

THE LATEST RETURNS

Of the Recent Elections Emphasize Earlier Reports

And Indicate Pronounced Republican Success in All the States Voting With the Exception of Mississippi and Virginia.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—Elections were held Tuesday in thirteen states and one territory, and in only two of them—Mississippi and Virginia—are democratic victories conceded.

In Illinois the free silver candidate, Edward Lane (dem.) was defeated by W. F. Hadley (rep.).

In most parts of the country, where elections were held, the financial question was only a side issue. Tammany is on top again in New York city by a plurality estimated by the victors at about 21,000, but the state went republican by from 50,000 to 60,000 majority, according to conservative estimates made by both sides.

Maryland went republican by from 10,000 to 20,000 majority as conceded by the democratic committee.

Late returns indicate that New Jersey is now on the republican side by from 12,000 to 15,000 majority.

Iowa, Ohio, Illinois, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Pennsylvania and Kansas have reverted to their old majorities, and in some cases increased them.

The republicans have probably got a little the best of the deal in Utah, but the result will be very close there, and later returns will be required before a definite statement can be made. Utah chooses two United States senators for the first time, but the complexion of the legislature is as yet rather uncertain.

It is certain that the republicans have gained two senators—one in Maryland and one in Ohio. In addition to the state elections there was a municipal election in Detroit, Mich., in which Mayor Cingree was lifted to the dignity of a fourth term by 10,000 republican majority. The city council also gained some republican members. Late bulletins to the United Press give the history of the election in detail as follows:

NEW YORK.

New York state has been carried by the republicans by pluralities ranging from 48,000 to 55,000, compared with a plurality of 24,484 for the head of the ticket two years ago. Returns from more than one-half of the election districts outside of the cities of New York and Brooklyn show a net republican gain of 12,803, compared with the vote of two years ago. Maintaining the same average the gains will reach 25,000 outside of greater New York. In the two cities below the Harlem the democrats concede that the democratic plurality of 60,343 two years ago has been reduced by 12,003, giving the state to the head of the republican ticket by about 50,000 in round numbers. The state legislature will be about two-thirds republican. The fusion ticket was beaten in the city by Tammany, the principal issue being on Sunday closing of saloons.

MARYLAND.

For the first time since 1867 the republicans have elected a governor in Maryland and a mayor in the city of Baltimore. The result is taken as a rebuke to Senator Gorman by his opponents. In Baltimore a majority of 12,000 for Brown, the democratic candidate for governor in 1891, has been changed to a majority of about 10,000 in round numbers for Lowndes, the present candidate of the republican ticket. It is pretty certain that the legislature will be substantially republican.

KENTUCKY.

Although the result for governor in Kentucky will be very close, the republicans have every reason to be congratulated on the result in that state, even on the showing up to date. Owing to the use of the blanket ballot returns are coming in slowly, but both sides are claiming the election of their gubernatorial candidate. The vote was tight, and it is certain that many democrats, rather than face the peculiar situation of voting for a free-silver man standing on a gold platform, stayed at home. There was but little scratching of Hardin. In Jefferson county the vote complete (which includes that of the city of Louisville) is Brady 21,293, Hardin 15,796. The greatest shock the democrats have to face in Kentucky is that the lower house of the legislature will probably be controlled by the republicans. The returns indicate the election of fifty republican representatives, forty-one democrats and nine doubtful. In Lexington, the home of Congressman Breckinridge, the democrats elected all their candidates.

NEW JERSEY.

The best indications are that John W. Griggs, the republican candidate for governor, is elected by a majority which the republicans claim will reach 80,000. The senate of the state is republican through the senators who hold over. There was no special issue in this state and the vote was tight. Democrats may find some consolation in the claim made that many of them stayed away from the polls. The latest returns indicate that the assembly will be made up as follows: Democrats, 21; republicans, 29.

NEBRASKA.

