



A great thing to have on ice at home  
Your grocer delivers it by the case

Bottled  
**Coca-Cola**  
Delicious and Refreshing

5¢

Coca-Cola Bottling Co.,  
FARMINGTON, MO. TELEPHONE 98

BOTTLED UNDER AN EXCLUSIVE LICENSE FROM THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

**NEWS OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION**

(Written by J. S. Hubbard, Executive Secretary Missouri Press Association.)

Jefferson City, Sept. 1.—The members of the convention were shocked last Friday afternoon shortly after the adjournment to learn of the sudden death of their fellow member, J. B. Daniel, of Piedmont. Less than three hours before he had stood on the floor of the convention and expressed a wish to speak on the report of the Judiciary Committee, but said that he was suffering from an attack of indigestion and was not in condition to speak at that time. He had scarcely reached his room when he was stricken, heart disease being assigned as the cause. President Shartell of the convention appointed a committee composed of Messrs. Frank Farris, Stephen B. Hunter, Jerry Burks, Ralph Womack, T. J. Brown and L. M. Henson to take charge of the body and form an escort in conveying it to the home of the deceased. The member's desk in the assembly chamber was draped in mourning.

Mr. Daniel was a member of the Committee on Taxation, Corporations, and Public Health and Welfare, and was known as a consistent worker in committee and convention. He was 52 years old and a lawyer by profession.

An amendment to the legislative report providing an enabling act for compensation insurance and state insurance under such a law was considered by the convention Wednesday morning. The amendment which would make a new section, provides that "The general assembly may enact and provide for the administration of a compulsory or elective workmen's compensation law, and may provide for state or other systems of insurance thereunder."

The proponents urged that the constitutional convention make this provision, since the general assembly had considered it impossible to enact such laws under the old constitution. They stated that there were now forty-three other states having workmen's compensation acts on the statute books, and Missouri ought not to postpone longer favorable action on this question. Opposition developed to the insurance provision of the proposal, but much interest was shown in support of the first part of the proposition. It was discussed at length by several of the members, most of whom favored the compensation act.

After extensive debate the proposal in regard to limiting the legislature in conferring special powers to miscellaneous boards, bureaus and associations, was voted down Tuesday 32 to 17. In the arguments favoring the amendment were mentioned the plumbing inspection board, board of barbers' examiners, board of optometry and state board of nurses' examiners as being among the privileged organizations to which had been delegated legislative powers. It was charged that special requirements had been set up by those boards that barred the door of opportunity to many deserving young men and women of the state. While the proposal was lost members have given notice that it will be brought up again, in substance at least, and may be considered in connection with the report of the Committee on Executive and Ministerial Departments. It is contended that this report will take care of these miscellaneous boards in a way that will be entirely satisfactory to the proponents of the defeated amendment.

Two provisions of the Committee on Corporations report have not been covered in this correspondence. One is a modification of Section 10 in the old constitution and provides that "No corporation shall issue preferred stock without the consent of those owning and holding at least two-thirds of the stock of such corporation." The two-thirds provision is new.

The text of the new Section 12 provides that "it shall not be lawful for any common carrier in this state to charge or receive any greater compensation in the aggregate for the transportation of passengers or of like kind of property for a shorter than for a longer distance over the same line, in the same direction, the shorter being included within the longer distance, or to charge any greater compensation as a through rate than the aggregate of the intermediate rates; provided, that upon application to the proper state regulatory body, such common carrier may, in special cases, after investigation by said body, be authorized to charge less for longer than for shorter distances for the transportation of passengers and property, and the said state regulatory body may from time to time prescribe the extent to which such designated common carrier may be relieved from the operation of this section. But excursion and commutation tickets may be issued at special rates."

This revised section is in accord with the provisions of the federal transportation act, which now controls in all rate matters.

In the letter of Aug. 18, reference was made to the speech of Judge R. E. Culver in regard to the estimated saving of the new judiciary system as compared with the old. In abolishing the probate courts and justices of the peace and the reduction of the number of circuits from 38 to 15, it was estimated that the amount saved would be \$475,500, while against this was placed the new county courts, additional judges of the supreme court and court of appeals, estimated at from \$312,500 to \$375,000. This made a saving in one case of \$163,000 and in the other of \$100,500, according to the figures submitted.

