

# TANEY COUNTY REPUBLICAN

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FORSYTH, MISSOURI, THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1916

Six Pages.

### County Court Proceedings

August 7, 1916.

County court met at the office of the county clerk in the court house at Forsyth on this date with the following officers in attendance: Geo. T. Hicks presiding judge; J. G. Haskins and J. M. Holliday, associate judges; W. R. Adams, prosecuting attorney; N. D. Bates, sheriff and J. R. Gideon, county clerk.

Claim of J. R. Gideon for \$371.43 filed, examined and allowed in open court, same being for making tax books for year 1916.

Claim of Arthur James for services as county treasurer, \$197.97, filed, examined and allowed in open court.

Claim of Boxton & Skinner for election supplies \$183.89, allowed.

Claim of Taney County Republican for printing ballots and publishing notice of election, \$225.90, allowed.

Claim of Arthur James for \$3.10 for stamps, allowed.

Claim of L. M. Tryer for rent of hall for election \$1.25, allowed.

Ordered that N. B. Abney be granted a loan of \$300 from the permanent school fund of the county on the following real estate: 26 acres off of ne 1/4 ne 1/4 sw 1/4 ne 1/4 sec 22, twp. 24, range 22.

Claim of B. T. Thurman for keeping Sam Carpenter, a pauper, allowed.

Clerk ordered to certify to the secretary of state that M. E. Blunker has paid out on his school land, so that a patent may be issued.

Claim of \$27.08 of J. A. Sherrard for a tool box for district 14, allowed.

Claim of Willie Melton for \$20.00 for keeping Tom Pruitt, a pauper, allowed.

Claim of Ples Keithley for services as road overseer for \$27.50, allowed.

Claim of N. D. Wallace for services as county surveyor for \$18.00, allowed.

Claim of J. W. Bennett for \$175.00 for services as county superintendent, allowed.

Claim of G. C. Davis for \$91.67, allowed.

Claim of E. C. Davis for \$91.66 for services as circuit judge, allowed.

Claim of Gardner Office Supply Co., for \$86.98, allowed.

Claim of Architects & Engineers Supply Co., for \$10.85, for supplies for county engineer.

Claim of John Byrns for tools and repairs, \$5.00, for district No. 5, allowed.

Claim of Albert Parnell for \$6.78 for goods bought by sheriff, allowed.

Claim of J. R. Gideon for \$99.15, allowed.

Claim of J. R. Gideon for services as county clerk for \$7.10, allowed.

Claim of W. R. Adams for services as prosecuting attorney, \$166.67 allowed.

Ordered that B. T. Thurman be exempt from doing road work for one year from this date.

Claim of White River Leader for \$68.22, for publications, allowed.

Ordered that court adjourn until 8:30 tomorrow.

August 8, 1916.

Court convened at 8:00 o'clock a. m., present same as on preceding day.

Ordered that the abstract of fees of J. C. Davis for the months of June and July, be and are hereby approved.

Ordered that Ernest Scott be exempt from working the roads for one year from this date.

Ordered that a warrant be drawn for \$5.00 per month to James Jones for his support.

Ordered that S. P. Nave be exempted from working roads for one year.

Claim of James Bros. for \$27.60, filed examined and allowed.

Ordered that a warrant for \$12.40 be drawn in favor of J. A. Weatherman for bringing Emmy Linzy from the asylum.

Ordered that the quarterly settlement of W. N. Craig be approved and a warrant be drawn in his favor for \$34.40.

Claim of R. C. Ford for \$33.33 for services as deputy circuit clerk allowed.

Ordered that Charles H. Johnson be granted a loan of \$350.00 on the following real estate: s1-2 sw 1-4 and

10 acres off west side of sw 1-4 se 1-4 of sec. 9, Twp. 24, Range.

Ordered that the quarterly report of Frank Jones be approved and his account of \$49.89 be allowed.

Claim of G. W. Baughman for \$7.25 allowed.

In the matter of the statement of receipts and expenditures of the Branston special road district, the court approved said report.

Ordered that a warrant be drawn in favor of H. M. Blunk for \$20.00 for sending Mattie Morgan to the deaf and dumb school.

Ordered that a warrant be drawn in favor of Tom Love for \$10.00 for sending his son to the deaf and dumb school.

