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HUERTA RECALLS MEXICAN MINISTER

ARMY POST HAZING

A Very Raw Recruit Who Got a Very Warm Reception.

HIS CLASH WITH "OLD BULL."

After the Quite Informal Introduction to the Colonel Was Effected the Tables Turned and "Corporal Suda" Got a Dose of His Own Medicine.

General E. V. Sumner, who was long colonel in command of the "Fighting Seventh" cavalry, was known to the rank and file of his regiment as "Old Bull." His gruff manners may have had something to do with the nickname, but it came to him fairly by inheritance. His father, General Sumner, bore it before him.

When the Seventh was stationed at Fort Grant, Arizona, a very raw recruit was sent on from Kansas City. As usual, the men persecuted him from the start. He returned meekly from the ordnance stores with the information that "left handed ramrods" were all gone; without batting an eyelash he reported that the sergeant in charge of the post exchange swore at him when he applied for his "butter checks." They took his last two bits away from him in the canteen in some hocus pocus game. After supper he was "blanket tossed" until the arms of the tappers grew weary, and three times that night his bunk collapsed amid roars of merriment. The recruit then gave up the struggle and lay shivering upon the floor until morning.

He neither murmured nor complained. In fact, he seemed to be so unsophisticated that when he asked his room corporal where he could have some washing done the corporal, with a jerk of his thumb, indicated the commanding officer's house on the corner of the parade. "Go over to that big house," the corporal directed. "Take your bundle with you and ask for Old Bull. He takes in all the washin' at this post."

But just as the recruit pulled the bell who should step out but Old Bull himself, booted and spurred for his morning ride.

"What do you want here?" he thundered, surprised to see an enlisted man at his front door.

"I—I wanted to see about gettin' these sh-shirts and socks done up, mister," stammered the frightened recruit. "They told me to come over here and ask for Old Bull," he added.

"Well, I'm Old Bull!" roared the colonel. "You come along with me and point out the man that sent you over here," he went on as he grasped the astonished youth and hurried him toward the troop quarters.

The crowds upon the verandas melted away as Colonel Sumner approached, but the guilty corporal was found lurking in the troop barber shop. Some heated language ensued, and then at the end of the painful interview Old Bull delivered himself thus:

"Corporal, I ought to have you court-martialed. I could have your stripes taken away and see that you got about thirty days into the bargain or I could have you fined. But you're been one of my best noncoms. You're always sober and good shot, and so I'm not going to take your chevrons, your liberty or your money away from you. But since you're such an expert on laundry matters I order you to do this man's washing on the front porch of these quarters every Monday morning at guard mount.

"And you, he belloved, turning to the recruit and shaking his gauntlets at him, "you see that you have at least two suits of underclothes and seven pairs of socks for him every week. And if he don't wash 'em clean you report to Old Bull, that's me!"

And thereafter for several months, until a band of Tonto basin Apaches went on a rampage and gave them more serious things to think about, the men of the Seventh looked forward happily to Monday morning guard mount. The noncommissioned laundryman became known as "Corporal Suda" and was teased about the affair until the day a piece of Spanish shrapnel cut short his existence.—Youth's Companion.

"There goes a man who is sure I'm not doing my duty to my family." "One of your neighbors?" "No."

"Evidently a friend of an intimate friend of yours?" "Wrong again. Not even an acquaintance."

"Who is he, then?" "A life insurance agent."—Detroit Free Press.

Consistent. "The people who say that women are inconsistent and inconsistent," declares the philosopher of folly, "are dead wrong. A few years ago a girl told me she was just twenty-two and she sticks to the same figures today."—Cleveland Leader.

A Man's Income. "At what period in life should a man's income be largest?" "It is usually reported to be largest at the period of his life in which his wife tries to show the court how much alimony he could pay."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

There is nothing useless to a man of sense; clever people turn everything to account.—La Fontaine.

CAPTAIN GLENNON, IN COMMAND OF WYOMING.



Photo by American Press Association. Captain James H. Glennon is in command of the Wyoming, the official flagship of Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger, commander in chief of the Atlantic fleet.

TRUTH.

The truth may cost many a pang to utter, strict integrity may have to give up many a coveted gain, the courage of principle may forfeit the good will so highly prized or the position so eminently desirable, but upon the scale of years they will lead their adherents to a position of honor and happiness compared with which all that has been sacrificed seems trivial.

WHISTLE HYMNS IN CHURCH.

Boy Chorus of Fifty Helps to "Humanize" Service.

Philadelphia.—A chorus of fifty boys, after considerable training with no small amount of patience, whistled the hymn tunes in the services of the Calvary Reformed church here. The girls carried the hymn with their soprano voices, and the effect is said to have been rather startling.

Another innovation in the movement for "humanizing" such services was the "all girl" service in the same church preceding the whistling.

Memory.

A very simple game, but one that is little trouble and affords much amusement, is that sometimes called "memory." Place a number of small things on a table, such as books, pictures, trinkets, etc., and allow the company to walk about the table for two minutes. Then cover the table and give them paper and pencil and request them to make a list of the things seen. The one who has the longest list receives a prize. It is surprising how difficult it is to remember the things seen.

A FEW PERSONS IN POPULAR DANCES

A series of articles will appear in The Times-Record within the next few days, giving detailed instruction in the latest modern dances. Some expense is incurred in obtaining these pictures and written lessons and they will be found worth reading by those interested in the modern dances.

SLAUGHTER OF THE INN CENTS.

The little poem beginning Baby-by, Here's a fly,

shows the spirit with which the house fly used to be regarded and even appreciated as a domestic ornament and baby's plaything. They did not realize that baby's life lay with the filthy insect who tickled baby's nose and who was most probably just from some consumptive's or typhoid patient's sick-room or from a neighboring stable.

As soon as the fly has emerged from the shell it is ready for its deadly work. It starts out from the stable or the garbage can in search of more filthy food. Around it flies from one insanitary place to another. It enters the sickroom and gathers there the death dealing bacteria. It gets typhoid germs on its legs and flies away to some food. It gathers tuberculous germs and crawls into the sugar and over the butter and often ends by tumbling into the milk.

It is hard enough for grown persons to fight off the contaminating flies, but helpless babies are wholly at the mercy of their worst foe. The flies swarm about them, settle down on their faces, walk over their nursing bottles and leave only when driven away by the baby's rescuer.

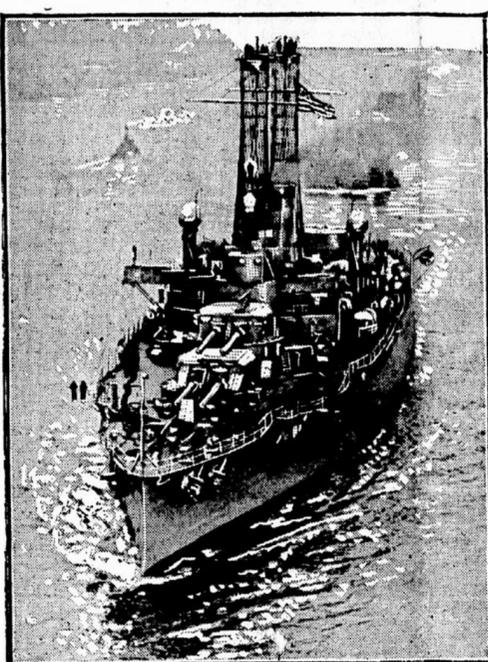


Photo by American Press Association.

Wyoming, Badger's Great Flagship.

THE Wyoming has thirty-three guns. She is of 26,000 tons, 28,000 horsepower and has four screws. She is the official flagship of Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger, commander in chief of the Atlantic fleet sent to Mexico.

County Correspondence

SHEYENNE VALLEY NOTES.

We had some awful warm weather a couple of days last week.

Paul Fjeldstad and Emanuel Monson were business visitors in Valley City one day last week.

Carl Henrikson and Henry G. Aas have hired out to Martin Thoreson for the spring work.

Mrs. Marie Johnson visited with Mrs. Paul Fjeldstad last Sunday afternoon.

Miss Olga Rensby was a daily shopper last Monday afternoon.

John F. Henrikson and Peter A. Anderson were over to Martin Thoreson one day last week after seed barley.

Melvin Soisvig was a visitor with Ole Hagen last Sunday afternoon.

Anders Opsahl was a business visitor in Valley City last Monday.

John F. Henrikson, Arne Olstad, Even Evenson and Arthur Olstad were visitors with Gust Collins last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Olson were Valley City shoppers last Monday.

Andrew Gregerson has hired out to Adam Schneider in the spring work.

Jens Henrikson and son, Julius, were busy last Monday hauling hay.

Mrs. Herman Luddika and daughters, Florence and Gladys, were visiting with Mrs. Oscar E. Aas and daughter, Ida, last Sunday afternoon.

Clarence Hanson was a Fngal visitor one day last week.

Most of the farmers around here started with the spring work last Monday.

Albin Olson has hired out to T. J. Seby in the spring work.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Adcock and family of Cuba, were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Mandius Monson and family last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gaynard Gregerson and family and Jens Henrikson were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Gregerson and family last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Thoreson and family of Kathryn, Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. Anderson, Mrs. Helena Anderson, and Mrs. Johanna Henrikson were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew C. Nelson and family last Sunday afternoon.

Emanuel Monson did some shopping at Kathryn last Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Marie Johnson and Mrs. Oscar E. Aas were visiting with Mrs. Johanna Henrikson last Monday afternoon.

