

MISSOURI STATE NEWS

Testing The Law.

Attorney C. C. Crow, of St. Joseph, made application before the supreme court in banc for a writ of mandamus to compel the state board of dental examiners to issue a license to U. G. Cradall, of St. Joseph, to practice dentistry. This application will test the constitutionality of the law under which the dental examiners are operating. Cradall has been practicing dentistry for a number of years in St. Joseph without license, and the board threatens to institute legal proceedings against him if he does not desist. He claims that he was educated in a reputable dental college, but that because of the fact that it failed and went out of business before he graduated he could procure no diploma, and that he had been in successful practice a number of years before the law creating the board went into effect. The outcome of the proceeding will be watched with general interest, on account of the fact that the validity of the law is involved.

Provisional Writ Issued.

In the matter of mandamus proceedings against State Auditor Wilder, to compel the latter to register \$100,000 of water works and light plant bonds, issued by the city of Chillicothe, a provisional writ was issued returnable June 1. It is contended, and so held by Auditor Wilder, that the issuance of these bonds involved two distinct propositions, to-wit: The purchase of a water works plant and the purchase of a lighting plant, and that consequently the two propositions should not have been involved as one in the special election held for the purpose of voting these bonds.

An Ingenious Farmer.

The Stoutsville Banner tells how an ingenious farmer made good ice last winter at a cost of 30 cents a ton. He has built 200 galvanized iron tanks two feet wide and three feet long. These tanks were filled with water every time the weather man announced a cold snap and the next morning the ice crop was harvested, the tanks being separated from the cakes by the use of a little hot water. Twenty tons of ice can be stored in a night, which is not bad for a mild winter. The water freezes more rapidly in the shallow tanks than in a lake.

Seven Years For Bell.

Leonard Bell, the Missouri City bank robber, has been sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary by Judge Alexander at Liberty. He pleaded guilty when arraigned and wept after being sentenced. Bell and a "stool pigeon" attempted to rob the bank on the night of February 23. Kansas City detectives and county officers ambushed them, but they escaped. Bell was shot and captured the next morning near Randolph. He was taken to the city hospital at Kansas City and one of his legs was amputated.

High School Contest.

Della Monroe, a pupil of Kansas City Central High school, recently won the essay contest open to high school pupils at the University of Missouri. Her subject was "They Also Serve." There were fourteen contestants, entries being limited to girls. The prize is an undergraduate scholarship in the university, valued at \$125. The debating contest, open only to boys, brought out 11 contestants. The prize for this event was the same as for the essay contest. Albert Heinz, of the Cameron High school won first place.

To Test Eight-Hour Law.

State Mine Inspector Walter Ragland, of Webb City, has caused the arrest of James Smith, superintendent of the Rochester mine at Duenweg, on the charge of violating the state mining law against working men over eight hours a day. Smith is quoted as having replied, "Why certainly I work my men as long as they want to work. It's my business and I propose to carry this thing up to the higher courts if necessary."

Jackson County Finances.

The annual financial statement of Jackson county for the year 1905 has just been compiled. The total valuation of the county is stated to be \$127,328,985. The county collector collected a total in the year of \$2,243,075.35. Out of this total the state received \$270,616.66, the city and incorporated schools, \$944,100.28, and the country schools, \$46,887.39. A large amount was scattered among various small funds.

A Baggage Master in Jail.

H. P. Stafford, baggage master in Pleasant Hill, for the Missouri Pacific railway pleaded guilty before the United States commissioner at Kansas City to a charge of robbing the mails. He was sent to jail in default of \$500 bond.

THE WHITE PAINT OF THE WHITE HOUSE.

The White House at Washington, which has been the "Kings Palace" of the American People since it was first occupied by President Madison in 1809, has recently undergone a thorough course of remodeling, renovation and repair. Every American citizen is owner of an undivided eighty or eighty-five millionth part of the White House, as well as of the other Public Buildings and Monuments in the Capitol City. An item in the renovation of the remodelled White House was repainting. Every visitor to Washington knows why the White House is so called—because it is literally a "white house". The exterior paint must therefore be white. Now while the pure white surfaces and simple lines of the White House, set in the midst of green lawns and beautiful trees, produce a very satisfying effect of dignified simplicity, white paint from a practical point of view, is about the most unsatisfactory kind of paint that could have been selected by the original designers. First, because any white paint is easily discolored by smoke and dust, and second, because ordinary white paint itself gradually turns gray or brownish yellow from exposure.

