Tree Earns $3,205.

What is probably the most valuable tree in the world is an alligator pear tree at Whittier, Cal., which netted its owner a profit of $3,205 in one year. This tree was planted in 1905 and began bearing in its fourth year. In 1912 it bore 3,000 pears, which sold for $1,500, while the sale of buds during the same year amounted to $1,705, making the total given above. The tree is a seedling, the seed having been planted with a quantity of other seed which had been imported, presumably from Mexico. Another tree which was planted at the same time, and which stands close to this phenomenal bearer, has never borne more than 50 pears in a season. This valuable tree is now protected by a high fence built on an octagonal plan. The pears weigh from eight to twelve ounces each.

A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

The Rev. Edmund Heslop of Wigton, Pa., suffered from Dropsy for a year. His limbs and feet were swollen and puffed. He had heart fluttering, was dizzy and exhausted at the least exertion. Hands and feet were cold and he had such a dragging sensation across the loins that it was difficult to move. After using 5 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills the swelling disappeared and he felt himself again. He says he has been benefited and blessed by the use of Dodds Kidney Pills. Several months later he wrote: I have not changed my faith in your remedy since the above statement was authorized. Correspond with Rev. E. Heslop about this wonderful remedy.

Rev. E. Heslop.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

Modern Ladies.

Bishop Blougram was laughing in Denver over the servant girl's definition of a lady as one who is dyed and painted and powdered, wears diamonds and smells of Turkish tobacco, champaign and motor oil.

"There must be some truth in that definition, or at least in part of it," he said. "I was walking the other day, when I came upon a little boy smoking a cigarette.

"'Goodness, Willie,' I said, 'what would your mother say if she saw you smoking cigarettes like that?'

"'She'd raise Cain,' Willie answered. 'They're out of her best box.'"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Then He Pulled Him Out.

Chancellor David Lloyd-George, one of the best known figures in England, tells this story at his own expense: "A man saved some one from drowning and was given a public testimonial. When, after the mayor had sung the man's praises, he was called upon to reply, he said: "Really, I have done nothing to deserve this reward. I saw the man struggling in the water, and as no one else was near by I saw he would be drowned if I didn't save him. So I jumped in, swam to him, turned him over to see that it wasn't Lloyd-George, and then pulled him out.'"

Rising in His Profession.

"How is your son getting along—I mean the musical one, who went to New York city to seek his fortune?" asked the village parson at Hohokus of one of his parishioners, a widowed mother of a family of boys.

"Fine, sir, thank you," replied the old dame. "I had a postal card from him sayin' as how he is conductin' now."

"Indeed, that is excellent news. And what band is he conducting?"

"He didn't say, sir, except that it's on the Belt Line, somewhere around the river front."

Boon for Theaters.

"I have invented a new chair for the theater."

"Well, what is its particular merit?"

"Oh, you just touch a button, and it sinks through the floor to the smoking room below."

"For whom is it intended?"

"The fellow who leaves his seat in the middle of a row at the end of each act."

FAMILY OF FIVE
All Drank Coffee From Infancy.

It is a common thing in this country to see whole families growing up with nervous systems weakened by coffee drinking.

That is because many parents do not realize that coffee contains a drug—caffeine—which causes the trouble. (The same drug is found in tea.)

"There are five children in my family," writes an Iowa mother, "all of whom drank coffee from infancy up to two years ago.

"My husband and I had heart trouble and were advised to quit coffee. We did so and began to use Postum. We now are doing without medicine and are entirely relieved of heart trouble.

(Caffeine causes heart trouble when continually used as in coffee drinking.)

"Our eleven-year-old boy had a weak digestion from birth, and yet always craved and was given coffee. When we changed to Postum he liked it and we gave him all he wanted. He has been restored to health by Postum and still likes it."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for the little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be boiled.

Instant Postum is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. Grocers sell both kinds.

"There's a reason" for Postum.

TRUSTS COME NEXT

PRESIDENT WILL ATTEMPT TO RESTORE COMPETITION IN BUSINESS.

TASK ADMITTEDLY DIFFICULT

Wilson Soon to Tell Congress His Plans for Breaking Up the Great Corporations Without Harming the Country's Prosperity.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—President Wilson is studying the trusts. In his annual message to congress or as soon as currency is out of the way, he will recommend that the old time conditions of business competition be restored in this country. Attorney General McReynolds is at work on anti-trust law suggestions. Other members of the cabinet will have ready thoughts of their own on the subject when the time, already nearly at hand, shall come when Mr. Wilson must formulate his recommendations on a matter which Democrats say will test the law making abilities of his administration as neither the tariff nor the currency can.