Claim of Jacob Cumming for \$30.00 for the keeping of Boon Smith, a pauper, allowed.

Claim of Mrs. Lee Haggard for the keeping of Sherman Logan, a pauper, allowed.

Claim of Jess Chandler for \$25.00 for the support of Mrs. M. A. Henderson, allowed.

Claim of Ernest Devall for \$40.00 for the support of the Flowers family, allowed.

In the matter of uncollected fines, it is ordered that the circuit clerk take the necessary steps to collect same.

In the matter of the accounts of \$3948 for road overseers work, \$3268 was allowed, and \$13.48 for tools.

Ordered that court adjourn until 8:00 o'clock tomorrow.

August 9 1916.

Court convened at 8 o'clock a. m., present same as on preceding day.

Ordered that the semi annual report of Arthur James, county treasurer be approved and spread on the record n full.

Ordered that the abstract of fees collected by J. R. Gideon for the quarter ending July 31st, be approved by the court.

Ordered that the school fund bond of B. W. Bascom be and is hereby approved.

Ordered that Tom Lewallen be exempt from working the roads for a period of five years from this date.

Ordered that the change of road recommended by the county highway commissioners be approved and the county engineer is ordered to map out and survey said road and report to the court as soon as possible.

Ordered that a warrant be drawn in favor of J. H. Parrish for \$1071.65 to secure \$1039.50 to pay the expense of the insane at the state hospital.

Ordered that a requisition be made to the state for the salary of the county superintendent of schools.

In the matter of the S. P. Siler et al road petition and the report of the highway commissioner, the old road is ordered vacated and the new one opened at the cost of the petitioners.

Ordered that a release of one-fourth of the W. J. Johnson land be granted by the court, same being W. J. Lawrence's part, said release to be sw 1-4 sw 1-4 sec 36, twp. 24, range 19.

Ordered that warrants be drawn to pay the expense of judges and clerks of the primary election.

Ordered that N. D. Wallace make proper search in locating bridge at Oasis and Kisse Mills and make a report to the court.

Claim of N. D. Boles for \$162.10, filed examined and allowed.

Ordered that court adjourn until 8 o'clock tomorrow.

August 10, 1916.

Court convened at 8 o'clock a. m., present same as on preceding day.

Claim of J. S. Finch for \$3.00 for bounty on wolf scalps, allowed.

Ordered that an allowance of \$25.00 per quarter be made to James Waister for his support.

Ordered that the report of the treasurer of the Taneyville special road district be and is hereby approved.

In the matter of the hearing of the petition of the commissioners of the Boston Roadway special road district, after hearing the evidence submitted the court orders that the petition be granted.



The Flag and the Man

Ordered that court adjourn until 8 o'clock tomorrow.

August 11, 1916.

Court convened at 8 o'clock a. m., present same as on preceding day.

Claim of G. T. Hicks for \$27.50 for service as county judge, allowed.

Claim of J. M. Holliday for \$26.40 for services as county judge, allowed.

Claim of J. G. Haskins for \$28.00, for services as county judge, allowed.

Ordered that court adjourn until September 4th, 1916.

### Judge Lamm for Governor

The Republicans have nominated an outstanding candidate for governor, Judge Henry Lamm, a man of immense physical, intellectual and moral stature. Perhaps never within the recollection of living men have independent Democrats taken a more sympathetic interest in the candidacy of a Missouri Republican. In every town "the lawyers were for Lamm," came the reports. These lawyers knew him better than most other folks, for they had read his decisions with admiration and delight. They knew his scorn of sham. They knew his ability to see the heart of things, his contempt of technicalities that stood in the way of substantial justice, his courage, his patriotism and his hatred of wrong and oppression. The lawyers of every state had been attracted by the picturesque language of his decisions, his keen wit, his bubbling humor and his satirical treatment of sophistries that might have befuddled ordinary minds. The lawyers knew that Lamm would restore the governorship to high prestige. They knew that he had studied the constitution and laws and knew how to bundle some our laws are and how they ought to be corrected. They knew that the General Assembly would heed his views, both because the members would realize that he knew what he was talking about and because they would realize that the people would. The Missouri laymen also knew

these things in a general way. But there were some misgivings as to the judge's ability as a political campaigner. But the campaign showed him vigorous, resourceful and courageous. His timid friends trembled when he publicly assailed the state-wide primary, on which he was relying for nomination. They feared that it was a fatal blunder. The only explanation was that what he said was true and everybody who had given this matter careful attention knew it was true. His fearless announcement doubtless made him votes.

