



Francis M. Taylor, Editor and Proprietor.

Glasgow, Mo.

THURSDAY, NOV. 30, 1865.

On Friday night last, Lowe, the horse-thief, of whose arrest we spoke last week, and who was concerned in the shooting scrape in Mecon county, made his escape. He was under confinement at one of our hotels, and during the night requested his guard to go out with him. After they had got out, Lowe struck him with a brick and ran. The guard was stunned, and so soon as he recovered he fired at Lowe, but without effect, as he was then some distance off.

On Monday last Sheriff Jackson, while out collecting, happened to come across Lowe at a negro's house, near Hamner's Mill, some three miles north of Fayette, and at once " nabbed him," and conveyed him to the Fayette jail. The jail being rather insecure, he was chained, and we hope this time such precautions will be taken as will render his escape impossible. In the shooting affair in Mecon county, he acknowledges to have fired his revolver six times. He has told two or three citizens of this vicinity who have had horses stolen, where they were taken to; and if there be any others who have lost horses, they may probably learn their whereabouts of Lowe, as he seems willing to tell all he knows on these matters.

A Convention of the publishers of Missouri was held in Jefferson City last week. It was numerously attended. After organization, a number of Standing Committees, having reference to different branches of the Printing business, were appointed. With this small amount of business transacted, and the passage of a resolution in regard to railroad passes, the Convention adjourned to meet again in Jefferson City on the 4th of July next.

A DESPERATE GUERRILLA.—The Sheriff of Lafayette county, Missouri, attempted to arrest one John Watson, last Monday, a noted guerrilla, who surrendered last spring. While the Sheriff was reading the writ Watson suddenly blazed away at him with his revolver and broke for the timber, managing to effect his escape, although hotly pursued. Some seventeen shots were fired, and nobody hurt.

Gen. John B. Clark, of Missouri, who was arrested in Texas returning from Mexico and imprisoned in Fort Jackson, has been released and is en route to his former home in Howard county.

Lorenzo Miller, of Put in Bay Island, Lake Erie, is said to have produced this season eight and one fourth tons of grapes from an acre of ground. He shipped five and a half tons and made two and three fourth tons into wine, getting five hundred gallons. Other growers in that region of the lake on islands and on the main land have done nearly as well.

St. Louis is to be thoroughly cleansed, in anticipation of a visit of the cholera, and it is probable that a hospital will be established there for the exclusive use of cholera patients.

The December Term of the Howard Circuit Court commences at Fayette on Monday next.

The grand railroad meeting at Fulton on the 20th, attended by the Governor, various members of the Legislature and other dignitaries, resulted in the appointment of a committee to correspond with the people of Boone and Howard counties, and secure their co-operation in getting a road through the counties of Callaway, Boone and Howard; also, to correspond with the Pacific and North Missouri Railroad Companies, and get such assistance as they would give in aid of the enterprise; to hold meetings at their pleasure, and secure the passage of a bill at the present session of the Legislature incorporating a railroad company; to open books for the subscription of stock; to have a route for the contemplated road surveyed, as soon as practicable, and to do anything necessary to forward the work of building a railroad through Callaway county.—[Democrat.

Gen. Fremont is in Jefferson City making proposals to the Legislature for the purchase of the South Branch of the Pacific Railroad. It is said that his friends at the capital gave him an enthusiastic reception.

Secretary McCulloch will urge, in his forthcoming report, the reduction of the currency by positive and cautious means, and he will continue the policy of contracting whenever practicable, as the floating portion of the national debt becomes due.

Advices from Europe of the 9th, state that the rebel privateer Shenandoah surrendered to the British authorities at Liverpool on the 6th. The officers and crew were paroled. The vessel will be delivered to the U. S. authorities.

EXPEDITION FOR LIBERTY.—The "H. P. Russell," chartered by the American Colonization Society, sailed from Baltimore on the 4th instant, with 174 of the "Freedmen" of Virginia—comprising some thirty families, besides several young men. A large number of them are mechanics and farmers; some of them can read and write, and a large number of them are professing Christians. Their departure from their homes in Virginia is described as very impressive and affecting.

