SCOTT COUNTY NEWSBOY.

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WITH the Senate elected in the present manner, the people have very little say in the matter. Take a State where either party has only a very small majority in the legislature on joint ballot. Half the counties in such a State, containing about half the voters, are completely disfranchised. Then comes the caucus which determines the choice. In this one half of the dominant party, coming from one fourth of the counties, select the Senator. Perhaps one eighth of the voters are really represented in the vote which sends a Senator to Congress for six years. Here is just the opportunity for money to come in and determine the choice in favor of corporations and trusts. Experience shows that the money does come in, with sinister results to the country. The Sixteenth Amendment would give to the people the direct choice of the Senators, who would have to answer to the people.

Now that Senator Jones, of Nevada, has joined the Populists, the Republican press would have us believe that its party has a good riddance of bad rubbish. But he was one of the very ablest of the Republican Senators. He has left the party solely on one issue—he wants the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. This he believes neither of the two old parties are likely to bring about, and so he has cast in his lot with these dreamers of dreams, the paternallists and protectionists at bottom—the People's Party. It is bad for the Republicans, certainly, but the Democrats can stand it with much philosophy. The Republicans make political bed-fellows of the Populists, the A. P. A., etc. What wonder if once in a while one of them goes the whole hog.

THE people in the arid regions of the West want government subsidies and aid to help them irrigate their farms. The people of Dakota have, through slovenly neglect, allowed the Russian thistle to get ahead of them and want the government to help them put it down. The paternal idea seems to be growing. It is pernicious in the extreme, and utterly un-American. Once introduced for the benefit of any one community, where is it to end? Secretary Morton very properly refused to identify the Department of Agriculture with either the irrigation movement or the rooting out of thistles which the people were shiftless enough to let gain a footing.

THE Emperor of Germany has told his people in so many words that he rules by Divine right. So did the Stuarts of England and the Bourbons of France—according to their own story. It's all bosh, and is a very stupid assertion to make in 1894. It helps the Socialists, whom it was intended to discourage, by giving the people a practical illustration of the idiotic attitude in which monarchy of the Wilhelm stripe stands. His grandmother, Queen Victoria, should teach the boy better than to make 15th century speeches so late as this.

THE sugar planters of Louisiana were good Democrats and tariff reformers so long as their own industry was highly protected. Now that they have been given a taste of the medicine they were so ready to prescribe to others, they gag and meet in conventions which denounce the Democratic party, and swear that they will send Protection men to Washington. It makes that much difference whose ox is gored, you see.

AT Westminster, London, a Roman Catholic cathedral is to be built on the model of Constantine's church of St. Peter at Rome. The cost will be about $1,250,000. The site was purchased by the late Cardinal Manning for $375,000.

THE Cape Girardeau *New Era* has again changed management—this time, we believe, for the better. F. M. Leatherman, traveling correspondent for the St. Louis Trades' Review, has purchased the plant for his son—F. M., Jr. Mr. Leatherman is a thorough journalist and will give the paper his personal attention until after the November election. He proposes to resurrect the sleepy Democracy of Cape county. The *Era* will be a morning paper, beginning October 1.

THE Populists want a new National Constitution; government loans at 2 per cent; government control of the railroads, telegraphs, etc.; Waite for Governor of Colorado; Peckham for Governor of Nevada; they want billions and billions of public money; they want the earth and the fullness thereof, and anything else in the universe lying around loose. The Greenbackers were not in it at all with the Populists when it comes to modest demands.

Now that Col. Breckenridge has been defeated for Congress, Kentucky can hold up her head again. The mere possibility of his re-election was a stigma upon the manhood of the State. The brazen effrontry of the hoary hypocrite secured him a following, and, we regret to say, a large one. But he is defeated, and there, we hope, is an end of him. His trial and candidacy have been a stench in the public nostrils, lo, these many months.

PREVIOUS to the passing of the new tariff law, the wool buyers of Ohio, West Virginia and western Pennsylvania, who are mostly Republicans, tried to buy wool from the farmers at 15 to 17 cents, representing that a big slump must follow the passage of the new measure. Now they offer 20 and 21 cents but cannot buy under 23. So much for Republican predictions.

THE Charleston *Democrat* says that Col. Breckinridge has the "machine" with him, and believes he will be declared the nominee in spite of the returns. If the Ashland district "machine" finds it too great an undertaking the Colonel should send for the Scott county "machine." It never flickers. It is all wool and a yard wide—and don't you forget it.

OUR Department of State has on file descriptions of over 500 French Anarchists. A strict quarantine should be established against such gentry, and with the official information in its possession our government should be able to keep the vermin out.

NEW YORK city is said to be sinking into the soil of Manhattan Island at the rate of one inch in a hundred years. With Tammany Hall and its police force to help sink it, the marvel is that the city did not sink out of sight long ago.