The A. P. A. had a successful inning in Nebraska, winning out in Omaha against tickets pronounced in their denunciation of the order. The republicans, however, claim it was a straight republican victory. Democratic papers concede the republican majority in the state for T. L. Norval, candidate for the supreme court bench, to be 15,000.

OHIO.

Ohio republicans are claiming that Gen. Bushnell's plurality over James E. Campbell will be as high as 110,000; and democrats concede 80,000 plural-

ty. Bushnell's vote may top that given to McKinley by 10,000 when all the returns are in.

KANSAS.

Democrats concede the election of David Martin, the republican candidate for chief justice of the supreme court, by a substantial majority.

UTAH.

Utah declared for statehood, and probably elected the republican ticket, though it will take some time to tell for certain who was elected, as the returns are coming in very slowly.

ILLINOIS.

Interest in Illinois centered in the Cook county election. The republicans were successful in electing a judicial and drainage ticket. The democrats made substantial gains in Chicago, but not enough to overcome the republican majorities of the last election. In the Eighteenth district W. P. L. Hadley, republican, claims his election by 3,000 majority.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The result of the election in Massachusetts was hardly a surprise. Frederick T. Greenhalge, the republican candidate for governor, and the entire state ticket were elected by possibly 70,000 plurality. The vote differed little from that of last year, the democrats making slight gains.

MISSISSIPPI.

The democrats have every reason to feel proud of Mississippi, which fully maintained its standard. The democrats have carried the state by from 35,000 to 50,000 majority. The republicans did not have a ticket in the field, but the populists had a full slate.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The Quay-Hastings fight kept many republicans from the polls, but not enough to materially effect the result. The best figures indicate that the majority of Haywood, republican candidate for state treasurer, will be 175,000.

VIRGINIA.

Democratic losses are recorded in Virginia, but three-fourths of the legislature will be democratic.

ADDITIONAL RETURNS.

Gen. Hardin Concedes His Defeat in Kentucky.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 6.—A special to the Post from Harrodsburg, Ky., says: Gen. Hardin, who is at his brother's home in this city, concedes Bradley's election from returns received. He takes his defeat cheerfully. It is probable he will open a law office in either Louisville, Frankfort or Lexington.

Bradley's Plurality in Jefferson County. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 6.—The official return from the city of Louisville and Jefferson county were all in at 9:30 a. m., and the city and county give Bradley 4,100 plurality. Bradley and Hardin both ran a little ahead of their tickets. Chairman Hunter of the republican state central committee estimates Bradley's majority at 15,000. He says the entire republican ticket is elected.

Wurster Elected Mayor of Brooklyn. NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The Brooklyn Eagle says that Wurster (reform) is elected mayor of Brooklyn by 350.

What Late Ohio Returns Show.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 6.—Later election returns do not materially change the result in Ohio. With two senatorial districts and one county in doubt, the republicans have 83 representatives and 29 senators out of 112 representatives and 37 senators. The plurality for Bushnell (rep.) for governor will fall between 90,000 and 100,000. It is generally conceded that the result has placed Gov. McKinley on solid ground in Ohio for support for the presidency next year. The result shows that he and his friends loyally supported the Foraker faction in this election, and the governor has earned and will receive the earnest support of the Foraker faction next year. The state of Ohio will now have two republican senators at the same time, which has not happened before since the war, except for a brief space from 1865 to 1869, when Ben Wade and John Sherman held seats together in the upper branch of congress.

The Republican Success in Maryland. BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 6.—Returns from the state are not yet complete, but the republicans carried nearly every county, and Lloyd Lowndes will have in the neighborhood of 17,000 plurality. The indications are that more than sixty republicans were elected to the house of delegates, a republican gain of about forty, and giving them a majority of about thirty.

The State Senate Will be Close, with the chances favoring a republican majority therein. On joint ballot the republicans have some to spare, and will elect a successor to United States Senator Gibson.

