

HIMMELBERGER ON COMMITTEE TO REVISE LAWS

Cape Girardeau Man is Named on Body to Draft Banking Measure.

BRIDGES TO BE ASKED TO SUPPORT NEW BILL

Present Banking Statutes Prevent State Banks From Joining Reserve System.

John H. Himmelberger, business man and banker of this city, is one of the ten men appointed in St. Louis yesterday as an Advisory Committee to the Commission for the Revision of the Missouri Banking laws. The entire body will hold its first session in St. Louis next Thursday morning.

The purpose of the commission upon which Mr. Himmelberger has been in the State banking laws. Meetings appointed is to bring about a revision will be held in various towns in the state, where not only bankers, but the general public as well will be given an opportunity to submit revision ideas.

After the hearings, the Committee expects to reduce its recommendations to the form of a bill, for transmission to the State Legislature at the January session. Capt. H. W. Bridges of this county will be urged to support the measure in the Legislature.

Members of the Commission say that they have found public sentiment throughout the state virtually unanimous for the enactment of a new and adequate banking code, and hold that the Legislature will authorize the adoption of such a measure.

Under the existing laws, it is held by many lawyers that state banks and trust companies are not authorized to become stockholders in the Federal Reserve Banks of St. Louis or Kansas City. These lawyers say that until the banks acquire this authority explicitly from the state, Missouri business men, farmers and workers will not be in position to reap the full benefit of the reserve system.

Another aim of the Commission is to get a law which will effectively prohibit abuse of power by officers and boards of banking institutions.

OHIO MINE DEADLOCK BROKEN

Bellaire, O., Dec. 12.—The deadlock between miners and operators in the Eastern Ohio coal field, on since last April when the miners struck for increased wages, was broken today with the announcement that 2000 men at the Fairpoint mine would return to work Monday under the Pittsburg scale. The West Wheeling mine also will resume on Monday, but on a profit-sharing.

It was said that fully 16,000 miners were still out, but that if the co-operative plan of the West Wheeling mine proves satisfactory other companies will accept.

SPERLING IN CONNECTICUT

Mr. and Mrs. Blucher Sperling of Jackson, who have for the past few weeks been touring the Eastern States, are now at the home of Mrs. Sperling's sister in Bridgeport, Conn.

In a letter written to Claude Speak of this city, on Dec. 9, Mr. Sperling says: "Wife and I are here visiting her sister. We arrived Monday eve at 6 p. m. We had a lovely trip. Coming down the Hudson River Monday afternoon the trees were loaded with ice most of the way. Arriving in New York we got a train out in five minutes for here, which is about 50 miles.

"We walked along Long Island Sound yesterday but it was so cold we had to pull in. Heavy snow this morning.

"Will return home next day after Christmas."

LAST OF CONDEMNED MEN IN ARIZONA REPRIEVED

Phoenix, Ariz., Dec. 12.—There will be no wholesale "hanging bee" at the Arizona State Penitentiary at Florence, Dec. 19.

Gov. Hunt today announced that he had reprieved six men who were under sentence to be hanged on that date. This grants a respite to the last of 11 murderers who had been condemned then. Five other men were reprieved two weeks ago. Whether the 11 will be executed later or will have their sentences commuted rests with the governor.

O. M. Moor of Oran, visited friends in this city yesterday.

Miss Mollie Clodfelter of Jackson, visited friends in this city yesterday.

PHILLIPS PLANS APARTMENT TO BE CITY'S BEST

\$15,000 Model Structure Will Be Erected With Bungalow Beside It.

WILL HAVE GARAGE IN THE BASEMENT

Fire Proof Edifice Will Hold Six Families—Court to Resemble Park.

A six family apartment house, to be as nifty as anything in little old St. Louis, is going to be erected on the corner of Williams and Lorimer streets just as soon as the weather will permit. J. W. Phillips, president of the Phillips Lumber Company, is to construct it on plans drawn by W. E. Parlow, the well-known architect.

A short distance from the apartment will be built a model bungalow of six rooms. Both buildings will be heated from a plant constructed under the apartment house.

The most unique feature of the two edifices will be the garage, which will be located under the apartment. It will be as modern as can be made, and a paved roadway will run from under the house to the alley in the rear, which leads to the street.

Nothing has ever been attempted like it in the city before. It will be the first building of its kind in Cape Girardeau with janitor service, steam heat and hot and cold water all hours of the day and night.

A ventilating system will be installed, so that the tenants may keep cool during the summer, and it will be mosquito proof, Mr. Phillips says.

"It sounds somewhat like a dream, but it's to be a reality," declared the lumber man last night. "Another feature will be the shingles. They will be made of asbestos. When the buildings are ready for occupancy, it will be impossible to burn them. They will be as near fire proof as buildings can be made.

