

SCOTT COUNTY KICKER

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THE ENGLISH SPARROW.

If the English sparrow were not such a hardy little rascal, so well able to take care of himself and thrive and multiply, how our pity would go out toward him! Especially might we now allow our generous feelings to flow, when the department of agriculture has just issued a farmer's bulletin in which it has nothing really good to say about this dweller everywhere and offers various means for getting rid of him. But the English sparrow needs no pity, says Rochester Democrat and Chronicle. He will live by grace or without it, and we may expect that, notwithstanding the bulletins, we shall continue always to have him with us, hardy, prolific, bold, cunning, self-reliant and unwashed. The bulletin—and it is sadly in accord with popular experience—represents this active neighbor of human kind as a dread-in-the-wool criminal among birds. He attacks, it seems, almost every sort of vegetation useful for food, preys on his own kind by destroying their eggs and driving them from gardens and parks and has no melodious pean to offer after his victories. He should be treated as vermin, and reduced in number, even if he cannot be exterminated. To be sure, the bulletin does not offer one forlorn hope. Mr. Dearborn of the biological survey says that he ought to be eaten.

The propositions emanating from the United States, looking to the creation of an international peace court and to the neutralization of the railroads in Manchuria as a step to harmony of all interests in that quarter, have made a profound impression and are regarded as measures of world politics of the highest significance and pointing to most beneficent results. That is the best and noblest of diplomacy, and again illustrates the lead which the United States is taking in seeking to promote good understanding and to safeguard peace among the nations. Aspirations to such "world power" as this, which means the welfare of all mankind, must be approved by even the most stubborn "anti."

According to the later details the one failure at the aviation meet in Los Angeles was that of a government dirigible balloon, which it was found could not hold gas and therefore could not be used in flying. This hints at a weak spot in this class of airships and may strengthen the cause of the aeronauts, who contend that the heavier-than-air machine, properly constructed and operated, is the real thing. Anyway, it must be admitted that this class of air craft won most of the distinction at the California show.

Mexico reports that its agricultural products last year were worth \$339,000,000. That is a very creditable showing, though it looks small alongside of the \$3,000,000,000 output of the United States. But, aside from the increasing value of the products of Mexican industries of various kinds, it is gratifying as indicating the growth and prosperity of our southern neighbor.

The plea of meaning no harm is one often advanced as an excuse for wrongdoing. A man of average intelligence who intends no wrong will keep within the limits and not take chances of wrong resulting. Many are too often satisfied with this vague and unmeaning excuse to their conscience, but it has little weight either in reason or law.

Figures for the calendar year 1923 show that the trade between the United States and Canada was the largest ever known for an equal period. Moreover, the figures prove that the business done by the countries with each other has doubled in ten years. That does not indicate that either side is barring out the other.

Burbank, the plant wizard, has developed a spineless cactus as a substitute for meat. It is going greatly to simplify matters if one can simply go out in one's garden or back yard and pull one's roast or joint fresh from its growing.

A railroad president puts the blame for the high price of fuel on women's extravagance. This is such a common excuse for everything wrong in the universe that the wonder of it is no one thought of bringing it forward before.

Thieves in Philadelphia successfully accomplished a robbery by telling admiring police onlookers that they were posing for moving pictures. Childlike trust in one's fellow-creatures is charming, but sometimes most unprofitable.

A few aeroplanes cannot put the Nicaraguans any more in the air than they are now.

The cost of walking is also to go up, according to the shoe manufacturers.

There must be a great difference in husbands when one woman will trail a missing one a thousand miles, hoping to recover him, and another woman will flee 2,000 miles to get away from hers.

Hogs have reached the highest price on record. Strange! There certainly is no scarcity of hogs.

The horticulturist forgot to say that at an extremity we might be able to eat flowers.

COL. ROOSEVELT MEETS REPORTERS

FORMER PRESIDENT INTERVIEWS WRITERS AT RENK, SOUDAN, MAKES NO COMMENT.

COLONEL AND KERMIT FEEL FINE

Others of Party Show Effects of Trip Through Fever Zone—Sends a Small Boat to Meet Reporters—Due Home June 20.

Renk, Sudan, Africa.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt has absolutely nothing to say publicly regarding American politics.

The "insurgent movement," the new tariff, the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy and the alleged graft investigation at Albany, N. Y., might as well not exist, so far as getting any statement from him is concerned. The former president is looking as brown as a berry and as hard as a prize fighter in training.

