

Announcement

For the benefit of our customers, a Chicago Foot Specialist will give a two-days Free Demonstration of Scholl's Foot Comfort Service, at our store on May 26 and 27.

If you have foot trouble of any kind, see him. There will be no charge for his services.

WE DO SHOE REPAIRING -- WE SELL HOSIERY

Karsch's, THE PLACE TO BUY GOOD SHOES

"BOOZE" CONTINUES TO FLOW IN THIS DIRECTION

Officers Still Leading "Bootleggers" a Merry Chase and Transferring Their "Happy Homes"

Several more successful raids were made last Friday by Deputy Sheriffs in the Lead Belt, resulting in the taking of a few more whiskey peddles and the transferring of their "merchandise" to the Sheriff's quarters in this city. Deputy Sam Doss, who has established considerable of a reputation at "pussy-footing", and of returning with law-breakers he goes after, headed these raids, and it required the services of several automobiles to transfer the "wet goods" secured to this city. Doss said he was told by Prosecuting Attorney Davis to "secure the evidence", so he "just brought it all along."

Gus Sherman's place, at Boone Terre, was the first place raided, and there was secured a barrel and two half-barrels of whiskey, besides many bottles of whiskey and wine, whiskey glasses, etc. After unloading Sherman and his goods at the Sheriff's office, Doss immediately left for Elvins, where he "filled an engagement" with a man by the name of Fears and Ben Butts. At the latter place he investigated the mysteries of the "back room," where he unearthed five gallons of "red eye" and closed their places.

A Hungarian was then intercepted in Flat River while making a delivery of a wagon load of beer to Frank

Brinsick, from a full car load of that beverage. The Hun put up the plea that it was for his own private consumption, but the officers decided to take him in and permit the Judge to decide what he thought of the Hun's capacity as a beer guzzler. If that fellow had a car-load beer thirst on him when taken in last Friday, it will probably require a train load of the foamy beverage to satisfy him by the time he has another opportunity to slake his thirst.

It is high time that the violators of the local option law awake to the fact that the people of St. Francois county are now aroused to the rigid enforcement of the provisions of the law, and the quicker they will be able to live in this county without constant fear of arrest. If they have become so saturated with the "stuff" that they cannot stay out of such disreputable business then they will be forced either to move elsewhere, or spend the remainder of their days in jail. Our peace officers have decided to take the matter of law enforcement into their own hands, without waiting for complaints, and it is now up to the whiskey sellers to decide what course they will prefer in the future—quitting the crooked path and living in peace, quitting the county, or almost perpetual jail service.

Oiling the Streets Several New Ones

The work of giving the streets of Farmington another coat of oil has been in progress all this week, and that splendid improvement is now nearly completed. All of the principal streets of the city will have been, or will be, gone over by the new oil sprinkler, which is doing most excellent work. One of the inestimable benefits that will result from this work is that this city will be practically free from dust the ensuing summer, so that the work of keeping houses and stores clean will be reduced to a minimum.

Mayor McKinney informed a Times reporter that two large tanks had been received, for this work, which he estimated would be practically enough to properly perform the sprinkling desired. The cost of this oil was something over \$1,100, and he thinks it would be impossible to make a better investment that would result in so much good to Farmington. The people generally feel this way about it, as was indicated in the subscriptions to this fund. Many citizens did not wait to be seen by the solicitors, but voluntarily came in and paid over their money, stating that they were glad to assist in such work.

It requires four horses to haul the sprinkler, and the work will probably be finished this week. A strong flow of oil was turned on, which is estimated to be sufficient to keep the streets in splendid condition for the next twelve months. It puts the streets in ideal condition for travel, especially for autoing, and there is no dust trail left to suffocate the residents "by the side of the road."

MILD FORM OF SMALLPOX

For the past week or so there have been several mild cases of smallpox in Farmington, so mild indeed that the parties were not sick and were not aware that small eruptions were of the smallpox nature. There are only three cases now, and they are quarantined; but the parties are not even confined to their rooms, but knocking around in the open air in the yards of their homes. The Mayor and the City Board of Health are looking carefully after the cases and every precaution is being taken to prevent its spread, no danger of which is anticipated.

The weather the past week has continued somewhat unfavorable, for growing crops as well as for increasing newspaper subscription lists. A little more warmth is necessary to put crops, as well as people, in normal condition. However, the following new and renewal subscriptions have been received at The Times office:

New—H. J. Gorath, Route 5, Farmington; M. A. Rhodes, Johnston, Pa.; W. H. Smith, Desloge; Mrs. James Wescott, Kewanee, Mo. Renewals: Clyde Morsey, Chas. H. Adams and Alice Baker, Farmington.

CANNON TO BE MOUNTED ON DECORATION DAY

The cannon, a relic of the civil war, donated by Congress to this county, has been here for some time, and the work of putting in a concrete foundation for it in the Court House yard will be begun this week, we understand. It will be mounted on Decoration Day (May 30) with appropriate ceremonies under the auspices of Picket Post G. A. R.

COMMENDS OFFICERS

The Presbyterian, the Two Methodist, the Baptist and the Christian Churches of Farmington last Sunday adopted a resolution commending the county officers for their diligence in enforcing the law.

"CAN'T DO WITHOUT IT"

The following letter reached The Times office Tuesday noon, and is self-explanatory:

Johnstown, Pa., May 15, 1916.
Dear Mr. Bradshaw:—
For more than three months I have endeavored to do without The Times, but it has proved a miserable failure. I just can't do without it, although solely in need of the dollar. Enclosed find a dollar bill, for a year's subscription to The NEW Farmington Times.
I take this occasion to break the news that I am pleasantly located, and have a very fine position in one of the finest jewelry and optical houses in Pennsylvania. With best wishes, I am,
Your friend,
M. A. RHODES.

FARMINGTON CAN GET FREE MAIL DELIVERY

All That is Necessary is to Keep Post Office Receipts Up for the Last Quarter to \$2,417

According to the postal laws, Farmington is entitled to free mail delivery in this city whenever the receipts of the local postoffice reach \$10,000 for the sale of postage stamps. During the last fiscal year, which ended on the 30th of June, 1916, the receipts of this office fell only a little short of the amount required to entitle this city to free delivery, and for the three quarters, ending March 30th, of the present year, the sale of postage stamps at this office amounted to \$7,585.

Thus it will be seen that if the sales of postage continues for the present quarter as large as it was during the past three quarters of the year, the amount for the year will exceed \$10,000. The records of this office, however, show that the present quarter ordinarily is the slimmest of the year in the sale of postage, and that unless a little effort is made in this regard, the receipts of the office may again fall a little short of the amount required to secure free delivery.

Is it not worth a little effort to secure free mail delivery in Farmington? It would require but slight increase in the sale of postage, which could easily be taken up by a few business men, who could make small remittances in stamps, instead of in cash, thereby making up any possible deficit that may be necessary, without costing them an extra penny, and the stamps would probably be as welcome as the cash to those who may receive them.

Is free delivery worth this small effort, think you? Of what advantage would it be, you ask? Certainly you have never given the subject any thought, if you ask such a question. Can you estimate how many families in this city would be daily accommodated by having their mail and parcels delivered daily to their doors?

Do you know how many others do not get their mail more than once or twice a week, simply because of the inconvenience to them of coming to the postoffice, or getting others to inquire for them?

If you would permit your thoughts to play along such lines a little, then it is likely that no such questions would be asked. But that is not all the advantage that free delivery would be to Farmington. Another thing that just now occurs to the writer is that it would furnish two or more very desirable positions as carriers, with fair remuneration, and would mean a good living to at least two families; and there would probably be another man to handle the parcel post deliveries, which would bring the extra payroll from free delivery up to at least \$3,000, approximately.

All of this can easily be secured without the outlay of one cent of expense, and all that will be required will be just a little co-operation on the part of a few citizens, to see that this year's postoffice business is sufficiently large to entitle this city to the establishment of free postal delivery, which, as above indicated, can be accomplished simply by the payment of a few of their smaller bills with postage stamps. Free delivery would not only be a splendid advertisement for this city, but it would be of even more direct and tangible benefit in increasing the revenues coming into this city by several thousand dollars each year. But someone must have a directing hand in this matter, to see that this golden opportunity is not overlooked. Then the only other thing that will be necessary to have free delivery instituted is the numbering of the houses. Don't put yourself in the "observation" list by asking "is it worth while?" Wake up, and you will know it is worth while. Then grab it!

Circuit Court

Civil Cases

Disposition made of cases at the present May term up to time of going to press:

Central Steam Laundry vs. W. R. Springer et al., appeal from J. P.; judgment by consent of parties against defendant for \$80.

Andrew Sako vs. Harry Pallak, appeal from J. P.; dismissed at cost of plaintiff.

Doc Mackley vs. St. L. I. M. & S. Ry., damages; continued by agreement. Same order made in case of J. C. Crow et al., L. T. Hunt et al., and Wm. Dalton, suits for damages against railroad company.

Mrs. Chas. Young vs. A. J. Whilby, appeal from J. P.; trial by jury and verdict for defendant.

Zavier Govro vs. school district, et al., account; judgment by default filed at last term sustained; motion for new trial and in arrest of judgment filed.

Parnell Cayce vs. Charles Cayce et al., partition; case continued on application of plaintiff.

Elizie J. Thomas et al. vs. John Townsend, partition; motion to set aside an order of publication, sub. orders, also order of sale, filed and taken up by the court sustained; order of publication renewed.

Gertrude Boyd vs. S. E. Sharrock et al., note; judgment by default against S. E. Sharrock and W. A. V. Pressnell for \$516.50, principal and interest.

W. T. Haile vs. Lizzie Elvins et al., partition; report of sale filed and order made.

Eliza Morris et al. vs. Thomas E. Pinkston et al., partition; dropped from docket.

John L. Bradley et al. vs. Citizens Bank of Desloge, suit in equity; leave granted plaintiff to amend petition and cause continued to November term. Louis Valle vs. John Bildersback et al., note; continued pending settlement.

James E. McCormick et al. vs. Catherine F. McMullin et al., partition; report of sale filed, motion for attorney's fee of \$75 allowed; distribution filed and order made.

James Valle vs. St. Louis Smelting and Refining Company, damages; dismissed by plaintiff at request of Matthews.

Robert Holmes vs. Doe Run Lead Co. et al., to transfer stock; cause reset for May 24.

Marie C. Westover vs. unknown heir of Morton Glone et al., suit to quiet title; default taken, trial by court, and decree granted as prayed for.

Eliza Morris et al. vs. Ellis B. Cunningham et al., partition; death of E. B. Cunningham suggested and heirs entered appearance; Bank of Desloge enters appearance.

Betta McMullin vs. W. R. McMullin, divorce; dismissed for want of prosecution.

Mayme Laroe vs. Wm. Laroe, divorce; dismissed for want of prosecution.

Bettie Courtois vs. Charles Courtois, maintenance; judgment by de-

fault; defendant to pay \$15 on June 1st and \$10 per month thereafter for the support and maintenance of his two minor children, subject to further order of this court.

Etta Francis vs. James W. Francis, divorce; personal service, default, trial by court and submitted.

State Cases

John Wilson, illegal sale of intoxicants; as reported last week, he was tried by jury, found guilty and his punishment assessed at \$1,000 fine and 12 months in jail; in two other informations filed against him, and submitted to the court, he was found guilty, fined \$300 and 6 months in jail in each case. In all cases an appeal motion filed, appeal bond fixed at \$2,000 in the first case and \$500 in each of the other two cases. Leave was granted to file bill of exceptions by August 10, 1916.

Brad Jennings, embezzlement; application for change of venue granted, and J. B. Burks was called in as special judge to try the case; trial by jury and jury failed to agree.

Oscar Hull, disturbance of the peace; plea of guilty and punishment assessed at thirty days in jail.

Frank Mitchell, illegal sale of intoxicants; plea of guilty, punishment assessed at fine of \$300; paroled upon payment of costs and bond of \$500 for two years.

Luther Wofford, carrying concealed weapon; plea of guilty and punishment assessed at \$100 and costs.

Hans Jeorgensen, disturbing the peace; dismissed at cost of prosecuting witness.

Wm. Ross, illegal sale of intoxicating liquor; plea of guilty, fine of \$300 and six months in jail. Three other indictments stand against Ross.

What Is It?

The St. Francois County Railway (the Electric line) seems to have been transformed into a regular railroad and is operated as such by the M. R. & B. T. R. Co. Formerly it ran all cars connecting with trains of the M. R. & B. T. and the Iron Mountain railroads through the city of Farmington. Now they are connecting with two or more trains on the M. R. & B. T. railroad, but their cars start from the depot in Farmington, and do not go through that portion of the city between the State Hospital gate and the depot. Query: Is it a railroad or a street car line? If it is a railroad, which it seems to be as it is operated, then the fare to Flat River, which is eight miles, ought to be 15 cents instead of 30 cents, as charged. If it is a street car line, then it should be run as such and its cars go through the city without discrimination. Am I right?

UNCLE JOSH.

BEINER—NONENKAMP

May 16th, 1916, George Beiner, Jr., and Miss Agnes Nonenkamp were united in marriage. Justice Good officiating. The happy couple came to Farmington from St. Louis on the 11:50 a. m. car and departed on the 2:10 p. m. car for their home in St. Louis, at 3025 Castleman avenue.

