

GERMAN RIGHT RETIRES, CLAIM OF THE ALLIES MAINTAINED THAT MOVEMENT ON THAT SECTION IS SUCCESSFUL

TURKISH AMBASSADOR WILL LEAVE THE STATES

HE REFUSED TO ALTER VIEWS ON WILSON'S ACTION

Sending of American Warships to Turkish Waters the Bone of Contention

SENSATION IN DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES

Hasty Steps by the Administration in Connection With Interview by German Shows Desire to Avoid Possibility of Neutrality Violation.

Washington, Sept. 24.—A. Rustem Bey, Turkish ambassador, has informed President Wilson he does not alter the views recently expressed in a published interview, and will leave the United States within a fortnight.

The announcement of the withdrawal of Bey caused a profound sensation in diplomatic circles. Coming close on another diplomatic interview yesterday, of which the administration immediately took cognizance, that of Baron Von Schoen at the German embassy, dwelling upon the possibility of war between the United States and Japan, it was interpreted as indicating Wilson's determination to silence comment by foreign diplomats considered dangerous to the neutrality of this country.

By, in an interview, had criticized the sending of American warships to Turkish waters in connection with the report of an uprising against Christianity.

He refused to discuss his action further than to say he had asked his government for a leave of absence, which he is certain would be granted, and he would leave for Constantinople in ten days.

ARE ORDERED TO SURRENDER ARMS

Maj. Dieckmann of Germans in Commune of Grievengne Issues the Order.

London, Sept. 24.—The official press bureau last night made public the copy of a proclamation said to have been issued by Major Dieckmann, commanding the general forces of the Germans in the commune of Grievengne, a suburb of Liege. The proclamation ordered all inhabitants to give up arms or explosives, saying:

"Whoever does not do this will be liable to the penalty of death; he will be shot immediately or otherwise executed unless he can prove he is not to blame."

The inhabitants of the commune are ordered to be indoors at nightfall and to keep their doors shut. "Resistance to orders," the proclamation says, "entails a penalty of death."

After stating that the inhabitants of certain villages will be permitted to return to their homes, the proclamation says, the burgo-master must furnish a list of persons who are to be kept as hostages and that the list is to be changed every day.

"The lives of these hostages," says the proclamation, "are at stake if the population does not keep quiet under all circumstances. I shall select outside the lists given me persons who, from noon of one day to noon of the next day, will be liable to stay as hostages. If a relieving hostage does not appear punctually, the first hostages will be detained another 24 hours in the fort. After the second 24 hours, he may be shot if his substitute does not appear."

THE WEATHER. North Dakota: Fair tonight and Friday. Not much change in temperature. UNIVERSITY READINGS. 7 a. m. 37; maximum 54; minimum 34; northwest wind 1 mile; barometer 30.32.

Wireless Company is Ordered to Close by Secretary of War

Washington, Sept. 24.—Secretary Daniels today ordered the Marconi wireless station at Siasconset, Mass., closed tomorrow, in consequence of the failure of the company to give assurance that it would comply with the naval censorship regulations.

TEUTON SUBMARINE HOME UNINJURED

Vessel Which is Credited With Sinking the Three Cruisers is Safe.

London, Sept. 24.—A dispatch to Reuters from Amsterdam, states the German consul there, according to newspaper telegraph, has been advised by his government that the submarine U-9, which is credited with sinking three British cruisers Tuesday, returned to the German port uninjured.

NITRIC ACID PUTS 30 PERSONS OUT

Ten Gallons of the Fluid Pours Down Corridors of

Jersey City, N. J., Sept. 24.—Over thirty persons were overcome by the fumes of nitric acid today in a passageway leading to the Hudson tunnel tube station, when a carboy, containing ten gallons of the acid, toppled over in the Erie railroad station here, pouring the fluid down the corridors. Three persons are in a serious condition.

32,000 CANADIANS GONE. St. John, N. B., Sept. 24.—Speaking before a labor convention, Canadian Minister of Labor Crothers announced that 32,000 Canadian volunteers have gone to the front in the last day or two.

UNITED STATES' PLANS WILL NOT BE ALTERED

Latest Trouble Between Carranza and Villa Will not Necessitate Keeping of Troops at Vera Cruz—Watchful Waiting to be Continued.

