

# The Howard Union.

"ERROR CEASES TO BE DANGEROUS WHEN REASON IS LEFT FREE TO COMBAT IT."—JEFFERSON.

VOLUME I.

GLASGOW, MISSOURI, AUGUST 31, 1865.

NUMBER 12.

**THE WAY TO SAVE MONEY**  
IS TO  
**BUY YOUR GOODS**  
OF  
**HARVEY & THORPE,**  
GLASGOW, MO.,  
(On First Street, two doors above  
the Post Office, at Phipps' old  
stand.)

THE subscribers take pleasure in informing  
the citizens of Howard and surrounding  
counties that they have now on hand a  
**Splendid Assortment**  
OF  
**All Descriptions of Merchandise,**  
and flatter themselves that they can meet all de-  
mands their friends may make upon them both as  
to the quality of their goods and  
**CHEAPNESS OF PRICE,**  
as will effectually defy competition, and insure  
full satisfaction to their customers. Give us a  
call and satisfy yourselves. Respectfully sub-  
mitted.

**HARVEY & THORPE,**  
Glasgow, Mo., July 6, 1865.  
**MILL NOTICE.**  
THE undersigned have their Great Mill in the  
best of order. Are prepared to grind for the  
public on Tuesdays and Saturdays of each week.  
Flour and meal kept constantly on hand to ex-  
change for wheat and corn. The very best article  
of Flour in the country, kept for sale.  
Wanted to purchase, Wheat, Corn and Cord  
Wood. **ENGLISH & CO.**  
June 15, 1865.

**J. ROPER,**  
**DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY.**  
KEEPS constantly on hand all kinds of  
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye  
Stuffs, Patent Medicines, Toilet and Fancy  
Articles, &c. &c., usually kept in first class  
country Drug Stores, which he will sell on liberal  
terms to his customers. Give us a call. Store  
room on First Street, Glasgow, Mo., at the old  
and of H. L. White.  
June 15, 1865.

**JAS. A. CLARK,**  
Late Judge 11 Judi-  
cial Circuit.  
**H. CLAY COCKERILL,**  
Probate Court.  
**CLARK & COCKERILL,**  
**LAWYERS,**  
Glasgow, Mo.  
PARTICULAR attention given to Probate  
business in Chariton and Howard Counties.

**H. CLAY COCKERILL,**  
**NOTARY PUBLIC,**  
And Real Estate Agent.  
**JAMES FITZPATRICK,**  
**LICENSED AUCTIONEER,**  
GLASGOW, MO.,  
WILL give his attention to collecting NOTES  
and ACCOUNTS. Will also advance  
money on the same if desired.  
**Howard County Bonds Wanted,**  
for which the highest price will be paid.  
FOR MONEY TO LOAN AT FAIR RATES.  
Glasgow, June 22, 1865.—if

**NEW STOCK**  
OF  
**GROCERIES.**  
THE subscriber respectfully announces to the  
public, that he has just opened the present  
week, at his  
**Store Room,**  
on the corner of Water and Market streets, front-  
ing the river.  
**LARGE AND VARIED**  
ASSORTMENT OF  
**GROCERIES**  
OF  
**Every Description,**  
Which he offers for cash or produce, on the most  
liberal terms. Please give me a call and exam-  
ine my large stock, as I am determined to make  
it to the interest of the people to trade with me.  
"Quick Sales and Small Profits,"  
is my motto.  
Thankful for former patronage, I respectfully  
solicit a continuance of the same.  
**S. STEINMETZ,**  
Glasgow, June 15, 1865.

**M. ENGLISH,**  
**AGENT FOR THE COLLECTION**  
OF  
**Claims against the State**  
OR  
**GENERAL GOVERNMENT.**  
GLASGOW, MISSOURI.  
Glasgow, June 15, 1865.