The president's task is in a sense the remaking of a nation of shop keepers and small manufacturers. He has said publicly that competitive conditions of the old kind can be restored and that it falls to the lot of the Democrats to do the restoring. The dynamite of a new law is to be placed at the foundation of some big concerns and they are to be broken into integral parts, all of them small, "without injuring the industries which they have housed and promoted, and without harming the prosperity of the American people."

Leaders Admit It Is Big Task.

The Democratic leaders naturally fear that if they fail in anti-trust legislation the good which they say will come from their tariff and their currency laws, may possibly avail them nothing at the next election. They look at some of the great corporations as they exist today and "feel publicly" and "say privately" that to break them into small parts and to set each particular part against the other with prosperity for all is a task big enough to test the ability of any man and any party.

Shortly the president's recommendations for anti-trust legislation will be given to the public. There are more than rumors in Washington that in the attorney general's office, although perhaps not shared by the attorney general himself, there is a feeling that the administration would do much better if it would attempt a regulating rather than a disintegrating policy.

Regulation is the proposal of one of the opposition parties. A resolving into competitive parts is the policy of the administration, and probably will be the announced policy of the congressional majority which is now in power. Compromise will mean a giving way to the proposals of the enemy. Separation into parts, some of the Democratic leaders seem to feel, may mean business disaster. Mr. Wilson is said to have no such fear.

Millions for Defense.

Great Britain, through Winston Churchill, has been sounding the great nations of the world with a view to determining their attitude toward a "naval holiday." It may be as a result of the sounding the greater governments will forego the work of building battleships for one year. This is only possible, however, and so it may be said still that while all the words are for peace, all the works seem to be for war.

This latter expression of seeming conditions epitomizes the state of things in Washington today, and probably in most places in the civilized world. The military authorities under the direction of congress are "fortifying against the future" in proper defensive places outlying everything American which would make a shining mark for an enemy's attack. The peace propagandist may be making headway, but disarmament is not a fact of the day.

Within a comparatively short time congress has authorized the expenditure of millions to fortify the approaches to the Panama canal. Other millions have been spent to make Corregidor the Gibraltar of the Philippine islands. Another huge sum has been authorized to make Hawaii safe against attack from an enemy at sea. New York, Boston, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, New Orleans, Los Angeles and San Francisco and all the other big places on the coasts have been or are to be safeguarded with defenses costing millions. The end is not in sight.

The willingness of the present administration to urge an appropriation for three dreadnoughts is known. The administration, and with it congress, also have shown a willingness to provide big guns and modern forts to defend the cities of the coast. It seems to be a militantly inclined administratoin. The war department recently negatived a proposal to buy land at Cape Henry at the entrance to Chesapeake bay to be used for fortifying purposes. Real estate men attempted to hold the government up and so the project was abandoned.

Chesapeake Bay Fortifications.

In place of the projected fort at Cape Henry, the government will construct an artificial island at the mouth of Chesapeake bay and on it a fortification will be constructed to be manned by coast artillerymen who will have for service in case of war the biggest guns known to these days of big ordnance. In the year 1814 the British came up the Chesapeake and eventually reached Washington, burning the Capitol and the White House. If an enemy should have the same opportunity again the chances are few that it would commit such acts of vandalism, but presumably these cities must be protected from attack and occupation, and so in these days of peace the Democrats are consenting to equal, if not to outdo, their predecessor Repuublicans in preparing for emergencies.

There are forts on the Potomac river and on the Chesapeake below Baltimore. These presumably are powerful enough to make it difficult for an enemy to pass, but it is held that ships of the foe should be prevented from forcing an entrance to Chesapeake bay. Fortress Monroe and Fort Wool are not considered of sufficient strength to keep out the steel dreadnoughts of an enemy on mischief bent.

Congress has appropriated money for fortifying the approaches to San Pedro in southern California. This work will be pushed rapidly to completion. Puget sound, San Francisco and San Pedro will be the three great defenses against attack on our western coast from the far east. It is the sight of the shadow of Japan—the administration hope probably is that it is a shadow only—which has spurred congress to appropriateion activities in connection with the Pacific defenses.

Cost of Living and Tariff.

