

THE MANILA ENGAGEMENT.

M. Patenotre Sends an Account of the Combat to Washington Based on Spanish Official Advices.

COMMODORE DEWEY TO BE SUPPORTED.

At the Cabinet Meeting at Washington It Was Determined to Send the Troops Necessary to Occupy the Philippine Islands, Together with Supplies, from the Pacific Slope.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The French ambassador, M. Jules Cambon, has received a dispatch from the foreign office at Paris stating that the French ambassador at Madrid, M. Patenotre, has forwarded official details of the Spanish reverse at Manila. M. Patenotre's special was based on the latest Spanish official advices. It states that the Spanish cruisers Reina Maria Christina and Castilla were totally burned up after being set on fire by bombs from the enemy's (American) ships. Two of the smaller Spanish ships, the dispatch states, were sunk in order to avoid falling into the hands of the enemy. The other Spanish ships were half destroyed and had taken refuge in Bakers bay. The British embassy has received no reports of any character as to the Manila battle, so that there is no basis for the statements that the state department has been informed by British officials here that Manila has surrendered to Commodore Dewey. In the absence of specific advices from Manila members of the diplomatic corps are discussing with great interest the future course of the United States toward the Philippines. They do not doubt that the islands will be occupied by the American forces, if, indeed, the occupation has not already occurred. The only question on this point is said to be the number of men Commodore Dewey can spare from his fleet to make up a landing party sufficient to hold Manila and other points, when large garrisons of Spanish troops are there. It is the future of the Philippines, however, which most interests the foreign authorities here. As to this, a leading diplomatic official said it was unfortunate at this juncture that the assertion was made by leading men here that the Philippines would be taken and held at least until the war ended, when they might be sold to Great Britain or Japan. He pointed out that while this course might be a wise one in due time, yet its announcement now only served to awaken European powers at a moment when it was needless and impolitic to excite resentments in those quarters. There was no principle of international law, he said, which kept a victorious nation from enjoying its fruit of warfare by holding territory gained in battle.

Commodore Dewey to Be Supported.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The cabinet meeting today resulted in a decision to await a report from Commodore Dewey and then to send him the number of troops he deems necessary to enforce our control of the Philippines. The whole session was consumed in a general discussion of past events. The administration has practically decided to occupy the Philippines with a strong military force as soon as possible after Commodore Dewey's report, which is expected by tomorrow, has been received. For this purpose Pacific slope troops will be used and it is expected that at least 5,000 will be en route within the next ten days. There does not seem to be any doubt as to the government's purpose to hold these islands pending a final settlement with Spain, when they will be used as a collateral to secure the payment to the United States of a war indemnity. High officials are of opinion that none of the powers will seriously dispute our right to make such final disposition of the islands as suits our purpose in the enforcement of war claims against Spain, and in any event this government will be prepared to contest any point which may be raised on this score. As indicated in Secretary Long's request today for an emergency appropriation the government will take steps at once to supply Commodore Dewey's fleet with provisions and other supplies, including ammunition and coal, and to this end will dispatch at the earliest possible moment a sufficient number of ships to supply amply all possible needs of the Asiatic squadron.

MONEY FOR THE NAVY.

Secretary Long Gives Figures Showing Where \$15,000,000 Can Be Used in Addition to Alger's Request.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The secretary of the navy has sent to the secretary of the treasury for transmission to congress, to be included in the urgent deficiency bill, estimates of appropriations required by the navy department to complete the service of the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year, ending June 30, 1899, amounting to \$18,480,000. This is in addition to the \$34,019,998 asked for last week by the secretary of war. The items specified are as follows: Coast signal system, etc., \$75,000; equipment of vessels, including coal, etc., \$1,000,000; steam machinery, labor and material for repairing vessels, etc., \$1,245,000; construction and repairs of vessels, etc., \$1,500,000; ordnance and ordnance stores, etc., \$400,000; for purchase of contingent stores, transportation of supplies, etc., \$288,800,000; same for 1899, \$200,000; provisions, labor, pay offices, etc., 1898, \$1,000,000; same for 1899, \$2,000,000.

Rich Man to Join Gomez.