**PAY UP.**  
**BOON, BOSTWICK & CO.**  
All those indebted to the firm of BOON,  
BOSTWICK & CO., either by note or ac-  
count, are notified to come forward immediately  
and pay up, as longer indulgence cannot be given.  
**JAMES FITZPATRICK, Agent.**  
June 15, '65—4ms 80.

**BIRCH, EARICKSON & CO.,**  
**Exchange & Banking House**  
Glasgow, Mo.  
WILL buy and sell Exchange, receive depos-  
its, deal in Securities, loan money and  
make collections at all accessible points.  
Until our Banking-House is finished, our  
office will be in the building occupied by the  
Western Bank.  
June 22, 1865.—6m.

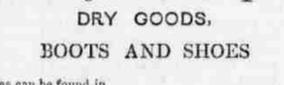
**PAPER WAREHOUSE.**  
**H. B. Graham & Bro.,**  
82 Second Street, ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.  
Every kind of  
**PAPER**  
on hand, and for sale at MILL PRICES (freight  
added). Cash for RAGS. June 15, 4m

**WITT, SLOAN & CO.,**  
**PRODUCE AND COMMISSION**  
**MERCHANTS, HEMP, COTTON AND**  
**TOBACCO FACTORS, No. 111 N. Second**  
**Street (between Vine st. and Washington av-  
enue), ST. LOUIS.** Prompt personal attention  
given to Forwarding Goods and Filling Orders  
for all kinds of Merchandise; also to sale of cot-  
ton, Tobacco, Hemp, Bacon, &c.  
Manufactured Tobacco always on hand.  
St. Louis, June 22, 1865—1yr

**GLASGOW**  
**MARBLE YARD.**  
  
P. BAIER respectfully announces to the  
public that he is still engaged at his old  
business, and is determined to devote his entire  
time to satisfy the increasing demands of his pa-  
trons.  
I now have on hand, ready finished up to or-  
der, an  
**EXCELLENT STOCK OF MARBLE,**  
suitable for Monuments and Grave Stones, which  
I will work up on  
**Very Reasonable Terms**  
I have many new, beautiful and original de-  
signs for ornamental grave stones, which, togeth-  
er with my stock of Marble, all are invited to  
call and examine, and I feel confident I shall be  
able to give entire satisfaction, in style, workman-  
ship, and terms.  
Glasgow, June 15, 1865—1yr. P. BAIER.

**GARRETT W. MOREHEAD.** JOHN C. WOODS.  
**MOREHEAD & WOODS,**  
GLASGOW, MO.,  
HAVE now on hand, as  
**LARGE A STOCK OF**  
**Fancy and Staple**  
**DRY GOODS,**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES**  
as can be found in  
**Howard or Saline Counties!!**  
We expect always to keep a complete stock of  
**Ready Made Clothing,**  
which can't be beat, and prices put down to the  
lowest figures!!  
We make special efforts to excel in the  
**LADIES' DEPARTMENT,**  
and flatter ourselves that we have accomplished a  
signal success in this department. We feel com-  
petent to do that very thing.  
We have a superior selection of  
**Fine Groceries,**  
And are constantly receiving at all seasons of  
the year fresh supplies of merchandise, so as to  
keep fully up to the demands of the market. All  
that our country friends need we can supply at  
such reasonable rates as will convince them it is  
to their interest to trade with us.  
**MOREHEAD & WOODS,**  
Glasgow, July 6, 1865.

**WILLIAM B. TALLY,**  
(At the old Stand.)  
has now for sale on commission, all kinds of  
**FURNITURE,**  
such as Bedsteads, Mattresses, Bureaus, Chairs,  
etc., etc., including all kinds of Furniture used  
for family purposes.  
**UNDERTAKING.**  
Wooden and Metallic coffins of all kinds, furni-  
shed to order.  
All articles finished in good style, and sold at  
reasonable rates, for cash.  
Glasgow, July 6th, 1865.