"Mr. Parlow has already submitted the plans and I have approved them. I had planned to begin the excavation work this week, but the weather has delayed me for a few days. The building will be ready for occupancy in the early spring. The apartment will cost \$15,000.

"I have planned a court that will rank with the prettiest in St. Louis. It will be kept in shape by the janitor who will plant flowers and keep the grass in order.

"The bungalow will be the most modern of any in the city. There will not be an inside room in either building, and each structure will have a good western exposure."

A TOUCHING FEMININISM AT THE POLLS

A nice motherly looking woman went into the voting booth this morning and stayed and stayed. When she came out she said: "It was so nice an quiet in there with no one to bother that I wrote a letter to mother. I wanted her to know I was voting. She thinks it is terrible for women to vote, but I just told her it is much quieter here than it is at home, with the children, who climb all over me when I attempt to write a letter."

One woman remained in a voting booth so long this morning that someone went in to see what was the matter; she was waiting.

One Attchison woman came out of the voting booth with her ballot in her hand and started to leave the building. She was told she must drop her ballot in the ballot box. "Indeed I'll not," she said, "I'm going to show it to my husband, first, and will send it down by one of the children after school."

Overheard from women at the polls: "Well, that man cheated me out of \$1.25 once; I certainly got even with him," said one Attchison woman as she walked away from the polls this morning.

"You never do anything right," snapped one woman to her companion. "You went and voted on that slip about taxes and now our taxes will be higher." "I did not, smarty; I put in both the things they gave me blank, so there."

"For whom did you vote for Governor?" asked one woman of another as they walked away from the voting place. "Well," replied her companion, "I voted for Capper and Hodges both; I am so anxious that Billard be defeated."—Attchison Globe.

G. R. Turner, a prominent stockman of Bloomfield, was a business visitor in this city yesterday.



News From The County Seat

Jackson, Dec. 17.

Ed Black, who in August, 1913, was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years for holding up and robbing J. B. Smith near here, has been paroled to Adam Loos of Jackson, and is expected to arrive here today. Black's accomplice in the hold-up, one John Binney, was paroled to R. Russell, a few weeks ago.

Gerald Daley came home yesterday to remain until after the holidays, when he will go to DeSoto to work.

Miss Clara Kurrey, who has been visiting Mrs. George Henschel for several weeks, returned to her home in Charleston.

Lawrence Shaner of Fruitland, L. Seibert of Tilsit, and Rev. Browning of Malden, are in town.

Rev. Langehenig, E. Milde, Albert Behrens, Jack Hoffman, Dan Milde, George Beattie, Jr., and Leo Wagner are out on a hunting trip today.

W. L. Mabrey went to Gordonville this afternoon.

Mrs. Dr. Nienstedt and Mrs. Guy Cobble are sick with lagrippe.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Henschel of the Cape, visited Mr. and Mrs. George Henschel, Sunday.

Miss Minnie Wigginton spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Keeling, in the country.

Dr. Smith and wife of Sikeston, came yesterday to visit Mrs. Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Hartle.

Mrs. Sievers, the aged mother of Mrs. Koechig, who arrived here a few days ago to spend the winter, met with a very painful and serious accident yesterday. While the rest of the family were at work out doors, Mrs. Sievers and son-in-law, Mr. Koechig, were sitting near a warm stove in the front room, and the warmth and quiet of the room were conducive to sleep, as both fell asleep in their chairs. Meanwhile Mrs. Nagel came into the house and on smelling smoke, ran to the front room to find Mrs. Sievers clothing on fire and before the flames could be extinguished, the old lady had been painfully and it is feared, seriously burned.

Mrs. C. A. Maceom will entertain the Misses Marian Phillips of Bloomfield, and Mary Bernice Williams at dinner tomorrow. Miss Phillips is the guest of Miss Williams.

S. M. McAtee, while cranking his auto last night, had the misfortune of breaking two bones in his right arm.

The Methodist ladies realized somewhat over \$80 with their bazaar, which they held Thursday.

Mesdames J. P. Mabrey, L. R. Jenkins, Chas. Williams, John Heinberg, J. V. Priest and Sam Petermann motored over to the Cape this afternoon to do some shopping, probably to buy Christmas presents for their husbands.

Mrs. Sam Vandivort is expecting Mrs. Glenn Vandivort and children of Caruthersville, on a visit.

Mrs. George Green visited at the Cape yesterday.

Mesdames Jane Harp and Belle Hart, who have been visiting in St. Louis, returned yesterday and report having had a most enjoyable visit.

The Misses Marian Phillips of Bloomfield, and Mary Bernice Williams are the guests of the Misses Amy Nell and Mabel Henderson today.

Several families in the north part of town have been changing their place of abode. Mrs. Crites, who has been occupying the J. Henderson house, moved to her brother's, Mr. Sadler, in the country; Tony Friedrich moved into the house vacated by Mrs. Crites and Mr. Pierce moved into the Wilhelm's property.

