Democratic Ticket.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 1:
LEROY B. VALLIANT.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
GAVON D. BURGESS.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
JAMES D. FOX.

For Superintendent of Public Schools:
WILLIAM T. CARLINGTON.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (long term):
JOHN A. KNOTT.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (short term):
JOE P. RICE.

For Judge of St. Louis Court of Appeals:
VALLE REYBURN.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—YES.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—NO.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—YES.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—NO.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—YES.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—NO.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—YES.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—NO.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—YES.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—NO.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—YES.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—NO.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—YES.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—NO.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—YES.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—NO.

For Representative in Congress,
EDWARD ROBB.

For State Senator,
JOHN L. BRADLEY.

For Representative,
JOSEPH DUNKLIN.

For Presiding Judge County Court,
C. T. TULLOCK.

For Judge County Court, First Dist.,
JOHN A SPROTT.

For Judge County Court, Second Dist.
JOHN M. WOOD, JR.,

For Judge Probate Court,
JERE S. GOSSOM.

For Clerk Circuit Court and Recorder,
JOSEPH C. WILLIAMS.

For Clerk County Court,
J. A. LAWRENCE.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
BENJ. H. MARBURY.

For Sheriff,
H. M. MURPHY.

For Collector of the Revenue,
FRANK RICHARDSON,

For County Treasurer,
S J. HENSLEY.

For Coroner,
Dr. A. L. EVANS.

For Public Administrator,
CHAS. P. WILKSON.

For Justice of the Peace, St. Francois Township,
GEO. W. COVINGTON,
W. L. SACKMANN,

For Justice of the Peace, St. Francois Twp., Sec. 3805 R. S. Mo., 1899,
W. H. YOUNG.

Republican Ticket.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 1:
EDWARD HIGBEE.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
HENRY LAMM.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
MOSES WHYBARK.

For Superintendent of Public Schools:
JAMES ULYSSES WHITE.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (long term):
WALTER SILAS CRANE.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (short term):
BARNEY W. FRAUENTHAL.

For Judge of St. Louis Court of Appeals:
EDWARD C. ELIOT.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—YES.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—NO.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—YES.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—NO.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—YES.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—NO.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—YES.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—NO.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—YES.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—NO.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—YES.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—NO.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—YES.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—NO.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—YES.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—NO.

For Representative in Congress,
JOHN H. RANEY.

For State Senator,
JOSEPH E. JONES.

For Representative,
STERLING P. MONTGOMERY.

For Presiding Judge County Court,
BENJ. L. KNUCKOLLS.

For Judge County Court First District,
JOHN G. THOMASSON.

For Judge County Court Second Dis.,
ALLEN HILL.

For Judge Probate Court,
GILBERT O. SATIONS.

For Clerk Circuit Court and Recorder,
CARR HARTSHORN.

For Clerk County Court,
U. S. GRANT EVANS.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
BARTON H. BOYER.

For Sheriff,
JAMES J. CROKE.

For Collector of the Revenue,
PRENTISS ELVINS.

For County Treasurer,
AMBROSE T. SPRADLING.

For Coroner,
FRED M. BRANING.

For Public Administrator,

For Justice of the Peace, St. Francois Township,
JOHN P. ZOLLMAN,
HENRY RINKE.

For Justice of the Peace, St. Francois Twp., Sec. 3805 R. S. of Mo., 1899,

Prohibition Ticket.

(Nominated by Electors.)

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 1:
REUBEN B. ROBINSON.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
JONATHAN P. ORR.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
AUSTIN F. BUTTS.

For Superintendent of Public Schools:
DAVID R. DUNCAN.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (long term):
ANDREW GRABBLEY.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (short term):
WILLIAM N. KEENER.

For Judge of St. Louis Court of Appeals:

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—YES.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—NO.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—YES.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—NO.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—YES.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—NO.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—YES.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—NO.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—YES.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—NO.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—YES.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—NO.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—YES.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—NO.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—YES.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—NO.

For Representative in Congress,

For State Senator,

For Representative,

For Presiding Judge County Court,

For Judge County Court, First District,

For Judge County Court Second Dist.,

For Judge Probate Court,

For Clerk Circuit Court and Recorder,

For Clerk County Court,

For Prosecuting Attorney,

For Sheriff,

For Collector of the Revenue,

For County Treasurer,

For Coroner,

For Public Administrator,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Township,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Twp., Sec. 58 R. S. Mo. 1899,

Socialist Labor Ticket.

(Nominated by Electors.)

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 1:
CHARLES WIPPERMANN.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
O. M. ROWARD.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
GEO. E. RUDNICK.

For Superintendent of Public Schools:
EDWARD HEITZIG.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (long term):
AMIL NEIDERMEYER.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (short term):
HENRY F. MUELLER.

For Judge of St. Louis Court of Appeals:

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—YES.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—NO.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—YES.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—NO.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—YES.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—NO.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—YES.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—NO.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—YES.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—NO.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—YES.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—NO.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—YES.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—NO.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—YES.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—NO.

For Representative in Congress,

For State Senator,

For Representative,

For Presiding Judge County Court,

For Judge County Court First District,

For Judge County Court Second Dist.,

For Judge Probate Court,

For Clerk Circuit Court and Recorder,

For Clerk County Court,

For Prosecuting Attorney,

For Sheriff,

For Collector of the Revenue,

For County Treasurer,

For Coroner,

For Public Administrator,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Township,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Twp., Sec. 3805 R. S. of Mo., 1899,

Socialist Ticket.