By force of the new tariff law is the cost of living to be reduced? Some of the Democrats in Washington apparently desire that the country shall believe quickly and fully that the Underwood-Simmons bill cannot be expected to bring down the price of things until it has been in operation for at least ten months or a year.

The Democrats, while they do not seemingly believe that the tariff alone will make a great difference in the cost of necessaries, are hopeful that other bills which they intend to enact into law, coupled with the tariff, will bring material relief to the consumers of the country. It must be left of course to time to prove whether the Democrats are right or not. President Wilson seemingly is convinced that in a year things will not cost as much as they do now.

Leaders of the three parties together claim, or admit, whichever way you choose to put it, that the political organization which can present the best plan to bring down the high cost of living will be the one to get control of the house of representatives next year and of the presidency two years later. The Democrats are in power and if they have a plan to make living cheaper they can put it into effect if they want to. In the early days the party made definite promises that the tariff would turn the cost cutting trick, but now there is a little hedging on this proposition and the promise is that when the anti-trust laws are in force next year prices will drop so that the consumer can hear them.

Opponents Are Satirical.

Some of the opposition party members in Washington are asking the Democrats why, if their anti-trust legislation is to accomplish such high deeds of service to the people, it is necessary for various official bodies to be studying other means of reducing the cost of living. The agricultural department today is trying to solve the problem and men have been sent abroad to study agriculture and marketing methods over there with the hope that the result of their studies may bring relief over here. Naturally the opposition party men are satirical. They say that perhaps the Democrats hope to cut the prices of living in half through their anti-trust legislation and then to wipe out the other half through the solving of certain agricultural problems, thus bringing the consumers of the country to the blissful condition of men and women who can get everything they want for nothing.

It is definitely known that President Wilson and his Democratic friends in house and senate are hoping and perhaps praying that out of the legislation which the party now in power has enacted or intends to enact something will come which will cause prices to drop without making wages drop with them. The high cost of living is still the chief matter of concern to the leaders of a party who for personal and public reasons want to keep that party in power. The key to the problem lies somewhere, and men of three different party faiths are searching, each hoping that he may be the one lucky enough to find it.

Buddhist Rite.

Segirta temple, in the province of Ise, Japan, is the scene each July of a peculiar rite dedicated to the worship of Acalanatha, the faithful servant of Buddha. The rite is known as "goma" (a corruption of Sanskrit "homa"), or "burning." Buddha taught that the cause of suffering is desire, and therefore the priests of the Shingon, a Japanese sect of Buddhism, kindle a fire to consume all human desires, at the same time offering prayers to Acalanatha. In one matter the rite may be said to defeat its own ends, for it attracts a crowd of farmers full of desire to obtain embers or ashes from the fire which is supposed to have consumed all desires. The tradition is that the possession of an ember or ashes from the sacred fire insures a farmer good crops the next autumn.

New Name for Dirt.

A Washington housewife employs a negro servant girl who sweeps and dusts on the theory that you don't have to worry about the dirt you don't happen to see. The other day her mistress was making an inspection of a bedroom which the girl had just cleaned up in preparation for an expected guest who was known to be very fastidious. The woman looked under the bed, and saw there a very visible deposit of fuzz and dust. Calling the girl to the spot she pointed this deposit out to her and asked: "What do you call that, Pearline?" "What does I call dat?" asked the shifty maiden, in an effort to gain time. "Why, don't you all know what dat is? Dat ain't dirt. It's house moss, ma'am; yas'm—dat's jes' house moss."—The Pathfinder.

Peculiar Memorial Meeting.

An interesting meeting was recently held at Hakata in Kiushui, under the auspices of the Young Men's Buddhist association. It was a memorial service, not only to the 280 men whose bodies have been dissected during the last ten years, but also to the 34,000 frogs, 7,000 rats, 1,000 hares and more than 500 each of dogs, cats, hens and doves which have been dissected at the Kiushui university.

Lameness

Sloan's Liniment is a speedy, reliable remedy for lameness in horses and farm stock. Here's proof.

Lameness Gone

"I had a horse sprain his shoulder by pulling, and he was so lame he could not carry foot at all. I got a bottle of your Liniment and put it on four times, and in three days he showed no lameness at all, and made a thirty mile trip besides."—*Walter B. Alderfort, La Salle, Col.*

For Splint and Thrush

"I have used Sloan's Liniment on a fine mare for splint and cured her. This makes the third horse I've cured. Have recommended it to my neighbors for thrush and they say it is fine. I find it the best Liniment I ever used. I keep on hand your Sure Colic Cure for myself and neighbors, and I can certainly recommend it for Colic."—*S. E. Smith, McDonough, Ga.*

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is a quick, safe remedy for poultry roup, canker and bumble-foot. Try it.

