

Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of Missouri

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri, an amendment to the Constitution thereof, concerning pensions to the deserving blind.

That at the general election to be held on Tuesday following the first Monday in November, 1916, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of Missouri, for their adoption or rejection, the following constitutional amendment, to-wit:

That section 47 of article IV of the Constitution be amended by adding thereto the following words: "Provided further, that nothing in this Constitution contained shall be construed as prohibiting the general assembly from granting or authorizing the granting of pensions to the deserving blind, as may be provided and regulated by law."

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Proposed by Initiative Petition.

To empower the Legislature of Missouri to create, by special law, a State Land Bank with power to loan money secured by deed of trust on agricultural lands and to issue bonds, and authorizing the appropriation of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) out of the State Treasury for that purpose, and to exempt the bank and bonds of said bank from taxation, and validating any legislation heretofore enacted for such purposes.

MISSOURI STATE LAND BANK AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION

Proposed by legal voters by Initiative Petition, under the Initiative and Referendum Provisions of the Constitution, empowering the General Assembly to enact a special law creating a corporation to be known as the Missouri State Land Bank, with power to mortgage and liquidate farm credits, to appropriate state money as a loan in aid thereof, and exempting from state, county and municipal taxes all of the assets of the bank, and providing for the validation of any law enacted by the General Assembly in accordance herewith.

Section 1. The General Assembly is hereby empowered to enact a special law to create a corporation to be known as the Missouri State Land Bank, with power to mortgage and liquidate farm credits, to appropriate state money as a loan in aid thereof, and exempting from state, county and municipal taxes all of the assets of the bank, and providing for the validation of any law enacted by the General Assembly in accordance herewith.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Proposed by Initiative Petition.

Prohibiting after July first, 1917, the manufacture of, the introduction into, the selling, exchanging, bartering, selling or disposing of intoxicating liquors in the State of Missouri, except when for sacramental purposes, prohibiting, punishing for the violation thereof and repealing all parts of the Constitution, Statutes and Municipal Laws in conflict therewith.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Proposed amendment to the Constitution of Missouri, to be submitted to the legal voters of the State of Missouri for their approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the seventh day of November, A. D. 1916, providing for the manufacture of the introduction into, the selling, exchanging, bartering, selling or disposing of intoxicating liquors in the State of Missouri, except when for sacramental purposes, prescribing a penalty for the violation thereof and repealing all parts of the Constitution, Statutes and Municipal Laws in conflict therewith.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Section 1. From and after July first, 1917, no intoxicating liquor or liquor, except when for sacramental purposes, shall be manufactured in, or introduced into, the State of Missouri, under any license. Every person who sells, exchanges, gives, barter, or disposes of intoxicating liquor of any kind to any person in the State of Missouri, or who attempts to introduce into the State of Missouri, intoxicating liquor of any kind, except when for sacramental purposes, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than three hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than six months nor more than twelve months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

All parts of the State Constitution and laws of the State and municipalities therein, conflicting with the provisions of this section, are hereby repealed.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Department of State, to-wit: I, Cornelius Roach, Secretary of State of the State of Missouri, hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and complete copy of the one joint and concurrent resolution of the Forty-eighth General Assembly of the State of Missouri of the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Missouri, submitted by initiative petition, to be submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Missouri at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the seventh day of November, 1916.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Missouri, from my office in the City of Jefferson, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1916.

[Seal]

Secretary of State

An authority says the real history of the great war will not be written until 50 years have passed. However, the schoolchildren won't have to wait that long before being assigned to the task of learning something about the conflict.

It is declared that manufacturers of leather substitutes are turning out one that is superior to leather as material for shoes. No wonder there are leather men trying to keep prices of their commodity from soaring too high.

"The world owes a monument to the man who invented the tin can," says the Baltimore American. And a still higher one to the fellow who invented the can opener.

The theory that sour milk promotes longevity has been shattered. Most of the centenarians seem to reach old age without making any particular effort.

MEXICAN REVOLT "MADE IN U. S."

