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THINK THIS OVER

For the Month of May Only

During the month of May I will give a flat 10 per cent discount on about 45 of the most popular styles in my line of samples. Or with every suit or coat and pants order, I will give an extra pair of pants for only $2.00. If you are in need of a suit you cannot afford to miss this opportunity. Many of these samples make splendid all-theyear-'round suits.

Also don't forget I am in the grocery business and can handle your eggs and other produce. We have prices you cannot duplicate elsewhere on quality goods.

B. I. ALLEN

Heinz Baked Beans

Oven Baked

Select beans and pork prepared with tomato sauce after the original Heinz recipe of Superior quality Palitable, Nutritous, Convenient

Suitable for Outings and Camping

Good Hot or Cold

A Variety of Heinz Pure Food Products at R. F. Jones'

C. F. HOPKINS DEPARTMENT STORE

Has just received fresh shipments of all silk Minuett, Tuxedo Overblouses, all silk Jersey Underskirts, ladies' wash skirts, girls' regulation Middie Dresses, little boys' white Middie wash Suits, men's Mohair Suits and Trousers, a case of this heavy LL Sheeting and many other lines of new goods.

This will no doubt be the last sheeting we will have to offer at this price and quality. We have 1,000 yards which we want to place with 100 of our customers, or friends who ought to be customers, at 10 yards for 98c at the store, or we will send it by insured mail on the receipt of $1.09, with the understanding that you may return it if you do not consider it better sheeting than others charge you several cents more per yard, and we will refund every cent of your money.

NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVES

A clean, speedy, steady stove means greater kitchen comfort and convenience. That's why 3,000,000 housewives use New Perfection Oil Cook Stoves. The Long Blue Chimney burner is the secret. We sell them on a positive guarantee that they will not smoke. Come in and let us give you a demonstration.

Dry Goods Dept.

Table Oil Cloth	25c
1 Lot Gingham Tissues	37c
2¼ Yard Wide Pepperal Sheeting, now going at	50c
Same Bleached	60c
Good Heavy Sheeting, 36 inches wide, 10 yards for	98c

We now have a full line of **Ladies' Home Journal Patterns.** All you've got to do is select the pattern you want, as listed in your Home Journal, enclose the price of same and mail it to us. All orders will be filled the same day we receive them.

Ladies' Home Journal Patterns need no introduction, because every one knows they are the best.

Work Clothes Dept.

Men's Heavy Blue Bib Overalls, going at	$1.04
Men's Heavy Blue Jumpers	$1.04
Men's Heavy Blue Work Shirts, at	79c
Men's Blue Chambray Work shirts special price	48c
Boys' Blue Chambray Work shirts now	38c

Suit Dept.

Men's All Wool Serges	$19.98
Young Men's All Wool Flannel, Form Fitting	$25.00
Men's 2-piece Serge	$19.00
Men's 2-piece Flannel, 75 per cent wool	$9.98
Men's 3-piece Flannel, 75 per cent wool	$12.50
Men's 3-piece Flannel, 75 per cent wool	$15.00

Boys' children's and youths suits ranging from $2.50 to $18.50.

Auto Accessories

Goodyear and Goodrich Casings and Tubes

30x3½ Goodrich Casings	$16.00
30x3 Goodrich Casings	$13.45
30x3 Smooth Casing	$12.00
30x3½ First Quality Tubes	$ 2.85
30x3 First Quality Tubes	$ 2.35

Pumps, Jacks, Tire Dough, Patching Cement, No-Glare Lens, Fanbelts, etc. carried in stock at prices below the market value. Now is the time to equip your car for the summer. Compare our prices on casings to the prices you have been paying.

Shoe Dept.

Men's Chic Elk, Reinforced Shank Dating Ral	$2.48
Male Shoe Shoe	$1.98
Same in Pearl Elk	$2.68
Men's Brown Kid Lace Oxford, going at	$3.98
Children's Sandals	$1.35
Children's Brown Lace Oxfords, now	$1.65
Old Man's Broad Plain Toe, solid leather shoes	$3.50
Army Officers Dress Shoe	$8.50
Bankers Last, in Extra Quality Kid and Calf	$7.00

Floor Coverings

Armstrong 4 yd. wide Linoleum, 45c per yd. under Sears price, per yard	$ 1.50
2 yd. Feltabrown	$ 1.20
9x12 Congoleum Rugs	$16.00
9x12 Jan Matting Rugs	$ 1.50
9x12 Grass Rugs	$ 8.00
9x12 Wool Fiber	$12.50
9x12 Print Brussels	$16.00
9x12 Tapestry Brussels	$25.00
9x12 Velvet	$33.50

Our prices on these rugs are from $4.00 to $5.00 cheaper than the mail order houses quote the same grade rugs. Why order?

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION

The regular teachers' examination will be held at Marble Hill June 3 and 4.

All applicants for either certificate or renewal of certificate will be required to pass satisfactory examination on the reading Circle work. The examination on this work will be given on Saturday in the afternoon. Those who attend an approved summer school do not have to take the examination on the professional work.

Wilbur M. Welker,
County Superintendent.