Roosevelt arrived here Friday on board the steamer Dal and immediately encountered a group of American newspaper correspondents who had come to Renk aboard the Abbas, a specially chartered boat. The Colonel greeted them with characteristic enthusiasm, all of them being his personal friends.

But if the correspondents thought by reason of their friendship the Colonel might loosen up a bit they suffered a keen disappointment. Roosevelt absolutely refused to comment on American politics.

Interviews Journalists.

It was the expectation who did the questioning and the correspondents who unburdened themselves of comments.

Col. Roosevelt proved a greedy listener and simply "ate up" everything the correspondents had to tell him, but never once did he let slip even a bit of comment that proved the least illuminating. The Colonel's "guard" was simply impenetrable.

He and Kermit are in perfect health, but Cunningham, Lorine, Heller and Mearns, the other official members of the party, showed the effects of their recent escape from the fever. They are all right, but they had not withstood the rigors of the African sun as well as the distinguished head of the party.

The moment Roosevelt signed the correspondents' boat from the deck of the Dal, he sent a small boat out to bring the newspaper men aboard his own vessel.

As proof of the activities of the expedition in its nine months of hunting in the jungles, the party is so fortunate with 12,000 specimens for the Smithsonian Institute, the American Museum of Natural History and other American museums. These are in addition to several thousand already sent to America.

Roosevelt plans to spend eight days on the trip from Khartoum, where he will arrive Monday, to Cairo. He will sail for Naples April 1. A number of sight-seeing trips will be made out of Naples and their successive trips made to Rome, Vienna and Budapest. He will arrive in Paris, according to the present schedule, on April 22. A day each will be spent in Belgium, Holland and Christiania and then the visit will be made to Berlin, where he will arrive May 10.

From Mr. Berlin Mr. Roosevelt will go direct to London, reaching there May 16. He will appear at Oxford university May 18 and plans to reach America June 20.

Despite the exactions that his European tour will make, the Colonel looks forward to it with keen anticipation. He expressed himself as pleased over the coming marriage of his son, Theodore, to Miss Alexander of New York, which, he understands, will take place shortly after his return to New York.

EXTRADITION OF PACKERS

Prosecutor Carven Has Prepared the Papers to Bring to New Jersey the Big Packers.

New York City.—Extradition papers have been prepared in Prosecutor Carven's office, in Jersey City, to bring to Hudson county the officers of the big meat concerns indicted by the grand jury.

The grand jury was called together again Friday to renew the investigation of beef trust matters.

It was announced Friday morning that William B. Edwards, a former state senator, will enter pleas Friday for four of the six corporations that have been indicted.

REPORT FOUNDATION BILL

Senate Committee Hears Statement From the Representative of John D.

Washington, D. C.—The bill to incorporate the Rockefeller foundation was ordered favorably reported at an executive session of the senate District of Columbia committee following a statement made by Starr J. Murphy, the representative of John D. Rockefeller.

CLAIM MENINGITIS CURE

Assert That the Flexner Method is Successful in Treatment of Dreaded Disease.

New York City.—Authoritative announcement of the first authentic cure of dread cerebro-spinal meningitis by means of intra-ventricular injections of the Flexner serum was made at a meeting of physicians and surgeons at the New York Academy of Medicine.

STATES BALLINGER WAS FOR SYNDICATE

FORMER SECRETARY GARFIELD TELLS OF ACT FAVORABLE TO CUNNINGHAM CLAIMS.

ROOT BRINGS OUT THE POINT

Senator Fails to Show Intent Was Merely to Amend Measure—Secretary Wanted All Lands to Go at \$10 Per Acre.

Washington, D. C.—One of the most vital points in the whole Ballinger-Pinchot controversy was discussed at Thursday's session of the congressional investigating committee, when former Secretary Garfield resumed the witness stand.

This was the coal land legislation considered by congress during his term as secretary of the interior and the attitude of Ballinger, then commissioner of the general land office, particularly with regard to the Cals bill.

One of the chief charges against Ballinger was his alleged support of this measure. Senator Root read a portion of the testimony given by Ballinger at the time this bill was in congress, the senator's intent, apparently, being to show that Ballinger appeared, not in support of the measure, but to amend it.