**CHANGE OF TIME.**  
**NORTH MO. RAILROAD.**  
  
**ST. JOSEPH EXPRESS TRAINS**  
will leave the Depot at the corner of North Mar-  
ket and Second streets, at 8:30 o'clock, A. M.,  
arriving in St. Joseph the same day.  
Stage connections at Alton, Renick, Centralia,  
and Mexico, for interior points; at Alton the cars  
connect with Santa Fe's lines of stages for Huan-  
tilla, Glasgow, Keytesville, Brunswick, and all  
intermediate points.

**PHILLIP YOST,**  
**MACHINIST,**  
Frankfort, Saline County, Mo.,  
REPAIRS every description of Machine, Agri-  
cultural Implements, &c., at short notice and in  
a workmanlike manner. A lot of Singer's Sew-  
ing Machines on hand, which will be disposed of  
at low rates.  
Frankfort, Mo., July 13, 1865—3m.

**WHITE, BILLINGSLEY & CO.**  
**WHOLESALE GROCERS**  
AND  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
No. 106 N. Second St.  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
July 27th, 1865—1yr

**CHAMBERLAIN'S**  
**NEW**  
**WATCH & JEWELRY**  
**STORE,**  
At the Post-Office,  
Glasgow, Mo.  
THE undersigned would respectfully announce  
to his friends and the public in general, that  
he has returned, with a new and well selected  
Stock of  
**WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.,**  
of the latest styles; selected with great care from  
the largest stocks of Philadelphia and New York  
**Watchmakers of Europe.** Celebrated  
**AMERICAN LEVER WATCHES** of the finest  
manufacture, warranted accurate time keepers.  
**CLOCKS** of ALL PATTERNS, and a general  
assortment of goods, such as may be found in the  
best establishments of St. Louis.  
Watches and Jewelry of the finest kind made  
to order.  
**SILVER WARE MADE OF PURE COIN.**  
No Goods misrepresented. Having been a  
Watchmaker for some years, I flatter myself as  
a competent hand to do all kinds of work in the  
very best manner, and on the most reasonable  
terms.  
**CUTLERY of the best Brands, Pen**  
**Knives, Scissors, Razors, &c., of Rogers**  
**and Wostenholms' make.**  
Old Gold and Silver bought and taken in ex-  
change. **JOHN CHAMBERLAIN.**  
Glasgow, June 25, 1865.

**Post Office**  
**DRUG & BOOK STORE,**  
GLASGOW.  
THE subscriber would respectfully inform his  
friends and the public generally that he has  
purchased the Drug Store of his brother, I. C.  
Drouss, and has now on hand, and intends keep-  
ing  
**A General Assortment**  
of the  
**BEST DRUGS AND MEDICINES,**  
**Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, and**  
**Druggist's Merchandise**  
GENERALLY,  
which he offers to the public on  
**The Most Accommodating Terms.**  
Those wishing to purchase will do well to give  
me a call before purchasing.  
—Also—  
**Books, Stationery and Fancy Ar-  
ticles.**  
**PHYSICIANS** may rely on having their pre-  
scriptions carefully compounded and put up ac-  
curately, and with despatch, at all hours, day and  
night.  
**F. W. H. DIGES.**  
Glasgow, June 22, 1865.

**Attention**  
**MILITIA!**  
PAY for service in all kinds of Missouri Mil-  
itia is now being collected by STEELE & BLAIR,  
of Macon. Persons who have served in any  
company or regiment can send in by letter  
their full names, the letter of their company, the  
number of their regiment, their post office address,  
and we will collect their pay at a moderate charge.  
We will prosecute claims of any kind against  
the State or United States. Address by letter,  
July 16, 1865—3m. STEELE & BLAIR,  
Macon, Mo.

**ST. LOUIS TYPE FOUNDRY CO.**  
No. 9, Pine St.  
**TYPE AND ELECTROTYPE**  
**FOUNDERS.**  
MANUFACTURE and furnish Machine and  
Hand Printing Presses, Metal and Wood  
Type, Borders, Rules, Cases, Chases, Sticks, Gal-  
leys, and in fact everything that is necessary in a  
complete Printing Office.  
Printing paper, all sizes, of good quality. Col-  
ored and Manila paper, also, Note, Letter, Cap,  
Flat Cap, Commercial, Packet, and Folio Post  
Paper.  
Cards and Card Boards, white and colored, all  
qualities. Printing Inks, Hand Stamps, Seal and  
Blind Presses, &c., all of which will be sold at low  
prices for cash.  
Proprietors of Newspapers publishing this ad-  
vertisement, inserting this note, to amount of  
Ten Dollars, and sending a copy of their pa-  
per at its first insertion and one at the time of its  
discontinuance, will be allowed their bills when  
they purchase five times the amount in type or  
other material of our own manufacture.  
Will furnish Electrotype copies of the adver-  
tisement to parties that send for them.  
July 20, 1865.

**OUR STATE.**  
During the last four years of sad trial  
and tribulation to the people of the Southern  
border States, those of this state have come  
in for a considerable share of the evil results  
of intestine strife. Our people have drunk  
of the bitter cup to its very dregs. Large  
and fertile farms have gone to wreck, and  
in many instances the entire fencing de-  
stroyed, and lands which years ago annually  
teemed with heavy crops, to-day are in the  
commons. This, however, is the legitimate  
result of war, especially such as has ensued  
the border States. For the last four years  
we have had an unprecedented commotion  
and strife. The passions and prejudices of  
the people have been worked up to the  
most intense feelings of animosity. We  
will not enter into a recapitulation of the  
sufferings, hardships, and mournful inci-  
dents of the war. They will long be re-  
membered, and have been, we trust,  
sufficient to deter men, for ages to come,  
against the overthrow of the Government  
which dispenses its blessing upon all.

But, while we look upon the ruin and  
deolation that have been inflicted upon us  
as a community, the reflecting mind finds a  
great deal to be cheerful over. We have  
at least saved to us from this terrible scene  
of desolation the priceless boon of a good  
Government, which will repay at no dis-  
tant day for all the suffering through which  
we have gone. The war has ended, and  
wrest all good citizens now desire is such a  
peace as will give repose and security to  
every member of society.  
Fighting is at an end, and the people of  
all shades of political belief have turned  
their thoughts to industrial pursuits, cul-  
tivating their crops, running up houses and  
rebuilding their fences. Slowly but surely  
the work of reconstruction is going on.  
The Union soldiers have found their way  
back to homes long deserted, and, contrary  
to the oft repeated copperhead slander that  
trouble would follow the disbandment of  
the large armies, the boys of "blue" have  
engaged in the work of reconstruction with  
that amount of alacrity equally creditable to  
them in their heroic efforts upon the battle-  
field. And, be it said to the credit of the  
returned confederates, they too, have gone  
to work with the seeming determination to  
bring out from the soil by dint of industry,  
the wealth that is to restore our State to  
order and prosperity.

The signs of the times are encouraging.  
All our people with one accord and alacrity  
of spirit seem to be in earnest working for  
the restoration of "good times." The people,  
the honest, hardworking yeomanry of the  
land, are actuated by that laudable spirit,  
and the signs of discontent and a disposition  
to fling broadcast the seeds of discord are  
manifested by the few—the political trick-  
sters and disappointed office seekers. Let  
the masses see to this, and all will be well  
—the enforcement, indiscriminately, without  
favor, partiality or partisan bias, of the  
laws. In the enforcement of the laws every  
citizen is directly and personally interested.  
This will restore the confidence and frat-  
ernal social feelings that once existed. The  
masses have in their power all that is neces-  
sary for the preservation of their welfare.  
Let the people discountenance and frown  
upon every indication of a lawless spirit  
which may manifest itself. Let them brand  
with infamy that man, or set of men, who  
may seek or attempt to disturb the peace,  
enemies to society, and unworthy the re-  
spect and confidence of good men. Let  
every good meaning citizen take the law as  
a stamp to his feet and a light to his path-  
way, and rely upon it our peace will be  
permanent, business of every kind will  
revive, expand, and improve, and soon our  
country will have recovered from the de-  
vastations of protracted war. Our pros-  
perity and happiness as a people will be in  
proportion to the progress we make in the  
cultivation of general good feelings and  
mutual friendships.—[Saline Progress.]

