Spring

Annually Says Take Hood's Sarsaparilla

In the spring those Pimples, Boils, Eruptions and General Bad Feelings indicate that there are cobwebs in the system. It needs a thorough brushing, and the best brush is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which sweeps all humors before it. This great medicine eradicates Scrofula, subdues Salt Rheum, neutralizes the acidity which causes Rheumatism—in short, purifies the blood and thoroughly renovates the whole physical system.

"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla and it has given the best of satisfaction, especially as a spring medicine. It builds up the general system and gives new life." DWIGHT C. PARK, Whiteland, Indiana.

A SUCCESSFUL FARMER.

Within three miles of the town going eastward is the farm of Mr. W. Creamer, one of the municipality's largest and most prosperous mixed farmers. Mr. Creamer came to this country in 1880 and settled on a portion of the land which comprises his present enormous farm of 1,280 acres. In common with many others of a similar period he experienced all the hardships and difficulties common to the absence of railway and market facilities. In no wise daunted, by energy, industry and indomitable will he has been able to surmount all obstacles and has achieved an unparalleled success, and is known throughout the district as one of its preeminent farmers. His operations extend over 1,280 acres, two sections (the thought alone of so much land makes the eastern farmer dizzy); 800 acres of this is broken and the remainder is excellent pasture land and wood. This harvest he took off a crop of 500 acres of wheat and 200 of other grains. Four hundred acres are plowed and ready for wheat next spring. Mr. Creamer is, as has been stated, a mixed farmer of no mean proportions, having at the present time 40 horses, 60 head of cattle and 50 pigs. The most modern farm buildings are found on his premises, the main building being a barn 55 feet square on a stone foundation containing stabling for 16 horses and a large number of cattle. The loft is stored with 29 loads of sheaf oats for feed and tons of hay; there is also a cutting box. Another building of large dimensions is the granary, in which after teaming large quantities to market he still has stored 3,000 bushels of wheat. A crushing machine is in the building. There are a number of lesser buildings containing chicken house, pig pens and cattle sheds. The farm residence is a handsome frame structure of ample proportions, in connection with it is a wood shed. The water supply is unexcelled; besides house supply there is a well in the stables and a never failing spring situate in a bluff, which never freezes. Surrounded by a thick bluff of poplars, extending in a semi circle to the west, north and east, the winter storms are broken and accumulation of snow unknown. Added to his farming operations, Mr. Creamer conducts a threshing outfit for the season. His success is only one instance of what can be accomplished in Western Canada.—Baldur (Man.) Gazette, Nov. 16th, 1899.

Thousands are going to Western Canada this year to take advantage of the free homestead laws that are being offered by the government.

Birds of Passage.

"No, I do not make friends as easily as I used to with my fellow-travelers," said the man who was relating European experiences. "It is not because I feel less sociably inclined, but because of the cold setback I received at Gibraltar. In the hotel office one morning I entered into conversation with an Englishman and woman who seemed to me to be the right sort. They did not meet my friendly overtures with the usual 'Oh!' and an English stare. On the contrary, they seemed anxious to become acquainted with me, and soon we were chatting pleasantly. I congratulated myself upon my good fortune in falling in with such agreeable people, who were almost nice enough to be Americans. We discussed Gibraltar and were just planning a sight-seeing expedition for the following day when one of the hotel waiters thrust his head in the doorway and said: 'The missus wants the both of yez.' My new-found friends were the maid and man servant of the duchess of Cleveland, Lord Rosebery's mother."—Detroit Free Press.

MARCH AND APRIL

Are the Most Disagreeable Months of the Year in the North.

In the South, they are the pleasantest and most agreeable. The trees and shrubs put forth their buds and flowers; early vegetables and fruits are ready for eating, and in fact all nature seems to have awakened from its winter sleep. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company reaches the Garden Spots of the South, and will on the first and third Tuesdays of March and April sell round-trip tickets to all principal towns in Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia and West Florida at almost half rates. Write for particulars of excursions to P. Sid. Jones, D. P. A., in charge of Immigration, Birmingham, Ala., or Geo. P. Horner, D. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

It is said that care will kill a cat; but if a man doesn't care very much he will probably find a bootjack or a gun just as effective.—Chicago Daily News.