ATTEMPT TO PATCH UP DIFFERENCES. Mexico City, Sept. 24.—Efforts are being made here to patch up the break between Villa and Carranza. Officials tried to conceal the break, but the news leaked out, causing a sensation among military men. General Gonzalez, chief of the army of the east, telegraphed Villa eight reasons why he should remain friendly to Carranza.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Gen. Carranza has informed the United States that he will not attack Gen. Villa, but will order his forces to be on the defensive, and resist attack. He said a convention will be held October 1, as scheduled.

Washington, Sept. 24.—It was officially stated at the White House today that the latest troubles between Carranza and Villa would not alter the plans of the United States regarding the withdrawal of troops from Vera Cruz or the status of the embargo on arms. No date has been fixed for moving troops. It was said that Wilson takes the position that Carranza and Villa must settle their differences without interference by the United States and that the presence of troops in Vera Cruz would not solve the difficulty.

According to official information, Villa is willing to have Carranza become provisional president or resign now to run for the presidency later. Villa objects, however, to Carranza doing both.

Wilson will continue his watchful policy and allow the Mexicans to work out their own destiny, providing the rights of foreigners are not transgressed, it is said here.

MAY FIGHT AGAIN AT TORREON. El Paso, Sept. 24.—The first battle of the latest Mexican revolution probably will occur at the old battle grounds of either Torreon or Zacatecas, if Villa's revolt against Carranza results in armed revolution.

Villa, forced to abandon his expedition in the assistance of the Maytorena revolt today, rushed his forces south from Juarez and Chihuahua city to meet what is reported as a strong force of Carranza's soldiers, moving north from Agua Calientes, Zacatecas.

According to the estimates, Villa controls nearly 40,000 troops.

HOPE FOR AMIABLE SETTLEMENT. Washington, Sept. 24.—Villa's open repudiation of Carranza's authority as first chief of the constitutional army in charge of the executive power of Mexico, spread sinister feelings in official circles today. While officials admitted that the situation is a threatening one, they are not without the hope that the trouble would not lead to a physical clash.

BRITISH TROOPS TO AID JAPANESE

Land Force in China For Advance Against German Possession in Empire. Tokio, Sept. 24.—The war office makes the official announcement that British troops, under Brigadier General Barnard, commander of the North China force, had landed yesterday in the neighborhood of Loo-shan bay, to participate in movements against the Germans at Tsing-Tau.

GERMAN CRUISERS BOMBARD PORT

Shells Fired on British City in India, But With Little Damage. Calcutta, via London, Sept. 24.—The papers here publish an official dispatch, stating the German cruiser Emden, while passing Madras, fired a few shells, but the damage to the city was slight.

Madras is a seaport of British India, the seat of the government and headquarters of the Madras army.

MAINTAINED THAT MOVEMENT ON THAT SECTION IS SUCCESSFUL

Berlin Denies That Enveloping Movement Has Been Successful—Furious Assaults by Germans in The Vicinity of Verdun

Further successes of the allies, which are attempting to turn the German right wing, are claimed in an official announcement at Paris. It is stated that the allies western wing has advanced considerable and that Peronne has been taken after a desperate resistance.

Peronne is seventy-five miles north of Paris and twenty-five miles north of Lassigny, near where the advance by the allies was announced yesterday in an official statement. The position at Peronne indicates the movement of the allies' left wing, which is much farther north than their main battle line.

In the turning movement of the Franco-British forces, which first was directed against General Von Kluck in an effort to envelop his army, it appears from unofficial dispatches, have met added resistance from some more German reinforcements.

Cettinje announced that its Montenegrins defeated the Austrians, capturing Pattzof, near Sarajevo, the capital of the Austrian province of Bosnia.

Petrograd issued a statement saying that after the capture of Jaroslau, the Russian cavalry is pursuing the Austrian rear guard, inflicting heavy losses. There is considerable doubt regarding the exact situation in the eastern theatre of war, as the Petrograd, Vienna and Berlin reports are conflicting.

A dispatch from Petrograd to a Paris paper says the Germans, who drove the Russian invaders from the east, have in turn been defeated and are evacuating East Prussia to reinforce the line from Thorn, in West Prussia, to Kalisz, in Russian Poland.