The American Baptist Publication Society has issued an appeal to all the Baptist churches to raise this year a special fund of \$50,000, for the purpose of re-organizing Sunday School missions among the whites of the South, and beginning them for the blacks. This fund, it is calculated, will sustain Sunday School colporteurs in every Southern State, and supply 2,000 schools with libraries.

WEST BRANCH RAILROAD.—This is the branch of the North Missouri Railroad that points to Leavenworth City, leaving the main trunk at Allen station. Of the prospects the Brunswicker says:

We are credibly informed that the bonds for the construction of the West Branch of the North Missouri railroad have been sold for ninety-five cents on the dollar, which we presume places the completion of that enterprise beyond any doubt whatever, as the want of funds has heretofore been the great impediment to the consummation of the work.

Queen Isabella of Spain has given another instance of generosity. Some time ago she relinquished a portion of her income in consequence of the low state of the public exchequer. She has now renounced a further portion, and has ordered that the amount of the Civil List so saved shall be devoted to the sufferers by the cholera and by the floods which took place some months since.

We have received a couple copies of The Daily National, published at Grass Valley, Nevada county, California. Our old friend Jens P. Saxton, formerly of this place and Fayette, is its business manager. It seems to be in a flourishing condition, well filled with advertisements, and neatly printed. We wish Jens much success.

New York, Nov. 22. The Herald's Washington dispatch says: It is understood that Gen. Howard will demonstrate in his report the utility of the Freedmen's Bureau and the advisability of continuing its existence until provisions are no longer needed by either whites or blacks.

American and English capitalists talk of organizing a national cotton growing company in the South. The English attempt to produce cotton in India, proves discouraging. To remove apprehensions of securing the labor of freedmen, Mr. Conway, late of the Freedmen's Bureau of Louisiana, will visit Liverpool shortly.

There is scarcely a doubt but that a bill will pass Congress providing that the heirs of soldiers who died in rebel prisons be privileged to collect commutation of Government rations for the time deceased were prisoners of war.

Our Relation with Mexico. A leading paper—La Sociedad—published at the Mexican capital, has the following article in reference to the attitude of the United States:

We do not believe in the imminence of a declaration of war against Mexico and France, nor in the immediate danger of an American invasion. But that which seems to us scarcely less offensive is that neither can one confide in the protestations of neutrality by Mr. Johnson—that there is room for presuming that, although he might be sincere and well disposed, he would perceive it impossible to extinguish the conflagration whose elements accumulate on the frontier. That, in fine, in the actual state of affairs and of feeling, the menacing attitude of the American Government cannot do less than retard indefinitely the pacification of Mexico, depreciate its credit, paralyze enterprise, encourage the disaffected, and disconcert all calculations, military, political, and financial. We know that the Cabinet of Washington finds itself assailed and besieged by grave internal opposition—that it has to reconstruct the Union, organize the labor of the negroes, and sustain grand parliamentary struggles. But also it is known that it views with an evil eye the French standard in Mexico and the founding of a Monarchy on this continent, and that while it maintains in reserve this important question, it will endeavor to resolve it in accordance with the sentiment of popular impatience and republican traditions. It is possible to foresee, therefore, that even if it does not openly combat the intervention and the empire, at least it will endeavor to agitate Mexico, to weary, by means of continual alarms, the expeditionary forces, to let the French army exhaust itself, to enervate the empire, and excite the internal enemies, with the purpose with greater safety, of precipitating itself when the day of official rupture shall arrive.

This dissolving policy cannot be tolerated: a declaration of war would be preferable to this declaration of permanent ill-will. As to France, her honor and the safety of the expeditionary flag will not permit her to remain long under the action of provocation disguised and eventualities unseen. We hope, then, that before the year expires the Government of the United States will be placed under the necessity of flinging into the brave the sword brandished in the air in that region for several years and measuring it fairly and squarely in a decisive and definite encounter.

A dashing young bachelor lately appeared in the Central Park with two handsome ponies, whose tails were done up to look like a lady's waterfall, and cooped up in small fish nets. The resemblance was capital, and the team created a great sensation.

A Day at the White House—How the President Dispatches Business.