**THE ERA OF CRIME.**  
Under the above title the Quincy Times  
publishes the following:  
It is not to be concealed that our country  
has entered upon an era yet to witness an  
era of crime and immorality almost unpar-  
alleled in the history of the world. There  
is scarcely a city of any size in the country  
in which it is either prudent or safe for a  
man to risk himself at night in the public  
streets. When he does so he is in danger  
of being either robbed or murdered, and in  
many cases of being visited with both.  
While this is true of men, it is equally true  
that in no city of the country, not even here  
in Quincy, can a lady walk after dark from  
her own front door to that of her nearest  
neighbor, without running the risk of insult  
and outrage, and but few respectable  
women have the courage to attempt it.  
Women of doubtful reputations, notorious  
eyebrows, however, promenade the streets  
in all our large cities from dark to midnight  
with perfect impunity. The whole country  
is fearfully, deplorably demoralized. Those  
who preach for war preach for demoralized  
society, degrading immorality and brutal  
crime. The people of this country, from  
one end of it to the other, North, South,  
East and West, will yet deplore from their  
inner souls the evils and dangers they have  
brought upon themselves. These evils are  
the penalty which irrevocable fate  
demands they shall pay, and the punish-  
ment which they inflict upon themselves for  
indulging so freely, so blindly, and so madly  
in the horrible pastime of cruelly butch-  
ering each other. The war could have  
been avoided and ought to have been. It  
could have been avoided by the people of  
both sections, if they had mutually shown  
a spirit of compromise and brotherly love.  
They choose not to do so on either side.