A patient at a Vermont sanitarium is an anatomical curiosity. All his internal organs are "on the wrong side". X-ray pictures revealed the fact that the stomach is misplaced, the liver on the left side, the heart on the right side and the appendix on the left. He is recovering from tuberculosis.—Dearborn Independent.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Photographer Schlueter of Cape Girardeau, also representing Gerhard Sutera, St. Louis, will be in Marble Hill Masonic hall on the 28th of each month. **Saturday, May 28**, being the first trip out. We will, as an advertisement, make **Free one Enlargement** with each dozen cabinet photographs.

PRICES RIGHT AND WORK GUARANTEED

WIFE BEATER GIVEN 90 DAYS' WORK ON THE STREETS

Sikeston had a new police judge Monday, and he proved to be a good one. He was Alderman Ed Fuchs, who sat in the seat of justice in the place of Police Judge Lecher, who was sick. Mayor White was out of town, hence Mr. Fuchs, as president of the board of aldermen, was next in line of succession to the police judge's duties.

The case heard by Alderman Fuchs was that in which C. Boaze was charged with having beaten his wife over the head with a chair the day before. Mr. Fuchs assessed his punishment at a fine of $25 and 90 days in jail. Being unable to pay the fine, he will work out both fine and jail sentence on the streets, and the street commissioner was instructed to use a ball and chain if necessary.

Tuesday Mrs. Boaze visited Alderman Fuchs and pleaded clemency for her husband. But she was told the only clemency to be given a wife beater would be a free ticket out of town with instructions to stay out.

He said that Boaze also thought the sentence pretty severe, inasmuch as he thought so much of his family.

Yesterday, however, Boaze decided that he would accept Mr. Fuch's offer and agreed to take his family and remain out of Sikeston for at least five years if he could be excused from taking his punishment. He said he would go to Illinois.—Sikeston Herald.

LEE COOK GETS MACHINE TO SET SWEET POTATO SLIPS

Lee Cook, who by the way, is one of the leading progressive farmers of this section, last week received a machine to be used for setting out sweet potato plants. This is the first machine of the kind to be brought to this immediate section. Mr. Cook plans to grow as many sweet potatoes as he can get slips for, anywhere from 10 to 20 acres. He will probably use the machine to set plants for some of the other members of the potato growers association of which he is president. Mr. Cook is to be congratulated on his adoption of modern farming methods, and the remarkable success he has made the last few years shows that he has made it pay for im.—Kennett News.

HOW MAY I HELP?

Are based to help in the erection of this, and find out. You of a new building at Will Mayfield college. This worthy school has been doing great things for forty years and is now the seat of using good, larger Baptist. It is now the greatest denominational enterprise in southeast Missouri.

You can help by reading about it and becoming interested in the present campaign. Then you can pray for the success of the campaign for the new administration building. You can then help herself your own prayers and the prayers of hundreds of others by making a sacrificial gift to it.

The date is to break ground for the new building September 1, 1921. This cannot be done with out considerable cash. Most of the money will have to be borrowed. The money can be borrowed at single interest for a year, as a contribution to the Million Dollars.

It is proposed to issue notes of notes, running three years and maturing September 1, 1921, September 15, 1922, and September 1, 1923, bearing 8 per cent interest from maturity.

In case you have already pledged to the college and can pay your pledge and donate it for the new building. If you cannot pay all of your pledge by September 1, 1921, you can convert it into a note. With a Baptist pledge should be as binding as a note. While a note will not increase the burden of the giver, it will greatly increase the income of the college. Let it be understood that these notes are not to be negotiated, nor will the college go to court to collect them, but they will be used as collateral with which to borrow money. Misfortunes may cancel some of them, but it is believed very few of them will be repudiated by the donors.

It is a fact that most of our denominational enterprises are built on the credit. The college cannot incur a debt. All you are asked to do is to join the Baptist brotherhood in financing this enterprise. The government issued bonds to secure revenue. Not many of us turned our government down in time of war. The Lord's war must be everlastingly waged. You will not turn this appeal down, will you? He needs revenue for His Holy operations. Your children and grandchildren will need trained preachers, pastors, and teachers of God's Word. Here is the way to provide for them. Your note to Will Mayfield college will be as good as a Baptist bond.

Come then and join the Baptist battalions with your bond and have a joyful share in the bringing in of His kingdom in southeast Missouri and unto the uttermost parts of the world.

T. H. Jenkins.

Sixty-five thousand girls disappeared last year in the United States.—Dearborn Independent.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

From Washington, D. C.

[illegible] Congress convened April 11 the regular session at Washington, both in the [illegible] of legislative [illegible] making history rapidly, but in the opinion of observant newspaper leaders, it is the kind of action that will be judged principally as campaign material for the Democratic party.

[illegible] events of political [illegible] President Harding [illegible] United States again a participant in the various Allied councils, which has caused a great conflict of opinion among republican leaders, and which has been strenuously challenged in the senate by Senator LaFollette, Prog. Wisc., as "contrary to American ideals and principles".