OH, yes, we have "heard from Maine," thank you. Nothing new, however. We expect to hear the same old tune from Maine until her people get as far as the rule of three in arithmetic.

ONE year ago Chicago had 100,000 unemployed people. This number has been reduced to 25,000 by the returning tide of commercial prosperity. Now, then, Mr. Calamity Howler!

THE potato crop this year falls from 25 to 50 per cent short of that of last year, taking the entire country. Potatoes will be a paying crop to raise next season.

THE Republican press is not nearly so sanguine as it was a month ago that the party will succeed in November. The Democrats keep a stiff upper lip.

THE dismal weather we experienced recently is attributed to the forest fires in the north.

SOUTHEAST NOTES.

Bro. Flynn, of the Southeast Gazette, read a paper before the Missouri Press Association at Lebanon last Wednesday, entitled, "The Editor and Politics."

A bottle factory is being talked of at Festus. They have the raw material, certainly. Also, the saloons which earned for the town the local name of "Tanglefoot" get away with a host of bottles.

They had frost in Jefferson county on the 10th inst.

Linus Sanford, of Jackson, offers himself as prosecuting attorney in Cape county. As he is a good Democrat, his chances are mighty poor.

Mrs. Ellsworth and her son, Pressly, of Randol, Cape county, both shot Henry Stiff, a neighbor who had defamed the character of Mrs. Ellsworth's daughter. The mother was arrested, the son decamped and Stiff is likely to recover.

Perry county Fair was held last week and Stoddard and Jefferson county Fairs this week.

De Soto has a new fire engine but no water to work it with. Well, well!

Bro. Story, of the Hibbard Nerve, now lives with his wife's relatives in Arkansas. A daily paper at a crossroads grocery took more than nerve to run it. Hence the end.

"All things come to those who wait." The man who struck Billy Patterson has been found. Gillman Johnson is his name, and he is held to the grand jury of Mississippi county for stabbing Billy three times in the breast.

We rewelcome to Southeast Missouri E. W. Hoag, ex-editor of the Poplar Bluff Citizen. Every once in a while Mr. Hoag sells, rents or lends his paper to somebody. Somebody makes a mess of, and Mr. Hoag resumes his property.

A tobacco stalk six feet two inches high is the challenge product of St. Francois county.

The Wilson Bros., from Arkansas, have been "shoving the queer" at Malden. They were arrested as counterfeiters.

Anton Klump, of Perryville, died from the effects of a sunstroke received about two months ago.

We are sorry to observe that the Jefferson Crystal Mirror is printed on patents dated away back. The Republicans of that county should do better by their organ than they do. Bro. Wilson is an honest, hard-working man, and deserves better suppost than he receives.

Wm. Zimmerman, digging a well in Jefferson county, fell into it and was killed by fracture of the skull.

Perryville is out of the woods. She is a railroad town. When the cars pull into Caruthersville next Christmas, the river counties will all be in the nineteenth century.

The Bloomfield Vindicator issued daily edition during the Stoddard county Fair.

Henry Billings was indicted by the Bollinger county grand jury for murder in the first degree for the recent shooting of W. H. Smith, at Lutesville.

A telephone exchange is likely to be instituted in Cape Girardeau.

Daniel Heilig, a citizen of Jackson, was held up and robbed of a gold watch and fifty dollars in broad daylight, near Wheatland, Ill., Tuesday of last week.

Dunklin county needs cotton pickers. 50c. per 100 will be paid.

The school commissioner of Mississippi county was fined $25 and costs for granting a certificate to a teacher who failed to pass an examination. Appealed.

The opening speeches of the Democratic campaign in Mississippi county will be delivered by Col. Benton and Hon. E. C. Crow, at Charleston, on "Wednesday, September 29" says the Democrat. Since the 29th comes on a Saturday, we presume the "6" got turned upside down. But why can't we have a rally in Scott county?

Destroying Republican Trusts.

From the Kansas City Times.

Two weeks ago The Times called attention to the anti-trust features of the new tariff bill, and though it was then made plain that under the operations of the bill it would be as impossible for trusts to restrain trade and manipulate prices as it would for a bar of pig metal to fly, the matter has not received that consideration at the hands of the press that its importance deserves. Section seventy-three of the new law provides "that every combination, conspiracy, trust, agreement or contract is hereby declared to be contrary to public policy, illegal and and void when the same is made by or between two or more persons or corporations, either of whom is engaged in importing any article from a foreign country into the United States, and when such combination, conspiracy, trust agreement or contract is intended to operate in restraint of lawful trade or free competition in lawful trade or commerce or to increase the market price in any part of the United States of any article or articles imported or intended to be imported into the United States, or of any manufacture into which such imported article enters or is intended to enter."

