

Happenings in Missouri.

Missouri's Great Growth.

Walter Williams writes in his East Window column: "The immigration society which has for its purpose the increase of the population of Missouri to 5,000,000 in ten years may find its occupation gone sooner than it now anticipates. The population of Missouri is increasing by leaps and bounds. It is a conservative estimate to say that there are now 4,000,000 people in Missouri where the last federal census showed six years ago less than 3,300,000. The growth has been larger in the last three years than during the same period previously. During the month of May the school enumeration is taken under the law in the 12,000 school districts of the state. This is a census of the children of the school age, 6 to 20 years, in the various districts. It is generally accurate and upon it can fairly be calculated the population. It affords an excellent basis of comparison. The reports of this school enumeration in the different districts are coming in. These reports give abundant reasons for estimating that the population of Missouri is now 4,000,000. Many less conservative estimates make it much larger. Nearly every school district shows an increase in the number of children of school age. This may be attributed in part to the fact, which is borne out by federal statistics that the birth rate in Missouri is larger and the death rate smaller than is the average for the United States. The stork is a favorite Missouri bird. The Joplin school enumeration puts that city ahead of Springfield. Carthage, on the same basis, has 15,000 people. Hannibal, Moberly, Sedalia, Macon, Richmond and other cities of the same class show increases of ten to 20 per cent over the school enumeration for the last year. The rural school districts show an equal growth. Another indication of the increase of population is shown by the various city censuses.

Examiner Was Wrong.

Col. "Bill" Miller, the well known lawyer of Cape Girardeau and a member of the state board of bar examiners, says that among the list of questions he submitted to the graduating class of the university law school at Columbia was one to which each of the students wrote a negative reply. In grading the papers Col. Miller placed a zero mark against each of these answers. Then he got to thinking about the matter and sent to each member of the board a letter and put the question to them. Each one answered as the students had, and concluded Col. Miller, "I went to the books and damned if I didn't find out that I was the only one in the whole bunch that was wrong on the proposition."

Summer Normal at Springfield.

State normal No. 4, the new school created by an act of the 1905 legislature and located at Springfield, has opened for its first summer term with a total enrollment of 434 students from Missouri, Louisiana, Kansas and Arkansas. W. T. Carrington, formerly of Springfield, and now state superintendent of public schools, is president of the new normal. He has been here attending the opening of the institution, but cannot assume charge until his term as state superintendent expires. Ground has been secured for the erection of the new normal buildings. For the summer term the high school and the old Springfield normal buildings are being used.

A Woman Fought a Bull.

Mrs. George Fitch, more than 60 years old, saved the life of her husband by driving away with an axe a bull which had attacked him. Fitch was attempting to drive the bull into a feeding stall when he became enraged and turned on Fitch with such a fierceness that he was knocked to the ground and forced before he could defend himself. Fitch was almost unconscious from loss of blood when his wife came to the rescue with an axe. Mrs. Fitch hit the animal about the head with the sharp edge of the axe and succeeded in driving him away and in dragging her unconscious husband out of danger.

A Child Hit by a Rat.

While Louise Goldstein, the six-year-old daughter of Benjamin Goldstein, a shoemaker, lay asleep at her home in Kansas City, rats bit her fingers of her right hand and her right arm. The child was taken to police headquarters where Dr. E. J. Morrow headed the wounds. It may be found necessary to amputate the right hand of the little girl.

Veteran Music Teacher Dead.

William A. Hodgson, 81 years old, superintendent of music in the St. Louis public schools, dropped dead recently while talking to a pupil in the board of education building. Mr. Hodgson was also supervisor of the schools and had been identified with the board of education for many years.

Reach a Compromise.

By consent of the city of Sedalia, the suits to forfeit the franchises of the Sedalia Electric Light and Power company, for failure to comply with their contracts with the city, were dismissed in the Johnson county circuit court. The companies may pay \$25,000 to the city because of poor service rendered the past year, and deposit \$100,000 cash as a guarantee that \$50,000 will be expended before December 1, 1906, in improving the two properties, which are owned by St. Louis capitalists.

A Missouri Editor Gave Up.

"The Farmers' Favorite," the only republican newspaper in Shelby county, suspended publication recently. The editor, R. N. Shanks, states in an editorial that the publication will be discontinued "until existing circumstances are wonderfully improved."

Wife Gave Man Drowned.

Herman Miller, 27 years old, son of a farmer near Pilot Grove, was drowned in the Lamine river. He went bathing alone and got beyond his depth.

