

## AMERICANS URGED TO SAVE MORE BEEF

### Substitution of Pork Suggested in Announcement by Food Administration.

## ARMY NEEDS GROW Public Eating Places and Householders Are Asked to Adopt New Program.

Further reduction in the consumption of beef by the substitution of pork in public eating places and in homes is asked by the Food Administration in order that the demands for beef for our own Army and those of the Allies may be supplied. The following announcement regarding the new beef conservation program was made this morning:

"The demands for beef for our own Army, the Allied armies and the civil population for this summer are beyond our present surplus. On the other hand, we have a sufficient increased supply of pork this summer to permit economical expansion in its use. It will therefore, be a direct service to our own Army and those of the Allies if our people would in some degree substitute fresh pork, bacon, hams and sausage for beef products.

"We request all hotels and restaurants not to place on their menus or serve boiled beef more than two meals weekly, beefsteak more than one meal weekly and roast beef more than one meal weekly. We ask householders under no circumstances to buy more than one and one-quarter pounds of clear beef weekly or one and one-half pounds, including the bone, for each person in the household.

"The public will realize that the changing conditions of production from season to season, the changing situation in shipping, and therefore of the market available to the Allies, and the increasing demands for our growing Army, with the fluctuating supply of local beef in France, all make it impossible to determine policies for long periods in advance.

"We have recently asked for economy in all meat consumption. We wish to emphasize now further reduction of beef by the substitution of pork. It is anticipated that this program will hold good until September 15. The co-operation of the public is most earnestly requested."

## SUGAR SALES LIMITED

### Beginning June 15, City Consumers Can Buy Only Two Pounds at a Time.

Recent sinkings by German submarines of sugar-laden ships and the difficulty of getting any more vessels for trips to the Philippines and more remote sugar markets have resulted in further restrictions being placed on sales of sugar to consumers.

F. B. Mumford, federal food administrator for Missouri, this morning announced that beginning June 15 sales to consumers in towns and cities must be limited to two pounds, instead of five, and to five pounds to rural customers instead of ten.

This ruling does not affect the amount allowed for canning and preserving purposes.

## TRIAL CASES DEFERRED

### Court Postpones Hearings, to Accommodate Busy Farmers.

At the suggestion of the Boone County Bar Association, which met this morning, Judge David H. Harris has agreed to defer the opening date for trial cases in the Circuit Court until July 1. The court will open Monday, according to schedule, but only formal business will be transacted.

The lawyers felt that country witnesses and jurors should not be called away from the harvest fields in such a busy time. The next two weeks will probably be as trying and busy a time for the farmers as any two weeks in the year, on account of the wheat and oats harvest. Many of the lawyers signified their willingness to go to the harvest fields themselves, if necessary.

## SPECIAL ELECTION TOMORROW

### Unexpired Term of Horace C. Smith to Be Filled.

A special election for city treasurer will be held tomorrow to fill out the unexpired term of Horace C. Smith, who has resigned to enter the Army.

The polling places will be as follows: First Ward, Belden Hall; Second Ward, Boone County Courthouse; Third Ward, Sapp Implement Company; Fourth Ward, W. K. Stone's garage. The polls will open at 6 o'clock in the morning and will close at sundown.

Eugene F. Ruether is the only candidate for the office.

Slater Superintendent Here. C. H. Hitebarn, superintendent of schools at Slater, has been visiting other high school teachers in Columbia for the summer session. He leaves today for his home at Slater.

## MAPS AND PICTURES WANTED

### Council of Defense Seeks Data on Territory Held by Germany.

The Missouri Council of Defense is endeavoring at the direction of the Council of National Defense to obtain for the United States Army and Navy pictures, maps and guide books of German-occupied territory on the Western front. The request is made to Commercial Clubs as follows:

"The War Department desires photographs, drawings, and descriptions of bridges, buildings, towns and localities now occupied by German forces in France, Belgium and Luxembourg, and likewise in that part of Germany lying west of the line running north and south through Hamburg.

"At the request of the War Department, the Council of National Defense asks you to secure all possible material of this character. A large quantity of material is desired and may be sent without sorting or without any attempt to avoid duplication. It will not be practicable to return the material to the contributors.

"All such material should be sent by parcel post or express to: Colonel A. B. Cox, 1156 Fifteenth street, Washington, D. C."

At the further direction of the Council of National Defense, the Missouri Council of Defense has undertaken to assist the War Plans Division of the General Staff of the Army in compiling a complete pictorial history of the War.