This feature of the bill was introduced by Senator Morgan of Alabama, who must have had in mind the Sugar trust when he was preparing it. It is a well-known fact that at least six-tenths of the raw sugar comsumed by the trust is imported, so that it is clearly and unquestionably amenable to that provision of the law. But it applies with equal exactness to the Steel trust, the Cordage trusts and most other trusts. Bessemer steel is produced from iron made by mixing Cuban with domestic ores. The Cordage trust imports a large proportion of the flax it uses, and the other trusts import raw materials from which to manufacture their wares. This law, moreover, differs from the Sherman and other anti-trust laws in that safe and certain provisions are made for its enforcement. Section seventy-four provides "that the several Circuit courts of the United States are hereby invested with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain violations of section 73 of this act; and it shall be be the duty of the several district attorneys of the United States in their respective districts, under the direction of the Attorney General, to institute proceedings in equity to prevent and restrain such violations." That is neither ambiguous nor uncertain.

The only doubt that can be raised concerning the efficacy of this law is that Federal district attorneys might not be inclined to act. But this is an unreasonable assumption, for while officials who reside at points contiguous to the trusts might be influenced to be lenient with them, those widely separated could entertain no such feeling of friendship and the complaint of any citizen to any official thus situated would be certain to produce results. The law obviously contemplated this fact, for it extends jurisdiction to the "several Circuit courts in the United States" in the section above quoted; in section seventy-five it sets forth that "when the ends of justice require that other parties should be brought before the court, the court may cause them to be summoned whether they reside in the district in which the court is held or not," and section seventy-six provides that "any property owned under any contract or by any combination, or pursuant to any conspiracy (and being the subject thereof) mentioned in section 73 of this act, and being in the course of transportation from one State to another, or to or from a Territory, or the District of Columbia, shall be forfeited to the United States, and may be seized and condemned by like proceedings as those provided by law for the forfeiture, seizure, and condemnation of property imported into the United States contrary to law."

These with the penal clause which provides, section seventy-seven, "that any person who shall be injured in his business or property by any other person or corporation by reason of anything forbidden or declared to be unlawful by this act may sue therefor in any Circuit court of the United States in the district in which the defendant resides or is found, without respect to the amount in controversy, and shall receive three-fold the damages by him sustained, and the costs of suit, including a reason-attorney's fee, comprises what Representative McMillan of Tennessee, in a speech made in the House on August 13, justly and properly characterized as "the most stringent law against trusts ever enacted in this country." The Times fully appreciates the vast saving to the people amounting to more than a thousand millions of dollars annually which the schedules of the new tariff bill afford, but it ventures the estimate that if Congress during its recent prolonged session had accomplished nothing else than this throttling of the trusts, the hydra headed monsters which were not only destroying the commerce and industries of the country, but were strangling the liberties of the people as well, it would have earned the eternal gratitude not only of the public of to-day but for all time.

WORLD'S CARNIVAL CITY.

St. Louis offers a continuous list of Attractions—Her Unrivaled Fall Festivities Commence Sept. 5th, and hold Full Sway until October, 1894.

The successful series of carnival seasons inaugurated by the citizens of St. Louis some fifteen years ago, continue as ever for the season of 1894, and from the morning September 5th to the evening of October 20th the city will be one scene of gayety and splendor. Many new, novel and unique features have been added to the long list of standing attractions, and from every point of view this reign of high carnival will outshine all previous attempts.

The St. Louis Exposition, the only one of its kind in the United States that has lived year after year with flattering results, will throw open its doors to the public September 5th, and remain in a state of activity until the evening of October 20th. Sousa's Grand Concert Band has been re-engaged for the season and will give the usual number of concerts during the afternoons and evenings. The entire Missouri Exhibit which appeared at the World's Fair will be transplanted here, and find space in the commodious building.

The exhibitors, both foreign and home, will present new ideas in displaying their goods, and, in addition to other features, a full complement of specialty artists will perform on the stage of the Music Hall.

The Great St. Louis Fair, which will open Monday, October 1st, and continue during the week, promises to afford many pleasant surprises. The "Midway Plaisance" feature at the World's Fair will be reproduced in full, and the people of the West and Southwest given an opportunity to see in real life the inhabitants of every civilized and uncivilized country on the face of the globe.

The "Streets of Cairo," "Old Vienna," "Moorish Palace," "Hagenbachs," "Ferris Wheel," etc., will be faithfully portrayed.

His Royal Highness, the Mighty Veiled Prophet and retinue, will enter the gates of the city on the evening of October 2d, and parade through the principal thoroughfares as of old. Visitors to the city will arrive at the handsome New Union Station, the largest railway edifice in the world, and the most perfect in every appointment. Great inducements to visit the Carnival City are offered via the Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain Route, from all points on the System.

For a complete programme, giving each week's attractions in detail, address any agent of the Company, or H. C. Townsend, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.