LATEST TROUBLE ENGINEERED TO CAUSE HALT IN COMMISSIONERS' WORK.

STARTING SIGNAL FROM N. Y.

Certain Citizens Seek to Compel Intervention—Villa Had Nothing to Do With Chihuahua Uprising, Says Agent.

New York City—Americans seeking to compel intervention in Mexico by the United States planned and directed the raid on Chihuahua City and then "planted" exaggerated stories to make it appear a great triumph for Villa, according to information before members of the American and Mexican joint commission which left New London for Atlantic City.

United States secret service agents are investigating what is regarded as a conspiracy led by Americans, first to bring about the Chihuahua City incident, and, second, to get it exaggerated in the official military papers, with the object of destroying the work of the American and Mexican joint commission.

The reports which have been transmitted by Washington and by Mexico City to the joint commission contradict the statements in the account by Brig. Gen. George Bell, Jr. It is regarded as established by the state department that Villa was not in the raid on Chihuahua City and that no ammunition was captured and taken off by the raiders.

The American investigators of the attack on Chihuahua City are supposed to be either political enemies of the Wilson administration, or Americans interested in Mexican property and anxious to avert a settlement between the United States and Mexico which would put intervention out of the question. The suspicion rests on a set of concrete facts received close attention from the state department and the department of justice.

The signal for the raid on Chihuahua City, it is believed, came in a telegram from New York City, or Washington, to the border, and was forwarded by courier to the bandit organization outside of the city.

The raid was timed to occur just as the commissioners appeared to be on the threshold of an agreement for the substitution of a strong patrol on both sides of the border for the Pershing expedition.

WIFE AND HOME ARE BURNED

Man Held Charged With Terrible Crime—Believed to Have Murdered Mate.

Mountain View, N. H.—Fred L. Small, formerly of Boston, Mass., was arrested in connection with the murder of his wife and setting their summer residence here on fire.

The house, which is situated on the shores of Ossipee Lake, was destroyed by fire. The body of Mrs. Small was found with a rope tied around her neck. It is believed she was strangled and burned alive with the house.

Several years ago Small, after securing a divorce from his first wife, brought suit for \$100,000 against A. H. Soden, who was then president of the Boston National League baseball club, charging alienation of his wife's affections. The suit was settled in court for \$15,000, and at that time the presiding judge took occasion to tell Small he "believed he (Small) was the man to take advantage of and profit by his wife's misdeeds."

Double Lynching

Nowata, Ok.—Two of three negroes charged with murdering a deputy sheriff who sought to prevent a jail delivery, were lynched here by a mob of citizens. A minister attempted to halt the mob and succeeded for a few minutes, but in the end the deed was accomplished.

Teacher for Two Wanted.

Cly, Pa.—The smallest public school in the world, near here, containing desk room for twelve pupils, is seeking a teacher. This year only two pupils, both girls, will attend.

Bandits Get Winnings.

Chicago.—Charles Fixmer was \$250 ahead when he left a dice game. As he departed two hold-up men stopped him and relieved him of the money.

First Football Fatality.

Waycross, Wis.—Palmer Bosworth, 14 years old, of Tampa, Fla. is dead here of injuries received during a football game. His skull was fractured.

Drys to Pour Beer.

Hutchinson, Kan.—Beer will flow when J. Frank Hanly, Prohibition nominee for the presidency, arrives. City officials and temperance leaders will pour it into the gutter as a feature of Hanly's reception.

Courting Across Sea.

New York.—Mrs. A. LaTorre, a widow of New Haven, has just completed her twentieth round trip to Italy since the war began, to see her fiancé, an Italian cavalry lieutenant. They will be married on the next trip.

GALICIAN CITY TAKEN BY RUSSIANS



View of a part of Ternopol, Galicia, an important city which fell before the Russians in their great offensive.

JAPS DISCLAIM STATEMENT FOUR ISSUES SET FORTH

OFFICIAL ONLY EXPRESSED PERSONAL VIEWS. WILSON GIVES REASONS FOR HIS RE-ELECTION.

