

ONLOOKER
By WILSON D. NEASE

ALPHABETICAL FOOLERY



Almena Allen, ardently adored
By beau-brigades, but by besiegers bored,
Complacently confiding cooking claims,
Unobtrusively discarding dithyrambs
Ecstatic waters each, ennobled, essayed—
"Fond, foolish, fippant, frantic fellows—
"Tut!"

Arctic assemblage—gawdy gew-gaws, graceful gear—
"Ha, ha! Hearts have high hopes harsh-handled here!"

Dea Irving, indelicately, insouciant—
Just juvenilia, jested: "Jealous leer!
Keep kittens!" (Kettle-drummer, kidding-kind,
Loud laughter, leaving lovers lasses leered
Most modestly, "More molluscs masticated!"

Not necessarily new nor narrate
Our own opinions, odd or otherwise—
Pert paragraphs perhaps philosophic:
Queer, quibbling, qualitative, quibbling, quaint,
Rash, rude—remarked: "receptive ring?
Rare restraint!"

She sniffed, sour, scornful, scoring swain,
Tart-tongued: "Trickster! Travel! Trot to train!"

Upset, unhappy, understated: "Urchin,
Vindictively vivacious, vaulting, vain,
Wild, willful woman whom we wall,
"Necessarily" tachyarrate, "chah!
Your yearning young 'Yes! Yes!—yes, yes,
Zodiacally zealous!" "Zany! Zoo!"

Almena
Battered
Charmed
Defiantly
Evasive, Fair, Gold Haired, in Jangling Key,
Laughed Meaningly: "Nay, O, Poor Questioner,
Rejection Swift
Twice Useless
"Vowings Were"
"Xenochastic Yelled Zovla!"
The Irving never won Almena's hand.

TREATMENT FOR CORN SMUT

Crop Rotation, Such as Will Remove Danger of Infection From Spores Should Be Practiced.

(By E. C. STACKMAN.)
Corn smut differs in life-habits from any of the other common smuts, and methods of treatment are therefore different. The covered smuts attack the grain-plants in the seedling stage, although the smut-masses do not appear until heading-out time. The loose smuts gain entrance to the kernel of grain at flowering time, and remain inside the kernel until the next spring, when the grain sprouts. The corn-smut, on the other hand, may attack the corn-plant at any time, provided there is young and growing tissue. It is for this reason that it is difficult to combat.

Everyone is familiar with the large smut-masses occurring on practically any above-ground part of the corn-plant. These smut-masses are made up of countless millions of very minute reproductive bodies known as spores, each one of which may infect another corn plant. These spores may be blown about by the wind, may fall on the ground, or remain on the corn-stalks which are used for fodder, thus getting into the manure pile. The spores may germinate under favorable conditions, producing by a process of budding, a great many other spores (sporidia). These sporidia may be produced in long chains; they are very light, and may be blown long distances by the wind. If they happen to be blown to a corn plant they may infect it, causing smut. The presence of manure is especially favorable to the development of these sporidia; therefore precautions should always be taken to prevent the smut from getting into the manure pile, especially since it may live there for seven or eight years.

It is clear, then, that seed treatment would be of slight if any value in attempting to prevent the appearance of corn-smut. Whenever possible, smut-balls should be destroyed as soon as they appear. The smut-dust should never be allowed to get into the manure pile, either directly or by the use of smutted corn as fodder. Crop rotation, such as will remove danger of infection from spores on the previous year's corn land, should be practiced.

DRAFT HORSE FOR ALL WORK

No More Expense to Feed This Kind Than Smaller Animal—What Experience Has Taught.

Is there an all-purpose horse? According to Wilber McCampbell, of the animal husbandry department of the Kansas State Agricultural college, there is not. There is no market demand for such a horse. A horse for all purposes must be small enough for a buggy, yet heavy enough to use for draft purposes. This attempt generally results in a medium-sized animal that is too light for the heavy work frequently required on the farm. A medium-sized horse frequently will pull as much as a larger animal but, not having the weight, he must do it on nerve and muscle. This can be done for a while, but in time such work begins to tell and the smaller horse wears out before the heavier one.