Ghost of the Glacier

And Other Tales, including Making a Revolution, Susquehanna Trail, Sculpture of the Elfs, Once a Pillar of the World, Feathers of Fashion, and others. A delightful volume, beautifully illustrated. Ready for distribution about May 1. Send 10 cents to T. W. Lee, General Passenger Agent Lackawanna Railroad, 26 Exchange Place, New York City. Edition Limited.

Ella—"I am carried away by Tennyson's poems." Stella—"I am sorry we haven't a copy in the house."—Town Topics.

IS OFFICIALLY REPORTED.

Lord Roberts Informs the British War Office of Col. Broadwood's Disaster.

HE LOST SEVEN GUNS INSTEAD OF SIX.

His Casualties About Three Hundred and Fifty Men, Including Two Hundred Missing—A Rumor Current that the Guns Have Been Recaptured.

London, April 3, 12:50 p. m.—The war office reports that Col. Broadwood lost seven guns and all his baggage in the ambush laid for him by the Boers on Saturday.

The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, April 1:

Gen. Roberts' Dispatch.

I received news, late yesterday evening, from Col. Broadwood, who was at Thaba N'Chu, 38 miles east of here, that information had reached him that the enemy was approaching in two forces, from the north and the east. He stated that if the report proved true, he would retire towards the waterworks, 17 miles nearer Bloemfontein, where we have had a detachment of mounted infantry for the protection of the works.

"Broadwood was told in reply that the ninth division, with Martyr's mounted infantry, will march at daylight to-day to support him, and that if he considers it necessary he should retire from the waterworks. He moved there during the night and bivouacked. At dawn to-day he was shelled by the enemy, who attacked on three sides. He immediately dispatched two horse artillery batteries and his baggage toward Bloemfontein, covering some of them with his cavalry.

"Some two miles from the waterworks the road crosses a deep nullah, or spruit, in which, during the night, a force of Boers had concealed themselves. So well were they hidden that our leading scouts passed over the drift without discovering them, and it was not until the wagons and guns were entering the drift, that the Boers showed themselves and opened fire. Many of the drivers of the artillery horses were immediately shot down at short range, and seven of the guns were captured. The remainder galloped away, covered by Roberts' horse, which suffered heavily.

"Meanwhile, Lieut. Chestermasters, of Remington's scouts, found a passage across the spruit unoccupied by the enemy, by which the remainder of Broadwood's force crossed. They reformed with great steadiness, notwithstanding all that had previously occurred.

"Broadwood's report, which has just reached me, and which contains no details, stated that he had lost seven guns and all his baggage. He estimates all his casualties at about 350, including 200 missing.

"On hearing this morning that Broadwood was hard pressed, I immediately ordered Gen. French with two remaining cavalry brigades to follow in support of the ninth division. The latter, after a magnificent march, arrived on the scene of action shortly after 2 p. m.

"Broadwood's force consisted of the Royal Household cavalry, the Tenth hussars, Q. and U. batteries of the royal horse artillery, and Pilcher's battalion of mounted infantry.

"The strength of the enemy is estimated at from 8,000 to 10,000, with guns, the number of which is not yet reported."

A Second Dispatch.

London, April 3, 4:55 p. m.—The war office has received another dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated at Bloemfontein, Sunday, April 1, 8:15 p. m., in which, after referring to his previous telegram, he gives a partial list of the missing British officers. Of "Q" battery, four officers were wounded, two of whom are missing. One gunner was killed and 40 non-commissioned officers and men are wounded or missing.

Lord Roberts then continues:

"In 'U' battery all are missing except Maj. Taylor and a sergeant-major. The two cavalry regiments did not suffer so much

"A report has just come in that the enemy has retired towards Ladybrand, leaving 12 wounded officers and some 70 men at the waterworks.

