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Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**. The new vaginal system. For relief and cure. Restores health and vitality. Prevents dandruff and hair falling. Use and get the best results.

THEY CRUSH THE POWERS

This is written in mid-October. The long, oppressive summer is quite gone. Fading leaf, withering tree and the rustling corn in the fields are signs of the season. Fog, frost, rain, snow,—they are coming. You remember last winter; of 1920 and 1901. The weather was cruel. Ah! the thousands it killed, and the hundreds of thousands it maimed and crippled. Oh, the rough grasp it laid on men at work, women at home, and children in cribs and cradles. Coughs that began before Thanksgiving Day are racking and tearing them still; yes, and growing worse as they dig deeper into the poor, tired throat and lungs. Many were cured by using Benson's Porous Plasters. For the soothing and healing power of these Plasters is wonderful. They conquer the complaints.

THAT ARE KILLING THE PEOPLE.

No other plaster, no other medicine or application, can compare with them. Coughs, colds, backache, rheumatism, lumbago, kidney and liver troubles, asthma, influenza,—they all go down before Benson's Plasters like a snow image in the sun. You can't throw money away on a Benson's Plaster. Everybody is going to use them this season. But make certain you get the genuine. All druggists, or we will prepay postage on any number ordered in the United States on receipt of 25c. each. Seabury & Johnson, Mfg. Chemists, N.Y.

Aims To Out Down the Representation.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Representative Crumpacker of Indiana is very determined in his intention to force the house to take action looking toward the reduction of the representation in Congress from certain Southern States, it is alleged by him that the negroes do not have a chance to vote. The Indiana man headed a similar movement last year, but nothing came of it. He believes that he will have better success at this session, and that a bill will be passed establishing a new apportionment. Mr. Crumpacker talked of his plans to The Republic correspondent to-day as follows:

"Personally, my notion is that the representation of all States ought to be reduced where there has been a sufficient disfranchisement of male citizens to warrant it under the provisions of the Fourteenth constitutional amendment. There are several propositions pending before Congress at the present time having this for their object. One of them was introduced by Representative Moody of Massachusetts, one was presented by Representative Dick of Ohio, and yesterday I introduced a bill amending sections one and two of the apportionment law that was passed last winter. MEASURE WOULD AFFECT SIX STATES.

"My measure simply provides for a reduction of the membership from 396 to 372, taking off three from Alabama, one from Florida, three from Louisiana, two from Mississippi, three from North Carolina and two from South Carolina. I based this apportionment on the percentage of male citizens, 21 years of age and upward, that are disfranchised by State election laws.

"That there is discrimination of this kind, and to the extent indicated in my bill, can be determined with mathematical certainty, because the census returns show the exact number of disfranchisements in all the States."

In response to a question of whether or not he thought the movement to cut down representation from the South would cause sectional feeling similar to that produced by the Force bill of ten years ago, Mr. Crumpacker said:

"I think not, because if action be taken along the lines I proposed, it will be done in pursuance of an imperative requirement of the Constitution. It is not a discretionary matter with Congress, excepting, of course, that this is a political power, and there is no superior power to coerce it, but the Constitution peremptorily requires this kind of action. Therefore, there can be no deep-seated and permanent feeling of hostility on the part of the States to be affected."

DOES NOT FEAR THE RESULT.

When asked what would be the effect of such legislation upon the white men's party in the South, Mr. Crumpacker replied that he had little faith in an organization of this kind. "I have not given that question much consideration," he said, "because I have never had any faith in the white Republican party, in the South or anywhere else. The Republican party is not built upon color in the North and it cannot be done in the South.

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On South Side of Square.
17 lbs best granulated sugar.....\$1.00
3 cans corn......25
Tomatoes, per can......10
Coffee, per lb......10 to .35
Salmon, per can, best 12 1/2 and......15
Kraut, best, per gallon......20
Navy Beans, best, per lb......05
Six lbs Pink Beans......25
Bananas, per doz......20
Lemons, per doz......20
Oranges, per doz......50
Big Reduction in Queensware.
43-4t. J. B. PRIOR.