For this purpose there is desired all pictures and photographs that show the departure of local troops to the training camps, or to the points of embarkation; the activities of local war relief societies, including the Red Cross and food administrations; the arrests of enemy aliens and suspects; the destruction of property attributable to enemy activities; sales and campaign for government bonds and war stamps; visits of foreign officials; military equipment and methods of manufacture of equipment; the drilling of home defense organizations; draft scenes; enlisting scenes; entertaining of troops and photographs of local commissions, boards and committees engaged in public service, in connection with the war; scenes of loyalty gatherings.

## HAS 5 CAUSES FOR EXEMPTION

### St. Louis Man Is Unskilled, Skilled and Necessary Industrial Worker.

By Associated Press. ST. LOUIS, June 13.—No one can deny that Robert Wardfield of this city did not make a thorough effort to obtain exemption from military service. His questionnaire recently examined by the district appeal board, states that he has the right to be in all classes except the go-to-camp class. Following is his claim:

Class 1F—unskilled industrial laborer. Class 2D—necessary skilled industrial laborer. Class 2D—necessary skilled industrial laborer in a necessary industrial enterprise. Class 3B—dependent aged or infirm parents. Class 4A—wife and children mainly dependent upon him for support. Class 5B—totally and permanently physically or mentally unfit for military service. Under the last claim he states he has a fractured knee which is "chronic."

Wardfield is a foundry worker.

## HERE FOR WIFE'S FUNERAL

### Raymond Parmer, Aviation Cadet, Comes from Kelly Field, Tex.

Raymond Parmer, husband of Mrs. Jessie Parmer, who died June 11 at the home of her brother, Homer Frost, 223 West Ash street, arrived at 2 o'clock this morning to attend the funeral, which will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Mr. Parmer came here on a furlough from Kelly Field, Tex., where he is a cadet in aviation.

Mrs. Parmer had lived in Columbia since 1904. She leaves one son, Sydney, 3 years old. Other surviving relatives are her mother, Mrs. Laura Frost; three brothers, Homer, Ernest and Russell Frost, and a sister, Mrs. W. J. Kinsler.

## BOLSHEVIKI MAY SEND ENVOY

### Reported That Minister to Sweden Will Be Assigned to U. S.

By Associated Press. LONDON, June 13.—It is reported in Copenhagen, according to a Daily Mail dispatch from that city, that M. Vorovsky-Odovosky, Bolshevik minister to Sweden, is to go to Washington as a representative of the Bolshevik government. The minister is now in Berlin.

## Would Raise Recognition Question.

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, June 13.—The appearance in Washington of a formal representative of the Bolshevik government would present the issue of the question of recognition of the Bolsheviks by the United States Government.

## Professor Gibbs on Furlough.

Prof. W. C. Gibbs of the Bible college has received a year's leave of absence. He will leave Monday for the University of Chicago, where he will take work toward a doctor's degree.

## Son to Mr. and Mrs. John Nowell.

A son, weighing ten pounds, was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. John Nowell. He has been named John, Jr., after his father, who is with an American base hospital unit in France.

## HE WOULD PUT HOE IN KAISER'S HANDS

### Harry F. Ward's Idea of Punishing the Autocrats of Germany.

## AT THE CROSSROADS

### U. S. Must Decide Between Ideal of Possession and Ideal of Service.

An English theologian has said that as soon as the kaiser of Germany has been captured he should be hanged as high as Haman to restore the confidence of the people of the world in peace, but Harry F. Ward of Union Theological Seminary, in the last address of a series of three, given last night in the Agricultural Auditorium, said that a better way to treat him and all his family and advisers would be to pull off the brass buttons, the gold lace and broadcloth and to dress them in good American overalls place hoes in their hands and put them to work earning a living, for once in their lives.

Mr. Ward said that it was a mistake to think that Germany had her best men in control of the government, that they were human parasites, and that he could pick a half-dozen American young men from subordinate positions who could do a better job of ruling Germany than the Kaiser's six sons. He brought to attention the fact, however, that in our own country many a young man's best job is being the old man's son. He would warn America that financial plutocrats are no better than military plutocrats, that our present social system does not develop our really strong men, because our ideals of possession have obscured our creative instincts.

## Conflicting Ideals.

Mr. Ward said that we could not hope to destroy the advocates of class power in Germany, and allow them to multiply here. He said that around the peace conference table would sit the advocates of the possessive instinct and the advocates of the ideal of service. The social value of the war would be determined by which group wins. History would judge us by the terms of settlement. Those who established the peace must establish it on the basis not only of equal rights to all men, but of equal rights to all nations. The result must not be an exploitation of the backward people of the world.