The Washington Star says: Were it not for the relief from daily annoyances afforded by the Cabinet meetings on Tuesdays and Fridays, no physical constitution, however strong, could endure the exhausting labor performed by the President of the United States. There is no office of the Government so burdened with responsibility and anxiety, and no man living required to listen to such an endless recital of private griefs, as unsophisticated visitors pour into the President's ear at every public interview. President Johnson has few equals in industry. He rises at six, and until breakfast, which is served at half-past seven, looks over the newspapers. Immediately after breakfast he goes to the Executive apartments and commences the labor of the day. First, there are bundles of letters to be read, and the replies dictated to the Secretaries. Applications for appointments, promotions, discharges from the army and navy, political advice, petitions for Executive clemency, and innumerable other subjects are disposed of before half past eight. The visitors have commenced to flock into the anti-rooms and thrust their cards upon him. Pardon seekers swarm on every hand. Former owners of confiscated property pace up and down before the door of the President's room, and females with indignant brows insist upon immediate admission.

After the most important business of the morning has been disposed of the visitors are admitted one by one, and the President submits himself to the arduous process. This lasts till about half past one or two, sometimes three o'clock, when the doors of his apartment are opened, and the whole crowd admitted. At such times, Colonel Johnson, son of the President, or Colonel Browning, private Secretary, stands near the President, and takes memoranda dictated by him on the cases of the visitors who succeed one another with subjects for Executive action, like the darts of a storm, at the Post Office window. The President's manner at such times is always pleasant, and gives confidence to the most timid. His decisions are quick, and each individual who lays his case before the President learns in half a dozen courteous words his final decision. When all have been listened to, and the halls are once more empty, the President turns again to papers on his table until four o'clock, the hour for dinner. After dining he returns to his office, and there generally remains until a late hour, seldom retiring before eleven o'clock.

In addition to all these duties it must be remembered that there are distinguished visitors constantly presenting themselves. Representatives of foreign courts, Governors, Senators, Generals, and hundreds of lesser magnitude must be received, each having some important subject requiring care and deliberation, while over all towers the great and ever present problem of reconstruction, Cabinet days and the Sabbath afford three days of rest from the petty and exhausting annoyances that beset the President, but at no time is he free from the oppressive weight of national difficulties which now, more than ever before, obscure the future.

Caro, Nov. 27. Mr. King, one of the pilots of the ill-fated Niagara, arrived here this evening, and furnished the following additional particulars: THE loss of life is fifty to seventy-five, and those principally negro soldiers. A few deck hands are supposed to be drowned. No officers are missing. The boat is lost. The cargo consisted of 200 tons, including 100 bales of cotton. The cargo was consigned principally to Memphis and Cairo. The accident occurred about 9 p. m. on the 24th, eight miles above Helena. Each boat gave the proper signal when sufficiently far apart to easily pass. The Post Boy struck the Niagara amidships. Being deeply laden, she passed under the bows of the Niagara, and passed through her hull to the engine. The Niagara sank in from three to five minutes after being struck, to the boiler deck. Mr. King says when he left she lay straight, and thinks if the bell boats reach her in time they can save her. The Post Boy was uninjured.—[Republican.

HARBORED VILLAIN.—A man who called himself Rev. Charles Rose, and who affected to be very religious, and sometimes preached in the country in the vicinity of this place, was brought back here in irons, from St. Joseph, by Captain Wm. F. Orr, charged with horse stealing, and was committed to jail by Esquire Bigbee, to await his trial. When arrested he was sailing under the name of Frank Sigel. What his true name is it would be hard to tell.—[Springfield Patriot, 23d.

A Good Promise Well Kept. We find in the New York Evangelist the following: A quarter of a century ago a faithful minister of the Gospel, of Northern birth, was preaching in Florida and was called to settle over one of the best churches in that State. The salary offered was large, the people were united, and the position most attractive and inviting in all respects but one. He could not bear to bring up his family under the influence of slavery, and so, in spite of their entreaties, he declined the invitation. But when leaving this attached people, he said that as he was a young man he did not despair of outliving slavery, and if ever that day should come, he would return and preach to them once more. With that purpose in his heart, he came North, and for more than twenty years has labored as a pastor in the State of Illinois. At length he sees the desire of his heart accomplished, Slavery is dead, and he is now on his way back to the South, there to spend the rest of his days in preaching the Gospel, where now there will be no restraint upon his liberty.