For Roup and Canker

"Sloan's Liniment is the speediest and surest remedy for poultry roup and canker in all its forms, especially for canker in the windpipe."—*L. P. Spaulding, Jaffrey, N. H.*

At all Dealers. 25c., 50c. & $1.00
Read Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry; sent free.
Address
DR. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc., Boston, Mass.

TOO ACCURATE A PICTURE

Colored Man's Interest in Science Proved to Be a Good Deal Personal.

A colored man, having heard of the wonderful powers of the X-ray, called on a scientist one day for more particulars and said:

"Say, boss, they tell me there is a machine that will enable one man to look right froo another man."

"I believe there is something of that kind," said the scientist.

"Then," said the negro, "if I done had chicken for supper would they be able to see it?"

"No doubt they could," assured his friend.

"Well, here's what I done come to ax yuh," said the colored man, looking worried, "do you suppose they could get a good enough likeness of de chicken to enable de ownah to recognize him?"

FACE ITCHED AND BURNED

383 No. Union St., Aurora, Ill.—"My ailment started with a little pimple and it always itched and burned terribly. I scratched it and in a few days my face was all covered with sores. It ran up to my eyes and the day after I could not see out of my right eye. I was unable to get any rest. I couldn't go to bed, being afraid of getting the clothing all soiled, although I had my face all bandaged.

"I was given two jars of salve but it kept getting worse. It was something like a running sore because every time I used some of the salve I had to wrap bandages around my neck to keep the water and pus from running down my body. I wrote for a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in a few days I received these and washed my face with the Cuticura Soap and put on some Cuticura Ointment and the next morning my face felt cool and somewhat relieved. After using the sample I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment at the drug store. I followed this treatment just twenty-six days and after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was cured." (Signed) George Miller, Jan. 1, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

A Great Age.

"What are you working on now?"

"An X-ray lantern for policemen. You can project it through a bank wall and see if any burglars are inside."

Naturally So.

"That fop seems to have fallen upon his salad days."

"Maybe that is why he is so particular about his dressing."

Pretty Tough.

"What did the editor do with your September poem?"

"Kept it until September was over and then sent it back."

Always the Case.

"I feel apprehensive about this marriage."

"That's nothing. There are always miss-givings at weddings."

Preaching and Practice.

"I have never listened to a speech that was more vituperative."

"What was the orator's theme?"

"Temperance."

No Use.

Friend—Why don't you write a sex work if you want to get on the stage?

Author—I did. I wrote a sextette.

Coughs come from inflamed Bronchial Tubes. Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops heal the irritation—5c at all Drug Stores.

Nothing is the thing women cry over and men fuss about.

UNABLE TO MAKE IT OUT

Congressman's Diary, Brought Out After Lapse of Years, a Great Disappointment to Him.

Representative Sisson of Mississippi said in his wonted witty way of the currency bill:

"It is a disappointment to me—as much a disappointment as my diary was.

"I came across an old diary the other day.

"'Aha,' I said to myself, 'now I shall relive vividly again my life of eighteen years ago. What delightful things this dear old diary will call to memory!'

"And I opened the book to entry after entry like this:

"'Sun.—Cloudy. To c. Shaw A. Half.

"'Mon.—Settled at last. Ham and cabbage. Joe.

"'Tues.—Called on Joe. Accounts. Sunfiries.

"'Wed.—At last. Eve. papers again.

"'Thurs. — Took express. Soup. Saw L. M. Socks.

"'Fri.—Oysters. Remember new idea. Bound to come.

"'Sat.—J.'

"So the diary ran on—page after page of initials and abbreviations and single word sentences that I could make neither head nor tail of.

"My dear old diary, in a word, was Greek to me. What a disappointment!"

Very Big Handkerchief.

Mr. Frederick Wile, the author of that much-discussed book, "Men Around the Kaiser," tells some excellent stories about a number of well-known Germans.

Dr Paul Ehrlich, the famous scientist, had a habit in his younger days, says Mr. Wile, of collecting any pieces of old linen he found about the house with which to clean his scientific instruments, his microscopic slides, and so on. Cast-off shirts and old handkerchiefs were his specialties, and he used to stuff them all into his capacious pockets so as to have them handy whenever he required them.