"We are now sending an ambulance for them."

It will be noticed that in the foregoing advices, Lord Roberts says nothing in regard to the British guns being recaptured.

Unconfirmed Rumor that the Guns Have Been Retaken.

London, April 3.—The rumors of the recapture by the British of the seven guns taken from Col. Broadwood's force, based on a dispatch to the Chronicle from Bloemfontein, which it is said in all probability is correct.

A Painful Surprise.

The public is painfully surprised to learn, after all that has come and gone, that British officers of high position can still neglect precautions which the veriest tyro might be expected to observe, and blunder into traps which the observance of the elementary military rules would have revealed. There is no attempt here to minimize the discreditableness of the whole affair, so far as the British are concerned, or detract from the dexterity of the Boers, who were apparently commanded by Gen. De Wit.

NATIONAL TREASURE CHEST.

The Monthly Statement of the Public Debt and Other Financial Matters.

Washington, April 3.—The monthly statement of the public debt, issued yesterday, shows that at the close of business March 31, 1900, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $1,112,256,358, a decrease for the month of $6,629,701. This decrease is accounted for by a corresponding increase in the cash on hand. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt	$1,026,862,140
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	1,207,600
Debt bearing no interest	390,979,613
Total	$1,419,049,353

This amount, however, does not include $720,500,779 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand.

The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Reserve fund in gold coin and bullion	$ 150,000,000
Trust funds	720,500,779
General funds	257,236,888
In national bank depositories:	
To credit of treasurer of the United States	$ 104,566,709
To credit of disbursing officers of the United States	6,075,415
Total	$1,108,379,782

Against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to $801,586,787, leaving on hand a net cash balance, including the reserve, of $306,792,995.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Heavy Surplus for the Month and for Nine Months of the Fiscal Year.

Washington, April 3.—The monthly statement of the government receipts and expenditures during the month of March shows the total receipts to have been $48,726,837, and the expenditures $32,188,271, which leaves a surplus for the month of $16,538,566.

The receipts from the several sources of revenue are given as follows: Customs, $22,096,681, an increase as compared with March last year of about $1,000,000; internal revenue, $24,237,963; increase, $1,566,000, and miscellaneous, $2,389,192.

The disbursements for the month charged to the war department amounted to $8,329,053, a decrease, as compared with March, 1899, of $3,300,000; navy department, $4,413,637, a decrease of $430,000, and civil and miscellaneous, $6,839,136, a decrease of $2,203,000.

For the nine months of the present fiscal year the receipts exceeded the disbursements by $54,302,000.

CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION.

Report of the Comptroller Showing Increase All Down the Line.

Washington, April 3.—The monthly statement of the comptroller of the currency shows that at the close of business March 31, 1900, the total circulation of national bank notes was $270,953,068, an increase for the year of $27,900,751, and an increase for the month of $21,208,190.

The circulation, based on United States bonds was $263,284,230, an increase for the year of $23,358,241, and an increase for the month of $19,674,201.

The circulation secured by lawful money was $37,668,838, an increase for the year of $4,542,510, and an increase for the month of $1,843,900.

The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulating notes was $256,001,480, of which those of the new two-per-cents amounted to $97,797,690; and to secure public deposits $39,631,080, of which $19,992,900 were the new two-per-cents.

The Month's Mintage.

Washington, April 3.—The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows the total coinage at the mints of the United States during March to have been $17,075,688, as follows: Gold, $12,596,240; silver, $4,341,375, and minor coins, $138,072.

For Exchange for Two-Per-Cents.

Washington, April 3.—The amount of bonds so far deposited in the treasury for exchange for new two-per-cents is $201,675,600, of which $22,797,900 were deposited by individuals and institutions other than national banks.

WEBSTER DAVIS RESIGNS.

The Erstwhile Assistant Secretary of the Interior Will Champion the Boers' Cause.