Miss Marie Henrikson visited with Miss Inga Monson last Friday afternoon.

John F. Henrikson was over to Jens Rensly last Wednesday afternoon fanning seed wheat.

There were many automobiles seen on the Valley road last Sunday.

Miss Marie Johnson did some shopping at Valley City one day last week.

Peter A. Anderson was a visitor with Peter Gregerson one day last week.

Those who were down in Kathryn last Monday were Henry King, Herman Anderson, Milton Stanhagen and John McIntyre.

John F. Henrikson was visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Jens Henrikson and family last Thursday evening.

John F. Henrikson was busy last Friday hauling wood.

Minnie Paulson visited in Kathryn a couple of days last week with her sister, Mrs. Julia Henrikson.

Oscar Laugen was a visitor with Oscar E. Aas last Sunday afternoon.

Miss Minnie Paulson visited with Miss Nina Henrikson last Tuesday afternoon.

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Algara Requests Passport From Sec'y Bryan--Nelson O'Shaughnessy Returning From Mexico

Vera Cruz, April 21.—Vera Cruz tonight is in the hands of forces from United States warships. Four Americans, blue-jackets and marines were killed by the fire of Mexican soldiers, and 20 were wounded. The Mexican losses are not known, but are believed heavy.

The water front, Customs House, all important piers, including those temporary works from which extend railroads to the Capital are occupied. All the territory around the American consulate is strongly patrolled and detachments hold other sections of the city.

Under Captain Rush, 60 marines and blue-jackets were landed; and later augmented. At 12:30 o'clock firing became general and at 1 o'clock the transport Prairie's guns went into action.

An old tower, occupied by Mexican sharpshooters, was brought down by five shots from the Florida. Late today Mexicans were reported retreating westward. The women of the American colony had already been placed aboard steamers, but the foreign colony, especially the American section, was greatly augmented this morning when three train loads arrived from the Capital. Some of these remained on ashore and many were taken aboard steamers. As far as learned, none of the refugees were injured.

Washington, April 21.—Determined upon the passage of the administration Mexican resolution before morning the senate at midnight is in the midst of grave and impassioned debate.

Ultimate passage of the resolution reported by the Foreign relations committee is generally conceded. The house recessed until 10 o'clock tomorrow to await the senate's action.

Washington, April 21.—The taking of a large section of Vera Cruz by the Americans is the first step in a program or reprisal by the United States against the Huerta government for the arrest of American blue-jackets at Tampico and other offenses.

It is the first clash between the forces of the United States and Mexico since the revolution broke out in the southern republic in 1910, giving Washington the Mexican problem.

Though fighting had not ceased late tonight, Fletcher warned the Federal commander he would use the big guns of the American fleet if his men did not stop firing.

It is estimated here that at least 200 Mexicans were killed in the fighting.

THE FLY MUST GO IF WE SO DECREE

Arrangements have been made for a "fly destroying campaign," through the columns of The Times-Record. Pictures will be shown from day to day giving a comprehensive idea of the real harm that the fly may do and also the most effective methods of destroying him.

CAPTAIN RODGERS COMMANDS DELAWARE.

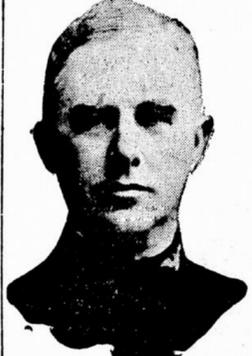


Photo by American Press Association. The Delaware, which Captain William L. Rodgers commands under Rear Admiral Fletcher, has twenty-four guns and is a battleship of the first line. She is of 20,000 tons.

MEXICAN TROOPS ARE TURNED LOOSE

Senate Passes Resolutions Empowering President to Use Armed Force to Enforce Demands in Mexico.

GEN. MASS LEFT VERA CRUZ

Washington, April 22.—Mexican Charge d'Affairs Algara today instructed by Huerta to request his passports from Secretary Bryan. Huerta also requested United States to withdraw Nelson O'Shaughnessy American charge d'Affairs at Mexico City.

Washington, April 22.—American forces in complete control of Vera Cruz. No non-combatants injured in fighting there. This word received in dispatch from Consul Canada this afternoon. Over four thousand marines now ashore.

Washington, April 22.—Vera Cruz taken by forces from American warships after hard fighting. Four Americans killed and twenty wounded. Mexican loss not known but believed to be heavy.

Washington, April 22.—American forces have begun advance to take entire city of Vera Cruz under guns of war vessels according to report from Consul Canada received at the State department.

Landing parties from American fleet were greeted with quiet general firing from snipers when boats approached the shore.