REMONSTRANCE.—A remonstrance against cutting off a six mile strip from the north part of this county, as a contribution to the proposed new county of Grant, is in circulation in our city, and every inhabitant of this part of the county should make it his business to hunt up and sign it.—[Brunswick.

A dispatch from Florida, says that General Howard, in a speech to the Convention, informed them that the President considered the privilege of Freedmen to testify in Court, as a right which must be conferred.

WHAT I LIVE FOR.

I live for those who love me, Whose hearts are kind and true, For the lessons that smiles above me, And awaits my spirit too; For all human ties that bind me, For the task my God assigned me; For the bright hopes left behind me, And the good that I can do.

I live to learn their story Who suffered for my sake, To emulate their glory And follow in their wake; Birds, patriots, martyrs, sages, The noble of all ages, Whose deeds of crown history's pages, And Time's great volume make.

I live to hold communion With all that is divine, To feel that there is a union 'Twixt nature's heart and mine; To profit by affection, Reap truth from fields of fiction, Grow wiser from conviction, And fulfill each grand design.

I live to hail that season By gifted minds foretold, When man shall live by reason, And not alone by gold; When man to man united, And every wrong thing righted, The whole world shall be bright, As Eden was of old.

I live for those who love me, For those who know me true, For the heaven that smiles above me, And awaits my spirit too; For the cause that lacks assistance, For the wrong that needs resistance, For the future in the distance, And the good that I can do.

Advices from Europe of the 9th, state that the privateer Shenandoah surrendered to the British authorities at Liverpool, on the 6th. The officers and crew were paroled. The vessel will be delivered to the U. S. authorities.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

A VERY CONVENIENT dwelling house, with seven rooms, two halls, and a good dry cellar. A good cistern. Location one of the most desirable in the city of Glasgow. For particulars, call on Messrs. Clark & Cockerill, or at this office, or at the store of Messrs. Palmer & Co. Nov. 23, 1865.—3w

WE have just received a large and beautiful collection of Photograph Albums. PALMER & CO. Nov. 23.

LOST!

ON SATURDAY NIGHT last, in Glasgow, a GENT'S SCARF PIN; Pink Coral head in heavy gold setting. A very liberal reward will be paid to the finder by leaving it at this office, or at the store of Messrs. Palmer & Co. Glasgow, Nov. 23, 1865.—3w

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, to me executed by John G. Eberle and his wife, dated the 8th day of February, A. D. 1864, recorded on pages 39 and 40, of Deed-of-Trust Book "E," in the Office of the Recorder of Howard County, Missouri, to secure the payment of a debt therein mentioned, in favor of Benjamin Hays, I will, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and five o'clock P. M., on

TUESDAY, December 12, 1865, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the premises, for cash, Lot No. 13 in block No. 11, in the city of Glasgow, in said county.

JOHN V. TURNER, Trustee. Nov. 16, 1865.—4t n23 \$5

notice of Final Settlement.

ALL creditors and others interested in the estate of Calvin J. Sartin, deceased are notified that the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intends to make a final settlement of said estate at the next term of the county court of Howard county, to be holden at Fayette on said county, commencing on the third Monday of December, 1865. DANIEL CROWLEY, Nov. 16, 1865.—4w n23 Admr.

PALMER & CO.

HAVE still on hand their usual assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Hats and Caps

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Blankets, &c., &c.

which we will sell as low as the lowest. All persons would do well to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere, we esteem it a pleasure to show our goods, feeling sure that we can give satisfaction to all parties. We have also on hand a full stock of

GLASS,

FAMILY

QUEENSWARE,

School-Books, Stationery,

which we offer at the lowest cash prices. We wish to buy a quantity of

HOME-MADE JEANS, FLANNELS,

AND LINSEYS,

for which we will pay the highest market price. Persons having these articles to dispose of will do well to call upon us.