Washington, April 3.—Webster Davis, assistant secretary of the interior, has tendered his resignation. He will go on the lecture platform in the interest of the Boers.

In an authorized statement given out, Mr. Davis says that as a result of his visit to the Transvaal he feels impelled to tender his resignation as assistant secretary of the interior. He will at an early date deliver a lecture in this city in the interests of the South African republics.

Mr. Davis feels that this is the best way to arouse the enthusiasm of the American people in behalf of those republics.

SUSPECTED OF BEING A SPY.

The Manner in Which Five Chinese Tried to Encompass the Death of a Fellow Chink.

San Rafael, Cal., April 3.—Because he was suspected of being a spy of a rival company, Choy Fook, a Chinese fisherman at Point San Pedro, was tied by five members of the various companies to a beacon stake on a barren rock in Richardson's bay, and there left for two days without food or water. When discovered he was almost in a dying condition.

ERRONEOUS IMPRESSIONS.

Gen. Otis Gives Figures that Upset Some Widespread False Notions.

AMERICAN LOSSES IN GUERILLA WAR.

They Are Insignificant as Compared with the Punishment Inflicted Upon the Enemy—Gen. Otis Given Authority to Enlist Filipino Musicians for Bands.

Washington, April 4.—Gen. Otis has cabled to the war department, probably with a view to correcting erroneous impressions that exist in this country as to the state of the insurrection in the Philippines, a summary of the result of the development of the campaign since the first of the calendar year.

Erroneous Belief Exploded.

His figures go far toward offsetting the belief that exists in some quarters that, since the adoption of the guerilla methods of warfare, the insurgents have inflicted substantial loss upon American arms in comparison with the punishment which they have themselves received. A significant sentence in the report differentiates insurgents and ladrones, showing that Otis has taken cognizance of the fact that a considerable number of hostilities are not soldiers under the rules of war, and may not expect the same treatment. The report, which is dated Manila, April 3, is as follows:

Here Are the Figures.

"Since January 1, 124 skirmishes in the Philippines have been reported, mostly slight affairs. Our casualties were 3 officers and 78 enlisted men killed, 13 officers and 151 men wounded. Insurgent and ladrone loss in killed and left on field, 1,426; captured, mostly wounded, 1,453; small arms secured, 3,051; pieces of artillery, 165; large captures of other insurgent property. A number of important insurgent officers are surrendering, and the situation is gradually becoming more pacific. OTIS."

FILIPINO MUSICIANS.

Authority Given For the Enlistment of Natives for Bands.

Washington, April 4.—In reply to a cable message received at the war department, some time ago, from Gen. Otis, at Manila, asking for authority to enlist native Filipinos as musicians in the various regimental bands in the islands, Adjt.-Gen. Corbin has sent the following cablegram:

"The secretary of war authorizes the enlistment of competent native musicians in regimental bands."

The Filipino musicians are said to display a high degree of musical intelligence, and undoubtedly will prove desirable acquisitions to the military bands.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS IN CUBA.

Comparative Statement of Cuban Customs Receipts Made by the War Department.

Washington, April 4.—The war department has made public a comparative statement of customs receipts in Cuba for the months of January and February, 1899, with those of January and February 1900.

The statement shows that receipts of the island for January and February 1899, were $2,014,933, those of January and February, 1900, were $2,772,619, an increase for the two months of 1900 over the same period of 1899, of $757,685.

A MEXICAN ANNIVERSARY.

Celebration of the Anniversary of the Victory Over the Imperialists at Puebla.

City of Mexico, April 4.—Monday's anniversary of the victory of the Mexican army, commanded by Gen. Porfirio Diaz, over the imperialist forces at Puebla, 36 years ago, was observed as a general holiday, public buildings being decorated handsomely. The day was celebrated by military maneuvers on the plains of San Lazurus, near the city, in the presence of President Diaz, and hundreds of distinguished guests

RUSSIA'S WAR PREPARATIONS.