When Judge Lamm retired from the supreme bench it was to resume the practice of law at Sedalia, where he had been admitted to the bar in 1872. His ability and fame made more lucrative connections seek him out, but he waved them aside. His candidacy for governor was undertaken reluctantly, but once in it he set out to win. His nomination gives Missourians a chance to name a governor of whom every citizen will be proud, regardless of politics.—Globe Democrat.

### A Reed Revolt

The man who ran against Senator Reed for the Democratic Senatorial nomination had scarcely been heard of outside of his own county and did not make any campaign. In spite of this he got thousands of votes. He even picked up something like four thousand in Reed's own county, Jackson. A still more striking fact is that, in every county in the state, Democrats scratched off of the primary ballot all reference to the Senatorship. All this signifies a protest against Reed that means the loss of thousands of Democratic votes to the Democratic Senatorial candidate. The party revolt against him, based on many causes rather than one, amounts almost to a far reaching bolt.

### Americans Take too Much Medicine

The people of the United States take an enormous amount of medicine unnecessarily, says Dr. M. P. Ravenel

of the department of preventive medicine of the University of Missouri. The patent medicines manufactured in this country are valued at more than \$14,000,000 annually, and we import almost \$500,000,000 worth of drugs and medicines a year. It is impossible that this much medicine is needed in the country. A large amount is taken without the advice of a physician, and without any clear diagnosis having been made as to illness. It stands to reason that any drug that is strong enough to produce marked effects of a curative nature, must produce bad effects on the body when taken in large doses or over a long period of time.

This dependence on drugs is irrational. Drugs are powerful, and should be taken only on the advice of those who have made a study of their actions and uses. Under such conditions a much smaller quantity of drugs would be taken because all physicians realize that drugs cannot cure most diseases, however useful they may be in alleviating symptoms and assisting nature to the desired end.

Especially to be avoided are those medicines containing alcohol, opium or other habit-forming drugs. We are using less of these than we were a few years ago, but we are still using more than we should.

In some states every remedy sold for the treatment of live stock must have on its label the name of every active drug in it. Also the term "live stock remedy" is not allowed to include patent medicine primarily intended for human beings but sometimes used for animals. Therefore if the farmer wishes to give medicine to his pigs with safety he must be careful to do so with a remedy put out for pigs and not for his baby, because in this case there is no requirement that the active ingredients be put on the label. Is it not curious that we take better care of our animals than we do of our children?

### A Better Oat Crop for Next Year

Was your oat crop satisfactory this year? Or was it so poor that you are thinking of not planting it again? The oat crop has yielded so little in the past few years in Missouri that farmers in the state are beginning to abandon its cultivation. But the place of oats as a food for horses and young stock and as a factor in rotation is still important enough to justify its production in the opinion of the Experiment Station of the College of Agriculture of the University of Missouri.

The factors which determine the profitable growing of oats in this state says a bulletin, "Factors influencing the Yield of Oats," are the use of the best adapted varieties, fanning of seed to prevent running out, better preparation of ground, drilling instead of broadcasting, early seeding and the prevention of the smut by the formalin treatment.

The best varieties are: White—Silverian, Wide Awake, Silvermine, Great Dakota, Black—Jeanette, Martinsburg, Nichols', Black Comet, Victor; Red—Texas Red Rust Proof Yellow—Kher-son.

A better yield is gotten from heavy seeds, and these may be obtained from the home-grown varieties by fanning them heavily, saving only the large, plump grains for seed.

In preparing the ground, since oats generally follow corn, a good double disk is sufficient, especially if the seed is then put in with the disk drill instead of broadcasting and harrowing.

The time of seeding should be early in the season because the oat plant makes its best growth and stools best during cool, moist weather. The rate of seeding is also important. In varying the soil and seed the seed on 10 pecks per acre is usually recommended.

Smut and rust are the two great enemies of oats. Smut may be successfully controlled by the formalin treatment, and the Texas Red Rust Proof variety has so far proven itself the best check for the rust.

**The Democratic Vote in Taney County**  
Owing to our inability to get the Democratic vote of the county in time to make it into the election table published last week, we will give the total of the votes received by each candidate at the primary.