But white the White House is and white it must remain or it would no longer be the "White House". So the renovators, making the best of a discouraging situation, sought for the best kind of white paint procurable. The average citizen if asked to guess what kind of paint they finally decided on would probably answer—"white lead and oil," but he would guess wrongly. The paint selected as the best obtainable was a ready mixed paint, such as can be bought in any well furnished village store, such as is used by more than half of the eighty or eighty-five million owners of the White House on their own homes. That one brand of mixed paint was used instead of another is a mere accidental detail—there are fifty or a hundred brands on the market that might have been selected in other circumstances, and in fact, a different brand was used in painting the Capitol.

Every property owner, therefore, who paints his house with a high grade ready-mixed paint is following the example set by the Government Authorities at Washington, who used ready-mixed paint, because they could find nothing else as good.

TELEPHONE TIDINGS.

Liverpool has tried and abandoned a penny-in-the-slot telephone service. London, with three times as big a population as New York, has only two-thirds the number of telephones—namely, 80,000.

The first long-distance telephone cable in this country was that between Liverpool and Manchester. It was opened in 1880.

Wireless telephony has been invented by Mr. Thomas Gladwell, of Newport (Mont.), who claims to have had successful results up to a distance of ten miles.

The longest telephone circuit in the world is that between New York and Chicago. It is 950 miles long. The longest in Europe connects London with Marseilles, these places being 650 miles apart.

It is now possible to "ring up" the nearest railway station from a moving train, and to telephone, via the station, to any subscriber. An experiment was conducted successfully on the Highland railway.

Torture of Women.
It was a terrible torture that Mrs. Gertie McFarland, of King's Mountain, N. C., describes, as follows: "I suffered dreadful periodical pain, and became so weak I was given up to die, when my husband got me Wine of Cardui. The first dose gave relief, and with 3 bottles I am up doing my work. I cannot say enough in praise of Cardui." A wonderful remedy for women's ills. At druggists; \$1.00.

FREAKS OF FORTUNE.

Ulysses Grant would not have been a military man had it not been that his rival for a West Point cadetship had been found to have six toes on each foot instead of five.

Oliver Cromwell was once on board a ship bound for America, but he was taken back by a constable, and the result was that he became one of the greatest men England ever knew.

Abraham Lincoln, after being a member of congress, desired to secure a clerkship in Washington, but he was defeated by Justin Butterfield. He was disappointed, but had he not been defeated he would have spent his life in obscurity instead of becoming president of the United States.

Struck by Lightning.
Mrs. Nancy Cleary, of Brewers, N. C., suffered as if struck by lightning. She says: "I was almost paralyzed from my waist down, and my back hurt me constantly, from female troubles. I had headache, seemed always tired, and felt as if I was dying. I took Wine of Cardui, which cured me, and now I feel like a new person." Cardui relieves periodical pain, and makes sick women well. \$1.10 at drug stores.

THE TASK OF REVISION.

Good Reasons for Letting the Dingley Schedules Stand Some Years Longer.

A change in any portion of the tariff schedules would mean an overhauling of them all. This would be a task of many months. Although work on the McKinley and the Wilson tariffs began in December, they were not enacted until far along in the next year, only a short time before the congressional elections. In each case, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, the party making the tariff revision was beaten for congress. A great deal of dynamite is usually wrapped up in tariff overhauling schemes. The Republicans escaped disaster in shaping the Dingley law. They escaped for two reasons. Tariff changes were necessary at that time because the Wilson act furnished neither sufficient revenue to the government nor protection to the domestic producer. The Dingley law provided both protection and revenue. This is one reason why the Republicans did not suffer from the dissatisfaction always caused in some interests by changes in the tariff schedules. Another reason was that the changes were made in an extra session which met soon after the inauguration. This allowed the tariff a year or more of operation before the first election took place. By that time it had a chance to show that it was accomplishing the objects of its framers, and was a benefit to the country.