On Sept. 19, in an exhaustive discussion of the committee report and the amendments it suggests, which were reported last week, Paul S. Conwell of Kansas City took exceptions to the figures quoted and gave a list of estimates which included the restoration of the justice courts. He contended that the stenographers, clerks and bailiffs, which Judge Culver claimed could be dispensed with,

**The Woman's Bank, too**

There was a time when people thought of a bank as an institution for men only—a place of mystery where women were unknown.

However, with the passing of time things have changed—ideas have progressed—and today every up-to-date bank is a woman's bank, too.

This bank prides itself on being a woman's bank—a place where courtesy and personal attention are always shown. We should like very much for you to come in and talk your financial problems over with us.

COME IN—LET'S GET ACQUAINTED.

**St. Francois County Bank**

would be necessary and that therefore there would be no saving in their salaries. He declared also that the type of men necessary to serve as judges of the proposed county courts could not be secured for \$2500 or even \$3000 per year. Summing up all expenses that would be possible, as he saw it, under the proposed judiciary, he declared that instead of a saving, the new system would cost \$1,138,500 more than the present.

In opposition to the Judiciary Committee report it was suggested that a change might be made in the old system that would meet objections and answer all requirements. This was to provide that the probate judge must be a lawyer and making mandatory the provision in regard to his acting as presiding of the county court. Opposition to the judicial council was voiced on the charge that it was usurping legislative functions which did not belong to the courts. Changes suggested by the committee in giving the legislature power to annul the rules enacted by the council it was not believed would go far in correcting the evils. It was urged that the state of Missouri ought not to be the first to venture on untried fields and that the constitutional convention would be unwise in approving so radical a measure as the proposed council.

Other opposition has been shown to the committee report and also to some features of the amendments proposed. Prospects were that several days would be consumed before the report would be so modified as to meet the approval of the convention, though several members have spoken in favor of its adoption practically in the form finally agreed upon by a majority of the committee.

The Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns is perfecting its report and to that end the members are meeting every night until it shall be put in form for presentation to the convention. Usual care is being taken in its phraseology in the hope that few changes will have to be made to make its provisions clear to the convention and to the public.

The Committee on Taxation is spending several evenings in going over the sections of its report which have already been passed on tentatively. While not many changes have been made in the old constitution some of those proposed are quite marked and some of the members of the committee are slow to accept them. It is not unlikely that minority reports will be made to some of the provisions, though an effort is being made to get together on a basis that will make it possible for every member of the committee to stand firmly behind it as the best document in its judgment that could be worked out to recommend to the convention and to the people. It is evident from watching the committee at work and listening to the discussions that the interest of the taxpayers of the state is given first importance by the members, though there may be differences

of opinion as to how those interests will be best conserved.

The Committee on Initiative and Referendum, in making its report to the convention, has filed both majority and minority reports, the latter voicing the sentiment of the chairman of the committee alone. The majority report is in effect the proposal known as No. 232 and differs from the present constitution in but three particulars. The percentage of the voters signing the petition for initiative or referendum is reversed, only five per cent being required to initiate a measure and eight per cent to refer a law passed by the General Assembly. It was felt that a larger number should be required in the latter case. Another point in the proposal is that each signer of any initiative or referendum petition shall write his name and residence on the same line of such petition with his own hand and if unable to write, shall affix his mark and his name and residence shall be written for him and witnessed by two witnesses, who shall write their names and residences on the petition. It is also required that all signers must be registered as voters in places where registration is required.

In the minority report ten per cent of the voters in each of at least two-thirds of the Congressional districts of the state would be required to sign petitions for either the initiative or the referendum. It requires also that the petitions shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court in all counties where there is no registration of voters, and elsewhere in the office of the election commissioners or other officers charged with the registration of voters, and each person qualified to do so who desires to sign such petition must sign in the presence of the officers designated, or their deputies, after having satisfied the officer or deputy that they are qualified voters. The same provision is required in regard to signing or affixing the voter's mark in the presence of the officer in charge of the petition. In both the majority and minority reports the provision in the present law is incorporated, referring to measures relating to the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety or laws making appropriation for the support of the state government, maintenance of state institutions or support of the public schools, which are now excepted from the referendum.