Ballinger, it was shown by Root, had advised the addition of a clause to the bill providing for the classification of coal lands according to the quality and value of the deposits, the land to be sold at a corresponding figure.

As a defensive argument for Ballinger, however, this was quickly destroyed by Garfield.

"Mr. Ballinger," said the witness, "suggested this provision, and I agreed with him. But he also wanted to have all entries made prior to that time stand on the old law; that is, to let them go at \$10 an acre, with the privilege of consolidation after entry."

"Would this have made it possible to perfect the Cunningham claims?" asked Representative Graham.

"It would," answered Garfield.

TORTURED IN SNOW TOMB

Indications That One Man Tried in Vain to Work His Way Out of Avalanche.

Revelstoke, B. C.—After dodging a snowslide which barely missed them, the coroner's jury which has been investigating the disastrous avalanche at Rogers' Pass returned here.

The jury had a lively time keeping out of the way of slides. Their inquiry disclosed little that throws new light on the catastrophe, but many pathetic features were brought out.

One of the bodies recovered, that of Foreman MacDonald, showed no marks or bruises, and he evidently died from suffocation.

The position of the body indicated that he remained conscious for some time after the avalanche caught him, for the snow was washed down from his feet, showing how he had tried to force his way out through the crust. He had raised himself two feet in this manner and his body was found only three feet from the surface.

BLOW FOR RAILROAD COURT

Committee Votes to Give Chief Duties to Interstate Commerce Commission.

Washington, D. C.—The administration railroad bill was amended in an important particular by the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce Wednesday, when the committee voted 7 to 7 to substitute the interstate commerce commission for the proposed court of commerce as the tribunal designated to receive petitions or applications of railroads desiring to acquire interests in other railroads.

Girl Swans Gains Travel.

Indianapolis, Indiana.—A journey which was started at a wealthy St. Joseph (Mo.) home touched Louisville and St. Louis—a journey marked by the pawing of \$100 worth of diamonds—came to an end in a cell at the central police station here, when Miss Josephine Hills, aged 17 years, was arrested on the charge of being a fugitive. She says she is a graduate of the Baptist Women's college at Lexington, Mo.

Whistler Picture Sold to Museum.

London, England.—Whistler's picture, "Fur Jacket," has been sold by a Glasgow collector to the Worcester Museum of Worcester, Mass. The picture previously changed hands for \$50,000.

Arrested for Kansas Train Robbery.

Pittsburg, Kansas.—William Baslam of Minden, Mo., is under arrest charged with complicity in the robbery of the Missouri Pacific train between Pittsburg and Cornell, Kas., February 5.

Pistols in Fight About Ham.

Lexington, Kentucky.—Following a quarrel over a ham, Allen Ellis and Alvy Ellis, cousins, each 21 years, fought with pistols here, both being wounded. Allen was shot twice and probably fatally hurt, while Alvy was slightly wounded.

Women Vote on Commission Plan.

Wellington, Kansas.—The commission form of government was adopted by a majority of 435. Only 46 voted against the change. About a dozen women voted.

ATTACK PEARY'S POLAR RECORD

HOUSE COMMITTEE'S ATTENTION CALLED TO INCREASE WHEN BARTLETT LEFT.

DATA IS SEVERELY CRITICISED

Congressman Macon Calls Figures a Stretch of the Imagination—Reported 44 Miles Made When Close to Pole.

Washington, D. C.—After his tening Wednesday to a critical analysis of Commander Robert E. Peary's narrative of his north polar expedition by Representative Macon (Dem. Ark.), in which the congressman put Peary in the Dr. Cook case, the subcommittee of the house naval affairs voted unanimously not to take action on any of the various measures introduced to reward the explorer until actual proofs of his alleged discovery of the pole be submitted.

In a critical survey of the explorer's narrative, presented Wednesday to a subcommittee of the naval affairs committee of the house, of which Macon is a member, the Arkansas congressman declares the mere record of miles traveled each day as given by Peary stamps his story at a stretch of the imagination.

"In Peary's travels from Cape Columbia to the point where Capt. Bartlett left him and returned," said Macon, "he traveled 31 days and made 21 miles, or an average of 6.93 miles a day. This was not as good an average of miles of travel as made by Dr. Cook in the same latitude.

Traveled Faster Then.

"The astonishing part of Mr. Peary's statement is, however, the number of miles he traveled every day after Bartlett had left him, when no white man was with him as witness, his only companions being his valet of 20 years' service and four Eskimos, and his greatest marches singularly were all north of Bartlett camp."