The Utah Legislature Safely Republican. SALT LAKE, Utah, Nov. 6.—Latest returns indicate the election of Wells, republican candidate for governor over Caine, democrat, by 1,000 to 1,500. Roberts, democratic candidate for congress, is probably elected over Allen, republican, by 500 majority. Democrats elect district judges. Salt Lake City election goes to the republicans by decreased majorities. The legislature will be safely republican, which insures two United States senators for the party. The populist party cut an insignificant figure throughout the territory.

Indications From Scattering Returns in Nebraska.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 6.—Scattering returns from the rural districts indicate that Norval, for supreme court judge, has about 15,000 plurality. This city and county have gone heavily republican. Judge C. E. Scott, whose career has been familiar to newspaper readers for his imprisonment of Editor Rosewater of the Bee, has been re-elected in spite of the opposition of

the entire bar. He is actually ahead of his ticket in many districts, the attacks upon him having apparently helped him.

Latest From Pennsylvania. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—The latest returns indicate a plurality of 161,914 for Haywood (rep.) for state treasurer.

Ex-Gov. Campbell Takes a Cheerful View of His Defeat.

HAMILTON, O., Nov. 7.—When a reporter called upon ex-Gov. Campbell at his home yesterday morning that gentleman was found in a good humor, accepting his defeat calmly. When asked what he had to say about the result, he stated that he was not at all discouraged, but, on the contrary, had reason to, in a measure, feel pretty good. He said the vote showed that the democracy of Ohio was more harmonious than elsewhere; that the fact that the vote of last year was exceeded was encouraging; that the duty of democrats now was to pick their flints and get ready to slice off the balance of the republican plurality next year; that instead of being discouraged, every democrat ought to nerve himself to go at the enemy next year more vigorously than ever.

Republican Pluralities Materially Increased.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Returns received up to midnight materially increase the republican plurality in this state. In all but half a dozen counties the figures have been filed with county clerks, and the results compiled from their figures give Palmer, republican, for secretary of state, a plurality of 90,100. In nearly every county the actual republican vote is heavier than the estimate of Tuesday night indicated.

The standing of the next senate will be 36 republicans and 14 democrats. The house will be: Republicans, 103; democrats, 47.

Everything Given to the Republican Party.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 7.—Every branch of state and city government was placed by the people of Maryland in the hands of the republican party at Tuesday's election. Lowndes leading it with a plurality of about 17,000.

A republican will go to the United States senate to succeed Chas. H. Gibson, and fourteen of the senators elected will vote for a successor to Gorman in 1898.

Greenhalge's Plurality.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—Complete returns from the state give the following vote for governor: Greenhalge, republican, 185,900; Kendall, prohibitionist, 8,706; Williams, democrat, 121,401. Plurality for Greenhalge, 64,499.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

The Field of Carnage as Viewed from the National Capital.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—A Washington special says: President Cleveland is charging none of the results of Tuesday's election to his administration, if the worst of his officials is to be taken. On the contrary, he is taking a quiet smile over certain features of the returns.

Senator Gorman Charges His Defeat to the Administration.

Senator Gorman declares that President Cleveland's personal followers contributed to the success of Lowndes. The administration democrats appear to be willing to assume the responsibility as another achievement for reform. Herculean efforts were put forth by Senator Gorman during the campaign to secure from the president some expression favorable to the Maryland democratic ticket, but the president, who was urged by many influential democrats in Baltimore to keep hands off, obeyed the behest and remained passive. There seems to be no doubt that they expected and desired the defeat of Gorman's ticket.

Senator Gorman bears up well under his rebuke. While the defeat of his ticket, it is conceded, will weaken his prestige, it does not affect his personal fortunes directly. If the legislature is republican, as now appears from the returns, Senator Gorman's colleague, Gibson, will be succeeded by a republican. The new legislature will not have to deal with Gorman himself. The Maryland boss undoubtedly sniffed the approaching storm, for he retired to his home Tuesday night and received bulletins there by a private wire. Early in the evening he removed the knob from his door bell, drew the blinds and paid no heed to reporters, who vainly pounded at his door all night long.