NEW YORK, May 3.—William Astor Chandler, a successful lawyer and multi-millionaire, has departed from New York with three companions with the avowed intention of joining the forces of Gen. Gomez, the Cuban insurgent leader in Cuba, and to do what fighting he can for the cause of Cuba Libre.

ALL WAR NEWS SUPPRESSED.

Publication of Movements of Spanish Navy or Other News Prohibited in Madrid—Cabinet Crisis Imminent.

MADRID, May 3.—The proclamation of martial law issued by the governor general expressly prohibits the publication of any news concerning the war or the movements of ships of the Spanish navy. The principal newspapers advise calmness, "so as to avoid the unpatriotic spectacle of disturbances when Spain's united forces are required to avenge recent losses." Much attention centers in debates in the chamber and senate, which will be raised by the republicans and Carlists, who propose to hold the government responsible for the country's present position. Nobody will listen to a proposal of peace until Spain has had another chance of measuring her strength with that of the United States.

The Imparcial (independent) and the Liberal (moderate republican) insist that the cabinet crisis has only been postponed for a few hours. At the opening of business in the cortes a vote of censure against the minister of marine, Adm. Bermejo, will be proposed, as a result of the crushing defeat of the Spanish fleet in the Philippine islands and the alleged unpreparedness of the fleet for the engagement. The government is preparing to reply to all questions on the subject. Gen. Weyler, the former captain general of Cuba, is expected to initiate the anti-government debate in the senate.

TO REPEL SPANISH FLEET.

United States Has Reason to Fear an Attack on Our Coast Cities to Retaliate for Loss of Philippines.

NEW YORK, May 3.—A dispatch to the New York Herald from Washington says: Fearing an attack on the seaports of the north Atlantic coast by the Spanish men-of-war now on their way to western waters, Secretary Alger has taken steps to further improve the coast defenses. There is excellent authority for the statement that the administration fears that Spanish men-of-war will appear at some port on the coast and attempt to retaliate for the loss of the Philippine islands by doing as much damage as possible and, when this work has been completed, sail with all speed to Porto Rico and, if necessary, fight their way into San Juan, the capital.

SPAIN WILL NOT QUIT.

Intends to Throw the Whole United Naval Strength into One Supreme Effort to Crush American Fleet.

LONDON, May 3.—It is announced from Madrid that there is no idea of surrender there, either in ministerial circles or among the populace. On the contrary, it is added, the war is to be pursued with greater vigor. It is even stated by those who are responsible for the naval movements that it has been determined to avoid isolated combats on unequal terms and with a superior enemy, and that they now intend to throw the whole united naval strength of Spain into one supreme effort to crush the American squadron in Cuban waters. Continuing, the dispatch says: "Until an engagement is fought no proposal for intervention will be listened to."

TUESDAY'S HOUSE.

The Sale of Public Lands in Missouri—Private Bills Considered—Resolution for Promoting Commodore Dewey.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—In his prayer today the chaplain of the house gave thanks for the victory won by the fleet and prayed that it might be the means of leading to an early end of the war. The house passed the senate bill with an amendment for the sale of public lands in Missouri. The house voted to insist upon its amendment to the bill providing for the organization of a navy battalion in the District of Columbia and agreed to a conference. The consideration of private bills was then begun. A resolution was introduced by Mr. Groun, authorizing the president to nominate Commodore Dewey to the senate for admiral.

Six Days Enough for Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 3.—Regarding the statement of the war department that no troops would be maintained more than six days before they should be mustered, Gov. Leedy said: "The federal government is superior to me and whatever it says goes, of course. I have informed the federal authorities that I would be ready to turn the Kansas troops over to them next Tuesday."

Thirteen Victims of a Missouri Cyclone.

HUMANSVILLE, Mo., May 3.—News has just reached here that a tornado passed over Jerico, Cedar county, 25 miles from here, demolishing many buildings. The loss of life was 13. Ten are seriously injured. The tornado also swept Walnut Grove, carrying away 10 houses and injuring a woman. At Waublean buildings were wrecked and many injured.

Four Kansans with Dewey.

NEWTON, Kan., May 3.—Harvey county has four young men in the Pacific squadron, Commodore Dewey's fleet. They are: Cliff McDonald, engineer on the Baltimore; Charles Carvannah, gunner, William Hamann, assistant, both of the Olympia, and Charles Framme, on the Baltimore. All were born in this county.

