth who has used it who will not tell you that it will regulate the bowels, give rest to the mother and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold at 25 cents a bottle everywhere.

Headache Cured.

by Dr. Baker's Billious Pills. Also Biliousness, Constipation, &c. For sale by Jos. Bobleter.

Some people prefer to purchase medicines in the dry state so that they can see for themselves they are purely vegetable. Others have not the time or desire to prepare the medicine, and wish it already to use.

To accomodate each class the proprietors of Kidney-Wort now offer that well known remedy in both Liquid and Dry forms.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.—*Truth.*

PROBATE NOTICE.

State of Minnesota, County of Brown. } ss

In Probate Court, Special Term. February 28th 1881.

In the matter of the estate of George McCarthy Deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of George McCarthy deceased, late of said County, has been delivered to this Court;

And whereas, Mary McCarthy has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things that said George McCarthy died in said county on the 7th day of December 1880 testate, and that said petitioner is one of ahe executors named in said last will tnd testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to her issued thereon.

It is ordered, That the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this Court, at the Probate Office in said county, on the 23d day of March A. D. 1881 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all concerned may appear and contest the probateof said instrument;

And it is further ordered, That public notice of the time and plaee of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publication of these orders for three weeks successively previous to said day of hearing, in the New Ulm Review, a newspaper printed and published at New Ulm in said county:

By the Court. Ernst Brandt, Judge of Probate.