When Mr. Payne says that no tariff revision will take place during this session he means during this congress. None can take place during the short session, which begins after the congressional election. Once in a long while tariff changes are made in the short session, but this is so rare an occurrence that it may safely be eliminated as a possibility in the present instance. The three months' session which begins in December, 1906, will have urgent work enough cut out for it to keep it busy until the general wind-up comes on March 4, without going out of its way to seek work that very few persons are asking for, and that a large majority of the people oppose. The Republican leaders, from the president and Speaker Cannon down, want this to be a business congress. Many important questions are before it. They want legislation on all of them. In order to get this legislation congress will be kept busy to the end of the term. Tariff revision is a large task under the most favorable conditions, even with the nearest election far in the distance. It would be a particularly embarrassing subject in the present exigency, with a congressional election certain to take place before the final touches could be put upon the new schedules if the work were started now. The Dingley act can safely be allowed to stand for two or three years longer.

A personal letter, not intended for publication, but which was used for partisan misrepresentation, has drawn from Speaker Cannon of the house of representatives a statement as to his position with regard to the matter of revising the tariff. The speaker meets the question with characteristic frankness, and his utterances will carry weight and significance in view of his prominent position. His attitude in this matter is similar to that of other men of high standing and great influence in the Republican party. There will be general tariff revision when the people clearly manifest a desire for it, but he does not believe it will come during the present session of congress, for no such popular demand as would compel action has materialized.

Speaker Cannon utters the words of truth and soberness and shows a correct understanding of the situation when he affirms that nothing effective can be accomplished except by a complete revision of schedules, which would be the result of such a compromise as would command a majority vote of the 386 members of the house of representatives and of the 90 senators. Even then the outcome might not be to the advantage of the country. Says the speaker: "The enactment of such a revision and the time necessary to adjust it to conditions would halt production, consumption and commerce for at least 12 months, and when the compromise is enacted as a whole it will probably not be an improvement on existing law." He concludes by saying that if the people actually want a revision they can express their wishes at the coming congressional election and their command will be obeyed. Meanwhile they are apt to think well before they authorize the disruption of conditions which in their entirety were never more favorable to the laborer, the farmer, the capitalist, the producer and the consumer.

This is a fair presentation of the case, and it involves an appeal to the judgment of the people, who, as the speaker with sound American statesmanship recognizes, are the tribunal of last resort. There was a political convention in Kansas the other day. It disposed of all the questions brought before it with regard to public policies by unanimously adopting the following: "Resolved, That we let well enough alone." That embodies wisdom as applied to the tariff as well as a number of other matters.

The Favorite Route East.

Passengers from Chicago to Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York City, Boston and all points east, will find it to their interest by selecting for their journey the NICKEL PLATE ROAD from Chicago. Three through trains are run daily with Modern Day Coaches and Luxurious Pullman Sleeping Cars to New York City, also through Sleeping Car Service to Boston and intermediate points. Rates always the lowest and no excess fares are charged on any train for any part of the trip. The NICKEL PLATE ROAD Dining Service is right up-to-date. Individual Club Meals are served at prices ranging from 35 cents to \$1.00; also meals a la carte. All trains leave Chicago from the La Salle St. Station. For full information address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

CONCERNING CITIES.

In five years Krupp's town of Essen has increased 93 per cent. Cologne, with its 426,000 people, has had an astonishing growth.

Any city of more than 100,000 inhabitants is considered a great city. Of these Germany has more than any other country, namely, 41.

Great Britain and the United States have 39 each. Then there is a break till we reach Russia with 16, France with 15, Italy with 12, Japan and Austria-Hungary with eight each.

A Strange Story.

Mrs. Isaac W. Austill, of Chestnut Ridge, N. C., tells a strange story of great suffering. "I was in bad condition for months, but got no relief. My periods had stopped, all but the pain. After taking part of a bottle of Wine of Cardui, nature worked properly and without pain. I advise all suffering women to use Cardui." A pure specific remedy for women's ills. \$1.00, at druggists.

Cashier W. T. Bell, of Mount Union, Pa., has the distinction of having two sons cashiers of banks who are among the youngest not or in Pennsylvania, but in the United States. Harry A. Bell was elected cashier of a Middletown bank last May when 22 years and four months old, and Jesse G. Bell was elected cashier of a Saxton bank when 21 years and six months old last December.

FITS, St. Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PLEASANT TRUTHS.