Many farmers believe the upkeep of a small horse doing the work of a draft horse is less than that of the heavier one. Experiments have shown that a smaller horse will, in a year, consume as much feed as the heavier one. At the same time the work will tell more heavily upon him.

A farmer in western Kansas tried a number of cross-breeds, but in every case learned that some of the good qualities of every line were lost, and at last gave up the idea of producing one horse for every purpose. He is now breeding draft horses. He keeps a span of driving horses for buggy use, but is getting more satisfaction and money from the heavy horses he now produces than under his old system.

Diogenes the Gunman.
We meet the stern-faced gunman, he scowls down the streets; he glares with subtle meaning at every one he meets.

By day his ready pistol is swinging at his side, by night he holds a lantern which flashes far and wide.

He seems to seek a victim, and by his walk of stealth and grim, determined visage, he'll wreck that victim's health.

"Oh, if I may but find him," he mutters in his teeth, "his friends may hire a brass band and buy a floral wreath."

"I would that I might see him; I do not know his name, but when I run across him I'll know him just the same."

"He is the man who told me, as sure as anything we'd have a long, long winter and very backward spring!"

Sad Case.
"Will Hefton be on your football team this year?" asks the visitor of the resident of the college town.

"No, Hefton has retired from the game."

"Gone into business, left here, or got tired of football?"

"No, He met with a serious accident."

"Ah, I have often said that football is a dangerous game and—"

"He didn't get hurt in a game. He was experimenting in the chemical laboratory and there was an explosion which stung off all his hair."

McBurd & Rabbit.

AN INVITATION.



Harry Nort—I'm going up in an airship tomorrow.
Flatman—Well, drop in on us if you're passing our way.

HIRAM CARPENTER'S WONDERFUL CURE OF PSORIASIS.

"I have been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease, called by some M. D.'s, psoriasis, and others leprosy, commencing on my scalp; and in spite of all I could do, with the help of the most skillful doctors, it slowly but surely extended until a year ago this winter it covered my entire person in the form of dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any labor, and suffering intensely all the time. Every morning there would be nearly a dust-pailful of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of them half as large as the envelope containing this letter. In the latter part of winter my skin commenced cracking open. I tried everything, almost, that could be thought of, without any relief. The 12th of June I started West, in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital, but finally got as far as Lansing, Mich., where I had a sister living. One Dr. — treated me about two weeks, but did me no good. All thought I had but a short time to live. I earnestly prayed to die. Cracked through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands, limbs; feet badly swollen; toe-nails came off; finger-nails dead and hard as a bone; hair dead, dry and lifeless as old straw. O my God! how I did suffer."

"My sister wouldn't give up; said, 'We will try Cuticura.' Some was applied to one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief; stopped the terrible burning sensation from the word go. They immediately got Cuticura Resolvent, Ointment and Soap. I commenced by taking Cuticura Resolvent three times a day after meals; had a bath once a day, water about blood heat; used Cuticura Soap freely; applied Cuticura Ointment morning and evening. Result: returned to my home in just six weeks from the time I left, and my skin as smooth as this sheet of paper. Hiram E. Carpenter, Henderson, N. Y."

The above remarkable testimonial was written January 19, 1889, and is republished because of the permanency of the cure. Under date of April 22, 1910, Mr. Carpenter wrote from his present home, 610 Walnut St. So., Lansing, Mich.: "I have never suffered a return of the psoriasis and although many years have passed I have not forgotten the terrible suffering I endured before using the Cuticura Remedies."

Declining With Thanks.
A young woman prominent in the social set of an Ohio town tells of a young man there who had not familiarized himself with the forms of polite correspondence to the fullest extent. When, on one occasion, he found it necessary to decline an invitation, he did so in the following terms:

Mr. Henry Blank declines with pleasure Mrs. Wood's invitation for the nineteenth, and thanks her extremely for having given him the opportunity of doing so.—Lippincott's Magazine.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Explanation.
"That bride across the way is the laziest woman I ever saw. She never does any work about the house."
"Why doesn't her husband make her?"
"Oh, he simply worships her."
"That accounts, then, for her leading an idle existence."

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES
one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Beware substitutes. For Free trial package, address Allen S. Gimsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

He who learns nothing from events rejects the lessons of experience.—Havelock

Lewis' Single Binder cigar is never doped—only tobacco in its natural state.

Life without love is like a good dinner without an appetite.

Treatment of Tomatoes.
For early fruit of tomatoes, stake, tie and trim the vines. In this way they receive the full benefit of the early season's sun and new tomatoes will ripen several weeks earlier, although the plants will not bear so much nor live so long.

WESTERN CANADA'S GOOD CROP PROSPECTS

YIELDS OF WHEAT WILL LIKELY BE 25 TO 30 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

In an interview with Mr. W. J. White, who has charge of the Canadian government immigration offices in the United States, and who has recently made an extended trip through the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta in Western Canada. He said that every point he visited he was met with the one report, universally good crops of wheat, oats and barley. There will this year be a much increased acreage over last year. Many farmers, who had but one hundred acres last year, have increased their cultivated and seeded acreage as much as fifty per cent. With the prospects as they are at present, this will mean from \$12 to \$15 additional wealth to each. He saw many large fields running from 200 to 1,000 acres in extent and it appeared to him that there was not an acre of this but would yield from 20 to 25 or 30 bushels of wheat per acre, while the oat prospects might safely be estimated at from 40 to 70 bushels per acre. In all parts of the west, whether it be Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, north and south, east and west, and in the districts where last year there was a partial failure of crops, the condition of all grain is universally good and claimed by most of the farmers to be from one to two weeks in advance of any year for the past ten or twelve years. It does not seem that there was a single foot of the ground that was properly seeded that would not produce.

There are those throughout western Canada who predict that there will be 200,000,000 bushels of wheat raised there this year, and if the present favorable conditions continue, there does not seem any reason why these prophesies should not come true. There is yet a possibility of hot winds reducing the quantity in some parts, but with the strongly rooted crops and the sufficiency of precipitation that the country has already been favored with, this probability is reduced to a minimum.

The prices of farm lands at the present time are holding steady and lands can probably still be purchased at the price set this spring, ranging from \$15 to \$20 per acre, but with a harvested crop, such as is expected, there is no reason why these same lands should not be worth from \$20 to \$25 per acre, with an almost absolute assurance that by next spring there will still be a further advance in prices.

Mr. White says that these lands are as cheap at today's figures with the country's proven worth as they were a few years ago at half the price when the general public had but a vague idea of the producing quality of western Canada lands.

The land agents at the different towns along the line of railway are very active. A large number of acres are turned over weekly to buyers from the different states in the south, where lands that produce no better are sold at from \$150 to \$200 per acre.

The homestead lands are becoming scarcer day by day and those who are unable to purchase, preferring to homestead, are directing their attention to the park acres lying in the northerly part of the central districts. It has been found that while these are somewhat more difficult to bring under the subjugation of the plow, the soil is fully as productive as in the districts farther south. They possess the advantage that the more open prairie areas do not possess; that there is on these lands an open acreage of from fifty to seventy per cent of the whole and the balance is made up of groves of poplar of fair size, which offer shelter for cattle, while the grasses are of splendid strength and plentiful, bringing about a more active stage of mixed farming than can be carried on in the more open districts to the south.

The emigration for the past year has been the greatest in the history of Canada and it is keeping up in record shape. The larger number of those, who will go this year will be those who will buy lands nearer the line of railways, preferring to pay a little higher price for good location than to go back from the line of railways some 40 or 50 miles to homestead.

Mr. White has visited the different agencies throughout the United States and he found that the correspondence at the various offices has largely increased, the number of callers is greater than ever.

Any one desiring information regarding western Canada should apply at once to the Canadian Government Agent nearest him for a copy of the "Last Best West."

The Only Way Out.
Peter (sent for the milk)—Oh, mercy, I've drunk too much of it! What shall we do?
"Small Brother—Easy. We'll drop the jug—Meggendorfer Blatterter."

A half truth always seems more impressive than a many-sided view; a liberal is always at a disadvantage in contention with a dogmatist.

Here's to Your Good Health and Pleasure

Come—follow the arrow 'til you join the merry throng of palate pleased men and women who have quit seeking for the one best beverage because they've found it—

Coca-Cola

Real satisfaction in every glass—snap and sparkle—sip and go. Quenches the thirst—cools like a breeze.

Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome

5c Everywhere

THE COCA-COLA CO. Atlanta, Ga.

THE REASON.



De Quiz—Are you in favor of a safe and sane Fourth of July?
De Quiz—No; let the boys have all the giant firecrackers they want.
De Quiz—But such things are dangerous.
De Quiz—I know it. I haven't any boys.

HAVE YOU TRIED PAXTINE

The Great Toilet Germicide? You don't have to pay 50c or \$1.00 a pint for listerian antiseptics or peroxide. You can make 16 pints of a more cleansing, germicidal, healing and deodorizing antiseptic solution with one 25c box of Paxtine—a soluble antiseptic powder, obtainable at any drug store.

Paxtine destroys germs that cause disease, decay and odor,—that is why it is the best mouth wash and gargle, and why it purifies the breath, cleanses and preserves the teeth better than ordinary dentifrices, and in sponge bathing it completely eradicates perspiration and other disagreeable body odors. Every dainty woman appreciates this and its many other toilet and hygienic uses.

Paxtine is splendid for sore throat, inflamed eyes and to purify mouth and breath after smoking. You can get Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic at any drug store, price 25c and 50c, or by mail postpaid from The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass., who will send you a free sample if you would like to try it before buying.

Wanted Too Much.
The hansom ordered by a middle-aged spinster was late, and the caddy came in for a good rating when he finally drove up to the door.

"I shall probably miss my train," the irate "fare" informed him, "and I shall hold you responsible. I want to know your name, my man. Do you understand? I—want—your—name!"

The driver clucked up his horse easily. "You'll make your train all right, madam," he assured the woman inside. "And I'll let you have my number if you like. But you can't have my name. That's promised ter another young lady."

The One Thing Needed.
"Arms and legs are not so indispensable, after all," remarked the man who narrowly escaped with his life in an explosion where he lost the use of both arms.

He slipped his milk in silence through a straw, shook some change out of his pocket to the waiter, and, reaching down with his mouth for the lighted cigar, puffed vigorously. Then, bowing his head and jamming it into his hat on the table, he arose and turned to go, saying: "But this head of mine is mighty useful."

Enough Decorative Art.
Visitor—Warden, why don't you cultivate beauty about these bars, blank walls? Why not plant some climbing vines about?
Warden—Excuse me, ma'am, but we already have a lot of porch climbers here.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain—cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

'Tis well for men to learn self-conquest in the school of suffering.—George Eliot.

Lewis' Single Binder 5c cigar equals in quality most 10c cigars.

Most sharp retorts are made in blunt language.

When you want the best there is, ask your grocer for

Libby's Pickles and Olives

Libby, McNeill & Libby

44 Bu. to the Acre

100 ACRES WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup

At the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government an exhibit of grain, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

From homesteads of 160 acres, 40 bushels of wheat, 25 bushels of barley, 25 bushels of oats, 25 bushels of flax, 25 bushels of clover, 25 bushels of alfalfa, 25 bushels of timothy, 25 bushels of red clover, 25 bushels of white clover, 25 bushels of vetch, 25 bushels of lucerne, 25 bushels of sainfoin, 25 bushels of alfalfa, 25 bushels of timothy, 25 bushels of red clover, 25 bushels of white clover, 25 bushels of vetch, 25 bushels of lucerne, 25 bushels of sainfoin.

J. W. Ross, 125 W. 5th St., Seattle, Wash. D. C.

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PREVENTION

better than cure. Tutt's Pills if taken in time not only cure, but will prevent SICK HEADACHE, indigestion, constipation and blood diseases.

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In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by Western Electrotype Co., Kansas City, Missouri.

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W. N. U., ST. LOUIS, MO., 28-1911.

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR DRESSING. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.