Miss Mary Bernice Williams will entertain for her guests, Miss Phillips, of Bloomfield, tonight.

Miss Zelma Baugh returned yesterday from a visit at the Cape.

Under the supervision of the county superintendent of schools, the board of directors of the different district schools, held a meeting in the court house here yesterday.

Oliver Kinder is sick this week.

John Ade's mother and brother, of Gypsum City, Kans., will arrive today on a visit.

Mrs. Joe Niblack won the Axminster rug, which was given away by the Priest-Behrens Mercantile Co.

William E. Morgan of Cape Girardeau, and Fannie May Loftin of Benton were married in this city yesterday afternoon, Mayor F. A. Gage performing the ceremony.

AUSTRIANS BITTEREST OF ALL

Lausanne, Switzerland, Dec. 16.—The Austrians are carrying on their warfare against the Servians with a severity probably not matched in any of the other theaters of war, according to a letter received here by a woman whose husband is in Serbia as an observer. From Valjevo he writes:

Austro-Hungary is waging against little Serbia a war of extermination of a people. Everything I see proves it; orders to kill civilians the burning of villages, explosive bullets, bombardment of open towns, bombardment with grapeshot. I have had proofs of all this on the spot by my eyes and by documents.

I have already described the explosive bullets, whose cartridges shells bear the double eagle and stamp of the government munitions factory at Wellersdorf, near Vienna. They are called "Einschusspatronen," and they were unknown before the war. The bullets contain a charge of powder, capable of fulminate and a poison detonator exactly as for elephant shooting. They are supposed to be used to rectify the range; because the bullet when striking an object explodes and makes smoke, which permits the shooter to see the point he has hit—if he has a good telescope. A single army surgeon in Valjevo has 117 men frightfully wounded by these rage finders dying on his hands.

Today I send you extracts from a little circular or folder distributed to the Austro-Hungary troops by their officers. The original document is before me; I translate from it textually. The folders has seven pages of printed text, and the following heading: "K. K. 9 Korpskommando. Instructions of Conduct Toward the population of Serbia."

They begin thus:

"The war leads us into a hostile country, inhabited by a population animated, with a fanatic hatred toward us; a land where assassination is considered—as was proved by the catastrophe of Parajevo—a permissible act, even by the superior classes, to be celebrated as a kind of heroism.

"With respect to such a population all humanity and pity of heart are completely out of place; they are even harmful, because such considerations, sometimes possible in the time of war, would here work danger to our own troops.

"I order, consequently, that during the entire military operation the greatest hardness and suspicion be applied to the entire population.

"To begin, I will not suffer that any person whatsoever in possession of an arm, but not in uniform, whether found in groups or isolated, shall be made prisoner; all such should be executed at once."

Yet, the Austrians are perfectly aware that all Serbian soldiers of the third ban, corresponding to the Swiss Landstrum, for thirty-six to fifty years, and called out to defend the hearth, wear their civilian peasant

clothes, having no others. The order also makes no distinction between men and women. It continues:

"Any soldier of ours found guilty of clemency will be punished with severest penalties."

Here follow instructions for the occupation of towns and villages.

"In passing through a village: "If time be short, and if the troops are only passing through, you will penetrate rapidly, bayonet fixed, prepared to fire. In every case take hostages immediately (priests, rabbis, schoolmasters and wealthiest citizens). Quitting the town, you will carry them with you until you are five miles out, and you will kill them without mercy, if a single shot is fired from the town or village.

"Notify the population at once to give up all their arms and that requisitions will be made. Every house in which an arm is found must be destroyed." (What constitutes an arm is not specified, but is left to the interpretation of common soldiers, who are at the same time ordered to show the greatest hardness, severity and suspicion. Consequently the family carving knife in the kitchen dresser may cause the house to be burned.)

"If the inhabitants (of such a house) cannot be found you will lay hands on the first person you happen to meet on the street, who could undoubtedly give information respecting the absent, and if he refuses to do so immediately, execute him.

"In cantoning in a village: "Assemble the population and announce: the slightest hostility, even that of a single individual (the language, intentionally ambiguous permits the inference that it includes women and children) will decide the fate of the village and the hostages. Not more than three men may stand together in the street at any time, and after sundown none may quit the house. Every house must be kept lit all night.

"Both officers and men must be continually on the lookout not to permit any inhabitant to walk or stand with their hands in their pockets, because they undoubtedly contain arms (?). In general it is ordered to act with the greatest severity and hardness."

"Further: "Every inhabitant" (sex or age left open) met with outside of a town or village must be considered to be a member of a band who has hidden his arms somewhere or other and we have not time to search for such hidden arms. All such prisoners, if there be the slightest doubt of their intentions, should be immediately executed.