For Two National Parks.

The Columbia Herald says: "Efforts are being put forth to establish two national parks in Missouri. Pilot Knob is proposed as the site of one park. The stronger movement, however, looks toward the purchase and preservation of the battlefield of Wilson's Creek, the most important military conflict of the war in the state. The headquarters of the organization which has the Wilson Creek movement in charge is at Republic, Greene county, with Col. J. E. Decker, an old Union soldier at its head. Col. Decker was a volunteer in an Illinois regiment. A bill is pending in congress to appropriate \$50,000 for the purchase of 800 acres at Wilson's Creek and for the preliminary work of making a park. A bill is also pending in congress to place the entire subject of the future erection of military parks under the control of the secretary of war. Col. John P. Tracy, of Springfield, who is pushing the Wilson's Creek bill, rightly declares: "No other battle fought west of the Mississippi possesses as much significance as Wilson's Creek. No other battle of the trans-Mississippi was so summarily decided. Wilson's Creek was a tremendous fact. There is not a single national military park in all of the great and rapidly growing empire which lies between the Mississippi river and the Rocky mountains."

Sh-Convict Tamah Crime.

Shields Lawson, an 18 year old boy was arrested in St. Louis on a charge of having aided in the robbery of the American Express office at Columbia. Two boys had previously been arrested for the crime and one of them, Charles Windsor, has confessed, implicating Shields Lawson and Cleveland Hallson of the circuit clerk, Hugh M. Hall Windsor is 18 years old and Hall is 22. They were aided in the robbery according to the confession of Windsor by Lenwood Singleton, an ex-convict who escaped. He taught them how to break into houses. The boys secured \$4.55 in money and a diamond ring which Lawson wore when captured.

Offered Cash for Man's Wife.

Albert L. Kimball, of Kansas City brought suit in the circuit court at Springfield against E. H. Ingram, a traveling salesman of that city, for \$10,000 damages for alleged alienation of his wife's affections. Kimball charges that Ingram last January made a cash offer to him to buy Mrs. Kimball. This led to trouble, and Mrs. Kimball, who was then living with her husband in Chelsea, I. T., is alleged to have been persuaded by Ingram to go to Kansas City. Mrs. Kimball brought suit for divorce and when it was dismissed by Judge Neville for lack of evidence, Kimball at once filed suit against the man who, he claims, offered to buy his wife.

To Germany for Farm Hands.

The problem of farm labor has become acute in many localities in the state, says the Columbia Herald. The factories which have been established in various cities have attracted some young men and the cities have swallowed up others. The smaller towns and the rural districts have not supplied the necessary number of farm laborers and every employment bureau has more demands than it can supply. Malheur Yankov, of Cole county, has solved the problem by sending to Germany for farm hands. Two young men will come nearly 5,000 miles to work on Mr. Yankov's farm. Others have followed his example.

Charged With Peonage.

Acting under instructions from Washington United States Marshall W. L. Morsey and a force of deputies went to Staunton recently and arrested James E. Smith, a prominent planter on the charge of peonage. The accusation is that Smith and others for whom warrants have been issued have been holding negroes in bondage and making them work on a swamp land plantation in New Madrid county.

Complete Rural Service.

The postoffice department at Washington has made an order granting fresh delivery to every county in the Fifteenth congressional district. County systems are already in operation in two counties and the others will be started as soon as possible. By the 15th of August it is hoped to have the entire district covered. This is the first congressional district in the country to be entirely covered by the rural service.

Rich Hill to Have Natural Gas.

The city council of Rich Hill has accepted a proposition from George W. Stough to furnish the city with natural gas for heating and lighting purposes at 30 cents and for manufacturing purposes at eight cents per 1,000 cubic feet. The action must be ratified by the voters.

His Life for a Dog.

Robert Hesse a farm hand employed on the island in the Missouri river near Jefferson City was drowned by the overturning of a skiff in which he was returning to the island from the city. When two-thirds of the way across a dog in the boat attempted to jump out, and in the effort to restrain him Hesse turned the boat over.

Monet Loses His "Grammar".

Precise English can no longer be expected from the citizens of Monett since John Grammer has left town.

A Disappointed Hero.

It develops that Leslie Peters, the Springfield boy who shot two negroes did not get that house and lot after all. The boy is very bitterly disappointed because the town did not keep its promise of raising \$1,000 subscription for him.

To Bridge the Gasconade.

Congress has passed a bill to authorize the county court of Gasconade county to construct a bridge across the Gasconade river at or near Fricksburg, Mo.