Its foundation is equality and its creed is manhood, regardless of race or color. It is an impossible thing that there should be a white Republican party anywhere.

"I am very hopeful of some decisive action, but whether it will be along the lines that I think most expedient or some other is a matter that I am not sure about. In view of the fact that there are several propositions of the same nature pending, I concluded that it would be better to have the whole question determined in a Republican caucus, and, therefore, have prepared and had signed a petition for the call of a caucus.

CAUCUS WILL DETERMINE MATTER.

"The caucus will determine what, if any, action will be taken upon the question of disfranchisement. It is likely that the caucus will not be called until after the holidays because a great many members wish to be away during the next two weeks, and it is desirable that there should be a full attendance.

"I have twice enough signatures to secure a caucus and the only thing that remains is to fix the date. Every man signed the petition who had an opportunity, except one, and he was a Republican of one of the Southern States, and probably feared he might be embarrassed, if he signed. Colonel Dick and Mr. Moody both signed and Senator Foraker. Senator Spooner and other influential members of the Senate are anxious that some decisive action shall be taken."

The Russian Gov.'s Part in the Spanish-American War.

Paris, Dec. 7.—The comments of the Parisian and country press on President Roosevelt's message, a two-column synopsis of which was prominently published in all the newspapers, are, on the whole, favorable. President Roosevelt's personality continues a subject of animated discussion in the political and literary circles of Parisian society. The daily and weekly newspapers reproduce with avidity extracts from articles published by American and English magazines relating to the president, and also the series of letters appearing in the London Times concerning Mr. Roosevelt, written by the correspondent of the Times at Washington.

One of the assertions made and accepted as a historical fact by a letter in the London Times, and by articles in American magazines, calls forth an emphatic contradiction from the most authoritative source. This statement is that a proposed demonstration against the United States and in favor

of Spain immediately previous to the Spanish-American war, was prevented by the British cabinet. This assertion is categorically denied by a personage in Paris, who enjoys the best possible opportunity of knowing the truth, and who made the following statement:

"When the French government, at the initiative of Austria, was approached with a proposal of common mediation between the United States and Spain, the reply of France was identical with that of England. This was that if all the European powers agreed to mediate, France would not wish to remain alone in refusing cooperation to preserve peace. But at this moment, most unexpectedly, Count Mouravieff, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, communicated to Count Villagonzalo, the Spanish ambassador at St. Petersburg, the absolute and formal refusal of Russia to mix in any way in the quarrel which did not concern Russian interests. This communication of Count Mouravieff was in the most emphatic, almost brutal, language, and it was this act of Russia, and not any measure taken by Lord Salisbury's cabinet, that rendered the alleged European demonstration against the United States impossible."

The repeated assertions now being circulated that Lord Salisbury's diplomacy demolished the proposed demonstration of continental Europe have obtained such credence, even in Paris, that M. Gabriel Hanotaux, of the French Academy, who, during the Spanish-American war, was the French minister of foreign affairs, was asked for further information to clear up this point of history. M. Hanotaux confirmed the above statement about Russian communication to the Spanish ambassador, and your correspondent has, moreover, received a letter from M. Hanotaux, dated December 4, in which the ex-minister of foreign affairs writes:

"The story about which you spoke to me has been contradicted twenty times. The United States government knows perfectly well the whole truth of the matter. Moreover, it accepted willingly the friendly offices of France at the moment of negotiations for peace. It seems to me impossible that public opinion in the United States should not now be quite as well aware of the real facts in this matter as is the United States department of state."

The laughing comedy, "Shooting The Chutes," which comes to the Opera House this Friday night has just closed an extremely successful series of performances in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Chicago, where they not only attracted large audiences and aroused the utmost enthusiasm, but made the most favorable impression on all the critics. In many respects this organization is pronounced superior to all other styles and classes of farce-comedy programs presented and has awakened new interests in this style of comedy, and shows that at last there is something fresh and novel with which to please and entertain the public. Murray and Mack have certainly caused much favorable comment, and the play has created discussion and lent new interest to farce comedy, and the visit of the "Chutes" to this city will certainly be an event of considerable magnitude in theatrical circles.