Head of Steel Trust Says We Need Only Fear Japanese Commercial Rivalry.

Washington, D. C.—Responsibility for any statement that after the European war Japan would renew negotiations with the United States over immigration and alien land legislation was disclaimed by the Japanese embassy in a statement issued by the charge, Tokichi Tanaka. It was explained that an official of the embassy who expressed views on this subject the day before spoke personally and without any authorization.

Furthermore Tanaka declared that Baron Sakai, the former Japanese finance minister, who has suggested in speeches at New York that Japan would take up the alien land issue again as soon as the war was over, was in no way authorized to speak for the foreign office and was discussing the question solely as an influential statesman representing a large body of Japanese public opinion.

Commercial Rival.

Chicago, Ill.—Japan is friendly to the United States, but in the days that follow the end of the world war will be her leading commercial competitor, according to E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, who arrived here en route east from his trip to Japan, China and the Philippines.

Gary refused to discuss either business or politics, saying he was not sufficiently in touch with recent events to discuss the former, and pleading that he never discussed politics during a national election.

PRISONERS TO RESUME STUDY

Switzerland Plans to Send Interned Soldiers to University—Good Place to Get Education.

Berne, Switzerland.—Dr. Arthur Hoffman, foreign minister and head of the Swiss political department, announced in parliament that preparations had been made for all students who are interned prisoners of war, to attend the Swiss universities. He said further that the question would be gone into as to whether all students and juveniles from 16 to 19 years of age who are prisoners of war in belligerent countries may be come interned in Switzerland.

"We are thinking already of calling on other neutral countries for cooperation, especially the United States," Dr. Hoffman added.

Wedding in Three Tongues.

Chicago.—Charles Gorfert speaks only French. Miss Lucy E. Mutterer speaks only German. Rev. Frank O. Beck, who married them, read the service in English for the witnesses, in French for the bridegroom, and in German for the bride.

Interpreter Needed.

New York.—Knowing only love's language, Pietro Rieffel, who speaks only Italian, and Mrs. Katie Pluff, who understands only the Hungarian tongue, were married here.

London Elects Lord Mayor.

London.—Sir William Henry Dunn was elected lord mayor of London. The new lord mayor will be the third Roman Catholic lord mayor of London in recent years.

German Banks in Japan Closed.

San Francisco, Cal.—Branches of the Deutsche Asiatic Bank at Yokohama and Kobe have been closed and are now under guard of Japanese soldiers. The action is believed to have been a war measure.

Accused of Violating Mann Act.

Chicago.—Violation of the Mann white slave act by sending more than a score of girls from Chicago to Terre Haute, Ind., was charged by indictments returned here by a grand jury against Emil Paurat and his wife.

DETROIT TROLLEY STRUCK BY ENGINE

FOURTEEN DEAD, 24 HURT WHEN ACCIDENT HAPPENS AT CROSSING.

THIRD SIMILAR CATASTROPHE

More Than 90 Passengers on Car at Time—Identification of Some Impossible as They Were Ground by Train.

Detroit, Mich.—Fourteen persons were killed and more than 25 injured several probably fatally, Sunday night when a switch engine hauling two freight cars crashed into a crowded street car at Forest avenue and Dequindre street on the east side. There were more than 90 persons in the street car, many of them returning from the theaters.

Killed Under Freight Cars.

The street car was struck almost in the center, the impact pushing it from the tracks and sliding it alongside the freight cars.

Panic-stricken passengers began jumping from both the front and rear doors and climbing through windows. Most of the dead were killed by jumping from the car and falling under the wheels of the still moving freight cars.

Ambulances from every hospital in Detroit were rushed to the scene. One hospital alone reported 15 injured and one dead had been taken there.

This accident was the third of a similar nature here in the last year and the second to occur at the Forest avenue crossing. The railroad tracks at Dequindre street are used by the Grand Trunk and Detroit Terminal Railroad companies.

The death of a little girl, who succumbed to her injuries while being taken to a hospital, brought the list of dead to 14. At the same hospital one man was reported to be dying, while three others, unidentified, were unconscious and the extent of their injuries undetermined.