"From that time forward, going to the pole and returning to Camp Columbia (545 miles) he claims to have made an average of 26 miles per day, or, to be accurate, 26.4 per day for five days until he reached the pole (132 miles) and 44 miles per day from the pole back to Bartlett's camp (132 miles) three days and 24 for 16 days from the pole back to Cape Columbia (413), the latter being almost three times as great an average as he made with his supporting party.

When Increase Began.

"The greatest increase commenced, singularly, on the very day they left, and practically ends on identically the same spot. Bartlett left Peary after making a record of 9.06 miles per day for the journey that far, 281 miles in 31 days.

"After that Peary spent eight days, five going and three returning, in travel north of this point, and says he traveled 234 nautical miles, not counting detours, nearly four times the speed made when Bartlett was with him.

"The last three days of this travel, 122 miles from the Bartlett camp, he says he made 41 nautical miles a day, or over 50 statute miles, not counting detours, and that was done at the end of a fatiguing journey of 245 miles. Could the dogs, in their fatigued condition, haul loaded sleds such a distance daily?"

GETS WIFE BY WIRELESS

Honolulu Man Proposes and is Accepted in Record Time Through Air.

Chicago, Illinois.—That two wireless may be used for a tender purpose than summoning help to a disabled ship became known when the engagement of Miss Louis Gaylord to Walter F. Dillingham of Honolulu was announced.

Mr. Dillingham proposed and was accepted in Honolulu by wireless while Miss Gaylord was miles away in mid-ocean. They had known each other for three days only.

FIVE DIE IN A COLLISION

Liner Pennsylvania Collides Near Lightship With Sailing Vessel, Several Being Drowned.

London, England.—A telegram received by Lloyd's from Hamburg said that the German steamer Pennsylvania from New York and the German schooner Gertrude had collided near lightship No. 2.

The Gertrude was sunk and five of her crew were drowned.

Whistler Picture Sold to Museum.

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Women Vote on Commission Plan.

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DR. HYDE RELEASED ON \$100,000 BOND

SLEPT SOUNDLY IN JAIL AND CHATTED PLEASANTLY WITH LAWYERS AND FRIENDS.

WIFE WILL STAND BY HIM

She Walked the Floor All Night and Showed Signs of Weeping—Doctor's Cell an Uninviting Place.

Kansas City, Missouri.—Dr. B. Clarke Hyde, indicted for the alleged murder of Col. Thomas H. Swope, Christiana Swope and Col. Moss Hutton, and for the alleged poisoning of eight other members of the Swope household, was released from jail at noon Tuesday on \$100,000 bond.

He is held on the charge of murder of Col. Swope in the sum of \$50,000; \$30,000 for the murder of Christiana Swope; \$4,000 on the charge of manslaughter in the death of Moss Hutton, and \$2,000 for each of the eight alleged attempted poisonings cases.

Dr. Hyde, when he appeared in the court room, bore no traces of a sleepless night, chatting pleasantly with his lawyers and the friends who came in to see him. A big crowd had assembled in advance to watch the proceedings.

While Dr. Hyde slept soundly in jail his wife, who was Miss Frances Swope before she married, walked the floor of her chamber all night. Tuesday morning her eyes were red from weeping. All she would say was: "I will bear anything for Clark's sake, because I know he is innocent."

The cell in which Dr. Hyde spent Monday night was an uninviting place. A cot stood in one corner. Clean linen had been put upon the cot. In the center of the room was a table. By it stood two straight-backed chairs.

CHERRY WIDOWS SETTLE

Management of the St. Paul Mine Arrange to Give \$1800 in One Hundred Cases.

Chicago, Illinois.—With 50 claims of widows and other relatives of Cherry mine disaster victims settled by payments ranging from \$800 to \$1200 per death, the St. Paul Mining Co. has entered into negotiations with counsel in something like 100 more cases to settle with the victims' widows at the rate of \$1800 each.

This rate of settlement was agreed upon at a conference between attorneys representing the widows and counsel for the mining company.

In the event Lillis' wounds prove fatal, sensational allegations are expected in Kansas City social and financial circles.

Physicians at the hospital declared Monday that even if the banker recovers he will be disfigured for life. He is suffering from severe cuts about the face, arms and legs, said to have been inflicted with a knife by Cudahy.

