

Classified Advertising

TELEPHONE No. 2

FOR SALE—Forty-acre farm with good house and outbuildings of all kinds; three miles from the Cape. Mrs. William Wood.

ROOMS—with light and bath. Telephone 318, Mrs. M. S. Beck, 223 North Lorimer street.

FORTY ACRE FARM WANTED. WANTED—Forty acre farm with good supply of water; within easy reach of Cape Girardeau. Address K. 7, The Tribune.

WANTED—A girl or woman for housework. Good wages. Call Mrs. Tapper, Fountain and Independence street. Phone 1026.

FOR RENT—One or two store rooms on corner of Good Hope and Frederick Streets, apply to Chas. Blattner, 247 S. Frederick St.

FOUND—Practically new automobile crank. Owner may have same by paying for this ad.

LOST—A sectional bamboo fishing rod in cloth cover. Return to 535 Broadway and receive reward.

FOR SALE—Remington Standard Typewriter No. 10; Latest model; Brand new and unused. Phone 1211.

WANTED—First class printer; steady position and good wages. Apply at The Tribune office.

MOTOR—For sale one five-horse power direct current motor; in good condition. Apply at The Tribune Office.

FOR SALE—Model 1917 Ford Touring car. Telephone 191.

FOR SALE—Three good horses for sale cheap if taken at once. Phone 191.

WANTED—to hear from owner of good farm for sale. State cash price, full description. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn.

666 cures Headaches, Biliousness, Less of Appetite, foud breathe, or that tired feeling due to malaria or colds. It removes the colds.

Enormous Meat Consumption. The Millennium Guild takes the daily average of half a pound of meat eaten by each individual of the United States and finds that in 50 years the average meat eater consumes four tons and a half, or, to put it in another way, this average person, at the end of 50 years, has eaten enough tons of meat to be the equivalent of six beef cattle, 15 calves, 22 sheep, 40 lambs, 10 hogs, 100 turkeys, 200 chickens and ducks, 1 deer, besides pigeons and small birds a goodly number. What a slaughter house we have made out of the world! Yet two-thirds of the population of the globe, it is estimated, never eat meat. Among these latter are millions of sturdy, healthy toilers. We also know that the horse, the ox, the elephant—strongest of all animal workers—build their strength on grasses and cereals.

COFFEE IN LAPLAND

Beverage Made in Peculiar Way Pronounced Excellent.

Sweetened in Primitive Manner, the Refreshment Is Passed Around Among Guests After Host Has Partaken of It.

An American consular officer in Scandinavia gives the recipe for making coffee among the Lapps, when they are so fortunate as to have it at all.

Dinner was eaten out of doors, and the one dish of the meal consisted of roast lemmings, little creatures something between a guinea pig and a rat, and as the officer admits "exquisitely peculiar" as to their flavor.

The party squatted in a ring about the fire, watching the roasts, all except a wrinkled old woman, who as an expert, was intent upon a more tedious ceremony. Out of a skin knapsack she had taken a small skin bag. From this she extracted some 12 green coffee beans, which she proceeded to roast one by one in a small iron spoon.

When they were cooked to her taste she bruised them to coarse fragments between stones and put the result with water into a copper kettle, which had one lid in the usual place and another on the end of the spout to keep out smoke and feathery wood ash.

Then the whole mixture was boiled up together into a bubbling froth of coffee fragments and coffee extract. She cleaned it by an old trick which is known to campers all the world over. This was to throw into the kettle a small splash of cold water, when the coffee grounds were promptly precipitated to the bottom.

Then she poured the clear, brown, steaming liquor into a blackened bowl of birch root and handed it to the good man, her husband.

After he had taken the bowl in his fingers the woman hunted in a leather knapsack and produced a lump of beet sugar. The host bit a fragment from it and lodged it in his teeth, then he lifted the bowl to his lips and drank.

In a more civilized man this would of course have been rudeness; in a savage it was a simple act of courtesy. It was a plain assurance that the bowl contained no poison. Then he handed it on for his guests to drink in turn, and the American says that he does not know that he ever tasted better coffee.

SOME GERMAN RELICS



The relic was the crest of the 1st Cavalry Division, which was captured by the Americans at the battle of Belle Meade. It was found in a box of supplies and was in good condition. The relic is a symbol of the division's history and is now being displayed in a museum.

DROP FAGS TO YANKS

Cigarettes Showered on Them From the Skies.

Knights of Columbus Bring Joy to Boys While Battle Is in Progress.

New York.—Showers of cigarettes fell from the skies on the American fighters driving the Germans out of the St. Mihiel salient. This fact was announced in a cablegram received by William J. Mulligan, chairman of the Knights of Columbus committee on war activities, at the United War Work Campaign headquarters. From American airplanes 20,000 packages of cigarettes were dropped into the hands of infantrymen and artillerymen pressing forward in their victorious sally which dislodged the enemy from the stronghold they had held for more than three years. Each package was stamped "Compliments of the Knights of Columbus."