Mr. Ward believed that if the ideal of possession and power in the matter of wealth seized this country as it seized Germany in a military way, America, with all its vast resources of men and raw materials in excess of all other nations, would become one of the most imperialistic and tyrannical nations that ever existed in history. The true principles of democracy are equal rights and equal service. If America adopts this ideal of democracy, he said she would perform the greatest good of all nations in history. She had the choice; she was now at the cross roads in the valley of decision.

## Democracy of Jesus.

After the war, continued the speaker, the people of the whole world must be bound by ideals of co-operative service in the kind of democracy that Jesus would establish when he lay down the precept that he who would be greatest must be the servant of all. The ideals of that democracy are not the amassing of material wealth, but the attainment of human welfare. These ideals strive to check the will to power and encourage the strong to bear the burdens of the weak.

Never in history, according to Mr. Ward, has religion had the opportunity of strengthening the intelligence and the will of the people as it has at the present moment when millions of people have assembled from all over the world to fight on the battlefields of Europe. The great question is, Shall militarism continue on the earth or be abolished? If it continues anywhere, it must continue everywhere.

In Germany education and religion have been the tools of a militaristic predatory state. The world must rescue them from this bondage, but must not make the fatal mistake of transferring them to the service of a predatory economic imperialism in countries that attempt to appropriate to themselves the commerce and resources of the entire world after the war.

## Railway Control Considered.

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, June 13.—The time within which the President may relinquish control of any railroad or transportation system would be extended from July 1 next to January 1, 1919, by a joint resolution introduced today by Chairman Sims of the House Interstate Commerce Committee.

## To Hear Reports of Conference.

The Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church will meet at the church at 10:30 o'clock tomorrow morning to hear the delegates' reports on the annual conference at Chillicothe. The delegates are Mrs. Ira C. McDonnell and Mrs. J. M. Dysart.

## AMERICAN ARTILLERY AGAIN PROVES WORTH

### Excellence of Fire Leads to Taking of 400 Prisoners by the Marines.

## OFFICERS CAPTURED

### Several Germans Express Desire to Come to United States After War.

## Casualties of U. S. Forces.

The following statement is authorized by the War Department: This is the first official summary of the total number of casualties to date, including the list of 196 given out June 9, of the American Expeditionary Forces.

Killed in action (including 291 at sea) ..... 1,033  
Died of wounds ..... 210  
Died of disease ..... 1,192  
Died of accident and other causes ..... 392  
Wounded in action ..... 4,046  
Missing in action (including prisoners) ..... 342  
Total ..... 7,315

By Associated Press.

## WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 12 (Wednesday).

The excellence of American artillery fire was largely responsible for the capture by American Marines of approximately 400 prisoners in a fight which resulted in the clearing out of Belleau Wood, northwest of Chateau Thierry.

The Germans, who had been told to avoid capture because the Americans would torture them, started running after the American machine gun fire had made the wood untenable. The artillery barrage, however, was so perfect that the Germans were cut off from escaping.

Among the prisoners were six officers—a major, a captain and four lieutenants. All were poorly clad and some had pieces of bread tied to their uniforms with string. The prisoners said they were glad to be captured, and several expressed the desire to come to the United States to live after the war.

All the German plans call for the end of the war next fall. All the prisoners expressed admiration of the fighting qualities of the Americans.

## READY FOR GREAT SACRIFICE

### Americans in France Eager to Give Every Aid Possible.

By Associated Press. LONDON, June 13.—The American Army is prepared, if necessary, to make a greater sacrifice, a more dramatic and startling one than that involved in the brigading of the American troops with the French and British forces, the correspondent of the Daily Mail with the American Army in France telegraphs.

The Americans regret that more trained Americans are not available to assist France and the correspondent says he has never seen men so willing to sacrifice themselves.

## ONE PRESIDENT TO ANOTHER

### Poincare Expresses Admiration of America's Efforts.

By Associated Press. PARIS, June 13.—On the anniversary of the arrival of the first American troops in France, President Poincare cabled to President Wilson and expressed his admiration and the admiration of France at the magnificent effort put forth by the Americans and the bravery of the American troops.

## BAKER ANSWERS VON STEIN

### Wait Till We Hear From General Foch, He Counsels.

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, June 13.—Secretary Baker's answer today of the statement of General Von Stein, the Prussian War Minister, was:

"That is the opinion of General Von Stein. The opinion of General Foch, which is much more important, has not been heard yet. The confidence of the American people is unshaken."