**Lucky Tiger**  
The Nation's Hair and Scalp Remedy!  
Positively eradicates  
Dandruff—corrects excessive scalp—stops falling hair—restores luxuriant growth—eliminates itching—restores beauty, health—action immediate and certain. Money-Back Guarantee.  
At drug stores and hairdressers, or send 25¢ for sample to  
**LUCKY TIGER CO., Kansas City, Mo.**

**TRUSTEE'S SALE**

Whereas James Allen, by his certain deed of trust, dated the 18th day of January, 1921, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Francois county, Missouri, in book 131, page 417, conveyed to B. F. Towl as trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of St. Francois and State of Missouri, to-wit:

The south half of the south half of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 17, township 36 north, range 4 east, comprising 10 acres more or less.

Which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas by the terms of said deed said note is past due and remains unpaid; and whereas said deed provides that in case of absence, death, or disability of the trustee in anywise of the aforesaid trustee to act, the then acting Sheriff of St. Francois county, Missouri, at the request of the legal holder of said note, may proceed to sell the property in said deed described; and whereas B. F. Towl, the aforesaid trustee, has refused to act, now therefore I, the undersigned Sheriff of said St. Francois county, Missouri, at the request of the legal holder of said note, will proceed to sell at public venue for cash, on

Saturday, September 30, 1922, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the south front door of the Court House, in the city of Farmington, in said St. Francois county, Missouri, all the right, title, claim, interest and estate of the said James Allen, of, in and to the foregoing described real estate, to satisfy said note and the cost of executing this trust.

JOHN G. HUNT, Sheriff  
St. Francois County, Mo.  
Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE**

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of Ida J. Orten, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of St. Francois county, Missouri, bearing date the 6th day of September, 1922.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to J. H. Orten for allowance within six months from the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if said claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of the granting of letters on said estate they shall be forever barred.

J. H. ORTEN, Administrator.  
Attest: K. C. Weber, Judge.  
Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29.

**TRUSTEE'S SALE**

Whereas W. H. Eaves and Stella May Eaves, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 15th day of May, 1921, recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Francois county, Missouri, in book No. 131 at page 80, conveyed to Geo. W. Howell as trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of St. Francois and state of Missouri, to-wit:

All the surface rights only in and to all of lot No. 1, block 6, as shown on a plat of Mootown, or record in the Recorder's office at Farmington, Missouri, subject to reservation. Also all the surface rights in and to a part of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 14, township 37 north, range 4 east, described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of the aforesaid northwest quarter of the aforesaid quarter, run south 100 feet; thence west 165 feet to the northeast corner of the lot conveyed; thence west 165 feet, thence south 50 feet, thence east 165 feet to the middle of an alley 20 feet wide; thence north 50 feet to point of beginning. Also all the surface rights

**AND BEHOLD, IT WAS A DREAM**

And it came to pass that the editor went out of his office to wend his way to the postoffice, and as he went he noticed that it was a beautiful day, and he breathed a deep breath and he said unto himself: "It is good to be alive. While there is much toil, there is also much joy in life. This air is surely fine."

His mail was abundant, for the editor had not been to the P. O. the day before, that day being Sunday, which day editors are supposed to be at church. As he went along the street, he breathed deeply, again ere he entered the stuffy office which smelteth of gas fumes.

The first letter he opened was from the publishers of the "Ready Prints." It was an announcement of a material increase in the cost of "ready prints" in the future. As the editor is a pious man, he patiently sighed and spake thus: "Fiddlesticks" (which is the strongest swear word good editors use) "the paper will now cost us twice as much as it used to." Then he opened a letter from the ink house when he read the statement, he exclaimed "Holy smoke, that ink has riz four times within a year, and now costs six times as much as it used to." Then he looked at the bill from the grocer man and found that he had charged him 60 cents for his favorite old 30-cent coffee, and 10 cents for a pound of sugar, 50 cents for a peck of potatoes (which lasteth a week) and the Recording Angel dropped a tear as she heard the editor distinctly say, "Jehosaphat."