**A THRILLING SCENE OF PERIL.**  
**The American Blondin on the**  
**Tight Rope—He Crosses in Peach**  
**Baskets and with Three Pails of**  
**Water His Fall from the Rope**  
**Narrow Escape from a Fearful**  
**Death.**  
Cataract House, Niagara Falls, Aug. 11.  
Your correspondent, chancing to lie over  
at this place yesterday afternoon, was among  
the spectators at the performance of Leslie,  
the celebrated Blondin in the foolhardy  
feat of crossing the river below Suspension  
Bridge on a tight rope. It came very near  
being the last of Leslie's exhibitions in that  
line, or rather on that line. He has, it  
seems, arrangements with the hotel keepers  
and other parties interested in Niagara  
crowds, to give a series of these entertain-  
ments, and in addition receives the gate  
money for admission to the enclosures at  
the ends of the rope, on either bank, which  
gives the best views of the performance.  
On this occasion Leslie came down to the  
scene of operations about four o'clock in a  
carriage, accompanied as usual by his wife  
and child. The former, if she feels anxie-  
ty, has the skill to dissemble it, and publicly  
dismisses her spouse forth to his narrow  
line of business with an easy smile. Leslie  
is Irish, and quite a hero with his Celtic  
friends. He varies Blondin's feats with  
considerable ingenuity, and really manages  
to combine quite a satisfactory amount of  
blood curdling features for the delectation  
of gazers.  
He first went rapidly upon the rope  
with only his balancing pole and displayed  
wonderful agility and strength in the deli-  
cacy of poise and ease with which he went  
through the more common roles of the rope  
walking fraternity. He hung by one hand,  
by one leg, he did everything but hang by  
his eyelids, and came so near this, that it  
would have scarcely added to the entertain-  
ment had he done so.  
Then he went back upon the curve of the  
rope to the bank, and after a temporary  
disappearance came forth with his feet in  
peach baskets. Literally so, for each foot  
was strapped firmly to the bottom of a com-  
mon split peach basket, which rose about  
his calves like the wide boots of the caval-  
iers. Thus shod he set off on his journey.  
It was a slow and painful one. The spec-  
tators, about a thousand in number, held  
their breath as he made his deliberate and  
careful progress, swinging his legs in wide  
arcs to carry forward his novel feat. One  
in the middle of the rope he hit one  
basket with the other and a thrill ran through  
the spectators at the evident shock it gave  
him. He however crossed in safety, and a  
tremendous cheer rose from either shore.  
Much fatigued by the strain on nerve and  
muscle, he waited for quite an interval be-  
fore introducing his third act. In this he  
came on with three pails of water, which he  
was to carry over the river without spill-  
ing. One was held in a tin case fitted to  
his head like a cap. The others were fast-  
ened over his hands by straps; and so he set  
out carrying his balancing pole. He had,  
however, overrated his strength, so his  
friends say, who blame him for not declining  
a further test of skill on that day. He  
moved steadily down the rope, but with  
less lightness and confidence in his motions  
than formerly. He had proceeded half way  
across the river, and just commenced the  
ascend of the wide curve of the rope, when  
suddenly he became unsteady, attempted in  
vain to save himself, and fell from the rope.  
The pails went down sheer two hundred  
feet into the swift rush of waters hastening  
to the whirlpool. The spectators closed  
their eyes in horror. It was believed im-  
possible that the man was not lost, but in  
falling he caught by one hand, and so hung.  
It was not a trick of the rope-walker to  
lend fresh zest to his performance. He  
caught at the rope back-handed, and arrested  
his fall violently at arm's length. It was  
with difficulty he reached the rope with  
his other hand, and still more difficult  
was it for him to draw himself upon the  
rope. Indeed it seemed doubtful for many  
painful seconds that seemed like minutes,  
whether he could regain the top of the  
rope. His struggles were watched with  
silence, but with everywhere apparent  
apprehension that it was a struggle of life  
or death. He hung by one leg and  
both hands for a still longer period until by  
a violent exertion he threw himself across  
the rope. He then sat for at least ten mi-  
nutes on the rope until he recovered a little  
from the effects of the fearful exposure, and  
made his way to shore, omitting the rest of  
the performance and being rapidly driven  
away in a close carriage. The alarm among  
his friends was intense, though they  
presently so nearly recovered as to indulge  
in a ghastly joke at Leslie's fall. It was  
evident, however, that it came near being  
a fatal end to a rash career, and it is not  
believed Leslie's physical condition will  
enable him to resume his feats at present.  
There were present only about one thousand  
persons, the attractions having lost their  
sharpness. Perhaps this fresh hint of its  
dearly and imminent peril will revive the at-  
tendance of those who go to such scenes with  
the inner conviction, which is neither the  
wish nor the hope, that they may on some  
of these scenes, be "in at the death." It  
was those who still live to tell of Sam Patch's  
last leap. The whole business, of which  
Leslie and Blondin are the leaders, is de-  
basating and inhuman, and perhaps will only  
be checked as a favorite pastime of a certain  
class of people, by some such horror re-  
alized that which so nearly overtook Leslie.