At a public lecture one hot day Dr. Ehrlich perspired freely, and, wanting to mop his brow, he put his hand into the nearest pocket and grasped what he thought to be a handkerchief. He tugged and tugged, and it came out and came out until he had exposed to the full view of his astonished audience a complete nightgown belonging to his wife.—Pearson's Weekly.

New Phase of Red Cross Activity.

The need of instruction in the proper care of children and home nursing of the sick in the smaller towns and rural communities of the country has never been questioned, and although in some cities visiting nurse organizations exist and anti-tuberculosis societies support nurses in their particular line of work, it has remained for the American Red Cross to take up rural nursing as a national proposition. Nurses who enter this service are required by the Red Cross to have special training or experience in public health nursing. In the Red Cross Magazine for October Miss Fannie F. Clement, the superintendent of Rural Nurses, describes the organization plans and possibilities for good of the rural nursing branch of Red Cross work.

Please Do!

Although he was suffering from a severe attack of laryngitis, sre decided to descend to the parlor and receive Jack, who was making a "sympathy" call.

Sympathy being so closely akin to that other sentiment, matters progressed. Finally he ventured:

"And what would you do, Gladys, if I attempted to kiss you?"

"I'd scream!"

"Then I won't."

"But—but, Jack—it's all I can do to whisper."

Hi—Ho—Mum!

They were talking of the genus bore.

"Yes," said the hostess, "Tompkins is a terrible bore. He spent the summer with us on the Delaware river and bored us to death."

"I suppose," said the wit, "he even made the Delaware Water Gap!"

Essentials.

"Why don't you have a den at your house?"

"What's the use. I've quit smoking and I don't happen to own a Malay kris."

Not Attracted.

"Scientists say that the eel is little known."

"Well, I am the last person in the world to say: 'Introduce me.'"

An Ancient Authority.

"Who was Homer?"

"The great sporting writer who wrote up the Greek-Trojan series."

Beware of the girl who is a peach; peaches have hearts of stone.

THOUSANDS CALLED TO HELP

Members of the Y. M. C. A., Among Others, Will Help to Make Tuberculosis Day Notable.

Nearly 600,000 members of the Young Men's Christian association of the United States, including several thousand members of the allied health leagues, hundreds of physical directors and 345,000 members of the physical department will be urged to co-operate in the Tuberculosis day campaign during the week of December 7.

Lectures and discussions on tuberculosis will be held on Sunday afternoon, December 7, and during the week preceding or the week following that date, by many organizations connected with the Y. M. C. A. Prominent speakers in various cities of the country will address these meetings. The details of the program are being worked out by Dr. George J. Fisher, director of the physical department of the international committee of the association.

Secretaries of the local branches of the Y. M. C. A., or members of the association who are interested in this subject can secure literature, free of charge, from the office of the National association, 105 East Twenty-second street, New York city.

Some Mover.

Mrs. Howland was of a very quiet, reposeful disposition, while her husband was exactly the opposite; energetic and ambitious.

"Henry," she said, complainingly, one afternoon, "I wish you would not be so nervous and forever on the move. Will you never take a rest?"

"I never expect to be able to rest till I get in my grave," he replied, "and then it will be just my luck that the next day will be the resurrection."

Taking No Chances.

"Popsy, dear, I might win a rich husband if you let me go to the seashore this summer."

"But, my daughter, you have been going to a different place each year. Remember, a rolling stone gathers no moss."

"I know, popsy; but this time I am going to a place where I will be the only pebble on the beach."—Judge.

The Intent.

"What do you think? I called Jimsby a hard name and he looked pleased.

"That's funny! What did you call him?"

"A brick."

No Danger.

"I see our neighbor, the detective, has got himself an automobile and he's going to kill somebody."

"Don't be afraid. He'll never run anybody down."

The Reason.

"Why don't they ever put the flag on postage stamps?"

"Great Jupiter, man! Do you want it to be eternally licked?"

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet, Blisters and Callous spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. *Don't accept any substitute.* Sample FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Adv

Naturally.

"Why do the multitude take so little interest in aviation?"

"That's an easy one. Because it is over their heads."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Adv

Ought To.

"Pop, trees won't grow by the seaside, will they?"

"No, my son."

"I should think the beech would."

Is Your Body Poisoned?

Well kidneys keep the blood free of uric acid, a deadly poison that is constantly forming inside the body.