And the editor's heart became heavy and he sighed again, and said "I'm glad that it doesn't cost more to sign than it used to." And when he went to his home, his spouse gladly greeted him, and as he sat down she said, "What does thou think of these new shoes?" He inquired—"what did they cost?" She blithely made answer, "These have set thee back eight bucks."

Then did the editor faint. He said, "I must betake me to my humble couch." Then he made ready to retire. Ere he retired, as good editors sometimes have a habit of doing, he knelt and prayed. He asked for many things, and he closed the petitions with this request: "And now grant me wisdom, I beseech thee, to enable me to decide how an editor whose expenses keep on increasing

only in and to lot 15, Norwine block 1, Mootown, 50 feet wide north and south and 157 feet deep east and west.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas by the terms of said deed of trust said note is now past due and remains unpaid; and whereas said deed of trust provides that if the above named trustee in case of absence, death or refusal to act, or disability in anywise, the then acting Sheriff of St. Francois county, Missouri, at the request of the legal holder of said note, may proceed to sell said property at public venue; and whereas the said George W. Howell, trustee, has given written notice refusing to act, now therefore I, the undersigned Sheriff of St. Francois county, Missouri, hereby give notice that I will in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust proceed to sell at public auction for cash, on

Saturday, September 30, 1922, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the south front door of the court house, in the city of Farmington, in said St. Francois county, Missouri, all the right, title, claim, interest and estate of the said W. H. Eaves and Stella May Eaves, of, in and to the foregoing described real estate, to satisfy said note and the costs of executing this trust.

JOHN G. HUNT, Sheriff.  
Sept. 8, 15, 22, 29.

may be able to make both ends meet." Then, weak from his cares and labors he soon fell asleep. And the editor dreamed, and lo! it seemed as if he saw into the heavens, and he saw the Recording Angel surrounded by a great host of bright ones.

And he heard one of the angels say: "Have ye noticed the editor's prayer? And shall it be granted? What is his record for today?" The Recording Angel made answer: "Under great provocation the editor made use of the following swear words, namely: Fiddlesticks, Holy Smoke and Jehosaphat, and once, because he could not find a strong enough word to express himself he fainteth."

"But," asked the angel, "hath the editor done any good today?" "Yea," returned the Recording Angel, "he ranted notices free for the Dorcas Society, the Ladies Aid and the Red Cross; he also printed all the various notices that the principal of the high school sent in, also free notices for all of the churches; he recorded the deaths and the weddings free; he charged the preacher half rates for his print bill—then did the angels say to the Recording Angel, 'Dost thou wish to wear out eternally reciting the good deeds of the editor? Let us at once see how we can answer the prayer.' Then was a great council held, and one angel said this, and another angel counseled that, but finally one angel, which was the spirit of Solomon, said (lo, it was all in the dream) 'The thing is very simple, let the editor do as the rest are doing, ask more for his services, and raise the price of the subscription.' And all the angels sang psalms.

Then did the editor awake and it grieved him sore that the dream did not last long enough to allow Solomon's spirit to teach him how he could put the program across.—Ex.

Seventy-five per cent of the children cared for in the Farmington Orphanage are from the Lead Belt. "Tag Day" October 7th.

**Inactive Liver**

"I have had trouble with an inactive liver," wrote Mrs. S. Nichols, of 4112 Spencer St., Houston, Texas. "When I would get constipated, I would feel a light, dizzy feeling in my head. To get up in the morning with a lightness in the head and a trembly feeling is often a sign that the stomach is out of order. For this I took **Theford's Black-Draught**, and without a doubt can say I have never found its equal in any liver medicine. It not only cleans the liver, but leaves you in such a good condition. I have used it a long time, when food does not seem to set well, or the stomach is a little sour."

If it isn't  
**Theford's**  
it isn't  
**BLACK-DRAUGHT**  
Liver Medicine.

**Jewelry**

**The Gift Supreme**

NO MATTER WHAT THE OCCASION, JEWELRY IS ALWAYS IN GOOD TASTE.

In our stock you will find an excellent assortment from which to choose: Watches, rings, brooches, bracelets, beads, silverware—all are here in the latest designs and at reasonable prices.

Watches Repaired by Experts.

**Tetley Jewelry Co.**