Effect of the Election on the Senate.

The success of the republican legislative ticket in four states—Maryland, New York, New Jersey and Ohio—will add four republican senators to the republican column, to succeed Gibson, Hill, Smith and Bruce on March 4, 1897. Besides the four democrats who go out, the terms of Palmer (Ill.), Vilas (Wis.), Voorhees (Ind.), democrats, and Kyle (N. D.) and Pfeffer (Kan.), populists, also expire with the close of this congress. Two of these, and possibly all five, will have republican successors. If President Cleveland's successor is a republican he will have a senate of at least ten and possibly twelve republican majority to confirm his nominations.

The effect of the elections Tuesday on the senate will not be apparent till after Utah is admitted as a state. That body at present contains forty-two straight republicans, two silver republicans, four populists, thirty-nine democrats and one vacancy (Delaware). When Dupont (Del.) is seated, the republicans will muster 43 votes. With Utah's two republicans the party will have 45 votes, or just one-half of the senate. On a party vote the republicans would be at a disadvantage against the combination of all other forces, for Vice-President Stevenson's vote would divide against them. The republicans, with the aid of Utah, may be able to organize the senate, for they are relying to some extent on securing the votes of Jones and Stewart, free silver republicans, and may get Pfeffer, popu-

OUR NEW NAVY.

We Have the Tonnage and Are Building More, But Now Comes the Item of Repairs, Which is No Mere Bagatelle, Not to Speak of the Necessity for Adequate Dry Dock Facilities on Both Coasts.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The first ship of the new navy was put in commission over nine years ago, and according to Chief Constructor Hiebhorn the demands for ordinary repairs on the earlier vessels, for the preservation and maintenance of their equipment in proper state of efficiency, are yearly becoming more serious, and congress must hereafter make much larger appropriations for this purpose.

Commandore Hiebhorn, in his annual report, declares that modern steel-ships, with their extreme subdivision and elaborate systems of ventilation, drainage and mechanical auxiliaries of all kinds, require much greater care, both when in commission and in ordinary, than was formerly the case with the old wooden ships. Neglect is followed by much more serious and far-reaching deterioration, and it is absolutely essential that the most careful supervision should be exercised at all times and remedies promptly applied in order that the efficiency of the vessels as men-of-war may be properly maintained.

For several years past the construction bureau has been compelled to economize nearly to the danger point, being limited by a repair appropriation of less than 3 per cent. of the original cost of the vessels, while in the British navy the figure varies from 4 to 9 per cent., the lower figure applying to heavier armored vessels.

Constructor Hiebhorn insists that \$1,500,000 is needed for this year, where only \$900,000 was secured from congress for the current year.

A significant feature of Commandore Hiebhorn's report is that he officially recommended the construction of only two new vessels to be authorized by congress at the next session instead of the great increase to our force of heavy battleships which was unofficially suggested by his paper read before the naval architects in New York three days ago as being promptly needed by the navy.

The vessels he recommends are two small composite sailing vessels of 1,000 tons displacement, to cost only \$250,000 each. These, if authorized by congress, will be the first vessels without steam power that have been placed in the naval service for many years. No argument regarding this recommendation is submitted by Constructor Hiebhorn.

Commandore Hiebhorn devotes considerable space to pointing out the necessity for greatly increasing the number of dry docks at the navy yards, the efficiency of our cruisers being seriously affected by the difficulties encountered in cleaning their submerged portions. He recommends new docks at Portsmouth, N. H., Boston, Mare Island, Cal., and Norfolk, Va.

Until the indefinite time in the future when the big dry docks at New York, Puget Sound and Port Royal are available for deep draught vessels the new battleships must remain undocked.

Chief Engineer Melville and Constructor Hiebhorn concur in the estimate that \$5,895,679 must be provided for disbursing next year on account of the vessels authorized by the last congress, for which, however, no appropriations were made. For repairs on the Chicago \$200,000 is required, and for the Hartford \$170,000.

