

The Farmington Times

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
THE FARMINGTON TIMES PRINTING COMPANY
THOS. H. STAM, President. I. K. PEERS, Vice President. PHILIP S. COLE, Sec'y and Treas.
THEO. D. FISHER, Editor and Business Manager.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. FIFTY CENTS FOR SIX MONTHS
Entered as second class matter at the Post Office at Farmington, Missouri.
FARMINGTON, MO., APRIL 6, 1911.

The State Board of Equalization has issued a statement of the assessable property of the State, which amounts to \$1,495,001, an increase of \$1,226,143 over 1910. St. Francois county's assessed property is placed at \$9,015,248.

Congressman Hensley of this district received unusual recognition for a new member in committee appointments in the organization of the House. He was placed on the Committee on Naval Affairs, one of the most important committees, the Committee on Labor and the Investigating Accounts Committee of the Interior. That's doing pretty well.

The caucus of the Democrats of the House last Saturday was of a character that augurs the best results in the extra session of Congress. The assignment of members to the various committees of the House, the outlining of legislation which the Democrats will attempt and the united front which they presented are matters upon which they and the country are to be congratulated. If they keep it up their work is sure to receive the indorsement of the people.

Congress met in extraordinary session last Tuesday. Hon. Champ Clark was formally elected Speaker and the House organized for work. President Taft, in his message to Congress, treated only of the Canadian reciprocity pact, urging its ratification. The Democrats of the House, however, have outlined several other matters of legislation to which attention will be given, among them tariff reduction on certain schedules, popular election of Senators and the admission of New Mexico and Arizona to statehood.

The dead-lock in the New York Legislature was broken last Saturday and Judge James A. O'Gorman was elected United States Senator, Mr. Sheehan, around whom the dead-lock waged, having previously withdrawn. Mr. O'Gorman was a former Tammany adherent, but has been on the Supreme Court bench of New York for a number of years and out of politics. He is the first Democrat elected from New York to the United States Senate for twelve years, and resigns his position on the bench to accept the honor. A statement given out by him on the day of his election shows him to be a progressive Democrat. He is in thorough accord with the principles enunciated in the last Democratic national platform; is in favor of immediate downward revision of the tariff; opposed to special privileges and private monopoly and to the so-called new nationalism; favors the Canadian reciprocity pact, the election of United States Senators by the people and other reforms. From all of which it appears that the New York Democracy has done much better than was expected of it, and that those who were responsible for the dead-lock and prolonged contest over the senatorship have reaped a reward for the party and the people.

"Uncle Jo" doesn't appear to grow tolerant and mellow with age as becomes one of his years. Defeat seems to have embittered his soul and sharpened his temper, especially against the progressive element of his own party. In the Republican caucus last Monday an insurgent proposed that the minority members of the House Committee—that is the Republican members—be selected in the same manner as the Democrats named their committees, by a committee selected by the caucus for that purpose, instead of by a titular minority leader to be nominated by the caucus. This immediately aroused "Uncle Jo's" ire—it was a reflex-

ion on the policy that prevailed when he was Speaker and made up all the committees to suit himself. He let the progressives know his opinion of them—that it hadn't changed since he denounced them in Cannonistic fashion some months ago—and in opposing the suggestion rather startled the caucus by shouting: "Jesus Christ selected his own apostles and did not choose any committee of Christians to do it for him; all of them turned out right save Judas Iscariot—and he was an insurgent." Passing over the sceleritious character of the outburst, one is led to contemplate that the harmony string of the Republican harp is sadly out of tune and no one with arduous task to bring it in accord.

J. P. Taylor of Ripley county was received as a patient at State Hospital No. 4 on the 9th of March. He died April 2d from the effects of brutal and inhuman beating and kicking by two attendants. The injuries which caused his death were inflicted in the receiving or observation ward a few days after he was taken to the hospital. When he was removed to the disturbed ward he complained of having been roughly handled, that his chest had been crushed in. The attendants who are supposed to bathe the patients and look after them must have noticed the condition of his body, and as patients are bathed once a week, his pitiable condition must have become more apparent to those whose duty it was to attend him as he grew worse. Why was not the matter reported by the attendants to the Superintendent or one of the Assistant Superintendents, that he might have received proper treatment and that an investigation might have been instituted as to the cause of his condition? Not until March 31st, it seems, were any of the physicians at the hospital aware of the man's critical condition. Somebody is to blame for this aside from the two attendants who beat him up. How the poor fellow must have suffered during the two weeks before his real condition came to the knowledge of the Superintendent or his assistants. Are they negligent about looking after the health of the patients that they did not find out this man's condition earlier, or are the attendants alone culpable in not reporting the case to them, or are both to blame? Is there a tacit understanding among the attendants that they will not report any mistreatment of patients that may get a fellow attendant into trouble? If so the conspiracy ought to be broken up and that quickly. When such things as the Taylor case can occur at our State hospitals, where the unfortunate are supposed to be looked after with at least common humanity if not tender care, there is certainly room for rigid reform and cause for thorough investigation.