(Nominated by Electors.)

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 1:
J. W. GIBBENS.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
JAMES A. BLANKER.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
FRANK P. O'HARE.

For Superintendent of Public Schools:
A. H. HULL.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (long term):
PEARL THOMPSON.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (short term):
W. I. PHIPPS.

For Judge of St. Louis Court of Appeals:
H. N. SMITH.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—YES.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—NO.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—YES.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—NO.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—YES.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—NO.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—YES.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—NO.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—YES.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—NO.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—YES.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—NO.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—YES.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—NO.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—YES.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—NO.

For Representative in Congress,

For State Senator,

For Representative,

For Presiding Judge County Court,

For Judge County Court, First District

For Judge County Court, Second Dist.

For Judge Probate Court,

For Clerk Circuit Court & Recorder,

For Clerk County Court,

For Prosecuting Attorney,

For Sheriff,

For Collector of the Revenue,

For County Treasurer,

For Coroner,

For Public Administrator,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Township,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Twp., Sec. 3805 R. S. of Mo. 1899,

Independent Party Ticket.

(Nominated by Electors.)

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 1:
EDWARD HIGBEE.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
HENRY LAMM.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
MOSES WHYBARK.

For Superintendent of Public Schools:
JAMES O. WHITE.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (long term):
W. S. CRANE.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (short term):
BARNEY W. FRAUENTHAL.

For Judge of St. Louis Court of Appeals:
EDWARD C. ELIOT.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—YES.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—NO.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—YES.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—NO.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—YES.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—NO.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—YES.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—NO.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—YES.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—NO.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—YES.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—NO.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—YES.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—NO.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—YES.

EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—NO.

For Representative in Congress,

For State Senator,

For Representative,

For Presiding Judge County Court,

For Judge County Court First Dist.,

For Judge County Court Second Dist.,

For Judge Probate Court,

For Clerk Circuit Court and Recorder,

For Clerk County Court,

For Prosecuting Attorney,

For Sheriff,

For Collector of the Revenue,

For County Treasurer,

For Coroner,

For Public Administrator,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Township,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Twp., Sec. 3805 R. S. Mo. 1899.

Public Ownership Ticket.

(Nominated by Electors.)

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 1:
MINOR MERIWETHER.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
WILLIAM O. CARDWELL.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
WILLIAM FINLEY SMITH.

For Superintendent of Public Schools:
ALFRED S. GREEN.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (long term):
LOUIS F. CALDWELL.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (short term):
THOMAS W. HAGGETT.

For Judge of St. Louis Court of Appeals:
HENRY W. FEMSLER.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—YES.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—NO.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—YES.

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—NO.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—YES.

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—NO.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—YES.

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the City of St. Louis to levy for municipal purposes, in addition to rate now allowed, a rate not exceeding the rate which would be allowed for county purposes were the city a part of a county)—NO.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—YES.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing school districts in cities of 100,000 or more inhabitants to levy 60 cents for school purposes)—NO.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—YES.

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing the Cities of St. Louis and Kansas City to exempt certain bonded indebtedness in computing the existing bonded indebtedness of the cities, respectively, in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued)—NO.

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Providing for a reduction of the State interest tax from 10 cents to not exceeding 2 cents; declaring all certificates of indebtedness to the "Public School Fund" and to the "State Seminary Fund" sacred obligations, and providing for their renewal at maturity, and providing for the investment of future accumulations of moneys in those funds in approved county, municipal or school district bonds upon the extinguishment of the State debt)—YES.

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EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing cities of 2,000 and under 20,000 inhabitants to become indebted in a larger amount than now permitted for the purpose of constructing water works or electric light plants)—YES.

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For Representative in Congress,

For State Senator,

For Representative,

For Presiding Judge County Court,

For Judge County Court First District,

For Judge County Court Second Dist.,

For Judge Probate Court,

For Clerk Circuit Court and Recorder,

For Clerk County Court,

For Prosecuting Attorney,

For Sheriff,

For Collector of the Revenue,

For County Treasurer,

For Coroner,

For Public Administrator,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Township,

For Justice of the Peace St. Francois Twp., Sec. 3805 R. S. of Mo., 1899,

Allied Party Ticket.

(Nominated by Electors.)

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 1:
FRANK E. RICHEY.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
HENRY N. ESS.

For Judge of Supreme Court, Division No. 2:
ZACHARY TAYLOR.

For Superintendent of Public Schools:
JOHN D. BROWN.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (long term):
LYMAN FORGRAVES.

For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner (short term):
OSWALD HICKS.

For Judge of St. Louis Court of Appeals:

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Repealing amendment of 1900 concerning taxation of mortgaged property)—YES.

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SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Provides for the adoption of township organization whenever a majority of the legal voters of a county voting "upon that proposition" so determine)—YES.

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THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT—(Authorizing City of St. Louis to amend its charter at any election held 60 days after publication of proposals; also to frame new charter which may be ratified by a majority of the votes cast at an election to be held from 20 to 30 days after submission)—YES.

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EIGHTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDM