

INTERESTING THE CHILDREN IN THE FARM.

A Scotch farmer in Western Minnesota has solved the problem of how to keep his boys and girls on the farm. He organized a corporation to take over the farm and its equipment, giving to each of the children shares of stock representing part ownership in the farm. For himself he reserved a considerable part of the capital stock, giving to his children the privilege of applying their earnings on the shares of stock held in his own name, so that eventually they will become the owners of his portion of the property. The plan worked so well that all of his children except one remained on the farm. The one who went away doing so because his natural bent was in a different direction, which was probably a wise thing for him to do, as he probably would not have made a success on the farm anyway. Experience has shown that the majority of boys succeed best in the calling for which they have an inherent liking.

The farm consisted of 1,800 acres, and the stockholders divided the labor among themselves. They elected one of the boys manager and another secretary-treasurer. The girls were not left out of the plan by their father. Their work in the home is recognized as the equivalent of the outside work done by the boys. Under the rules of government the stockholders can sign checks against the corporation's funds, the amount being charged back to their own individual account.

The plan is working so well that a number of neighboring farmers are said to be contemplating incorporating their farms and equipments along similar lines, in order to increase the interest of their children in farm work.

HEN FEEDING HINTS.

A splendid mixture for laying hens is equal parts of cracked corn, wheat and oats, which should be scattered in the litter.

Bran or middlings and beef scraps should be kept in receptacles to which the fowls have access at all times.

Plenty of exercise increases the egg yield.

Provide four or five inches of good, clean litter in which to scatter the grain.

Cabbages, mangels, potatoes, sprouted oats, etc., make excellent green feed.

When wet mashers are fed, be sure they are crumbly and not sticky.

For the first three days chicks may be fed a mixture of equal parts of hard-boiled eggs and stale bread, or stale bread soaked in milk. When bread and milk are used, care should be exercised to squeeze all milk out of the bread. From the third or fourth day until the chicks can eat wheat and cracked corn, commercial chick feed is a good ration.

Plenty of pure, fresh water, grit, shell and green feed should be available from the first day.

There is very little danger of over-feeding young chicks.

Feed the chickens about five times daily and only what they will eat up clean in a few minutes, except at night, when they should receive all they want.—Harry M. Lamont.

DEATH CLAIMS YOUNG LADY.

On last Saturday afternoon at 1:15 o'clock occurred the death of Miss Edna Ruch from pneumonia. Miss Ruch had lived in Arvada only about four months, having come here from Cape Girardeau, Mo., for her health. Her sister, Edith accompanied her and the two occupied a little cottage on West First street until death overtook the sufferer.

She had held a position as stenographer and bookkeeper at Sikeston, Mo., and was stricken with malaria and had a nervous breakdown. Giving up her position she came to Arvada where her aunt, Mrs. E. M. Loberg, wife of our local dentist, is living, and was later joined by her sister Edith, who attended high school and kept house with her.

Mrs. Walter Light, who with her husband came to Arvada with her sister Edith, was also an aunt.

Miss Ruch was gaining in health, apparently, until last Friday when pneumonia set in and she died within twenty-four hours, from the attack.

Her father, A. W. Ruch, was notified and came here Monday to make arrangements to take the body home for burial.

Burton & Chinn were given charge of the body and prepared it for shipment to Cape Girardeau, Mo. The father and sister left Wednesday morning with the body and the funeral will take place tomorrow from the Catholic church of which the deceased was a devoted member in her home town.

The young woman was twenty years old and a beautiful character, who made friends during her short stay in Arvada. Besides her bereaved parents she leaves three sisters and one brother to mourn her early taking away.—Arvada Enterprise.

THE CARE OF THE BROOD SOW
County Farm Adviser.

On practically every farm in the county brood sows are to be found. The great majority of these sows will farrow during this month or next and a considerable portion of the farm income depends upon these litters; whether they succeed or fail is largely a matter of management. Before the pigs are born is the time to begin taking care of them and the way to do it is to properly care for the sows.

One of the most essential requirements is exercise. A sow that is kept in cramped, filthy quarters cannot keep in good condition. Her muscles will become flabby and she is likely to become too fat. Right now, while the fields are soft, a woods lot is an ideal place for hogs and they will take sufficient exercise.

FEEDING.

Brood sows should have succulent pasturage whenever possible; clover, alfalfa and rye are the best of these. Rye or wheat, however, furnish early pasture for hogs and are very satisfactory. Excessive fatness is not desirable and has often caused the loss of both sow and litter at farrowing time. A sow needs bone and muscle forming foods and should not be allowed with fattening hogs because their requirements are different. Skim milk, shorts, oil meal, bran and tankage are all protein foods and are suitable when fed alone or in combination with each other. These foods are best supplemented with a limited amount of corn. There is no hard and fast rule that may be given, for feeding is largely a matter of judgment. The brood sow needs much larger proportion of muscle forming food and less corn than does the fattening hog. Sows will eat either alfalfa or clover hay and if pasture is not available those feeds make a valuable addition to the ration. Charcoal, wood ashes, and salt make a satisfactory vermifuge and supply mineral matter in a ration; it is a good idea to keep this mixture or a similar available one for hogs at all times.

At Farrowing Time.

Shortly before farrowing time sows are likely to become constipated, a good bran mash or a medium sized tablespoonful of epsom salts given in slop will usually correct this condition. A few days before farrowing the sow should be given quarters to herself, and provided with a small amount of bedding.

Sows that are gentle and accustomed to handling are more satisfactory than wild ones that are easily excited. At farrowing, if the weather is at all mild, no attention is needed and unless absolutely necessary, the sow will do better if she is left entirely alone.

Feeding.

For the first 24 hours after farrowing a sow needs no feed. She should, however, be given all the lukewarm water she wants to drink. Water helps to relieve the feverish condition that is always present at this time; anything like a full feed tends to aggravate it and many cases of inflammation and eaked udders can be directly traced to this cause. Sows with young pigs need to be brought on full feed very gradually. They should not be fed heavily before the pigs are able to take all the milk. They usually do this when they are from two to three weeks old. It pays then to feed the sow to the limit of her production because pigs make gains on sows milk cheaper and more satisfactory than in any other manner. What has been said already in regard to muscle and bone forming foods is equally applicable here. A good average sow will yield from 5 to 6 pounds of milk per day and there are instances on record of sows that produced much more. Sow's milk is high in fat contents, averaging about 7 percent. More milk is produced in the front teats than in the back ones.

The big crop is an important one and good care pays to as great an extent as in any other class of livestock.

A NEW PENSION BILL

For Relief of the Widows and Orphans of the Spanish-American War

A new pension bill bids fair to pass during the present session of Congress. It is devoted to the interests of the widows and orphans of the Spanish-American War Veterans. It provides a pension of \$32 per month for the widows and \$2 per month for each child under the age of 16.

This is a most commendable move and will serve to relieve want and poverty to many homes where husbands and fathers died prematurely through hardships and deprivations endured in serving their country.

The bill was introduced by Hon. John A. Key, Representative from Ohio.

Advertisers who use The Tribune do so with confidence that through its columns they reach the sturdy, reliable element of the community.

FILL OUT THIS BLANK

Mail or bring it to the Tribune office at once

I nominate _____

Address _____ R. D. _____

_____ as a candidate in the Tribune's Great Free Farm and Piano Contest.

My Name is _____

Address _____

The name and address of people making nominations need not necessarily be divulged. Only a limited number of nominations will be accepted.

It is understood that for each candidate nominated only one nomination coupon which entitles the candidate so nominated to 5,000 votes, will be accepted by the Contest Manager.

10 VOTE COUPON

NOT GOOD AFTER MARCH 18

Fill out as directed and send to the Contest Manager, The Tribune, Cape Girardeau, Mo. Votes cannot be bought. They must be clipped from the Tribune or secured on subscriptions.

This Coupon Will Count for TEN VOTES

For _____

Postoffice _____

R. D. No. _____ State _____

Good for Ten Votes when filled out and sent to the Contest Manager by mail or otherwise on or before the expiration of date. No coupon will be altered in any way or transferred after received by the Contest Manager. Pin coupons together and mark number of votes in each package on the top coupon. If coupons are pinned securely together it is only necessary to write the name of the candidate on the top coupon.

RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE TRIBUNE FREE FARM AND PIANO CONTEST.

Any person residing in Cape Girardeau city or county and surrounding territory, (excepting employees of The Tribune) may enter the contest. They do not have to be subscribers of the paper in order to enter; all that is necessary is to send in their name and address. The awards will be made by a board of three judges, who will have charge on the last day of the contest. They will make the awards and their decision shall be final.

The Farm will be awarded to the contestant securing the most votes in the entire contest.

The Piano will be awarded to the contestant standing best highest in number of votes in the contest.

Votes may be clipped from the paper or secured on subscription. The nomination counts for 5,000 votes for contestant nominated.

No person will be permitted to buy papers in bulk for the purpose of clipping coupons, but there are no restrictions as to the sources from which you may gather the votes. Interest all of your friends, relatives, neighbors, etc., in saving the coupon ballots for you or sending them to the Contest Department.

Votes will also be given for subscriptions, and this will be the main issue of this great race for the big prizes. Subscription books may be had upon application to the Contest Manager by the parents, relatives, friends or any one else interested in a contestant's campaign. If not convenient to call, drop a postal card or phone the Contest Department and the manager or some one of his assistants will call upon you.

Cut coupons out neatly. Do not tear out. Pin or tie them together securely. When so arranged it is necessary to write the contestant's name on the first coupon only, thus saving much useless labor. Postage must be fully prepaid.

The Contest Manager reserves the right to make any and all rulings which may be necessary for the best interests of the contest. His decision will be final and conclusive.

The Contest Manager shall decide all questions which may arise in the course of the contest, and contestants in entering this contest agree to abide by any and all rulings which he may make.

We reserve the right to reject any undesirable or objectionable name.

Votes are absolutely not transferable. If you drop out of the race you lose all.

Subscriptions may be taken to start any time, but are strictly payable in advance, at regular subscription price. Votes allowed as shown below.

To secure special vote ballots all money must be sent direct to the contest department of The Tribune by the contestants or their friends, as votes can only be issued at The Tribune office. Any person wishing to withdraw from the contest must write us personally as no telephone message will be considered.

Each contestant will be given a commission of 10 per cent. of the amount turned into the office in cash by making a report each week.

All questions will be cheerfully answered.

Address all communications to Contest Manager, Cape Girardeau Tribune, Cape Girardeau, Mo.

VOTES.

The Cape Daily Tribune.			The Cape Weekly Tribune.		
	Price	Votes		Price	Votes
3 mo.	\$ 1.00	1,000	1 year.	\$ 1.00	1,000
6 mo.	2.00	3,000	2 years.	2.00	3,000
1 year.	4.00	10,000	3 years.	3.00	8,000
2 years.	8.00	30,000	4 years.	4.00	10,000
3 years.	12.00	60,000	5 years.	5.00	20,000
4 years.	16.00	90,000			
5 years.	20.00	120,000			

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Dr. J. C. Hatcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

GEORGE THE FUN MAKER
One-arm Violinist, assisted by his 2 little girls, at
HARMON HALL IN ALLENVILLE
Coming Saturday Night, MARCH 14
With 4 Pecks of Fun
ADM. 5 & 10c.

WILLINGNESS TO OBLIGE

THE public has a right to something more than perfunctory service from those who supply its telephone needs.

There is something more to a telephone service than merely placing at the disposal of the public adequate telephone equipment.

Courtesy, willingness to oblige and patience, under trying conditions on the part of telephone employes, promote friendly feeling and are essential to the best kind of telephone service.

Cape Girardeau Bell Telephone Co.

Try to Figure This.
Little Bessie—"Papa, is there any difference in the word fool and foolish?" Papa—"That is. For instance, people who worry are foolish, while people who don't worry are fools. Now, perhaps, you can figure it out for yourself."

Personality.
There is no more impressive and revealing moment with man or woman than when you stand in a room empty of their actual presence, but having, in every inch of it, the pervasive influences of the absent personality.—Gilbert Parker.

Putting it Up to Him.
The gov'nor (threateningly)—"Look here, Parkin, I've got tired of seeing these figures dropping month after month, and I shall have to seriously consider taking the only steps left to me to bring about an alteration." The Manager—"Yes, sir, and from when would your resignation take effect?"

Definition of "Foreman."
One recent interpretation given for the term foreman is a man who is capable of stepping in at any point and doing this or that man's work better than he can do it himself. The young man who aspires to do all this in qualifying for foremanship has his work cut out for him.