At the same time, cable dispatches announce, Y. M. C. A. workers on foot moved among the soldiers, handing out chocolates and cigarettes.

The airplane service for distributing cigarettes to the soldiers, while the battle was in progress and the ordinary foot or motor methods of reaching the men in the front lines were unavailable, was established by Martin V. Mele of San Francisco, a K. of C. secretary, with the co-operation of an American airplane unit. After the fight, soldiers related how pleasantly surprised they had been when cigarettes dropped from on high. They declared no service in their behalf ever had pleased them as much as this ultra modern delivery of "smokes."

The Y. M. C. A. workers won new friends at St. Mihiel. One Red Triangle man, with a huge pack on his back, moved forward with a certain unit, distributing chocolates and cigarettes to each soldier. Salvation Army workers also were busy with their doughnuts and coffee throughout the St. Mihiel drive.

COULD NOT READ, BUT HE'S THERE WITH RIFLE

Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.—A recruit to Captain Winston's company was ordered to shoot at a certain target, the number being given.

"I kin't read, Cap'n," said the Tennesseean.

The target was shown him and when he had finished, his tally was 48 hits out of a possible 50.

The officers say that these mountaineers seldom go under 40 hits out of 50 shots.

IMITATION EGGS EXEMPT HIM

English Tradesman Discloses His Economic Value to the Government.

London.—The military call has disclosed a number of curious trades. One of the strangest came from the Ryegate tribunal. The applicant described himself as a manufacturer of imitation eggs and produced samples of his work.

Holding between his fingers a splendid facsimile of a pheasant egg, he explained that when a pheasant is setting her eggs are put under a good barnyard hen. The imitation eggs are put under the pheasant until hatching time is nearly due, then the eggs are transferred and the pheasant hatches her own eggs. In this manner eggs are saved from enemies. The tribunal gave the applicant six months' exemption.

COUNTY BUILDING

CONCRETE BRIDGE

Span Being Constructed Between Daisy And Baker's Mill By Scivally

Dennis Scivally, the county highway engineer, is having a 24 foot concrete bridge built on the road between Daisy and Baker's mill in the northwestern part of the county. Tom Wills of Daisy is foreman of the construction work. The bridge will cost about \$500, one hundred of which was raised by local donations.

All freight for Sedgewickville goes over that road by truck from Jackson and the Sedgewickville merchants contributed something towards the cost of the bridge. There are two stores, a blacksmith shop and a post-office there. Merchandise and other freight shipments were formerly transported from Daisy, but since the suspension of traffic by the railroad company on that portion of the road merchants and others have their goods shipped to Jackson on the Iron Mountain.

Speaking of the new highway down the Frisco from Cape Girardeau to Advance, Mr. Scivally said that the right-of-way from Blomberg to Delta had been cleared, the sum of \$600 having been expended in the work. From Delta to Greenox the road will run south of the Frisco the entire distance, the plans in this respect having been recently changed.

South of Delta the road will run down the Cotton Belt for two miles and then run west over an old road to the bridge across the Whitewater. All of the right-of-way for this part of the road has been secured except that portion which runs through the Robert Whitelaw land just west of the bridge. Proceedings have been started to condemn this part of the right-of-way.

From Greenox to Advance the right-of-way runs through Stoddard County and a corner of Bollinger. Some kind of obstruction is being encountered in obtaining the right-of-way, but it is being looked after by interested parties in these two counties.

LAWRENCE WELTER'S DAUGHTER IS DEAD

Wife, Brother And Child Succumb To Spanish Influenza In Few Days

Anna Louise Welter, the 4-year old daughter of Lawrence Welter, died Monday at 11:30 o'clock at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Pete Welter at Anzell. Her death was due to diphtheria, which followed an attack of influenza.

Mrs. Welter, the mother of the little girl, died a week ago Saturday from influenza and pneumonia.

Last Saturday Lawrence Welter's brother, Frank Welter died at Lutesville. He was a single man and was employed there. As the Welter family at Anzell were about all sick now were able to attend the funeral of the son and brother.

Newell McKee writes to his brother, Clyde McKee, of South Hanover street, that he is in the thickest of the fighting in France, but that he is getting along all right except that he was in need of rest and sleep, not having had much for thirty hours.

He expected to get a good night's sleep that night, he stated in his letter. In a barn loft in a German village captured by the American forces he and his partner, Alvin Farrar, found a big feather bed, all tied up with rope and carefully concealed. He said they expected to borrow the bed.

McKee and Alvin Farrar of this city left here together, were in the training camp together, crossed the ocean at the same time, Newell wrote. During the entire time they have been in the service they have not been separated more than 12 hours.

PUTTING UP CAR FOR WINTER

Temperature of Room Should Never Get Below 20 Degrees Above Zero—Clean Battery.

"When putting up the car for the winter two courses are open," says an automobile service manager. "The car can be stored where the temperature never gets below 20 degrees above zero, and if the battery is charged properly there will be no damage. The second one is to remove the battery from the car, clean it carefully, and wash out three or four times with distilled water; then, while the plates are still moist, seal the battery up tight, and you can store it for at least a year without hurting its efficiency."