THE WONDERS OF IDAHO.

Beautiful Waterfalls That Are Higher Than the World-Famed Niagara.

With a sheer drop of 210 feet—which is 50 feet greater than the height of Niagara—the Shoshone Falls, in Idaho, stand second among the great cataracts of the new world.

The region is one of plunging waters. Within a length of 15 miles the Snake river leaps down a series of giant steps until it has dropped a clean 533 feet.

Shoshone Falls form the highest of these leaps. Four miles above them are Twin Falls, divided by a great, cleaving promontory of rock.

Eleven miles below Shoshone is another drop, of 133 feet this time, called Agur Falls. A hundred miles below are Swan Falls—and so it goes.

The cataracts are not the only natural wonders of this region. The canyons are comparable only to the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. In places they are even deeper than the great chasm further south.

Years ago Bancroft said of this part of the country: "Taken altogether, it is the most grand, wonderful, romantic and mysterious part of the domain enclosed within the Federal Union."

At one time the cataract region was set apart by the government as a national park, but the act providing for it has been repealed. The enormous water power is to be used for irrigation.

Perhaps the beauty of the falls will suffer, but 575 square miles of sand and siltstone in one tract alone will give place to rich harvests, and the jack rabbits will move out in favor of a million human beings who can find homes there.

It is time for Aladdin to go "way back and sit down. Twentieth century engineers accomplish marvels which make his old lamp a back number. Take the tunnel which has been cut through 420 feet of solid rock and through which an industrial Niagara will generate almost unlimited power.

Every bit of machinery for the plant—and many of the "bits" weighed thousands of pounds—was hauled by six horse teams over 30 miles of crooked hills. Much of this equipment was lowered by ropes over the precipitous walls of the Snake river canyon.

The tunnel was blasted out, piece by piece, from the top down; the reverse of the method employed in making the great Niagara tunnel. The interior was then concreted smoothly, so that it forms a circular shaft 14 feet in diameter, piercing the solid rock at an angle of 45 degrees.

Already the knell of sage brush and jack rabbits has struck in Snake river valley. April 1, 1905, the water was turned on 120,000 acres near Shoshone Falls. One hundred days later the reapers were at work gathering in the first crop.

The soil of these valleys is of volcanic ash and will produce 60 bushels of wheat to the acre. Or, if you prefer it, apples which bring four dollars a bushel in London. With all this gain, moreover, it is said that the Snake river has water enough for both purposes. It can irrigate its millions of acres and still form a cataract to see which is worth going hundreds of miles.

For the Woodwork. Woodwork can be nicely cleaned with an equal mixture of turpentine and luscious old sweet oil. Shake well, apply with flannel rag, and rub well. Don't use too much of it.

Same Old Gag. "Now this girl that Jiggins is going to marry," said the society editor. "We don't seem to be able to learn anything about her personal characteristics."

One Ship a Day. The shipyards of Great Britain, all working together, could turn out a big steamship every day of the year.

Expert Bowman. There are a few men in England who still practice archery. Sir Ralph Galway is said to be the most expert, and it is further said that it is no uncommon thing for him to shoot an arrow a quarter of a mile and hit his target.

Example of Thrift. "By George, but I've got a jewel of a girl. I proposed by wire and told her to answer at my expense." "Well?" "And the frugal little thing waited until six p. m. and got night rates."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Went with the Suit. Muggsy—Where did yer git de watch? Gaffer—Got it wid a suit o' clothes. "Aw! go'n; de clothin' men ain't givin' away no watches like that wid suits o' clothes."

Good Test of the Dog. Suburbanite (to visitor)—Oh, how are you? Come right in. Don't mind the dog. Visitor—But won't he bite? "That's just what I want to see. I only bought that watchdog this morning."—La Rive.

Defiance Starch—Never sticks to the iron—no blotches—no blisters, makes ironing easy and does not injure the goods.

TERRIBLE ITCHING SCALP.

Eczema Broke Out Also on Hands and Limbs—An Old Soldier Declares: "Cuticura Is a Blessing."