HARGIS BEGINS LIFE TERM

Kentucky Feudist Begins His Long Sentence in the Frankfort Penitentiary.

Frankfort, Kentucky.—Beach Hargis, convicted of murdering his father, Judge James Hargis, the Breathitt county feudist, Tuesday began his life sentence in the Frankfort penitentiary.

Curtis Jett, a first cousin of Hargis, is also in the penitentiary, serving a life sentence for the murder of James B. Marcum, the mountain lawyer.

AVALANCHE DEATH LIST 87

Revised List on Great Northern Disaster is Issued by Railroad Officials.

Wellington, Washington.—Eighty-seven people were killed when the Great Northern passenger train was swept down a mountain by an avalanche last week, according to a revised list given out by the railroad officials. Excavations in the gorge where the avalanche were continued during the day. It was expected a few more bodies would be found.

PRIMARY BILL DEFECTIVE

Illinois Attorney General Finds Flaws in the Measure Recently Passed by the Legislature.

Springfield, Illinois.—A contradiction in the provision of the Hamilton-Staymates primary bill, passed by the general assembly at its special session just ended, may prove a vital defect. Attorney General Stead has rendered an opinion to Gov. Dennett at the latter's request regarding the bill.

Needle Scratch Kills Woman.

Springfield, Mass.—A needle prick caused the death of Mrs. L. Mack Hayne of 74 Sargent street. She barely pierced the skin of the index finger of the left hand. Blood poisoning developed and she died Monday.

Standard Oil Files Brief.

Washington, D. C.—The Standard Oil Tuesday filed in the supreme court of the United States its brief in opposition to the attempt of the government to dissolve it as violating the Sherman anti-trust law.

Kills Woman and Self.

Houston, Texas.—Clarence C. Martin, a printer, shot and instantly killed Mrs. Agnes Payne in Brunner, a suburb, and then inflicted a wound in his own head from which he died half an hour later. Jealousy is said to have been the cause.

Medill McCormick Talks to Editors.

Wichita, Kansas.—Medill McCormick, publisher of the Chicago Tribune, addressed the Kansas Editorial association, which is holding its annual meeting here.

BANKER IS SLASHED BY PACKER CUDAHY

JERE F. LILLIS, SURPRISED IN KANSAS CITY HOME OF PACKER AND ATTACKED.

"HOME IS RUINED" HE SAYS

Chauffeur and Employer Bending Over Pleading Victim When Police Arrive—Wife Pleads That World Not Misjudge Her.

Kansas City, Missouri.—It is not believed Jere S. Lillis, wealthy banker, clubman and bachelor, who was mutilated by John P. Cudahy, son of Michael Cudahy, the millionaire packer, will prosecute his assailant.

Lillis, who is in St. Mary's hospital in a serious condition from injuries and nervous shock, is expected to recover unless complications set in. Cudahy is secreted at the home of a friend, where he was taken after giving a bond of \$100 to answer to a charge of disturbing the peace.

The case against Cudahy was continued in police court Monday until one week from Tuesday, Lillis being unable to appear.

Trap Carefully Planned.

The Cudahy scandal is the sensation of Kansas City social circles, and developments reveal how Lillis was led into a trap by Cudahy.

Saturday night Cudahy told his wife he was going out of the city for a few days. The couple went to the Willis Wood theater and Cudahy sent his wife home in his automobile. Two hours later he went home, left himself and his chauffeur in with a latch key and found Lillis and Mrs. Cudahy together on a davenport.

With the aid of the chauffeur, Cudahy bound Lillis, secured a butcher knife and slashed his body while the wife and a maid looked on with horror, their screams mingling with the groans of the wounded man.

The police say they have booked Cudahy for no more serious charge because Lillis has made none himself, and they do not feel like holding the wealthy young packer for any other accusation than his victim chooses to make.

In the event Lillis' wounds prove fatal, sensational allegations are expected in Kansas City social and financial circles.

Physicians at the hospital declared Monday that even if the banker recovers he will be disfigured for life. He is suffering from severe cuts about the face, arms and legs, said to have been inflicted with a knife by Cudahy.

Found Wounded and Roped.

Lillis was found in the parlor of the Cudahy home early Sunday. He was half nude, tied with ropes, and bleeding from numerous jagged wounds, while Cudahy and his chauffeur, John Moss, stood over his prostrate form.