Washington, April 22.—(Wednesday)—The senate at 3:21 o'clock this morning by the vote of 72 to 13, passed the "Administration" resolution declaring that "The President is justified in employment of armed forces of the United States to enforce his demands for unequivocal amends for affronts and indignities committed against the United States" in Mexico.

Washington, April 22.—Senate at 2:40 a. m. by a vote of 47 to 37 rejected the substitute to the Mexican resolution proposed by Senator Lodge. It would have been base "justification" of the use of force in Mexico upon the general conditions there instead of upon the Tampico incident alone.

Washington, April 22.—Following dispatch from Vera Cruz made public by Navy Department. Reported command and General Maas left Vera Cruz in carriage and family followed in another. Mexican troops turned loose to act as they pleased. Few officers remaining. Serious fighting on part of Mexicans appears to be concluded. During last night there was occasional shots from roofs. Sometimes even within American lines and it was unsafe to traverse streets.

Senate at 3:21 this morning by vote 72 to 13 passed resolution authorizing president to employ armed forces to enforce demands on Mexico.

Vera Cruz, April 21.—Rear Admiral Badger, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, arrived here late today with five warships, almost 18 hours ahead of schedule.

Beagle Pass, Tex., April 21.—At a mass meeting of Mexican citizens in Piedras Negras, 500 volunteers were organized and armed, to resist what they called the expected invasion of the United States. Federals occupy Piedras Negras.

Vera Cruz, April 21.—Rear Admiral Fletcher landed marines here from the American warships. Mexican forces did not oppose the landing, but opened fire with rifle artillery, after the seizure of the Customs House. Prairie shelled Mexicans from their positions.

Four American marines killed, and twenty-one wounded. Those killed are a coxswain, a corporal and two privates. No foreigners were injured. Most American civilians were aboard the steamers.

Washington, April 21.—The American flag tonight flies over Vera Cruz. Four Americans were killed and 20

wounded when a detachment of blue jackets and marines from the American fleet seized the customs house, raised the American flag and skirmished with the Mexican garrison. Desultory firing was in progress late today according to a dispatch from Rear Admiral Fletcher received at 6 p. m.

At first the garrison had appeared to be withdrawing. American Consul Canada reported this to the state at 5 o'clock but when the American forces reached the customs house, Mexicans opened with rifle and artillery fire. The transport Prairie immediately began shelling the Mexican positions and slowly drive them out.

The Mexicans fought from house tops and along the streets. American forces have taken possession of the cable office and held the American consulate and that section of the city in the vicinity of the wharves.

Rear Admiral Fletcher's dispatch came by cable and reached here at 6 p. m. A hurried conference was called at the White House. Wilson summoned his secretary and Bryan, Garison and Daniels. They were in conference for an hour, emerging serious faced.

"The first blood has been spilled," said one of the officials at the White House. No reports have been received up to 6 p. m. of Mexican casualties. Bryan left the White House for the German embassy where he discussed with the German ambassador a commitment of arms for Huerta aboard a German vessel due to be landed in Vera Cruz tonight. Capture of the customs house at Vera Cruz was ordered by the American government to prevent a big shipment of ammunition and machine guns from getting into Huerta's hands.

Talked All Day. Congress discussed all day the resolution which would give its approval to the president, who purposes to use the army and navy in the Mexican situation. The senate had recessed until 8 p. m. while the house adjourned until tomorrow at 10 o'clock. Senate leaders agreed to take final action some time tonight.

No Order for Army. Shipments of arms were prevented from reaching Huerta and further steps will not be taken by the American government for the present. The future depends on the action of the Huerta authorities. Secretary Garrison announced emphatically that no troop movements have been ordered.

Officials do not believe Huerta will take any offensive steps but if he does American marines and blue jackets will be assembled in Vera Cruz within 48 hours to the number of about 15,000.

Huerta Forces. Estimates here place the Huerta forces at Mexico City at 3000 or 4000. The belief of army and navy officials, American forces, if necessary will be able to reach the Mexican capital without serious difficulty. The bulk of Huerta's army is fighting the constitutionalists in the north.

There will be no attempt to interfere with foreign vessels, but it is believed a close watch will be kept by the American fleet on ships which might be carrying ammunition to Mexican ports, seizing the cargo, to give shippers an opportunity to recover their property.

Fleet Arrives. Rear Admiral Badger with the first ships of the Atlantic fleet, reached Vera Cruz tonight, having been diverted from Tampico, where only the cruisers Des Moines remains. The navy department announced tonight that Badger has been ordered to Tampico. The ships which arrived with him, the Louisiana, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, South Carolina and Michigan will be divided according to his discretion.

Greatly Affected. Cabinet secretaries who discussed the situation with the president showed by their demeanor that the loss of life affected them greatly. Information from sources close to the cabinet council are to the effect that although the president has exercised self restraint, he is determined on the seizure of Vera Cruz and prevention of shipments of arms.