The little eighteen-months-old boy of W. M. Clary, who lives near Bloomfield, fell into a barrel of water on the 28th ult. The baby was playing on the porch and the barrel was near the edge and the little fellow fell in while trying to recover a toy bucket.

Mrs. Julia Langalia of Ste. Genevieve county died on the 28th ult., aged 88 years.

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DR. E. G. SIMMONS HELPS ORGANIZE BIG INS. CO. IN NEW ORLEANS.

The following from the Waco Texas Times-Herald will be of interest to the many friends of Dr. E. G. Simmons in Farmington and Missouri:

"E. G. Simmons who has been fiscal agent here for the past eighteen months for the Southern Union Life Insurance company, left today for New Orleans, where he will organize the Pan-American Life Insurance company in that city. He will be assisted by John T. Boone, formerly president of the Southland Life Insurance company, Dallas. The new company will be capitalized at \$1,000,000, with a surplus of \$750,000. Some of the most influential bankers and business men of New Orleans are interested in the venture.

"While his many friends here regret very much the removal of Mr. Simmons, they realize that he is seeking a broader field, where greater opportunities for his advancement are presented. He is regarded as one of the best posted insurance men in the south, familiar with every detail and with marvelous energy for carrying on the work. He has rare executive ability, demonstrated during his stay in Waco.

"Mr. Simmons is a most pleasant, affable gentleman, a good mixer, who has made good in every enterprise that has received his attention in the past. He was offered flattering inducements to locate in the Crescent City by those who have taken the initiative in launching the big insurance project mentioned above. It is intended to place stock on the market at an early date, and the Pan-American is destined to be one of the biggest and most influential companies in the United States, when fostered and encouraged by such men as E. G. Simmons and his associates."

The New Orleans Item devotes considerable space to the Pan American Insurance Co. enterprise and the contract of the company's board of directors with Boone, Simmons & Co. as fiscal agents. John T. Boone, Sr., a former Missourian, is noted as one of the most successful insurance men of the United States. The same paper sets forth the personal of the capitalists of New Orleans financing the enterprise, at the head of which is C. H. Ellis, president of the largest steamship company of that city, and the general attorney of the new company is Eugene J. McGivney, former assistant secretary of state and commissioner of insurance of Louisiana, whom the Item says is justly regarded as an insurance expert second to none in the South.

COMPLAINT OF FARMERS AGAINST LEAD COMPANY.

Farmers residing and owning lands along Big River met at DeSoto last Saturday and discussed the matter of the pollution of the stream by the St. Joseph Lead Company of Bonne Terre, Mo.

A preliminary organization was formed and resolutions adopted. E. Henson was made chairman and Frank Perkins secretary. A committee was appointed to perfect plans for a permanent organization. The members of the committee are: L. L. Page of Bonne Terre, James Allen of Trumet, George Harness of Home Springs, Steve Cole of Blackwell, J. Williams of Cedar Hill and F. Rheimer of Vine-land.

The sense of the meeting was expressed by Frank Detrich, who said: "The valuable lands along Big River are being absolutely ruined by slime from the lead mills. This slime forms a soft bed, which in times of high water is distributed and thrown up on the cultivated ground, so that along the entire length of the river farms have been ruined. Devastating traces of the slime are visible to even the inexperienced."

"We expect to organize permanently and perhaps incorporate. Then we expect to bring action for damages against the lead company that will run well over a million dollars. "There is some difference of opinion as to the style of the organization, but this will be left to the committee."

The resolutions declare that for forty years the slime from the lead mill has been emptied into the river; that it has destroyed the fish, spread over the fertile lowlands, until, during the last ten years, they have been almost valueless, and the farmers are urged to take steps to protect their fields from further damage.

PARIS GREEN

In stock at all times

Laakman's Drug Store

AT THE BAPTIST CHURCH.

A large congregation attended the opening services at the new Baptist Church last Sunday.

On Monday evening the various churches of Farmington met with the Baptist congregation in their new church building. The services were in the nature of congratulatory and were very interesting.

Rev. S. P. Brite, pastor of the church, spoke upon the meaning of a Baptist church in a community and introduced the other speakers.