J. MACNEILL, Palmer & Co. Glasgow, Nov. 23, 1865.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of sale made at the December Term, 1865, of the Howard Circuit Court, in the case of Edward Currier et al., Plaintiffs, against Henry Sears, et al., defendants, I will on

Thursday, 7th day of December, 1865, before the court-house door in Fayette, Howard county, Missouri, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of that day, and during the sitting of the Circuit Court of said county, sell to the highest bidder on a credit of twelve months, with bond and approved security, all the right title and interest of said plaintiffs and defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the county of Howard aforesaid, to-wit: The E half of the SE qr of S 23, 20 acres; the W half of the SE qr of S 24, 20 acres; the SE qr of the SE qr of S 28, 40 acres; and part of the SW 1/4 of S 24, 62 acres—all in township 31, range 16, in Howard county, Missouri. PRIOR M. JACKSON, Sheriff of Howard County. November 16, 1865.—3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three executions issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Howard county, and to me directed and delivered, returnable to the December term 1865, one in favor of Elizabeth Young, one in favor of Richard T. W. Graves, and one in favor of M. A. Stapleton, and all against Iham P. Embree, I will on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1865, before the Court house door in the city of Fayette, Howard county, Missouri, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of that day, and during the sitting of the Circuit Court of said county, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, all the right title and interest of the said Iham P. Embree, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the county aforesaid, to-wit: The W 1/2 of the SE qr of S 18, T 32, Range 15, 80 acres; and the N end of the NE qr of S 19, T 32, Range 15, 120 acres situated in Howard county, Missouri, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Levied upon by me as the property of the above named Iham P. Embree to satisfy said executions and costs. P. M. JACKSON, Sheriff of Howard County. Nov. 16, 1865. \$9

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Howard county, and to me directed and delivered, returnable to the December term 1865, in favor of Sam'l J. Duncan and against E. K. Atterbury, I will on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1865, before the Court House door, in the city of Fayette, Howard county, Missouri, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of that day, and during the sitting of the Circuit Court of said county, sell to the highest bidder, at public sale, all the right title and interest of the said E. K. Atterbury, in and to the following described real estate situated in the county of Howard, to-wit: The North half of Lot No. 50 in the city of Fayette, together with the appurtenances and improvements thereunto belonging.

Levied upon by me as the property of the above named E. K. Atterbury to satisfy said execution and costs in favor of Sam'l J. Duncan. P. M. JACKSON, Sheriff of Howard County. Nov. 16, 1865. \$9

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three executions issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Howard county, and to me directed and delivered, returnable to the December term 1865, one in favor of Leonard L. and Horace Kingsbury, one in favor of Chas. Harris, and against Geo. W. Stapleton, and one in favor of Robert Baskitt and against Geo. W. and Joseph Stapleton, I will on

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1865, before the Court House door, in the city of Fayette, Howard county, Missouri, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of that day, and during the sitting of the Circuit Court of said county, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the right title, and interest of the above named Geo. W. Stapleton, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the county aforesaid, to-wit: The N part of the SW qr of S 25, T 50, R 16, and part of the SW qr of S 26, T 50, R 16, and part of Survey No 2593, in same township and range, containing in said three tracts 155 60-100ths acres, all known as the mill tract. Also 2 40-100ths acres, part of the W 1/2 of the SE qr of S 25, T 50, R 16, adjoining the mill tract, and part Survey 2594 in T 49, R 16, 120 acres. Also the S part of the NW qr of S 35, T 50, R 16, 115 acres, and also Lots Nos. 90 and 99 in the city of Fayette, all situated in Howard county, Missouri, together with the appurtenances and improvements thereunto belonging.

Levied upon by me as the property of Geo. W. Stapleton to satisfy said executions and costs. P. M. JACKSON, Sheriff of Howard County. Nov. 16, 1865. \$12

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two special executions, issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Howard county, and to me directed and delivered, returnable to the December term, 1865, one in favor of Joseph Costley, and one in favor of Wm. M. Mappin, and both against Thomas J. Haston, I will on

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1865, before the Court House door in the city of Fayette, Howard county, Missouri, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of that day and during the sitting of the Circuit Court of said county, sell to the highest bidder, at public auction for cash all the right title, and interest of the said Thos. J. Haston in and to the following described real estate, situated in the county aforesaid, to-wit: The SE qr. S 14, T 51, R 17, 160 acres; W part of SW qr. of S 14, T 51, Range 17, 64 acres; the W 1/2 NE qr. of S 14, T 51, R 17, 80 acres; part of the NE qr. S 15, T 51, R 17, 135 acres; and part of SW qr. S 15, T 51, R 17, 125 acres; all situated in Howard county, Missouri, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Levied upon by me as the property of the above named Thomas J. Haston, to satisfy said executions and costs. P. M. JACKSON, Sheriff of Howard County. Nov. 16, 1865. \$9

JOHN TILLMAN,

WATER STREET, GLASGOW MO.,

Would call attention of all buyers of

GROCERIES

To his present stock, purchased after the large decline in Gold.