Some of the republican leaders claim we are in a return to the foreign policies of President Wilson and as opening wedge for America's final entrance into the league of nations, and this view is shared by some democratic leaders. Others point out that the present participation of the United States with the Allies goes far beyond the acceptance of the league principles and is likely to involve the United States in foreign entanglements and "commitments" never contemplated by advocates of the league. These latter base their statements on the language of Secretary Hughes's note to the Allies naming the American representatives on the Allied reparation commission, which is as follows:

"Mr. George Harvey, ambassador to Great Britain, will be instructed on his arrival in England to take part as the representative of the President of the United States in the deliberations of the supreme council. The American ambassador to France, Mr. Wallace, will be instructed to resume his place as unofficial observer on the conference of ambassadors and Mr. Roland W. Boyden will be instructed to sit again in an unofficial capacity in the reparations commission."

Ambassador Wallace [illegible] Mr. Boyden sought recognition [illegible] were performed by him [illegible] due to France and to Mr. Harding under the Wilson administration, but [illegible] Harvey is not designated as an unofficial observer [illegible] the supreme council but as the representative of the President of the United States and to take part [illegible]

The reparations commission [illegible] of Germany's default [illegible] Allies to revised [illegible] which went out of [illegible] stance when the German [illegible] was formed. There [illegible] was any dispute that the Allied supreme council was a [illegible] authority [illegible] a form of super-government with force.

It is manifest that [illegible] the principal objections raised against the league of nations [illegible] a super-state and the more determined [illegible] that if the league was a super-state, which they deny on the ground that it was only an association of nations requiring unanimous consent in all vital action, the Allied supreme council is a super-state and that in the appointment of Col. Harvey as his representative in this body, President Harding has committed this nation as an active participant in the very form of government to which he and his party professed to be opposed.

Despite this, some democratic leaders profess to foresee that under the guidance of Secretaries Hughes and Hoover, the Harding foreign policy eventually will be to accept the principles of the league, whatever the inconsistency and complications.

The republican administration is taking some credit for Germany's acceptance of the Allied reparation demands, based on Secretary Hughes's refusal to make this government a mediator, but the foreign correspondents take the view that Germany's surrender was due entirely to the readiness and determination of France to invade the Ruhr district and Great Britain's acquiescence in the French policy.

Some of these correspondents are skeptical about Germany keeping her agreement, calling attention to the fact that the present German cabinet is only a "make-shift" and that the element opposed to the fulfillment of the treaty is preparing again to take over the government. Germany's failure to keep her latest agreement would again call for action by the Allied supreme council, of which the United States is now a member, with Col. Harvey representing President Harding.

The Knox resolution for a separate peace with Germany, having passed the senate is still held up in the house at this writing. President Harding has denied the charge that it is held up at his request, but he has done nothing to [illegible] passage in that body. [illegible] in his inaugural address [illegible] to jawsing for the passage of the resolution. His apparent indifference to the delay in the senate writing, while consistent in line with the trend of his administration toward participation in foreign political affairs, is not more pleasing to democrats than to members of his own party.

Just how the emergency tariff bill, which passed the senate May 11, with one republican (Moses, N. H.) voting against it and [illegible] democrats voting for it, and the farmer [illegible] which [illegible] Senator (Ks.) in a vigorous speech opposing it said it was submitted "in silence, if not in shame".

Senators Hitchcock (Neb.) and King (Utah) opposed the provisions for an embargo on dyestuffs, the former pointing out that the industry has grown to a powerful trust whose foreign business in the last eight months approximated $17,000,000. No republican senator undertook to say how the American farmer was to be looked to using incandescent products secured by shutting out dyestuffs. It has been frequently pointed out, in the discussion of the bill that the troubles of the farmer are not due to a low tariff, but to the collapse of his foreign markets.

Senator Moses not only voted against the bill, but made a speech against it in which he warned his party against a repetition of the hard policy of the Paris Allied bill of 1920, which [illegible] demoralized [illegible] and in the [illegible] two years later.

In [illegible] Senator Moses [illegible] the farmers [illegible] offering an amendment that the anti-dumping provisions, which put certain articles upon a tariff basis should [illegible] farmers were [illegible] farmers [illegible] farming, raising [illegible] and every [illegible] farmer [illegible] was [illegible] These amendments the senate has taken, and they will be [illegible] on the conference report. Senator Moses [illegible] the conference report because the bill instead of giving him a market in which to sell his surplus makes it harder for foreign customers to buy.

Another strong point made against the bill was that it takes effect in the planting season when the farmer is a purchaser instead of a seller and is only in effect six months.

Among the purely political developments of the week was President Harding's modification of President Wilson's order for the selection of first, second and third class postmasters under civil service requirements. Instead of being required to select the candidate standing highest, the administration may under President Harding's order give the place to anyone of the first three at the head of the list. About 13,000 postoffices are affected. Deserving republicans, who are present at Washington in large numbers, seem to have no doubt that one out of the highest three on the list the postmaster general will find one republican.

Politically speaking, there is a general disposition among democratic leaders to avoid carping and factious criticism of the Harding administration and only to oppose such policies and measures as are clearly antagonistic to the welfare of the country. The general inclination is to give the administration a fair show and hold it to strict accountability on its record.

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