"At all times and to all people I am willing to testify to the merit of Cuticura. It saved me from worse than the torture of hives, about the year 1900, with itching on my scalp and temples, and afterwards it commenced to break out on my hands. Then it broke out on my limbs. I then went to a surgeon, whose treatment did me no good, but rather aggravated the disease. I then told my wife to get me a box of Cuticura. The reply was that I could go anywhere, but a case of eczema like mine could not be cured; that I was too old (60). I went to an eminent doctor in the city of Erie and treated with him for six months, with like results. I had read of the Cuticura Remedies, and so I sent for the Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent, and continued taking the Resolvent until I had taken six bottles, stopping it to take the Pills. I was not getting better. I took two baths a day, and at night I let the water of the Soap dry on. I used the Ointment with great effect after washing in warm water, to stop the itching at once. I am now cured. The Cuticura treatment is a blessing, and should be used by every one who has itching of the skin. I can't say any more, and thank God that I have been cured by such a curative. Wm. H. Gray, 3933 M. Vermont St., Philadelphia, Pa., August 2, 1905."

Teeth That Were Useless. Puzzle to the Man Who Had Suddenly Sustained the Loss of Them.

Harry Leon Wilson, author of "The Spenders," was domiciled for a summer in Connecticut with a colony of artists and writers, all of whom had to go into the city every day, relates the Saturday Evening Post.

Wilson was doing nothing but loafing. He loafed artistically, and from time to time met and had fun with some of the natives of the place. One day he found two men in the road who seemed congenial, and he struck up an acquaintance with them. He proposed a drive and they got a surrey and two horses.

"Can you drive?" asked Wilson. "Sure," one of his sudden friends replied. "I am a fine driver."

They got aboard and started down the road. Before they had gone half a mile the team was frightened by a passing automobile and ran away. The driver valiantly steered the horses into a telegraph pole and Wilson and his two friends were thrown hither and yon into the road.

Wilson slowly gathered himself together. One of his friends was sitting in the ditch rubbing his bruises and the other stood in the middle of the road gazing in fearful misery at two front teeth which he held in the palm of his hand.

"Pretty lucky escape, wasn't it?" asked Wilson, for want of something better to say.

"Yes," replied the man with the teeth, weeping afresh. "But please, on, please, tell me, what shall I do with these?"

FOREIGN FINANCE. Great Britain's public revenue in April, the first month of the fiscal year, amounted to £418,595, and expenditures, £21,390,301.

New capital issued in London from January 1 to May 5, amounted to \$28,785,915, as against \$34,210,505 in the same period in 1905.

Total operations of the Bank of Japan in the year 1905 amounted to \$14,578,127,000, an increase of \$5,744,106,420 compared with 1904.

The annual report of the Banque de Paris for 1905 shows that net profits amounted to only 10,834,882 francs, against 10,411,421 francs in 1904.

A loan of 100,000,000 francs will be shortly put on the Paris market for the French colonies in West Africa. The greater part is intended for Senegal and the Upper Niger, to improve the navigation on the two rivers.

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved. The patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

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A man who speaks from experience says that it costs almost as much to keep a wife in clothes as it does to keep an automobile in repair.

There's no use telling a girl she is pretty; to do the work you must let her see she is the prettiest one you ever saw.—N. Y. Press.

For flexibility, smooth finish, stiffness and durability, Defiance Starch has no equal—10c for 10c.

There is always room at the top, of course, but sometimes it's a whole lot more sociable at the bottom.—Puck.

Levi's Single Binder straight & clear. Made of extra quality tobacco. Your dealer or Lewis' factory, Peoria, Ill.

There is something wrong about the father who is not a hero in the eyes of his little ones.

Travel and Trains.

The sensation of the month in the St. Louis railway world was the cut in time and the establishment of the Mobile & Ohio Limited between St. Louis and Mobile and New Orleans.

The south-bound train that formerly left St. Louis at 8 a. m. now leaves at 11 a. m. and yet reaches the Gulf terminals named as formerly at 7:25 and 8:15 a. m., respectively. There were competitors who doubted the ability of this schedule, but it has completely triumphed easily, and thereby electrified the entire line.

The Limited is composed of the finest ventilated cars, with diner, electric lighted and fanned, and the service is acknowledged to be second to none between the important terminals named. The M. & O. has remarkably advanced in service and fame since 1900.

Pitted Pitoco. A man who had started with a friend on a week's automobile tour stayed away two weeks. When finally they got back to town, he went home and his wife received him coldly. What he dreaded was a scolding and an upbraiding. "I am so glad to be back with you here, dear," he said. "But I pity Pitoco. Poor old Pitoco?" "What is the matter with Pitoco?" said the lady sharply. "Ah, poor fellow," said her husband, "at this moment his wife is giving him the very deuce!" And that wily speech got him off.

The Soft Is Hard. "And don't you ever indulge in any soft drinks?" "No, never." "Why not?" "They're too hard on my stomach."—Chicago Tribune.