A Bridge Jumper's Body Found.

ERIC, Kan., May 3.—M. B. Mullaney, who jumped from the Humboldt bridge into the Neosho river in Allen county last Monday, was found floating in the river at Shaw. The body had been in the water a week.

The Official Call Made.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 3.—J. Mack Love, chairman, and W. H. L. Peppers, secretary of the state democratic central committee, have issued the official call for the state democratic convention at Atchison June 15.

DEWEY TO BE PROMOTED.

The Commodore Will Soon Be Made an Admiral in Recognition of His Victory at Manila.

FUNDS FOR TRANSPORTING TROOPS.

No Money at the Disposal of the War Department for the Expedition to Cuba Until Congress Appropriates Some—Ridiculous Story of the Spaniards About Petroleum Bombs.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Secretary Long announced today that as soon as the department received any official report from Commodore Dewey, confirming the press accounts of his victory in the battle of Manila, a cablegram would be sent to the officer congratulating him upon the splendid performance of the American fleet under his direction. Moreover, said the secretary, as soon as the necessary confirmation is at hand, Commodore Dewey will be made an admiral in recognition of his valor. This will be accomplished immediately by an executive order designating him acting admiral, just as was done in the case of Capt. Sampson. Later on he probably will be nominated to the senate in the usual course for promotion to the rank of admiral.

There was no word from either diplomatic or naval sources at the beginning of business at the departments today concerning the engagement of Commodore Dewey last Sunday. This is no matter of surprise to the naval officers, for they realize that Commodore Dewey cannot spare one of his small fleet to use as a dispatch boat in communicating with the government at Hong Kong and their main dependence is upon some merchant vessel which may be incoming from the island. It was hoped, however, that the state department might be able to secure some information that would allay the growing anxiety as to the extent of the losses suffered by the American fleet. It is believed that several of the European governments besides Great Britain received a good deal of information from their consuls at Manila respecting the battle before cable connection was broken off, but so far as known none of them, save the British, have shown a disposition to meet the desire of the American government for news of an official character.

A most emphatic denial is given at the navy department to published statements that the department has declined to spare a couple of naval vessels to convey the transports which will carry the troops from Florida to the Cuban port selected as the place for beginning the offensive campaign. On the contrary, it is said, that the navy has done its full share so far in the execution of the plans of the campaign and stands ready to do whatever it is called upon to do, as soon as the military authorities notify the navy department of their plans and the extent to which the navy is expected to co-operate. It is believed that the true explanation of the delay in sending out the advance military expedition is to be found in the letter of Gen. Miles read in the senate yesterday, in which he declared that all the \$50,000,000 war fund appropriation having been expended or allotted, there was absolutely no money at the disposal of the war department to pay the necessary expense of the expedition.

In the expectation that congress will relieve the situation by promptly passing the necessary appropriation, the war department officials are now calculating on the departure of the expedition within a very few days. None of the stories coming from Spanish sources as to the battle of Manila appear quite so ridiculous to naval eyes as the solemn statement that Commodore Dewey fired Manila by the use of petroleum bombs. As a matter of fact there is no such weapon of warfare in the American navy. The ordinary service shell is very much more destructive and quite as capable of causing a fire among combustible material as any contrivance based upon the use of petroleum. This is plainly shown by the destruction of ships through fires caused by service shells during the Japan-Chinese war. It was a disclosure of the great danger to men-of-war thus brought prominently forward that led Secretary Herbert to order reduced to a minimum all the woodwork on American warships and to have all of this wood fireproof. One of the first results of the battle of Manila, therefore, is likely to be the cessation of the efforts which had been making for some time past to abandon the fireproofing treatment of woodwork because of certain minor inconveniences from the use of wood so treated.

Advised to Sue for Peace.

LONDON, May 3.—Lord Salisbury and Ambassador Hay had a conference of over an hour yesterday morning. Afterward Prince Hatzfeld, the Austrian ambassador, and Lord Salisbury also had a conference. Lord Salisbury suggested to the ambassador from Austria that it might be advisable to send a collective note to Spain, intimating that enough had been done to satisfy her honor and that the time had come when it would be advisable to sue for peace.