DOE RUN COMPANY ASKS TO BE DISSOLVED

Petition Filed in St. Francois County Circuit Court Last Wednesday Applying for Dissolution

On Wednesday the Doe Run Lead Company by its attorneys filed with the Circuit Court of St. Francois county a petition asking for a dissolution of its corporate existence. The petition sets forth:

That on the 16th day of May, 1916, at a meeting of its stockholders held at its office in the county of St. Francois and State of Missouri, due notice of said meeting having been given according to law, there was adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, on December 6, 1913, at a meeting of the stockholders of this company, duly called and held, at which there were present in person and by proxy two hundred and six stockholders, holding in the aggregate 62,062 shares of the stock of this company, there were submitted for the consideration and action of the stockholders of this company at said meeting the following resolutions, to-wit:

I. "Resolved, that the actions of the board of directors of the company heretofore taken in approving and adopting and in carrying out the recommendations of the joint committee of stockholders of the Doe Run Lead Company and St. Joseph Lead Company, as contained in the report of said committee, dated September 10, 1913, be and the same are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed, and said directors and officers are authorized to take such action toward carrying out said recommendations or any of them as they may deem necessary or advisable.

"And be it further resolved, that the employment of a consulting engineer, and the settlement made pursuant to the recommendations of said report, of the suit of Robert Holmes et al., against the Doe Run Lead Company et al., (which settlement was evidenced by contract of settlement dated September 8, 1913), and the payment of this company of the expenses of litigation as provided in said settlement, and the payment of this company of fees of attorneys for all the defendants in said suit against this company, be and the same are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed; and pursuant to said report and settlement, all the claims alleged, involved and sought to be enforced in said suit in behalf of this company and against the individual defendants in said suit, be and the same are hereby declared to be and are extinguished and released.

II. "Resolved, that (pursuant to the recommendations contained in the report of the joint committee of stockholders of the St. Joseph Lead Company and of the Doe Run Lead Company, dated September 10, 1913), the directors and officers of this company be and they are hereby authorized to sell, convey and deliver to the St. Joseph Lead Company all of the property and assets of this company of every kind and description, upon the agreement of said St. Joseph Lead Company to assume and be bound by and to pay or otherwise lawfully extinguish and to protect this company against all of the debts, liabilities and obligations of this company of every kind, at such price, to be paid in stock of the St. Joseph Lead Company, or in cash, or both, and upon such terms as may be mutually agreed upon between said trustees and the St. Joseph Lead Company, and in default of such agreement, then said statutory trustees are hereby authorized to sell the property and assets at public sale to the highest bidder for cash.

That said resolution was adopted by the votes of 64,612 shares of its capital stock in favor of such adoption, and 1,111 shares against, said number of shares being more than two-thirds in value and number of all the shares of stock in the said corporation then issued and outstanding.

The petition then goes on to give the properties and assets and liabilities of the company, and other matters pertaining to the company. Publication giving three weeks notice of the application for dissolution has to be made before the court takes up the petition and acts on it.

Following are the stockholders of the Doe Run Lead Company and the number of shares each holds. Chas. J. Adams of Bonne Terre, Leonidas H. Benson of New York, Clinton H. Crane of New York, F. H. Dearing of Bonne Terre, A. G. Edwards and Son of St. Louis, Polite Elvins of Elvins, W. M. Harlan of Farmington, John W. McLean of Victor, N. Y., Philip N. Moore of St. Louis, Ed B. Pryor of St. Louis, Edward A. Rozier of Farmington, Robert Sellers of Bonne Terre, Edwards Whitaker of St. Louis, all one share each; Hendon Chubb of New York, 1197 shares; Doe Run Lead Company, 34 shares; Robert Holmes of St. Louis, 12 shares; S. M. Maynard, Westboro, Mass., 1,099 shares; Frank Montgomery, 23 shares, and St. Joseph Lead Company, 63,401 shares. Total number of shares, 65,783.

MARTIN—POLITTE

May 15, 1916, Justice Good united in marriage E. B. Martin and Miss Mae Politte, both of Elvins. Mr. Best man, W. C. Wilson; bridesmaid, Mrs. Rosa Wilson, sister of the bride. Mr. E. B. Martin is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Martin, and the bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Politte of Elvins. Mr. and Mrs. Martin will make their home near Elvins, R. D. No. 1.