As "the greatest severity" hardness and suspicion are ordered, such doubt of intentions is equivalent to an order for the extermination of the entire peasant farmer population, peaceful and unarmed, outside of towns.

"Yet, once more, brothers and soldiers, discipline, dignity, but also the greatest severity and the greatest hardness."

The Misses Irma Hoffmeister and Grace Vinyard will arrive home the middle of the week to spend the holidays with home folks. Both young ladies attend the Steven's College at Columbia.

Judge Hays and Prosecuting Attorney Caruthers went to Gordonville this morning to try the case of State of Missouri vs. Coats.

Charles F. Wolters of near the Cape and Herman J. Weiss are in town.

Miss Amelia Alenthal is clerking in Allison's Toggery at the Cape.

Mrs. Sievers, an eighty-year-old lady, who has been with her son at Allenville, came to spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Koechig, in West Jackson.

Mrs. Hollis Sadler is quite sick at her home in West Jackson.

Alvin Brennecke of Oklahoma, arrived Saturday on a visit to his brother, Henry.

There will be a meeting in the office of Fred Govert tomorrow night for the purpose of reorganizing the Odd Fellow Lodge.

Miss Jessie Mayfield of Sikeston, came to help nurse her grandfather, E. Hartle, who was seriously ill, but is now very much improved.

There will be a meeting of our citizens in connection with the Commercial Club, to perfect arrangements for the collection to be taken on Saturday for the war sufferers. This at the suggestion of Governor Major.

Mrs. J. Ade is entertaining a few ladies in honor of Mr. Ade's mother, of Kansas, who is visiting here.

T. D. Hines went to the Cape today to help try the case of Henderson vs. Byrd.

Lester Taylor is home for the holiday.

Miss Connie Medley spent Saturday night and part of Sunday with Miss Mrs. L. Ruff, who lives with her sons at Dallas, Tex., and who has been very ill with so-called creeping paralysis for a long time, is decidedly improved.

Mrs. Camp of Kansas City, who has been visiting relatives here for some time, went to Cape Girardeau, yesterday on a visit.

Born, Sunday Dec. 13, a daughter, to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Soelig.

The Wednesday Club will meet with Mrs. Kuellmer tomorrow.

Mrs. J. C. Browning is quite sick.

Miss Ida Day of Oak Ridge is visiting in Jackson.

Dr. George Henderson went to Byrd, Mo., this afternoon.

The different Sunday Schools are busy preparing for the Christmas programs. The Lutheran and Presbyterian Sunday Schools will have a play and the Evangelical and Methodists, a tree.

Attorney A. M. Spradling went to Allenville today, in case of State of Missouri vs. George R. Conrad. Tomorrow Mr. Spradling will go to Whitewater to try the case of Chaffee Trust Company vs. Wm. Stovall.

Miss Selma Rasche of near Gordonville, is here for a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Alfred Willer.

Miss Lillian Gockel, who is attending Strassburger's Conservatory of Music in St. Louis, will be home the latter part of the week to remain until Jan. 4.

Mrs. Gus Sanders and children of the Cape, came yesterday for a few weeks' visit with Mrs. Sanders' father, Fred Dormeyer.

Miss Rose Bingenheimer, who is teaching at Willow Springs, will be home Saturday to remain until after the holidays.

Mrs. Ed Howard received word from her cousin, Mrs. Edmond Hoch of Chicago, Ill., that she and Mr. Hoch would visit relatives in Cape County during the coming holidays. Mrs. Hoch also writes that her mother, night and part of Sunday with Miss Mrs. L. Ruff, who lives with her sons at Dallas, Tex., and who has been very ill with so-called creeping paralysis for a long time, is decidedly improved.

AT Caldwell-Sherman's

- \$5.00 Bath Robes - - - - \$1.95
- 6.00 Smoking Jackets - - - 1.95
- 75c and \$1 Neckties - - - - 33c
- 25c and 50c Neckties - - - 15c
- \$15.00 Overcoats - - - - 8.95
- 1.00 Sweater Coats - - - - .69
- 18.50 Men's Suits - - - - 9.95
- 4.00 Stetson Hats - - - - 2.65
- 15c Lion Collars - - - - .08
- 1.50 Flannel Shirts - - - - .98
- 12.50 Ladies' Coats - - - - 5.95
- 16.50 Ladies' Coats - - - - 7.95
- 25.00 Ladies' Coats - - - - 12.95
- 19.75 Ladies' Suits - - - - 9.95
- 29.50 Ladies' Suits - - - - 12.95
- 2.50 Silk Waists - - - - 1.39
- 1.00 Ladies' Kid Gloves - - - .69
- 1.50 Ladies' Kid Gloves - - - .95
- 1.00 Silk Hose - - - - .48
- Gossard Corsets - - - - 1.95

Caldwell-Sherman