Peffer Will Be an Editor Again.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., May 3.—The Independence Star and Kansas, which has been in the hands of a receiver since January, was sold yesterday, being bid in by A. T. Cox for \$2,500. Senator Peffer will edit the paper, and it will continue as a populist paper. H. W. Young, the former editor, will start up a new paper in a short time.

An Unconformist Report.

NEW YORK, May 3.—A Wall street news exchange says Manila has surrendered and that the stars and stripes now wave over the Philippines.

Four Cardinal Points



Will be found in the garments of every really well-dressed man.

The material must be of the best
Fitting must be perfect
Style must be Up-to-Date
And, finally, the
Workmanship and Trimmings
Must be Neat and Durable.

It is by uniting these points in EVERY garment they make, and by "sticking at it" for more than 22 years, that

M. BORN & CO.

The Great Chicago Merchant Tailors

Have reached the proud position of being the acknowledged leading Custom Tailors in America.

You can make no mistake in ordering your clothes of this firm. Everything they furnish or do is guaranteed. No fancy prices are charged. No order is delayed or neglected. And you can make your selection from the world's choice of patterns.

CALL ON

American Clothing House,

Palace Hotel Corne.

Passaic Items

Well, another month is past and gone, never to return. We have had a great deal of rain, which was very beneficial to the young meadows sown this spring. May has just stepped in with a very fine rain which is very nice on oats and flax.

Our friend Lockard has just finished planting eighty acres of corn, and will plant ninety acres more this coming week.

The Odea Bros. will plant about 200 acres; there will be a larger crop of corn planted this year than ever before in the history of Bates. Corn planters are running in every direction, every farmer seems to be putting in his best fields. Corn is equal to the silver dollar, getting very scarce.

Uncle Wm Walls is under the treatment of a Kansas City doctor who thinks he will have him up in a few weeks. He seems to be cheerful; we hope to be able to see him out again shaking hands with friends.

We are sorry to notice that in the neighborhood of Virginia they had a very heavy hail storm that almost ruined their gardens and oats.

We had the pleasure of meeting I M Smith of Deepwater, candidate for recorder. He is making a splendid canvass all along the line; he is making warm friends wherever he goes. The candidates have been quite numerous this past week. All are fine looking men and we are sorry that some of them will have to be left out in the cold.

Col Sharp has made a splendid canvass and also a host of friends throughout the county; he thinks his prospects are bright for his future success. If he goes to the legislative halls we shall hear from him, as he will work for the interests of the people who sent him.

We had the pleasure of meeting Mr. S Jenkins the other day in our little village. He reports everything all right in his neighborhood; the farmers are all in good spirits over their good crop outlook.

Wm Findlay put a very neat wire fence for Wm Crews last week. He is doing a good deal of that kind of work and does it well.

Virginia Items.

We write what we hear the Virginians say is true: Dear Reader, don't blame us if we hear 'em say what happens 'em.

James Drysdale of Butler, came out Wednesday of last week and had his father's estate appraised. He is administrator.

Jerry Simpson a Pensioner.

Jerry Simpson, the most prominent populist congressman from Kansas, has been fortunate enough to secure a pension for himself while representing his people in the halls of congress. This may account for his ominous silence in the halls of the national legislature when pension matters are up for discussion. He served in the army three months and fourteen days; but it was not until Feb'y 13, 1896, (thirty-four years after his discharge) that his disabilities were discovered to be such as entitled him to a pension. Now he draws \$12.00 per month. The record in the pension bureau is as follows:

"Original claim No. 1,173,907. Certificate No 915464 Jeremiah Simpson, Medicine Lodge, Kas. Applied February 12, 1895; served from April 17, 1861, to August 1, 1861. Alleged disability, disease of the digestive organs, liver trouble and rheumatism. No medical record. Examined by the third board, Washington, D. C., Feb'y. 13, 1896.—Ex-

they will be ready for work. We notice that Cart Wallace has three boys in the band. Cart himself loves to sing; they all sing when out in field at work.

Politicians are getting warned up in our township; they expect to have an old-fashioned convention at Virginia next Saturday.

Monday night at Virginia all the talk was war. Quite a number of the farmers gathered in to hear the war news.

Rev W Pyle will preach at Virginia next Sunday at 11 and at Mount Carmel at 4 o'clock.