Disquieting Reports Current in Berlin as to Russia's Land and Sea Preparations.

Berlin, April 4.—The Koelnische Zeitung, a semi-official organ, publishes alarming reports regarding the war preparations which Russia is making on land and sea. The Zeitung announces that the czar will go to Moscow to be present at a military council.

All dispatches relating to the mobilization of troops are carefully censored before they are given to the press.

Officers who have applied for leave of absence have been informed that all such requests will be denied for the present.

Mrs. McKinley Better.

Washington, April 4.—Mrs. McKinley, who has been confined to her room for some time, on account of an attack of grip, is greatly improved, and yesterday, for the first time in the last week or more, was able to take a drive with the president.

Salvage Awarded.

London, April 4.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Venetia, Capt. Schulke, has been awarded £3,000 for towing the disabled British steamer Frederick Knight into St. Thomas last January.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Results in Various Cities in Several States—Some Interesting Features.

Cincinnati, April 3.—Complete returns of the election show the following results: Majority of Fleischman, republican, over Cohen, fusion, for mayor, 5,518.

The majority of Robert Allison, republican, receiving the highest number of votes for board of public service, over Grogan fusion, receiving the lowest number of votes, was 8,479.

Holde's majority, republican, over Noctor, fusion, for police court clerk, was 9,629.

Milliken, republican, for auditor, over Boyden, fusion, received 3,143 majority.

TOO GOOD A GOVERNMENT.

So the Men Rallied and Defeated the Women Candidates.

Topeka, Kas., April 3.—The election for city offices in the town of Beattie, in Marshall county, yesterday, was a contest between men and women, and the men won. A ticket composed entirely of women was elected a year ago. The womn officers, headed by Mrs. Elizabeth Totten, mayor, were candidates for re-election. Aside from the sex and personality of the candidates, the principal issue was whether joints should be allowed to run, the men favoring a wide-open policy. The men rebelled against the strict prohibition enforced by the women, and the entire men's ticket was elected with the exception of clerk, one councilman and marshal. The latter is a man.

Republicans Carry Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., April 3.—The returns of the election indicate that Thomas H. Pell, republican candidate for school director, is elected, over Samuel Briggs, democrat, and Arthur F. May, non-partisan, by a plurality that will reach 8,000. Bell received almost as many votes as the other two candidates combined. The republicans also elect four members of the school council, police judge, police clerk and two magistrates by majorities running above 10,000. They will retain control of the city council. This is not a change of officials.

Democrats Elected Police Judge.

Columbus, O., April 3.—Complete returns of yesterday's election show that N. W. Dick, democrat, has been elected police judge, over M. B. Earnhart, republican, by 508 votes. The total vote was 22,140. Last spring the republicans elected a mayor by about one thousand five hundred. The council stands: Ten republicans, seven democrats and two independents.

Democrats Will Control the Council.

Toledo, O., April 3.—The republican city ticket was elected by about two thousand, but the democratic gains in the council will probably give its control to that party. James Melvin is elected to the non-partisan school board, and the other member elected with him is probably John W. Dowd.

Lose Two Aldermen.

Butte, Mont., April 3.—The democrats elected five out of eight aldermen yesterday. This is a loss of two for the democrats, and makes the city council a tie, with a democratic mayor.

Striking Democratic Gains.

Detroit, Mich., April 3.—The democrats made several striking gains in the municipal and township elections held in all Michigan cities yesterday, except Detroit and Port Huron.

Divided the Laurels.

Anaconda, Mont., April 3.—Three democratic and three republican aldermen were elected yesterday. Little interest was taken.

THE RELIEF OF PUERTO RICO.

Plans for the Disbursing of the Money Appropriated by Congress—Labor on Public Works.