General Von Stein declared in a speech to the Reichstag that the Foch reserve "no longer exists."

## WIRE STRIKE HELD NECESSARY

### Labor Federation Asks Wilson to Take Over Telegraph Lines.

By Associated Press. ST. PAUL, June 13.—Resolutions alleging the necessity of calling a strike of all union telegraphers to enforce the recent decision of the War Labor Board, and asking President Wilson to take over immediately the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies, were adopted today by the American Federation of Labor.

## New Names on Home Guard Roll.

J. M. Eichelberger and Frank Clifford are new names added to the roster of the Home Guard unit being raised here. I. C. Adams had not heard from Jefferson City this morning concerning Columbia's application.

## THE WEATHER

For Columbia and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Friday; warmer tonight. For Missouri: Generally fair tonight and Friday, warmer tonight.

Weather Conditions. Showers have fallen along the Gulf coast and on the Atlantic coast from North Carolina to New England, and light showers occurred in the northern Rocky Mountain states, but there was no rain in the Plains and Central Valleys. Fair skies prevail this morning in the principal grain states, and wheat harvest is progressing in Southern Illinois, Southern Missouri, Kansas, and Oklahoma under favorable conditions.

Pleasant temperatures prevailed during the past 24 hours in all sections. The cool wave, however, is about spent, and the tendency now is to higher temperatures during the next two or three days in the Plains and Central Valleys.

## Local Data.

The highest temperature in Columbia yesterday was 86; and the lowest last night was 60. Rainfall 0.00. Relative humidity noon yesterday was 44 per cent. A year ago yesterday the highest temperature was 88 and the lowest was 72. Rainfall 0.17.

(Summer Time) Sun rose today, 5:42 a. m. Sun sets 8:35 p. m. Moon sets 11:59 p. m.

## The Temperatures Today.

7 a. m.	62	11 a. m.	77
8 a. m.	66	12 noon	79
9 a. m.	69	1 p. m.	81
10 a. m.	73	2 p. m.	85

## FLY THE FLAG TOMORROW!

### June 14 Is Anniversary of Adoption of Stars and Stripes.

Tomorrow is Flag Day, the anniversary of the official adoption of the Stars and Stripes as the national emblem.

It was on June 14 1777 that the Continental Congress resolved "that the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation."

Throughout the country the day will be celebrated with appropriate exercises. It is urged that the flag be flown from every home and business house. The Columbia Elks will have special services at their club house in the evening.

## DUNMORE UNABLE TO COME

### Condition of Wound Compels Speaker to Cancel Local Engagement.

On account of the condition of his wound, received in the fighting in Flanders last autumn, Lord Dunmore has been forced to cancel many of his speaking engagements and will be unable to come to Columbia tomorrow night.

Lord Dunmore arrived in St. Louis yesterday in no condition to continue his tour. The extremely hot weather of the last few days has caused a relapse. A telegram received last night said Lord Dunmore has found it necessary to cancel his engagements in Kansas City and Columbia and all other cities in Missouri except St. Louis and St. Joseph. He will go to St. Joseph the first of next week if the condition of his wound permits.

## FROM PRIVATE TO MAJOR

### Murray Davis, LL.B., '09, Is Judge Advocate of Courts-Martial Division.

On June 13, 1913, Major Murray Davis, LL.B., 1909, University of Missouri, was a private in Company K of the old Third Regiment of the Missouri National Guard; on June 13, 1918, he is a major with the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

Before enlisting, Major Murray was a law partner of Judge William Thompson in Kansas City. He had risen to the rank of lieutenant and later became captain of Company L. Shortly before he went over-seas he took a competitive examination for major, passed, and was appointed judge advocate of the general courts-martial of his division. He is 39 years old.

## DRAFT BOARD CALLS FIVE MEN

### They Will Be Sent to Emergency Training School at University.

The local draft board received a call this morning from Adjutant Colonel McCord to send five men to the emergency training school beginning at the University of Missouri Saturday.

The following have been chosen to attend the school: W. L. Barrett, Columbia, tractor; Carl D. Hoersch, Columbia, machine; James Porter Fox, Columbia, truck-driving; Henry M. Hewitt, Perry, Ia., and Henry Thomas Smith, Columbia, truck driving.

These men must report to the commanding officer in a body Saturday.