Some of our young folks made a trip south last week came back well pleased with their visit.

Ed Dudley is buying chickens and eggs every day and expects to make a trip to Kansas City as soon as the roads get better.

J W Hall of Butler was in our city Monday.

Some of our Virginia folks visited dentist Huffman at Adrian last week and had some dental work done they report him a good workman and has a nice office.

Miss Mattie Park, who has been visiting relatives at Butler for sometime, returned home last week.

Judge Wolfe and Charley Morrison have offered their services as captain of the Virginia volunteers.

AARON.

THE DEMOCRATIC SUBSTITUTE.

It Provided for an Income Tax and Was Killed in Committee by a Party Vote.

Washington, April 26.—At the meeting of the ways and means committee today, Mr Bailey, on behalf of the democratic minority, offered the substitute agreed upon by them for the proposition in the bill authorizing the issue of \$500,000,000 coin bonds. It provided for an income tax of 3 per cent on incomes from all sources in excess of \$2000. State, county and municipal bonds, however, were excepted from its provision, to meet the unanimous decision of the supreme court in this respect. The minority estimated that such an income tax would raise \$100,000,000. Coupled with it was the proposition to coin the silver seigniorage, which at present amounts to \$42,000,000. The substitute was voted down by a party vote. No amendments were offered to other provisions of the bill, owing to the lack of time.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE. We are authorized to announce JAS. N. SHAW, as candidate for Representative of Bates county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce J. ELLIS, of Deepwater township, as candidate for Representative, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY. We are authorized to announce HARRY C. CLARK, of Mt. Pleasant township, as candidate for Prosecuting Attorney, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF. We are authorized to announce E. C. MIDD, of East Boone township, as candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce D. D. PEELER, of Hudson township, as candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COUNTY CLERK. We are authorized to announce W. M. CRAWFORD, as candidate for County Clerk, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce S. R. BRIDGEMAN, of Oage township, candidate for County Clerk, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce S. W. S. CHILDS, of Mt. Pleasant township, as candidate for County Clerk, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK. We are authorized to announce C. W. WHITE, of Shawnee township, candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce G. G. HENRY, of Pleasant Gap township, candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce JOHN P. TRUMAN, of Oage township, as candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR RECORDER. We are authorized to announce J. T. WILSON, of Mt. Pleasant township, candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce JAS. M. SPRULL, of Howard township, as candidate for the nomination of Recorder of Bates county, subject to the free choice of the democratic voters of Bates county. We are authorized to announce J. C. HALL, of Mt. Pleasant township, as candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce M. BARKLEY, of Oage township, as candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce SOAH NYHART, of New Home township, candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce J. W. DUNGAN, of Deer Creek township, candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce J. W. CHOATE, of Spruce township, candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TREASURER. We are authorized to announce R. WILSON, of Grand River township, as candidate for Treasurer, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce J. S. PIERCE, of Mt. Pleasant township, as candidate for Treasurer, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR JUDGE OF PROBATE. We are authorized to announce WM. K. DALTON, of Mt. Pleasant township, as candidate for Judge of Probate, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce J. WELCHER SEEN, of Mt. Pleasant township, as candidate for Probate Judge, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce M. M. TUCKER, of Grand River township, candidate for Probate Judge, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce JOSEPH BARTON, of Oage township, as candidate for Probate Judge, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR PRESIDING JUDGE. We are authorized to announce J. W. MALDEN, of Charlotte township, as candidate for Presiding Judge of the county court, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce AARON HART, as candidate for Presiding Judge of the County Court, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce SAM WEAVER, of Mt. Pleasant township, as candidate for Presiding Judge of the County Court, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR JUDGE OF COUNTY COURT. NORTH DISTRICT. We are authorized to announce J. M. COLEMAN, candidate for Judge of County Court for the North District, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. We are authorized to announce L. D. WIMBATT, of Mount township, as candidate for Judge of the County Court for the North District, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. SOUTH DISTRICT. We are authorized to announce G. W. SMITH, of Deep Water township, as candidate for Judge of the County Court for the South District, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CORONER. We are authorized to announce DR. C. A. LUSK, of New Home township, as candidate for Coroner, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.