GIVE JEWELRY

It is useful, practical and enduring. The Christmas Gift of Jewelry is man's oldest expression of sentiment. Our stock includes Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Handsome Clocks—the list is large—each article is a worth-while gift.

BUY IT NOW

The government requests early buying AMERICANS—every one of us—are bending every effort to bring this world war to a successful issue.

To the thoughtful American this recommendation means buying Christmas gifts now while it is possible to get the character of service desired.

CAMPBELL'S

30 Main Street

WILSON'S NOTE PLEASES EUROPE

(Continued from page 1.)

LONDON, OCT. 23.—Following is the text of Germany's note to President Wilson:

In accepting the proposal for the evacuation of occupied territories the German Government started from the assumption that the procedure of this evacuation and of the conditions of the armistice should be left to the judgment of the military advisers and that the actual standard of power and both sides in the field should form the basis of arrangements safeguarding and guaranteeing this standard.

The German Government suggests to the President that opportunity be brought about for fixing the details. It trusts that the President of the United States will approve of no demand which would be irreconcilable with the honor of the German people and with opening the way to a peace of justice.

The German Government protests the reproach of illegal and inhuman actions made against the German land and sea forces and thereby against the German people. For the covering of a retreat destructions will always be necessary and they are carried out insofar as is permitted by international law. The German troops are under most strict instructions to spare property and to exercise care for the population to the best of their ability. Where transgressions occur in spite of these instructions the guilty are being punished.

The German Government further denies that the German Navy in sinking ships has ever purposely destroyed lifeboats with their passengers. The German Government proposes with regard to all these charges that the facts be cleared up by neutral commissions.

"In order to avoid anything that might hamper the work of peace, the German Government has caused orders to be dispatched to all submarine commanders precluding the torpedoing of passenger ships, without, however, for technical reasons, being able to guarantee that these orders will reach every single submarine at sea before it returns.

"As a fundamental condition for peace, the President prescribes the destruction of every arbitrary power can be separately secretly and of its own single choice disturb the peace of the world. To this the German Government replies:

"Hitherto the representation of the people in the German Empire has not been endowed with an influence on the formation of the Government.

"The Constitution did not provide for concurrence of representatives of the people in decisions of peace and war. These conditions have just now undergone a fundamental change. A new Government has been formed in complete accordance with the wishes (principle) of the representatives of the people, direct franchise.

"The leaders of the great parties of the Reichstag are members of

this Government. In the future no Government can take or continue in office without possessing the confidence of a majority of the Reichstag.

"The responsibility of the Chancellor of the Empire to the representatives of the people is being legally developed and safeguarded. The first act of the new Government has been to lay before the Reichstag a bill to alter the Constitution of the Empire so that the consent of the representatives of the people is required for decisions on war and peace.

"The permanence of the new system is, however, guaranteed not only by constitutional safeguards, but also by the unshakable determination of the German people, whose vast majority stands behind these reforms and demand their energetic continuance.

"The question of the President—with whom he and the Government associated against Germany are dealing—is therefore answered in a clear, unequivocal manner and by the statement that the offer of peace and an armistice has come from a Government which, free from any arbitrary and irresponsible influence, is supported by the approval of an overwhelming majority of the German people.

"SOLE."

DEPOT WORK MAY AGAIN BE DROPPED

Bid Offered To The Frisco Is Withdrawn And More Negotiations Likely

Chief Engineer Hendrickson of the Frisco at St. Louis, was in the city on business Wednesday and while here gave Mayor Has some information relative to the depot, which may possibly be interpreted to mean that the chance for the building of the new depot are not very favorable at present.

The Frisco officials having the matter in charge accepted the lowest bid for the contract, but the contractor afterwards withdrew it for the reason that he expects to join the army. The next lowest bid was \$9,000 above the \$35,000, which the company expected to spend on the depot and was not accepted.

Just what the railroad company will do was not stated by the engineer. Whether it will go ahead and accept this bid or will advertise again for other bids, or will wait until the close of war was not learned.

SHAWNEETOWN BOY DAD.

Ben Wunderlich of Shawneetown died at Camp Funston Monday after an illness of a few days with pneumonia. He was drafted for service and sent to the Kansas camp about 3 months ago.

Wunderlich was a school teacher and prepared himself for this work by attending the State Normal School. He was popular among his fellow students and had many friends in Cape Girardeau and around his home at Shawneetown.

The remains arrived Tuesday and were interred at the Lutheran cemetery at Shawneetown.



America must divide!

Our associates in the war are actually bread hungry, and must be supplied with wheat from this country. We can't feed our soldiers in France unless we make a much greater saving here. Mere economy in the use of wheat is not enough. The hour has come for sacrifice. We must divide.

Don't be satisfied with two wheatless days a week, also have one wheatless meal every day.

Valier's Community Flour

is a strictly white flour, made only from wheat. We guarantee it to give good baking results. Ask your grocer.