Why not give the cheery word, the truthful word that will brighten the load of a fellow burden bearer.

Do we not deprive the world of a joy we might have given when we do not hasten to speak the pleasant truth?

There are truths which are so joyous that it is only gladness to speak them—truths which seem to have no unpleasant side at all.

Happiness is a quality of which we might obtain a larger share than usual if we determined to discover the pleasing side of the most unpleasant truths.

Now if one side is always more pleasing than the other, why, the question may be asked is it not more honorable to choose always the pleasant side to present our friends.

There is always more than one side to a truth. Two sides, at least can be seen, by the most simple minded person and those whose minds are complex can readily see many sides to the same question.

ORACULAR OBSERVATIONS.

Some potters live by means of their urnings.

The small boy with his first watch is having the time of his life.

Every dog has his day, but the fleas are on him both day and night.

It is a persevering undertaker who accomplishes all he undertakes.

Love seems to resemble a bottomless pit when some people fall in.

REPAIRING BRAIN

A Certain Way by Food.

Every minister, lawyer, journalist, physician, author or business man is forced under pressure of modern conditions to the active and sometimes overactive use of the brain.

Analysis of the excreta thrown out by the pores shows that brain work breaks down the phosphate of potash, separating it from its heavier companion, albumen, and plain common sense teaches that this elemental principle must be introduced into the body anew each day, if we would replace the loss and rebuild the brain tissue.

We know that the phosphate of potash, as presented in certain field grains, has an affinity for albumen and that is the only way gray matter in the brain can be built. It will not answer to take the crude phosphate of potash of the drug shop, for nature rejects it. The elemental mineral must be presented through food directly from nature's laboratory.

These facts have been made use of in the manufacture of Grape-Nuts, and any brain worker can prove the value of the proper selection of food by making free use of Grape-Nuts for ten days or two weeks. Sold by grocers everywhere (and in immense quantities). Manufactured by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

KIDNEY TROUBLES

Increasing Among Women, But Sufferers Need Not Despair

THE BEST ADVICE IS FREE

Of all the diseases known, with which the female organism is afflicted, kidney disease is the most fatal, and statistics show that this disease is on the increase among women.



Mrs. Emma Sawyer

Unless early and correct treatment is applied the patient seldom survives when once the disease is fastened upon her. We believe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most efficient treatment for chronic kidney troubles of women, and is the only medicine especially prepared for this purpose.

When a woman is troubled with pain or weight in loins, backache, frequent, painful or scalding urination, swelling of limbs or feet, swelling under the eyes, an uneasy, tired feeling in the region of the kidneys or notices a sediment in the urine, she should lose no time in commencing treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it may be the means of saving her life.

For proof, read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Sawyer.

"I cannot express the terrible suffering I had to endure. A derangement of the female organs developed nervous prostration and a serious kidney trouble. The doctor attended me for a year, but I kept getting worse, until I was unable to do anything, and I made up my mind I could not live. I finally decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and I am today a well woman. I cannot praise it too highly, and I tell every suffering woman about my case."—Mrs. Emma Sawyer, Conyers, Ga.

Mrs. Pinkham gives free advice to women; address in confidence, Lynn, Mass.

CURES CONSTIPATION

It is just about impossible to be sick when the bowels are right and not possible to be well when they are wrong. Through its action on the bowels,

Lane's Family Medicine

cleans the body inside and leaves no lodging place for disease. If for once you wish to know how it feels to be thoroughly well, give this famous laxative tea a trial.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

A Positive CATARRH CURE

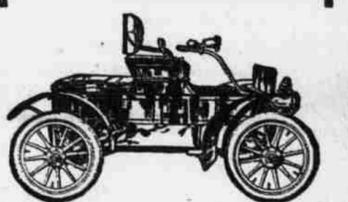
Ely's Cream Balm

is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10 cts. by mail.

Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

OLDSMOBILE



It took 20 years to be able to build automobiles that are recognized as standard in quality, reliability and workmanship.

Oldsmobiles are known all over the world as the standard—not excelled in the qualities that make an automobile durable, satisfactory and economical to own.

A purchaser of an Oldsmobile knows he is getting a big dollar's worth for every dollar he invests.

Write us for our agency proposition in towns not now under contract.

OLDS MOTOR WORKS, LANSING, MICHIGAN.