For U. S. Senator:  
James A. Reed, 224.  
L. A. Martin 31.

For Governor:  
Cornelius Roach, 35.  
John T. Barker, 40.  
Arthur N. Lindsey 4.  
Frederick D. Gardner, 56.  
John M. Atkinson, 39.  
William R. Painter, 6.  
James A. Houchin, 99.

For Lieutenant-Governor:  
Phillip McCollum, 62.  
Wallace Crossley, 74.  
Joseph J. Crites, 129.

For Secretary of State:  
John L. Sullivan, 137.  
James Kelly Pool 95.  
James H. Emmons, 31.

For State Auditor:  
John L. Bradley, 61.  
John P. Gordon, 185.  
John Thomas Wayland, 25.

For State Treasurer:  
George H. Middlecamp, 274.

For Attorney General:  
Ernest A. Green, 33.  
Frank W. McAlester, 97.  
Joseph T. Davis, 141.

For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 1:  
Archelaus M. Woodson, 177.  
Chas. B. Stark, 39.

For Judge Supreme Court, Div. No. 2, Unexpired Term:  
Fred L. Williams, 226.  
Glendy B. Arnold, 35.

For Judge Springfield Court of Appeals:  
John H. Bradley, 57.  
Arch A. Johnson, 93.  
Robt. Lamar, 42.  
Robert A. Mooneyham, 25.  
Wm. R. Robertson, 34.  
Lew R. Thomson, 16.

For Representative in Congress 14th Dist:  
Joseph J. Russell, 278.

For State Senator:  
J. H. Vaughn, 1.  
For Circuit Judge, 31st Circuit:  
R. C. Ford, 248.

For State Representative:  
T. L. Toon 58.  
M. C. Grant, 1.

For Judge County Court, Eastern Dist.  
Ike Eoff, 5.

For Judge County Court, Western Dist.  
G. F. Huckstep, 3.  
Chas. Thompson, 3.  
J. A. Burnett, 1.

For Prosecuting Attorney:  
T. P. Dunnigan, 1  
D. B. Sharp, 1.

For Sheriff:  
W. L. Pumphrey, 5.  
L. N. Williams, 1  
J. F. Smithson, 43.

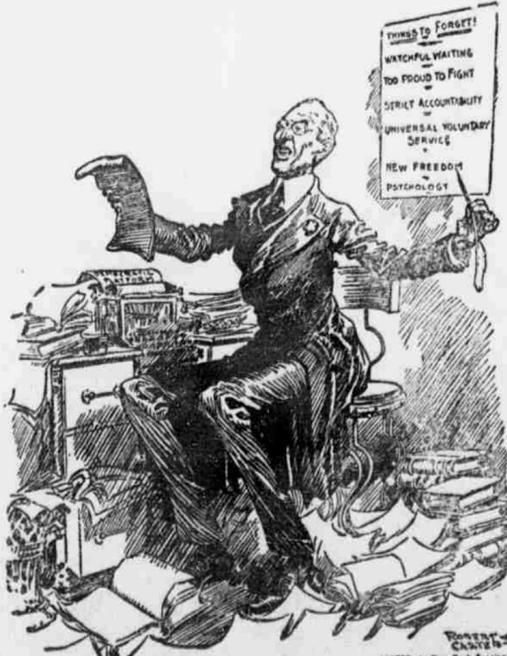
For Assessor:  
John E. Williams, 1.  
C. Stokley, 1.

### He is a Young Old Man

How agreeably surprised were the people when they saw Judge Lamm. Instead of a bent, gray-haired, infirm old man, walking with a cane, they saw standing before them a husky six-footer, straight as an arrow, with broad, powerful shoulders. He walked with the springy step of youth and on the platform he spoke with the vigor and enthusiasm of a man of 40. There are few wrinkles in his slightly florid face, and his reddish hair and mustache are only partly gray.

It is sufficient to say that everywhere Judge Lamm went—and that was in the strongholds of the enemy—he won the support of the people, for he carried most of the counties that he visited. The impression that he was to be barred from the governorship on account of his age was dissipated, and counties where, a few weeks ago, the politicians said he would get no votes turned out enthusiastically for him and gave him a substantial majority over his opponents.—Post-Dispatch.

### THINGS TO FORGET.



CARTER, in New York Evening Sun