Cudahy told the police Lillis had ruined his home. The police first knew of the trouble when an excited woman's voice on the telephone told Station No. 5 to hurry to the house as a man was being murdered. Policeman Underwood rushed to the scene, and entering the house found the three men in the parlor. Lillis was moaning and begging for mercy, saying: "Don't do it, Jack; please don't do it."

Cudahy was in evening dress, his coat off, sleeves rolled up and spattered with blood from his victim. Lillis was bound with ropes, hair nude and bleeding from numerous cuts.

Mrs. Cudahy issued a statement in which she said stories circulated regarding her were distorted and untrue.

"Time alone will bring out the real truth," Mrs. Cudahy declared. "In justice to me and my children, don't believe a word that is being said. The stories are absolutely untrue."

MARATHON DANCE RECORD

Six Frisco Couples Remain on Floor Fifteen Hours and Get Purse of \$145.

San Francisco, California.—The world's dancing record of fourteen hours and forty-one minutes was broken Sunday afternoon by six couples, who were the survivors of seventeen that began dancing a Marathon at 10:30 Saturday night for purses of \$145.

The six couples remaining on the floor at the close will divide a purse of \$145. The legs and backs of all were badly swollen, and three of the women will probably be confined in the hospital for a week or more. Two women contestants fainted.

Classes Cut Out of Railroad Bill.

Washington, D. C.—By a vote of 15 to 11 the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce Monday struck from the administration railroad bill the provisions relative to control by railroads of competing lines. One of the provisions would have allowed railroads which own over 50 per cent of the stock of competing lines to purchase the remainder of the stock, and would have legalized all past purchases of stock. These provisions were recommended especially by the president.

Girl Killed in Auto Wreck.

Baton Rouge, Louisiana.—An automobile in which six young men and women were riding Sunday near Chamberlain turned turtle, instantly killing Miss Sue Deval, who was crushed beneath the car, and seriously injuring Miss Carolina Phillips.

Wabash on Rise.

Graville, Illinois.—The Wabash river at this point is at flood stage and fears are entertained that the entire bottom lands will be inundated.

TEX RICHARD AND MACLEOD

Time When Sense of Humor Prevented Gun Play Between Two "Bad Men."

One of the successful bidders for the gate receipts privilege, with Jack Gleason, of California, is Tex Richard, widely renowned as a "bad man" in a fight. Somewhere in civilization he ran afoul of Jack MacLeod, as mild-mannered and cool a soldier of fortune as ever dealt steeled cards or played his nerve against thousands. MacLeod sat behind a faro box, Richard outside, and when a few deals were over MacLeod was a big winner. Somebody later slipped the fact to the loser that he had been up against a "brace" box.

Richard went to his palace of fortune in Alaska and MacLeod's calling also soon summoned him to the gold fields. The town was filled with the rumor of MacLeod's coming, coupled with whispers that Richard would "get" him on sight. Wilson Mincer, wit, playwright, miner and placemaker met the intrepid MacLeod at the beach and warned him. MacLeod said: "I don't go back. There's only one street here. What's the use of poisoning it? Come along with me." They walked to the front door of Richard's joint. "Go in, Bill," said Jack, "and tell the gentleman to come out smoking." The intermediary did as he was bid. Richard thought a moment, laughed and cracked back: "It ain't a good gamble. I've got plenty of money. MacLeod has nothing. Tell him to come in and have a drink with me." "All right, it's off," was MacLeod's reply.

New Shakespeare Spoke.

Shakespeare would find his lines as recited by the actors of today almost unintelligible, according to Daniel Jones, who gave an address before the Elizabethan society at London.

To prove his contention Mr. Jones recited "The Seven Ages" as Shakespeare would have spoken it. The effect was a hotch-potch of a dozen dialects of today. The broad "a's" justified the Lancasterian "feather" instead of father, and the Cockney "aw" "a" sounds found full satisfaction in words such as mald.

Other of Mr. Jones' examples of Elizabethan pronunciation have no parallel in modern dialects. Watch was made to rhyme with catch, should with cooled, brew with new, fifth and sixth, he said, were pronounced without the final "h" sound, and the word sea was accented a final sound equivalent to the French "e."

Ill-Natured Birds.

"One thing that impressed me in the zoo was the cruelty of birds to one another," said a woman who belongs to the S. P. C. A.