Constructor Hiebhorn renews with emphasis the request he has frequently made to congress for an experimental tank to cost \$100,000, which it is proposed to use to test models of ships before the vessels themselves are built.

CHICAGO'S DEAD ANARCHISTS.

The Question of Their Cremation Being Considered by Their Living Admirers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—A proposal to sell Chicago anarchists ten acres of ground for a cemetery is receiving much attention at present. The offer came at an opportune time because Waldheim cemetery has been denied the anarchists for further annual celebrations. The offer was first broached at a meeting of anarchists held last Friday and has since been the absorbing topic in red flag circles.

The cremation of the bodies of the dead anarchists, Parsons, Spies, Engel, Fisher and Ling, should they be removed from Waldheim, has been proposed. Sentiment is divided upon the plan, however, many declaring that the families of the dead will never agree to it.

A HOOSIER IN LUCK.

He is One of Six Heirs to a Sixty Million Dollar Estate in Holland.

ELKHART, Ind., Nov. 12.—Sylvester W. Shumard, a retired business man of this city, has just established the fact that he is one of six heirs who have inherited a \$60,000,000 estate in Amsterdam, Holland. An attorney from this city will leave for Amsterdam at once in Mr. Shumard's interest. The estate was founded by Shumard's grandfather, who was an officer in the American revolution. At the conclusion of the war the grandfather went to Holland, became very influential with the authorities and received many substantial favors, which formed the nucleus of the estate which now descends to the six heirs. Included in the property are many paintings by the old masters.

REV. CYRUS T. BRADY

Chosen Archdeacon of the Diocese of Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10.—Rev. Cyrus T. Brady, rector of St. Paul's church, Manhattan, Kas., and archdeacon of Kansas, has been named by Bishop Whitaker to be archdeacon for the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Pennsylvania. The appointment was somewhat of a surprise to the clergy of this city. It is also somewhat of a disappointment to the local candidates. Rev. Mr. Brady is about 39 years old.

Better Late Than Never.

The frequency with which young people get married secretly, and forget to inform their parents until afterwards, lends color to the following: "What's the news, Jimmy?" asked a fond father.

"Nothing that I know of. O, yes, pa, now that I come to think of it, I was married last week."—Texas Siftings.

A Careless Traveler.

Mrs. Yeast—That Miss Blenchen, who has been traveling in the west, I learn, has lost that beautiful golden hair of hers.

Mr. Yeast—That only goes to prove what I've always said—that a woman should always put her name and address on her packages when traveling.—Yonkers Statesman.

Marked Improvement.

Strawber—Dr. Probe has been treating my rheumatism for the past six months.

Singerly—Are you any better? Strawber—I should say so. When he came with his bill yesterday, I was able to run like a deer.—Harper's Bazar.

A Mistake.

"It's a great mistake," said Bobby Tompkins, "to say that we Americans are born free."

"Why, Bobbie?" "Look at that baby of ours. Was he born free? I guess not. He ain't allowed to do nothing he wants ter."—Harper's Round Table.

Where She Failed.

She wrote about ethics, she talked about art. The neighbors declared she was wondrously smart; Her brain was enormous; you 'most heard his thumps, But she never, no never, could learn what was trumps.

Two Ways.

Magistrate—You are charged, sir, with trying to commit suicide. Prisoner—I was driven to it, your honor—driven to it by a woman. Magistrate—Hum! Did she refuse you, or marry you?—N. Y. Weekly.

Cruelty.

Jones—Have you heard that Smith is trying to get a separation from his wife? Brown—No. On what grounds? Jones—Cruelty. He says that she eats crackers in bed.—Boston Globe.

Le Number One.

"Now that we are married, Hettie, we will have no further secrets from each other." "Then tell me truly, George, how much did you pay for the ring?"—Judge.

Exactly It.