Washington, April 3.—Arrangements have been made by the war department for the transfer of $660,000 of the $2,000,000 appropriated for the relief of Puerto Rico to Capt. Wm. V. Judson, corps of engineers at San Juan, who has been selected as the disbursing officer of that fund. Gov.-Gen. Davis will expend the money in payment for labor on public improvements at the rate of about $100,000 a month. The efforts of the war department officials so far have been directed principally to providing means for the immediate relief of the great distress reported to be prevalent. The plans already made cover a period of only six months. The utilization of the balance of the relief appropriation will depend upon the developments of the future. What has been done is regarded as sufficient to tide over the present period of destitution.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

Three White Men Killed and Six Negroes Injured in an Atlanta Brickyard.

Atlanta, Ga., April 3.—A boiler weighing several tons exploded yesterday afternoon at the G. O. Williams Lumber Co.'s brickyard, killing three white men and injuring six others, all colored.

Precarious Conditions.

Berlin, April 3.—Reports by mail and wire are arriving from the Cameroons, western Africa, which describe conditions there as precarious. Disaffection prevails among nearly all the tribes. The main cause is said to be the haughty and brutal treatment which the blacks receive.

The German colonial department has called meetings of all interested in the Camercons with a view of avoiding a further spread of disaffection and of obtaining sufficient help for the plantations.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

An Ohio genius has invented a chair that can be adjusted to 1,000 different positions. It is designed for the small boy to sit in when he goes to church.—Buffalo Express.

From Baby in the High Chair

to grandma in the rocker Grain-O is good for the whole family. It is the long-desired substitute for coffee. Never upsets the nerves or injures the digestion. Made from pure grains it is a food in itself. Has the taste and appearance of the best coffee at ¼ the price. It is a genuine and scientific article and is come to stay. It makes for health and strength. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

Necessity is said to be the mother of invention, but is not oftentimes invention the mother of necessity? Most inventors go broke.—Boston Transcript.

Reliable Seed Corn

Can be had, at a fair price, from H. C. Beebe Banner, Ill. Write him.

Officer (to recruit)—"Miller, I believe you would have fallen off your horse if you had been a centaur!"—Fliegende Blatter.

The Best Prescription for Chills

and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

Everyone thinks he works for a man who is mighty unappreciative.—Atchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Some folks think that honesty, in moderation, is the best policy.—Puck.

My Mammoth Yellow Dent Seed Corn astonishes man with phenomenal yields; particulars free. H. C. Beebe, Banner, Ill.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

Tells About Her Daughter's Illness and How She was Relieved—Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

"MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her but very little good, if any. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I want your advice before beginning its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting so weak."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., May 21, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend rapidly and is now able to be at her work. Her menses are regular and almost painless. I feel very thankful to you and expect to always keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter if you wish, it may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., September 18, 1899.

A Swallow

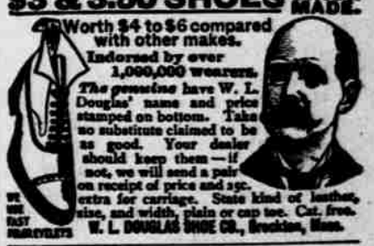
is one of the earliest harbingers of spring—an equally sure indication is that feeling of languid depression. Many swallows of

HIRES Rootbeer

are best for a spring tonic—and for a summer beverage. 5 gallons for 25 cents. Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.

Charles E. Hires Co. Malvern, Pa.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & 3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.



Worth $4 to $6 compared with other makes.

Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. free.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

WE USE EAST FAIRWEATHER

THE Pleasantest, most powerful, effective and never failing REMEDY for **Rheumatism** Sciatica, Neuralgia, LA GRIPPE and CATARRH!

If all knew what thousands know of the efficacy of "5 DROPS" as a Curative as well as a Preventive of any Ache or Pain known to the human body, there would not be a family in all America without a bottle of "5 DROPS!" Send for trial bottle, 25c, or large bottle $1.00, (containing 300 doses) 6 bottles for $5.00.

TRADE MARK

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 166-164 E. Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Is the best remedy for bronchitis. It relieves the troublesome cough at once, effects an easy expectoration and cures in a few days. Price 25c. at all druggists.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.