Sluggish kidneys allow the uric acid to accumulate, causing rheumatic attacks, headache, dizziness, gravel, urinary troubles, weak eyes, dropsy, and heart disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills restore the normal blood-filtering action of the kidneys. This drives out uric acid and ends uric acid poisoning.

AN ILLINOIS CASE

"Every Picture Tells a Story."

Charles Easter, R. Walnut St., Watseka, Ill., says: "I had rheumatism and kidney trouble for years. The pain started in my back and went to my limbs. I was laid up for months and doctors said they could not help me. On a friend's advice, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and the first box relieved me. Half a dozen boxes fixed me up in good shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

Men's $2.00 $2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4 & $4.50
Women's $2 $2.50 $3 $3.50 & $4
Misses, Boys, Children $1.50 $1.75 $2 $2.50 $3

Began business in 1876; now the largest maker of $3, $3.50 and $4 shoes in the world.

Over 150 styles, kinds and shapes, in all leathers, sizes and widths.

W. L. Douglas shoes are famous everywhere. Why not give them a trial? The value you will receive for your money will astonish you.

If you would visit our factory, the largest in the world under one roof, and see how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would understand why they are warranted to look better, fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes for the price.

Your dealer should supply you with them. Don't take a substitute. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name stamped on bottom. Shoes sent everywhere, direct from factory, by Parcel Post, postage free. Now is the time to begin to save money on your footwear. Write today for Illustrated Catalog, showing how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

35 Bushels Per Acre

Was the yield of wheat on many farms in Western Canada in 1913, some yields being reported as high as fifty bushels per acre.

As high as one hundred bushels were recorded in some districts for oats, fifty bushels for barley, and from ten to twenty bushels for flax.

J. Keys arrived in the country five years ago from Denmark, with very little means. He homesteaded, worked hard, is now the owner of 320 acres of land, in 1913 had a crop of 200 acres, which will realize him about four thousand dollars. His wheat weighed 68 pounds to the bushel and averaged over 35 bushels to the acre.

Thousands of similar instances might be related of the homesteaders in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The crop of 1913 was an abundant one everywhere in Western Canada.

Ask for descriptive literature and reduced railway rates of Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, of

G. A. COOK,
125 W. 9th St., Kansas City, Mo., and C.A. Broughton, 412 R.L.&T. Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No1. No2. No3. THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success. CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS OR MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS POUGERA Co. 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORM OF THERAPION EASY TO TAKE. SAFE AND LASTING CURE. SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

WHENEVER YOU NEED A GENERAL TONIC - TAKE GROVE'S

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is Equally Valuable as a General Tonic because it Acts on the Liver, Drives Out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. For Grown People and Children.

You know what you are taking when you take Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic as the formula is printed on every label showing that it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic and is in Tasteless Form. It has no equal for Malaria, Chills and Fever, Weakness, general debility and loss of appetite. Gives life and vigor to Nursing Mothers and Pale, Sickly Children. Removes Biliousness without purging. Relieves nervous depression and low spirits. Arouses the liver to action and purifies the blood. A True Tonic and sure appetizer. A Complete Strengthener. No family should be without it. Guaranteed by your Druggist. We mean it. 50c.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

WORMS.

"Wormy", that's what's the matter of 'em. Stomach and intestinal worms. Nearly as bad as distemper. Cost you too much to feed 'em. Look bad—are bad. Don't physic 'em to death. Spohn's Cure will remove the worms, improve the appetite, and tone 'em up all round, and don't "physic". Acts on glands and blood. Full directions with each bottle, and sold by all druggists.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists. Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. WRITE FOR FREE booklet, calendar, blotters, etc. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

State Reasons.

"Kings should never be bald-headed."

"Why kings especially?"

"Because reasons of state make it necessary for them to have heirs apparent."

Especially.

Moralist—The outsider who buys stocks is a gambler, pure and simple.

Ticker—Especially simple.—Judge.

The first public telegraph office was opened on Seventh street, Washington, D. C., April 1, 1845.

Love will push a man into matrimony, but it takes a lawyer to pull him out.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

ELGIN CREAMERY COMPANY 1232 S. BROADWAY

EXTRA SPECIAL
5 LBS. BEST ELGIN CREAMERY $1.25
10 lbs. $2.50. Mail orders solicited.
ELGIN CREAMERY COMPANY
1232 S. Broadway St. Louis, Mo.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet Free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N.Y.

Death Lurks In A Weak Heart

If Yours is fluttering or weak, use "RENOVINE." Made by Van Vleet-Mansfield Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price $1.00