"Well, Jack, I suppose you keep your desk in apple-pie order." "Yes. That's just about it; everything's all tumbled up together inside of it just like the inside of a pie."—Harper's Round Table.



It is a Pleasure

To recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all afflicted with blood or skin diseases. My blood was out of order, and I suffered for years from psoriasis. I tried several remedies without benefit. After taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

for two months I was restored to my former good health and feel like a different person. As a blood purifier I think Hood's Sarsaparilla has no equal." CHAS. L. COCKLEHEAD, Irving, Illinois.

Hood's Pills

act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Advertisement for DeLong Patent Hook & Eye. Includes text: "Like Aunt Jemima's plaster: the more you wiggle, turn and twist, the more it sticks the faster—the DeLONG Patent Hook & Eye." and an illustration of the product.

Advertisement for The Rising Sun Stove Polish. Includes text: "BEST IN THE WORLD. THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH is the best for general blacking of a stove." and an illustration of the product.

Advertisement for Queer Names. Includes text: "A Crick—'A Stitch' 'A Twist'—'A Jam' 'A Halt'—'Haw Spots' 'Blue Spots'—'Dead Aches' are all well known of flesh, bone and muscle, and easily cured by St. Jacobs Oil." and an illustration of a man.

Advertisement for Timely Warning. Includes text: "The great success of the chocolate preparations of the house of Walter Baker & Co. (established in 1780) has led to the placing on the market many misleading and unscrupulous imitations of their name, labels, and wrappers. Walter Baker & Co. are the oldest and largest manufacturers of pure and high-grade Cocoas and Chocolates on this continent. No chemicals are used in their manufactures. Consumers should ask for, and be sure that they get, the genuine Walter Baker & Co.'s goods." and an illustration of a woman.

Advertisement for Dr. Walston's Sanatorium. Includes text: "DR. WALSTON'S SANATORIUM, DECATUR, ILLINOIS. 35 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, 25 of which have been Devoted to Surgery and Chronic Diseases, have Enabled us to Learn Exceedingly well the Means by which Cures are Made. WE CURE Rupture of all kinds by a process which does away forever with trusses. Piles, Hemorrhoids, Varicocele, Gravel, Stricture, and all diseases of the Bladder and Prostate Gland. We operate for Cross Eyes, Cataract, Ovarian Tumor, Stone in Bladder and cure all curable diseases of the Kidneys by the latest and most improved method. SEND FOR A BOOK FREE. CANCERS CAN BE PERMANENTLY CURED. Diseases of the Joints, Old Sores, Tumors, Cancer, Ulcers, Scrofula, Paralysis, Spinal Curvature, Hip Joint Disease, Hare Lip, Clot Palate, and diseases of the Throat and Lungs are treated and cured by those improved methods for which the last ten years are famous. Send for a book free. DISEASES OF WOMEN We are especially prepared for the treatment of diseases peculiar to women. Our arrangements for the cure of this class of patients are very complete. Send for a book free. NERVOUS DISEASES We have devoted special time and study to all diseases of the nervous system, such as mental weakness, disturbed mind, loss of memory, confusion of ideas, etc., resulting from abuse of the system. We cure them all. Come, write or send for a book free. This is an old and permanent institution. We have been here 25 years. A large and commodious building, 60 rooms, bath, electricity, elevator and everything modern. DR. R. L. & E. H. WALSTON, Decatur, Ill.

Advertisement for Scott's Emulsion. Includes text: "the food for all such. How many pale folk there are! People who have the will, but no power to bring out their vitality; people who swing like a pendulum between strength and weakness—so that one day's work causes six days' sickness! People who have no life for resisting disease—thin people, nerveless, delicate! The food for all such men, women, or children is SCOTT'S EMULSION. The hypophosphites combined with the oil will tone up the system, give the blood new life, improve the appetite and help digestion. The sign of new life will be a fattening and reddening, which brings with it strength, comfort and good-nature." and an illustration of a man carrying a large fish.