A news dispatch from Paris says that among the prisoners recently arriving in Paris, is the general of the staff of General Von Kluck.

The unofficial reports say Zeppelins, evidently reconnoitering, have been sighted from various points in Jutland, Denmark.

London, Sept. 24.—The Reuter correspondent at Berlin sends the official report of the German army headquarters, dated last night: "The right wing of the German west army has been engaged with the French who tried unsuccessfully to envelope it."

"To the east of the Argonne region, Varennes was captured and the attack is proceeding. There has been no decisive action at any point.

German troops attacking French forts south of Verdun victoriously repulsed a violent counter-attack, made from Verdun, Toul, and across the river Meuse. Heavy artillery was used against Troyon, Les-Paroches, Camp Desromaine and Luneville, and was visibly successful.

"In French Lorraine, and on the Alsace frontier, the French advanced guards have at some points been repulsed."

SAY GERMAN LINES STILL ARE FLINCHING. Paris, Sept. 24.—The formidable forces of the Germans, which were thrown against the allies' left, still are flinching, according to official communication, under the unrelenting blows of the Franco-English battering ram.

Even the famous dards, as in the battle of Marne, were unable to stand the pressure, giving a little more ground every day.

A diversion attempt in Lorraine, having proven ineffectual, the Germans are now making a fierce drive in the Woivreux district, northeast of Verdun.

DESPERATE RESISTANCE IS OFFERED. Paris, Sept. 24.—The allies have advanced along the western wing, occupying the town of Peronne, despite desperate resistance, according to official announcement of the French war department this afternoon. At the eastern end of the battle line in France, there has been heavy fighting on the river Meuse, the allies alternately advancing and retiring.

GERMANS MAKING FURIOUS ATTACK. London, Sept. 24.—Interest in the fighting today centers in Woivreux, says the Bordeaux correspondent of the Times, where the enemy is making a serious effort to pierce the lines of the forts linking Verdun and Toul.

"To the northeast of Verdun," the correspondent continues, "east of the Meuse heights, in the directions of Mouilly and Damplere, their furious attempts have failed. In the south of Woivreux they hold the positions running through Richecourt, Selcheprey and Lionville. The general situation remains unchanged."

MONTENEGRINS TAKE AUSTRIAN POST IN BOSNIA. London, Sept. 24.—An official report issued at Cettinje, telegraphed here by Reuters, states Montenegrins operating in Bosnia, after a hot engagement, took the town of Pratzko, which is in the immediate neighborhood of Sarajevo, where defeated Austrians have taken refuge after abandoning a large number of dead on the field.

Paris, Sept. 24.—Eleven miles—a mile a day for the eleven days during which the battle has been in progress—have been gained by the allies in their attack on the right wing of the German army under General Von Kluck. Official reports yesterday indicated that, from a pitched battle, or series of battles, the engagement along the Aisne and the Oise has become a siege—a battle of hidden guns.

The enemy a few days ago succeeded in entrenching himself in a strongly fortified position on advantageous ground, and the French three-inch guns found great difficulty in dislodging him.

Late reports from the front indicate that they have been driven into the rough country, which again lends itself peculiarly to defensive entrenchment and the artillery duel has been resumed with great vigor.

The encircling maneuver designed to turn General Von Kluck's line is continuing with success.

Violent Fighting Continues. Violent fighting continued all day where the rival armies are in contact, north of Novon, and the enemy is fighting with undiminished gallantry against the ever-present danger of being cut off. Also, there is the growing peril of a stroke from the rear, which unofficial reports declare is being directed from Amiens, where the French are moving southeast toward St. Quentin to cut the railroad line of supply of the Germans through Belgium.

The allies have gained all along the line, but at terrible cost. The German attempt to pierce the



RUINS OF CATHEDRAL IN LOUVAIN AFTER GERMANS SACKED CITY. This picture shows what was left of the ancient and beautiful cathedral of St. Pierre, in Louvain, after the German army finished burning the town. The cathedral was noted all over the world for its chimes, as well as for its architecture. The interior of the edifice shows even greater destruction than the outside. Statues on the walls and pillars were torn down and smashed to bits. While the walls were left standing, it is likely that much work will be required to restore the building for use.

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