You always get full value in Lewis' Single Binder straight & clear. Your dealer or Lewis' factory, Peoria, Ill.

Few girls would improve their intellects at the expense of their shape.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, cures colic, cures wind colic, etc. 25c a bottle.

Some fish are not as white as they are bleached.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

An official estimate places the acreage of timber in British Columbia at present at 182,750,000 acres.

The number of quart bottles of champagne in the French caves last year was 191,968,362.

The sugarcane estates of the West Indies have been made vastly more profitable by the introduction of steam plows and other labor-saving devices.

A London dentist has made a proposal of marriage in one of the most novel ways which have yet come to light. He fell in love with an elderly patient who ordered a set of false teeth from him. When the teeth were delivered the woman found a neat proposal engraved on the plate which held the teeth.

The British Zeitung am Mittag says that a Russian some time ago gave a ring worth \$250 to a newspaper seller in the Friedrichstrasse for three copies of the Zeitung am Mittag. The period fixed by law during which the Russian could have regained possession of the ring recently expired, and the police have informed the newspaper seller that the ring is his lawful property.

It is estimated that from 100,000 to 1,000,000 natives have died in Africa of various sicknesses in the last ten years. The disease is, moreover, spreading with alarming rapidity, yet nothing is done to check it. The weight of opinion is that no person once infected ever recovers. Despite its name, sleep is not an important symptom, as it occurs only towards the end of the disease in a small number of cases.

A curious case of museum robbery is engaging attention at Welmar. An agent offered some time ago to the Goethe-Schiller museum a series of Goethe manuscripts, which on examination proved to have been stolen from the museum itself. The agent explained that he had received them in good faith from a well-known antiquarian in Berlin. A search of the antiquarian's house brought to light many other documents belonging to the Welmar museum.

Nobody who understands the law of prices will wonder at a man making himself scarce when his feels cheap.—Puck.

ALL HAIL PE-RU-NA

A Case of STOMACH CATARRH.

Miss Mary O'Brien, 306 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "Pe-Ru-na cured me in five weeks of catarrh of the stomach, after suffering for four years and doctoring without effect. In common with other grateful ones who have been benefited by your discovery, I say, All hail to Pe-Ru-na."



Mr. H. J. Henneman, Oakland, Neb., writes: "I treated before writing to you about my sickness, catarrh of the stomach, which I had over a year ago. 'There were people who told me it would not stay cured, but I am sure that I had a cure for I do not feel any more ill effects, have a good appetite, and am getting fat. 'So I am, and will say to all, I am cured for good. 'I thank you for your kindness. 'Pe-Ru-na will be our house medicine hereafter.'"

Catarrh of the stomach is also known in common parlance as dyspepsia, gastritis and indigestion. No medicine will be of any permanent benefit except it removes the catarrh.

A Great Tonic. Mr. Austin M. Small, Astoria, Ore., writes: "During the hot weather of the past summer I lost my appetite. I tried Pe-Ru-na, and found it pleasant to take a splendid appetizer and a great tonic."

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen! We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. P. Dexter, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy." Dr. H. D. DeWitt, of Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients." Dr. J. F. Wagoner, of Chicago, Ill., writes: "I can most heartily recommend your Castoria to the public as a remedy for children's complaints. I have tried it and found it of great value." Dr. Edward Larson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm." Dr. J. R. Elliott, of New York City, writes: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for children's ailments, I most heartily recommend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children." Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., writes: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. It is a safe and effective remedy to eliminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exceptional condition which arise in the care of children." Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., writes: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner that no other proprietary preparation. It is a safe and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for children's ailments." Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., writes: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands of children from the grasp of death, and the hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merit." Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohio, writes: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as a safe and reliable preparation of the kind being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's ailments, while the ease with which a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage." Dr. F. H. Kyle, of St. Paul, Minn., writes: "It affords me pleasure to add my name to the long list of those who have used and now endorse your Castoria. The fact of the great benefit being known through the printed testimonials on the wrapper is the good and sufficient reason for the recommendation of any physician. I know of its good qualities and recommend it cheerfully."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 N. BROAD ST., NEW YORK CITY.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet. DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

PILES—NO MONEY TILL CURED

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirt-waist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

You never make a mistake by talking to a man about himself.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE IN CHICAGO AND NEW YORK AT THE A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 10c per box.

Thompson's Eye Water. A. N. K. - 3 (1906-08) 5128.

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA GROSLE" HAIR RESTORER. Price, 50c, each.