Owing to illness in his family, Rev. L. M. Thompson, who was to have spoken upon "The Book and the Church," was unable to be present.

Rev. C. E. Hickok spoke upon the subject, "The Pastor and the Church," and outlined the mutual duties involved in such a relation.

Rev. R. M. Talbert, representing the Christian church, spoke upon "The Church Training, Its Membership," emphasizing the need and means of such training above the mere seeking of numbers.

Rev. Wm. Court spoke upon the "Church and Its World Vision," making a strong plea for missions at home and abroad.

Rev. A. R. Abernathy will preach tonight at the Baptist church and each succeeding night, remaining over Sunday.

BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB

A call meeting of citizens was held at the City Hall last Friday to take steps for the reorganization of the Business Men's Club, and there were present Mayor W. R. Taylor, Merrill Pipkin, Rev. C. E. Hickok, Oscar Dittler, Edward C. Barroll, G. W. Morthart, G. M. Morris, John W. Karsch, S. F. Isenman, L. F. Castleman, Fred Schramm, E. J. McKinney, T. C. Young, J. F. Karsch, M. P. Cayce, H. E. Denman, A. F. Davis, J. H. Waide, M. A. Young and Dr. Fleming.

A committee composed of M. P. Cayce, E. J. McKinney, C. B. Denman, Hy Manley, G. W. Morris and J. F. Karsch was appointed to revise the old by-laws of the Business Men's Club and report at the next meeting.

On motion the Secretary was instructed to write Mr. Batterson, an expert in organizing commercial clubs and outlining the work to be done by them, to see if he could be induced to come to Farmington and on what terms.

It was also proposed to try to secure the next meeting of the South-east Missouri Drummers Association at Farmington, which was also referred to the committee of six and to L. F. Castleman.

The membership dues of the club were fixed at \$12 a year to be paid monthly, and that the membership should consist of individuals and not firms.

It was decided to divide the town into districts and certain persons be designated to solicit members of the club in each ward. Eighteen of those present signed up as members of the club.

The meeting adjourned to meet again on Friday night, April 14.

TUESDAY, APRIL 7, ARBOR DAY.

Next Tuesday has been named by Governor Hadley as the official Arbor Day for Missouri, and recommends that the children in the various schools plant at least one tree or plant on that day. It is a good time to begin the adorning of the grounds of Farmington's new High School, and a general holiday for that purpose ought to be given all the schools.

"The recent movement towards the conservation of natural resources has been a strong factor in recalling the custom of annually planting trees in the various States and the people are taking a deeper interest in observing the day. It is a generally recognized fact that, at the present rate of consumption, the American forests will be destroyed so far as commercial uses are concerned within perhaps twenty years. This condition of affairs, if permitted to be brought about, might have a disastrous effect upon climate conditions, upon the growing crops, and upon the health of the people."

"Arbor day is a day set apart by the Legislatures of most of the States for the annual planting of trees by the people and more especially the school children. The day now is observed in some States as a legal holiday and in other States as a school holiday. Some States, including New York, publish an Arbor Day manual. The date for the observance of Arbor Day is not uniform throughout the different States but generally is late in April or early in May."

"The custom of planting trees annually is said to have had its origin in 1865 when B. G. Northrop, while secretary of the Connecticut Board of Education, suggested tree planting under the direction of the State government. Sterling Morton of Nebraska, secretary of agriculture under President Cleveland, probably was the first man to propose the setting aside of a certain day on which to observe this custom. That the suggestion of Morton's has been a profitable one is shown by the fact that more than 90,000,000 trees have been planted in Nebraska alone, since he gave added impetus to the movement in 1872."

Bargains in Real Estate

Offered by
Merrill Pipkin,
Farmington, Mo.

80 Acres—3/4 miles northeast of Farmington, 62 acres in cultivation; all under fence; 18 acres in young timber; one and one-half mile from rock road; 40 acres of good orchard. Good land, two-story 5-room house and good large barn. Price \$5,000.

51 Acres—5 miles east of Bonne Terre within half mile of rock road. All good land and all under good fence, and in cultivation except about 6 acres in timber. Plenty of stock water, two good springs, 4-room house, and barn. Price \$1,400; terms reasonable.

3 Acres—New 3-room house and other improvements. On car line—3 acres of ground. Price \$1,100.00; \$500 cash, balance on time at 6 per cent.

206 Acres—Eight miles south of Farmington, 55 acres in cultivation, 75 acres under fence, black oak and walnut soil, 3 room house, good double log barn; on railroad. Price \$2,000; half cash, balance on long time. A bargain.

120 Acres—Seven miles from Libertyville, about 15 acres in cultivation, 2 room house, good barn. Price \$600; half cash, balance on long time.

66 Acres—One mile from Libertyville, considerable timber. Price \$500; half cash, balance on time.

40 Acres—Three and one-half miles Northeast of Bonne Terre; unimproved. Price \$500; a bargain.

280 Acres—near Libertyville, 35 acres in cultivation—120 acres can be cultivated—a few fruit trees, a two-room house and pretty good barn; water at house and barn. Price \$900, one-half cash, balance on long time at 6 per cent.

280 Acres—near Libertyville, none in cultivation, but a good deal can be cultivated; a good deal of timber. Price \$600, one-half cash.

135 Acres—6 miles east of Farmington on St. Mary's road; 110 acres in cultivation, 25 acres in good timber, new two-story frame house of 5 rooms, good barn 40x60 feet, plenty of water; good land. Price \$3,300, half cash, balance long time.

40 Acres—3/4 miles southeast of Farmington on good road, one mile from railroad; 30 acres in cultivation, good land, red soil, spring at house and spring at barn; good 2-story frame house, good barn and good fences; some fruit trees. Price \$3,600, terms reasonable.

Do you want to go to Colorado? If so here is a bargain: 200 acres of fine, rich soil, 26 miles from Colorado Springs, 115 acres in cultivation; all can be cultivated; good wire fence; frame house and good, large barn. Only two miles from good town located on railroad. Price \$2,600, terms reasonable. Will trade for land in St. Francois county.

120 Acres—105 acres in cultivation, 15 acres in good timber, good rich soil; 8 miles north of Farmington and 4 miles from mines at DeSoto; all under fence, new 4-room house, also new barn. Price \$4,800.

137.48 Acres—8 miles north of Farmington, about 105 acres in cultivation, about 25 acres in timber; good soil—all but a few acres can be cultivated; 4-room frame house, cistern, plenty of water for stock at barn; nearly all fenced. Price \$3,600; terms reasonable.

80 Acres—9 miles north of Farmington, 4 miles east of Lead Belt, all fenced and nearly all in cultivation; good rich soil, all can be cultivated; no buildings. Price \$2,500; terms reasonable.

38 Acres—about 2 miles south of Farmington, on Perrine road; 30 acres in cultivation, 8 acres heavy timber—good land; good, two-story frame house, 5 rooms; plenty of water, barn and other buildings. Price \$4,000; one-half cash, balance on time.

85 Acres—about 5 miles northeast of Farmington, 70 acres in cultivation, 15 acres heavy black oak timber; good land; 5-room frame house, barn 30x60. Plenty of water. One-fourth mile of railroad. Price \$3,000; one-half cash, balance on time.

153 Acres—5 1/2 miles northeast of Farmington, 100 acres in cultivation. Nearly all the rest can be cultivated. Several springs, cistern at house and barn, well at house; large, 2-story frame house, 6 rooms; one mile from railroad. Terms reasonable.

140 Acres—6 miles northeast of Farmington, about 100 acres in cultivation, good frame house, large barn in good condition, nearly all under fence; good land. Price \$4,200; terms reasonable.

40 Acres—2 miles south of Farmington, rich red soil, good spring water, 5 or 6 acres in timber, balance in cultivation; 140 fruit trees, 8-room, 2-story frame house, wood shed, smoke house, hen house, buggy shed, wheat granary and blacksmith shop; good frame barn 60x60, with hay fork. Price \$5,000.

40 Acres—4 miles north of Farmington within half mile of rock road, 25 acres of good soil and in cultivation; balance in timber. Small house and other buildings. Price \$1,200. Terms reasonable. A bargain.

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FOR SALE

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PHONE 48.

Terrible Picture of Suffering.

Clinton, Ky.—Mrs. M. C. McElroy, in a letter from Clinton, writes: "For six years, I was a sufferer from female troubles. I could not eat, and could not stand on my feet, without suffering great pain. I had lost hope. After using Cardui a week, I began to improve. Now I feel better than in six years." Fifty years of success in actual practice, is positive proof, furnished by those who have tried it, that Cardui can always be relied on for relieving female weakness and disease. Try Cardui, today, now!

Mrs. Lulu Barton is a candidate for School Superintendent of Reynolds county. There are two men candidates.

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WINNSBORO BLUE GRANITE

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It will stand for aeons and aeons—the end of time will find it as beautiful and unbroken as the day it was set. Winnsboro Blue Granite will not crack or smut; its contrast when lettered renders the inscription plain and readable from a distance. In selecting a monument, specify Winnsboro Blue Granite.

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FARMINGTON, MO.

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