Those who were killed outright at the crossing were so badly mangled that identification there was impossible.

According to a member of the switching crew the train was moving at about 20 miles an hour when it struck the street car.

THREE DEAD ERECT IN CHAIRS

No Signs of Violence or Poisoning Discovered After Neighbors Enter Their Home in Ohio.

Lancaster, Ohio.—Neighbors of the Misses Alice and Agnes Smelters, 50 and 45 years old respectively, seeing no sign of activity about the home of the two women, entered and found the two ladies and Miss Mary Streeton, a visitor, 38, sitting erect in rocking chairs. All three were dead.

There was no sign of violence or poisoning. The coroner is attempting to solve the mystery of the deaths. That death had come quickly was evidenced by the fact that one of the sisters had her glasses on and was holding a newspaper.

Automobile to Sunday School Man.

Pana, Ill.—For thirty successive years H. P. Hart of Roby county was elected president of the Christian County Sunday School Association. At the fifty-fifth annual convention in Rosemond, Ill., county fellow workers gave him a \$1,000 automobile.

Kills Wife, Ends Life.

Alva, Ok.—Corporal George Highbee of the United States army shot and killed his young wife on the street here and then turned his pistol on himself and ended his own life.

Drakeford Named Agent.

Springfield, Ill.—James J. Drakeford, United States internal revenue agent for the Springfield district of Illinois, has received word of his appointment as internal revenue agent for the entire state of Texas.

Thousands Tell It

Why dally along with backache and kidney or bladder troubles? Thousands tell you how to find relief. There's a case to guide you. And it's only one of thousands. Forty thousand Americans are publicly praising Doan's Kidney Pills. Surely it is worth the while of any one who has a bad back, who feels tired, nervous and run-down, who endures distressing urinary disorders, to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial.

An Illinois Case

Mrs. Sarah A. "Tom Peter tells a Story" Hawans, Ill., says: "For three years I suffered from lumbago and a most distressing case of kidney complaint. I had to be lifted in and out of bed, the pain killing me. My head ached continually and I had awful dizzy spells. The kidney secretions passed far too often and my body was racked with rheumatic pains. After doctors had given me up I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they did me of troubles that I had been told were incurable. I surely have great faith in them."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Breaking It Gently.

"I understand that your daughter is going to take music lessons." "Not exactly," replied Farmer Corn-tassel. "We haven't the heart to tell her that her voice sounds terrible, so we've got to hire a regular teacher to do it."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY

is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it to the natural way. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

A Pleasant Illusion.

"You seem to have a great many titles in the South." "You refer to the large number of captains, colonels and majors in this section?" "Yes. They can't all be military men."

To Drive Out Malaria

And Build Up The System Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know it as you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteful form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

Psychological Phenomenon.

"Do you believe that everybody can be hypnotized?" "Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "In my campaign experience I have found that with the proper words and gestures you can hypnotize everybody. The trouble is that you don't know what minute they are going to wake up."

SOAP IS STRONGLY ALKALINE

and constant use will burn out the scalp. Cleanse the scalp by shampooing with "La Creole" Hair Dressing, and darken in the natural way, those ugly, grizzly hairs. Price, \$1.00.—Adv.

New Telephone-Telegraph.

A new telegraph instrument has been invented by means of which any telegraph operator may send messages in the Morse code over an ordinary telephone. This new instrument can be attached to any telephone and the connection between it is purely mechanical. It does not require any additional electric circuit. The telegraph key has a pivot at the end. It produces a sharp distinct sound and is connected with the metal case of the telephone by two clamps. It is claimed that Morse signals sent by this instrument carry longer distances than the human voice over long distance telephones, so the telephone-telegraph can be of great value both in supplementary and in verifying telephonic conversation.

ECZEMA advertisement featuring a portrait of a man and text describing the condition and treatment.

BLACK LEG advertisement with an illustration of a leg and text about preventing leg ulcers.

Every Woman Wants PAXTINE advertisement for an antiseptic powder, including text about its benefits for various ailments.