**THE FORM OF A PARDON GRANTED BY THE**  
**PRESIDENT.**  
The following is the form of the pardon  
granted by the President in special cases  
under the Amnesty Proclamation:  
**Andrew Johnson**  
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF  
AMERICA.  
To all whom these presents may come,  
greeting:  
Whereas, —, of Richmond, Virginia,  
by taking part in the late rebellion against  
the Government of the United States, has  
made himself liable to heavy pains and pen-  
alties;  
And whereas, The circumstances of his  
case render him a proper object of Execu-  
tive clemency;  
Now, therefore, be it known, That I,  
Andrew Johnson, President of the United  
States of America, in consideration of the  
premises, divers good and sufficient reasons  
me thereunto moving, do hereby grant to the  
said — a full pardon and amnesty  
for all offenses by him committed, arising  
from participation, direct or implied, in said  
rebellion, conditioned as follows, namely:  
This pardon to begin and take effect from  
the day on which the said — shall  
take the oath prescribed in the proclama-  
tion of the President dated May 20, 1865,  
and to be void and of no effect if the said  
— shall hereafter, at any time, acquire  
any property whatever in slaves, or make  
use of slave labor; and that he first pay  
all costs which may have accrued in any  
proceedings hitherto instituted against his  
person or property;  
And upon the further condition, That the  
said — shall notify the Secretary of  
the State, in writing, that he has received  
and accepted the foregoing pardon.  
In testimony whereof, I have hereunto  
signed my name and caused the  
{ SEAL } seal of the United States to be  
affixed. Done at the city of Wash-  
ington, this 12th day of August, A. D.  
1865, and of the Independence of the United  
States the ninetieth.  
**ANDREW JOHNSON.**  
By the President:  
Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

**CURIOSITIES.**—We were shown a few  
days since, by Mr. S. G. Phipps, a chicken  
that had twelve distinct and separate toes!  
Mr. J. S. Hunter brought to our office a  
hornet's nest perfired to a flint rock! The  
cells presented the same degree of perfec-  
tion as the ordinary nest of the hornet. It  
is certainly the perfection of perfection,  
and should find a place in the cabinet of  
Geological curiosities in the State Univer-  
sity at Columbia.  
Mr. J. D. Head presented us with a worm  
which is evidently a stranger to this section.  
It is larger than the largest size tobacco  
worm, and of about the same color. Its  
feet are shaped like those of the elephant.  
In twenty-four hours he wove the web of  
his brief existence with web of silk of the  
finest and most delicate texture, and "went  
in" and shut up his shop.—[Randolph Cit-  
izen.]

**THE PATTERSON (N. J.) Press** gives the  
following account of a hero of two wars,  
who visited Patterson a few days ago. The  
name of the veteran is Hicks, and in 1812  
he joined the army and served during the  
war with England. At the time of peace  
he laid down the musket, and for a half a  
century was engaged in peaceful pursuits.  
At the commencement of the rebellion he  
resided in Illinois, near Galena, the home of  
Gen. Grant. Although eighty years of age  
he joined a regiment of volunteers, and  
marched to the war. Under Grant he took  
part in the capture of Fort Henry and Fort  
Donelson, and fought bravely in the  
desperate battle of Shiloh. The aged pri-  
vate and the youthful General served to-  
gether in the brilliant Western campaigns,  
till finally success crowned their efforts.  
The old man had been three times wounded  
in this war, but now, the Press says, when  
he has received his discharge he is appar-  
ently as strong and hearty as most of the  
men of half his age, and but for his snow  
white hair, to see him stride along with his  
firm military tread, no one would think  
him a day over fifty. Hicks has a sister  
living in Sussex county, near Newton,  
whom he was going to see. He marched  
from New York the night before, and  
camped out during the night, his money  
having been spent while in the hospital.  
Yesterday morning he was purposing to  
take up the line of march for his sister's  
residence, thirty miles distant. Some  
gentlemen falling in with him, attracted by  
his appearance, draw from him his story,  
the substance of which we have given  
above. One of them remarked that he should  
have been something more than a private,  
but the old man said he had refused all  
promotions, which had more than once  
been offered him. The gentlemen interest-  
ed themselves in his behalf, and in a few  
moments had raised a fund of twenty dollars,  
which they placed in his possession. They  
then put him in the stage for New York,  
where he could take the cars for Newton.

**THE BUCHANAN COUNTY COURT** has ap-  
propriated \$500 towards the welcome to be  
given to the returned soldiers of Northwest Mis-  
souri.