I am prepared to offer to my friends and customers a complete assortment of all kinds of Groceries at the

Very Lowest Rates.

Will pay the highest CASH PRICE for

Bacon, Lard, Hides, Wool, Chickens, Eggs, Butter, Potatoes, Apples,

Corn, Wood, &c. &c.

Glasgow, Nov. 9, 1865.

FRESH ARRIVAL

of WINTER GOODS.

PAUL BOOB & CO.

TAKE pleasure in informing the citizens of Howard and surrounding counties that they have just received their

Winter Stock

OF STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS CAPS,

CLOTHING,

Hardware & Queensware,

GROCERIES,

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, &c., which they offer to the public at low prices

FOR CASH,

or any kind of

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

WANTED,

Dried Apples, Socks, Home-made Jeans, Linseys, and all other goods of domestic manufacture. Intending to trade largely for these kinds of goods, we offer for them the very highest prices. Store room at the old stand on First Street, Glasgow, Mo. PAUL BOOB & CO. October 26, 1865.

PIANOS, PIANOS!

\$350 to \$1,100.

M. H. SAXTON & CO.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

HAVE CONSTANTLY on hand the latest assortment of FIRST-CLASS PIANOS kept by any one House in the West. They keep the Reliable Instruments made by

Wm. B. ELDREDGE, CHAMBERS & GARLER, NEW YORK PIANO FORTE COMPANY, JAMES W. VOSE.

Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs, \$110 to \$600 each.

Also, on hand, SECOND-HAND PIANOS, MELODEONS,

Which are sold at Bargains.

Send for "Circular" and "Price-List." WAREHOUSES: CORNER FIFTH AND WALNUT, (Under Southern Hotel), ST. LOUIS, MO. Oct. 12, 1865—1yr.

RELIABLE INSURANCE.

WE are agents for the "Old, Etna, Colombian, and Morris Insurance Companies," representing a CASH capital and assets, amounting to over

\$10,000,000.

In which we are prepared to issue Policies, covering all kinds of property on land and water, on as reasonable terms as any other good office. Thankful to our friends for the past liberal patronage we solicit a continuance of the same. THOMSON & DUNNICK, Agents. Sept. 28, 1865.—1t.

N. FRANZEN.

HAVING again opened my Shoe Shop, I am prepared to manufacture TO ORDER,

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Having had an experience of some fifteen years at the business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction in my work. My make and stock are of the best kind and warranted. Being thankful for past favors from old patrons I would solicit a continuance of the same, at my new Shop, on First street, opposite Thompson & Dunnick's Bank. N. FRANZEN. Glasgow, June 15, 1865.

1865. GREAT BARGAINS 1865.

IN FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hats and Caps.

J. LEHMAN

is now offering the LARGEST and most elegant assortment of goods ever offered in this market. Having bought his goods at

EXCEEDINGLY LOW RATES he is now prepared to furnish his goods at a small advance upon cost. He calls special attention to his stock

LADIES DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, DELAINES, GINGHAMS, &c., &c. A large supply on hand, and for sale cheap. LADIES GLOVES, SHAWLS, HATS, FURS, &c., on hand in great variety and at prices to suit all. A large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING, the largest that can be found in the city, which for make and cut cannot be surpassed this side of St. Louis.

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description on hand. Thankful to the public for their past liberal patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same. J. LEHMAN. Glasgow, Mo., Sept. 28th, '65—1y.

Notice of Final Settlement.

ALL creditors and others interested in the estate of MARYA HERRING, deceased, are notified that the undersigned, administrator intends to apply to the County Court of Howard county, Mo., at Fayette, on the third Monday in December next, to make a final settlement of said estate. J. H. DAMERON, Admr. Nov. 16, 1865.—4w n23

INSURANCE NOTICE.