## MEN AVAILABLE FOR HARVEST

### Farmers in Need Are Asked to Apply to War Office.

Since the Boone County Council of Defense has taken over the duty of finding available help for harvest needs, some twenty or thirty men are now ready to go to the farms when called upon. These men are listed at the Boone County war activities office and farmers needing men are asked to communicate with this office. Call by telephone (245 White) or in person at Room 411, Gunter Bldg.

Farmers who will need help later on should apply now, in order to facilitate the work at the war office. One-third of the men who have applied for work have been placed. The following farmers have been served by the bureau: C. W. Sappington, S. L. Meyer, Francis Russell, William McDonald, Mrs. Miller, C. E. Hobar and Mrs. Ted Conley.

## Demonstration Agents Meet.

Women county demonstration agents are holding a conference this week at Schweitzer Hall. Between twenty-five and thirty are in attendance.

## GERMANS HURLED BACK ACROSS MATZ

### Advance Toward Compeigne Checked by French, Who Hold South Bank.

## PROGRESS IS SLOW

### Southwest of Soissons Invaders Gained Less Than Mile on 3-Mile Front.

By Associated Press.

The German forces which succeeded in crossing the Matz River west of the Oise on the battle front south of Noyon have been hurled back to the northern bank of the river and checked in their advance toward Compeigne. The French are well established on the southern bank.

The enemy has not renewed his attack on the line from Courcelles to Antheuil, where on Tuesday, by a brilliant counter-attack, the French swept back the invaders and re-established the French line on the plateau overlooking the center of the German positions. This places many of the Germans' most important lines of communication under the direct fire of the French artillery.

East of the Oise, the French have withdrawn south of Carlepont, but continue to protect Laigue wood along a line which is very strong.

The attack on the front southwest of Soissons is making gradual progress, but appears to be too slow to realize the Germans' plan of cutting in behind Compeigne Forest and outflanking the French positions to the north. On this front so far, the Germans have made less than a mile progress on a front of about three miles.

The Germans last night made a violent attack on the American lines northwest of Chateau Thierry. The Americans held the enemy and are reported to have inflicted heavy losses. In the Flanders salient, the British have improved their position at Meris on the western angle of the battle line. The French have extended their line near Ypres.

## TO MOVE TROOPS FROM RUSSIA

### Petrograd Paper Asserts General Von Falkenhayn Says So.

By Associated Press. LONDON, June 13.—Germany is about to withdraw the bulk of her troops now in Russia for service on the western front, Maxim Gorky's Petrograd newspaper, the Novaya Zhizn, is quoted as saying by the Daily News correspondent at Stockholm.

The paper claims to have the text of a dispatch sent by General Von Falkenhayn, former chief of the German General staff. He says that in the dispatch, the general declared the battles on the western front were critical and decisive, and that in order to win definite victories and the end of the war, an enormous force would be necessary.

## AUSTRIAN BATTLESHIPS SUNK

### Italian Captain Describes Work of Attacking Motor Boats.

By Associated Press. VENICE, June 12 (Wednesday).—Captain Rizzo gives a graphic statement of an encounter which resulted in the sinking of one Austrian battleship and the damaging or destruction of another, by Italian motor boats.

"Just before daylight, when we were coming from our patrol, I discovered two enemy battleships surrounded by ten destroyers," he said, "I assigned the second battleship to the other motor boat and took the first one myself.

"I slipped inside the line of destroyers in the light fog. My first torpedo hit the dreadnaught between the two funnels and the second hit just aft the second funnel.

"I escaped between the second and third destroyers, but the fourth saw me and gave chase."

## ALLIES EXCEL IN GAS WARFARE

### Better Both on Offense and Defense, Says Chief of Chemistry Bureau.

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, June 13.—The Allies now excel the Germans in gas warfare. Carl L. Aisberg, chief of the bureau of chemistry, today told the Senate Agricultural Committee. Not only do they more gas at their disposal and apply it with more effect than the Germans, but in defensive warfare they have more improved gas masks.

## Tobacco More Deadly Than Gas.

By Associated Press. AMSTERDAM, June 13.—The tobacco substitute supplied to the German army is more injurious than gas attacks, Deputy Mueller of Meiningen declared in the Reichstag on Tuesday. Beech leaves are the principal ingredient of the substitute and further deliveries to the army have been stopped.

## To Talk on Food Saving.

Speakers for a series of food conservation lectures met yesterday in St. Charles, to plan the work which will be taken up in their lectures on next Sunday. There are forty-four speakers in all and they will talk in twenty-two towns in St. Charles County.